The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLI. SUNDAY, MAY 21, 1882—TWENTY PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS.

TOO LATE!

Our last importation of Kid Gloves for the present season arrived YESTERDAY, just about three weeks later than anticipated and agreed upon. Owing to this circumstance the manufacturer made an allowance of forty per cent on this bill, and thus enables us to offer the goods described below at a price which will astonish the best posted, fastidious, and most skeptical ladies in this city.

PLEASE BEAR IN MIND

That what we offer to-day is NOT A JOB, but goods which reached the New York Custom House but a few days ago, imported and manufactured expressly for this market.

Morgenthau Bros. & Co.

State and Monroe-sts.

200 Dozen

LADIES' FOUR-BUTTON

REAL KID

Undressed,

In the following assortment of shades:

Light Old Gold,	Hussar,
Dark Old Gold,	King's Gray,
Terra Cotta,	Newport,
Dregs of Wine,	Plum,
Leather Brown,	Fawn,
Wine Brown,	Mastic,
Esthetic Blue,	Gendarme Blue,
Coach Drab,	Egyptian,
Gold Brown,	Amber Brown,

ALL AT THE UNIFORM PRICE OF

79

CENTS PER PAIR.

Being determined to prevent storekeepers from purchasing these goods in quantities, and desirous to give our patrons an equal chance, we have

LIMITED THE SALE

To THREE pairs to one customer.

These goods are warranted

PERFECT

In every respect. Similar goods cannot be procured AT ANY PRICE in this city.

With the same shipment we received a full assortment of

MOUSQUETAIRES

Undressed Kid for Summer Wear.

6-button length	$1.09
8-button length	1.35
16-button length	1.65

All Real French Kid, and warranted.

Morgenthau Bros. & Co.,

163 State-st., corner Monroe.

Orders by Mail

Receive prompt and faithful attention. In selecting shades our friends are advised to make a second choice of color to avoid delay in filling orders. Always state size desired, and add 2 cents postage for each pair.

Positively Not More Than Three Pairs

Of the 79c Gloves sent to the same address, as we do not sell these goods at

WHOLESALE.

THE

FAMOUS MODEL DEPARTMENT STORE!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

L. KRAMER,

PROPRIETOR.

218 & 220 State-st.,

AND

1, 3, 5, 7, 9 & 11 Quincy-st.

Famous for selling Good Goods at astonishing low prices.

I invite an inspection of the following Departments:

JEWELRY DEPARTMENT.	HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.
SILVERWARE DEPARTMENT.	Revolvers and Pocket and Table Cutlery DEPARTMENT.
STATIONERY DEPARTMENT.	BOOTS AND SHOES DEPARTMENT.
ALBUMS AND VELVET FRAMES DEPARTMENT.	CROCKERY & GLASSWARE DEPARTMENT.
Pocketbooks & Fancy Leather Goods DEPARTMENT.	LAMPS, GLASS AND FANCY WARE DEPARTMENT.
RIBBONS and NOTIONS DEPARTMENT.	WOOD AND WILLOW WARE DEPARTMENT.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT.	TIN AND HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.
LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT.	PERFUMERY & FANCY SOAP DEPARTMENT.
CONFECTIONERY DEPARTMENT.	MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.
TOYS AND NOVELTIES DEPARTMENT.	Linen Towels, Toweling and Tabing DEPARTMENT.
PICTURE FRAMES AND LOOKING-GLASS DEPARTMENT.	FANCY DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.
MAJOLICA WARE DEPARTMENT.	HAT AND CAP DEPARTMENT.
EMBROIDERY DEPARTMENT.	LACES & LACE GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Special Bargains in Straw Goods, Feathers, Flowers, and Ribbons.

Ladies purchasing Hats at the "FAMOUS" can have them trimmed to order free of charge.

We guarantee Genuine Bargains in every Department, and invite the inspection of close buyers.

We are in constant receipt of New Novelties from our Eastern buyers, which we are opening daily.

C. M. SNYDER, Manager of the "FAMOUS" (late Manager of E. J. Lehmann, the "Fair"), is now with me, and extends a cordial welcome to his many friends.

C. A. COUTANT & CO.

PARASOL SALE

THIS WEEK.

500 24-inch Twilled Silk, with natural wood handles, at $1.25 each.

150 22-inch Twilled Silk, decorated bone handles, at $1.48 each.

200 22-inch Twilled Silk, with clear horn handles, at $1.68 each.

200 22 and 24 inch Twilled Silk, extra quality, with ivory handles, your choice at $1.89.

250 18 and 20 inch Twilled Silk, ivory, horn, and natural handles, at $1.25.

One lot of Pongee Lace trimmed, silk lined, at $4.48; worth $7.50.

HOSIERY.

95 doz. Ladies' Fancy Paris Lisle, open work and Paris stripes, in all the newest shades, at 98c per pair.

37 doz. Ladies' French Thread Silk Hose, in cardinal, black, old gold, bronze, royal, and lavender, at $2.40 per pair.

100 doz. Ladies' Gauze Vests, high neck, long sleeves, and high neck and short sleeves, at 25c each.

C. A. COUTANT & CO.

145 State-st.

Best in the World!

MADAME GRISWOLD'S

Patent Skirt-Supporting Corsets.

Dressmakers delight in fitting over them. They combine *durability, comfort, health, fulness* and *elegance* of form, and being made in various styles and lengths are adapted to all. The *Shoulder-Brace Corsets* for Ladies, Misses and Children, and *Abdominal Corsets* with or without the *Abdominal Supporter, for stout Ladies*, and ladies in *delicate health*, are unequaled. Physicians recommend our corsets. Price $1.50 and upwards.

FINE CUSTOM CORSETS A SPECIALTY.

French Coutille Corsets made single for summer wear.

Ladies in attendance to show and fit the corsets. Sold only by lady agents and at

J. B. PUTNAM'S CORSET PARLORS,

126 State St. (Room 20), Chicago, Ill.

LADY SOLICITORS WANTED EVERY WHERE.

Fort Wayne & Pennsylvania Line

THE CELEBRATED

"Limited Express,"

Composed exclusively of

Pullman Palace Sleeping-Cars, New and Elegant Dining-Cars, and Luxurious Smoking-Cars,

Leaves Chicago daily at 5 o'clock p.m. from the Union Passenger Station, corner of Adams and Canal-sts. On the SPLENDID NEW DINING-CARS, which were built by the Company expressly for this train, Delicious Meals are served at the following hours:

Dinner, 5 to 7 p. m.; Breakfast, 7 to 9 a. m.; Lunch, 12 to 2 p. m.; Dinner, 4 to 6 p. m.

Train arrives at New York daily at 7:30 p. m.

A REVOLUTION.

The Smoking-Cars provided with Card-Tables, Writing-Desk, Book-Case (stocked with well-selected literature), luxuriously upholstered, easy chairs and sofas, furnish the passenger with a degree of luxury and comfort found nowhere upon the rail, excepting on the famous "Limited Express," via

FORT WAYNE & PENNSYLVANIA LINE.

C. W. ADAMS, Ass't Gen'l Pass'r Ag't, Chicago, Ill.

E. A. FORD, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't, Pittsburg, Pa.

BABY CARRIAGE

FACTORY.

204 West Madison-st.,

Have the finest stock in Chicago, eighty styles; trimmed to order, no extra charge. One hundred and seventy-five choice patterns of Raw Silk, Velvet, and Plush to select from. The only factory that trims to order, sells on weekly payments, repairs old carriages, or takes them in exchange for new ones, and keeps a full line of Velocipedes, Express Wagons, and Bicycles. Open nights.

WANTED—TO RENT

A STABLE,

With accommodations for from three to six horses, located as near the Tremont House as possible. No objection to being on the North Side. Or I will lease ground if conveniently located and build.

Address by mail only,

C. H. McCONNELL,

National Printing Co., 119 Monroe-st.

FINEST IRISH POTATOES

FOR SALE. Call on importers, Messrs. CAMPBELL, THOMPSON & SEWELL, 126 Washington-st.

Cutlery

POCKET AND TABLE—Razors, Scissors, Tailors' Shears, Rogers' single, double, and triple plated Knives, Forks, and Spoons.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.,

26 Madison-st.

REFORM SCHOOL PROPERTY.

Blocks 1 and 2, and Parts of 3 and 4,

For Sale at Auction.

THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF COOK COUNTY will offer for sale at public auction on the 31st day of May, 1882, at 12 o'clock p. m., to the highest and best bidder, without reserve, the following property known as Reform School Property, it being the south 25 acres of the N. W. fractional ¼ of Sec. 2, Town 38, N. R. 14, East 3d P. M.

This fine Property is situated on the lake shore, between Forty-second and Forty-third-sts., and runs west to Drexel Boulevard.

RAILWAY STATION located on the property.

Terms of Sale—One-quarter cash; balance in one, two, and three years, at 6 per cent interest, payable semi-annually. A deposit of 10 per cent will be required upon all bids, either in currency or certified check. Complete abstracts will be furnished.

Transportation—The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Dummy, Illinois Central Railroad trains, and Cottage Grove-av. street cars reach this property.

For plats and further information inquire at office Clerk of the Board of Commissioners, Room 5 Court-House.

By order Board of Commissioners of Cook County.

D. W. CLARK, Chairman.

E. F. C. KLOKKE, Clerk.

VALUABLE TRACT

OF

COAL LANDS

Adjoining City of Des Moines,

FOR SALE!

SEALED BIDS will be received by the undersigned at his office in the City of Des Moines, up to the 25th day of May, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purchase of the valuable tract of 289 acres of land lying north of and adjoining the City of Des Moines, known as the Allen Farm. Actual explorations show that nearly, if not quite all, of the tract is underlaid with a heavy body of coal, and along the east and north lines of the tract the Garver and the Standard Coal Mines are in active and successful operation. The main line of the Northwestern Railroad runs through the land, and its coal switch along the east line affording ample and excellent facilities for the shipment of coal. The tract joins the city line for nearly a mile, the street and alleys abutting against the property. It is only seven blocks north of the State Capitol, and its surface is of the most favorable character for subdivision into city lots. Title without flaw, and with but one transfer from Government patentee. Bids will be considered for east 160 acres and west 129 acres separately. Terms cash, or two-thirds on a credit of one and two years, 7 per cent interest, at option of purchaser. Right reserved to reject any and all bids.

HOYT SHERMAN, Receiver.

MANASSE SIGHT OPTICIAN IS PRICELESS TRIBUNE BUILDING

Many persons, both young and old, have eyes so imperfectly formed that they are constantly strained when in use. This strain will cause weak eyes and painful sight, which may usually be relieved with properly fitted glasses. Having a long experience in this line enables me to secure perfect results. My glasses are ground with mathematical accuracy, which commends them to all wearers. They not only give clear and distinct vision, do not weary and fatigue the eye, but tend to strengthen and preserve the sight.

DIRECT IMPORTER OF

Opera, Field, and Marine Glasses, Telescopes, Microscopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Artificial Human Eyes, Etc.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Architects', Engineers', & Surveyors' Supplies.

Largest stock in the Northwest.

L. MANASSE, Optician,

88 Madison-st., Tribune Building.

CABINETS $4 PER DOZ.

CABINETS $4 PER DOZ.

Why Pay $6 or $8 PER DOZEN For PHOTOGRAPHS when Cobelin 75 Madison-st., is making Cabinets for $4 per doz. equal to ANY produced elsewhere. PANELS ONLY $6 per doz. Broad Panels $3 per copy.

H. ROCHER,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

77-79-81 State-st., Chicago.

Cabinets, $6.00.

FOR RENT.

Elegant Front Room in Ayer Building,

Corner State and Monroe-sts.,

Lighted from both State and Monroe-sts., one of the best rooms in the building, size 15x25. Apply to MR. COOK, Room 20, in the building.

WAUKESHA

Mineral Rock Spring Sparkling Water. The finest bar or table water ever bottled. Put up in crates of 50 quarts, glass or stone jugs, or 100 pints, glass, and sold very cheap. The mill water is put up in 5-gallon cans at 15 cents per gallon. Delivered free in any part of the city. Order by telephone or postal-card. With Brink's Express, northeast corner State and Randolph.

BUSINESS.

Wanted—An active business man with $10,000 to $20,000 to extend an established manufacturing business in good standing. This is a matter that will bear investigation. Principals only dealt with. For particulars address G. FRANK WHITE, Room 44, 167 La Salle-st.

FRUITS.

Come and see us in our New Palace Fruit Store, 7 Clark-st., two doors from the old stand, Taylor's Fruit Store, 7 Clark-st., for ten years at No. 4 Clark-st. Telephone.

PROPOSALS

FOR BUILDING THE

Cook County Infirmary.

SEALED PROPOSALS

WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL

12th Day of June, 1882,

At 12 o'clock m., by the Board of Commissioners of Cook County, for the furnishing and delivery of all material and labor necessary for the construction and erection of the Cook County Infirmary, to be erected on the County Farm at Jefferson, according to the plans, specifications, details, and drawings prepared for the same by John C. Cochrane, Architect, on file in his office, Room 78 Ashland Block, corner Clark and Randolph-sts., Chicago. The bids will be received separately, as follows, to-wit:

For the Cut Stone Work Complete.

For the Plastering Work Complete.

For the Carpenter Work Complete.

For the Tin and Galvanized Iron Work Complete.

For the Slate, Marble, and Tile Work Complete.

For the Plumbing and Gas-fitting Work Complete.

For the Painting and Glazing Work Complete.

The Specifications for each class of work and materials will be under one cover and classified, and all contained therein to be included in the bid for the same.

Contractors may bid for the whole of the work specified, or in part, according to the specifications.

The Board of Commissioners reserves the right to reject any or all of the bids, or to accept any bid or part of a bid they may deem best for the interest of the county.

Each proposal must be placed in a sealed envelope and indorsed "PROPOSAL" on the envelope; and accompanying the bid must be a bond, with two (2) or more satisfactory sureties to the "COUNTY OF COOK," in the sum of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS ($5,000), as surety that the party making the bid will enter into a contract and give good and sufficient surety (to be approved by the Board of Commissioners of Cook County) for the faithful performance of the same, should the contract be awarded to him or them. Each bid will also, besides the bonds, be accompanied with a certified check for two hundred dollars ($200), to pay the expenses of advertising, etc., etc., should the bidder refuse to enter into a contract should it be awarded to him or them, but it is distinctly understood that the payment of this check will in no case invalidate the accompanying bond.

The bond and check to be indorsed in a separate sealed envelope, and indorsed "Bond and Check" on the envelope, and together with the proposal to be put in another and separate envelope, sealed, and indorsed "Proposal, Bond and Check" for the Cook County Infirmary, and specifying the class of work bid for (and accompanying the bid must be a printed copy of this advertisement), and directed to the "Board of Commissioners of Cook County," and delivered at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Commissioners on or before 12 o'clock m. of the 12th day of June, 1882, as no bids will be received after that hour.

Competition by convict labor will be rejected.

JOHN O'NEILL,
T. S. ALBRIGHT,
JOSEPH ENDER,
R. S. McCLAUGHREY,
LOUIS HUTT,
JOHN FARREN,
D. W. CLARK,
JOHN RHEINWALD,
FRED SOMMER,
JOSEPH DONNERSBERGER,

Joint Committee on Public Buildings and Public Charities.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received until noon Thursday, May 25, 1882, for clearing, grubbing, and grading the extension of the Jacksonville Southeastern Railway, from Litchfield to Smithborough, a distance of about 29 miles.

Separate proposals will also be received for bridging the line.

Profiles and specifications can be seen at the office of the Company in Jacksonville, Ill., on and after May 21.

The Company reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to WILLIAM S. HOOK, President. Jacksonville, Ill.

Bauer GRANDS, SQUARES, Pianos AND UPRIGHTS.

OVER 100 PIANOS to Rent and to Sell on easy Monthly Payments.

Julius Bauer & Co.,

182 & 184 Wabash-av.

Also 300 Parlor and Church Organs for sale below cost.

THE ADAMS & WESTLAKE

WIRE GAUZE NON-EXPLOSIVE OIL STOVE

Licensed Under Mitchell Patent.

The only Oil Stove made with Wire Gauze inside the Reservoir, on the principle of the Sir Humphry Davy Safety Lamp, for use in mines, thus making it Absolutely Non-Explosive.

Will not smoke when placed in a draught. Reservoir finished in imitation of Scotch Granite.

Our 1882 Stove has improved Bake Oven, Sloan's Ribbed Chimney Pronia, and many other valuable improvements. Send for Catalogue.

If you want our beautiful cards illustrating the Eight Wonders of the World, send six cents postage.

The Adams & Westlake Manufacturing Company,

93 Lake-st., Chicago.

45 Summer-st., Boston. 130 Beekman-st., N. Y.

Real Estate and Loans.

W. D. KERFOOT & CO.

90 Washington-st.

References furnished if desired to any person we have represented during 20 years.

$75,000 TO LOAN

On city improved property at 6 per cent.

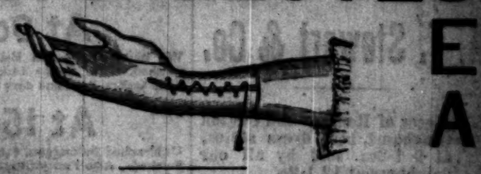
GEORGE M. ROGUE,

103 Dearborn-st.

H. A. HURLBUT,

Loans on Real Estate, Removed to Room 6, 97 Washington-st.

SEA'S GLOVES



SEA

ANNOUNCES A

VERITABLE SENSATION

IN

GLOVES.

PART 1.

5,000 dozens of finest quality Kid, Silk, Lisle, and Berlin Gloves and Lace Mitts, strictly fresh, perfect goods, every pair warranted, at 33⅓ per cent less than competing prices.

PART 2.

The Bankrupt Glove Stock of Samuel Elson & Co., Cincinnati, O.; some perfect, some damaged, some clean, some shop-soiled, to be sold at 12½c on the dollar, at one-eighth value.

PART 1.

Every pair is perfect, every pair is warranted. Part 1 includes LOTS.

Lot 1. 200 doz. Elastic Top Berlin Gloves, 11c pair.

Lot 2. 111 doz. finer quality at 14c.

Lot 3. 95 doz. Lace Top Lisle Gloves, 19c.

Lots 4 and 5. 190 doz. finer qualities, 23c and 27c.

Lot 6. 56 doz. extra long Lace Top Lisle Gloves, 31c pair.

Lot 7. 43 doz. long Jersey Lisle Gloves, 23c.

Lots 8 and 9 are finer qualities, at 27c and 39c.

Lot 10. 240 doz. Elastic Top Silk Gloves, 47c.

Lot 11. 22 doz. finer quality at 59c.

Lot 12. Jersey Top Silk Gloves, 69c.

Lot 13. Jersey Top Silk Gloves, 77c.

Lot 14. Mousquetaire Silk Gloves, 87c.

Lot 15. Mousquetaire Silk Gloves, 97c.

SEA

Acquaints you with the fact that his

CLOAK, SUIT, AND DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENTS

Now occupy one-half of his entire 1st floor. Special offerings tomorrow of

62 Imported Dolmans!

PARIS AND BERLIN.

Pattern Sample Garments!

Imported by us, from which to take pattern, and that we might make certain of manufacturing our Dolmans in just exactly the proper Parisian fashions. Our patterns being taken.

Sea Sacrifices

Them—No further use to him.

Imported Dolmans!

Costing $62.00	for $43.33.
Costing $58.00	for $39.87.
Costing $50.00	for $32.62.
Costing $48.93	for $28.67,

AND SIX COSTING

$29.00 for $15.33.

Sold in one week of these

$1.53 Walking Jackets!

$1.53!

Fancy Cassimere Walking Jackets in Bars, Black and White, and Gray.

Traveling Ulsters!

Linen, Melusie, and Queen's Cloth.

97 Cts.;

$2.50, $3.75, $3.97, $3.98, $4.98.

LADIES' ALL-SILK SICILIAN

Walking Jackets!

Trimmed with Moire Silk,

$7.97.

Price yesterday was $11.97, really worth $15.

SEEING

Is all that's necessary to convince you of the advantages offered you in

Sea's Cloak and Suit Department.

Every garment made at our own factory.

50 Doz. Children's Dresses, 25c. Will be offered for one week only.

68 Doz. Dresses prettily trimmed, 48 cts. Sold elsewhere at $75.50.

Ladies' Calico Wrappers, 59c. Made of best prints neatly and substantially.

Ladies' Calico Suits, $2.49.

Ladies' "Slug" Suits, $4.98. Neatly and stylishly made from assorted dress fabrics.

Gingham and Lawn Suits, $2.49. Same as retailed by our neighbors at $4.50.

Ladies' All-Wool Cashmere Costumes, satin trimmed, stylishly made, fine quality, $14.98, worth $25.

Silk and Satin Costumes, $19.90. Same as competitors advertise at $32.50.

Sea's Mourning Dep'm'nt

Has become one of his leading features.

Black Lace Buntings, 11c, worth 35c.

Black Wool Brocades, 14c.

Black All-Wool Buntings, 16c. Finer at 20c and 26c.

46-inch Nun's Veiling, 54c, usual price, 75c.

46-inch Black Bunting, 49c, worth 65c.

Colored Dress Fabrics, from the A. T. Stewart sale, at 50c on the dollar.

Sea's Lace Department.

Laces by the yard advertised in today's Times.

LACE LINGERIE.

Ecru Guipure Embroidery Collars, $4.94. Why pay others $6.50?

Real Oriental Lace Collars, $3.98.

Mechlin Lace Collars, $3.97.

Satin Collars, in all shades, edged with Breton, $1.24.

Shirred Mull Collars, $1.99, edged with Mechlin, Oriental, and Breton Laces 3 inches wide.

Duchess Embroided Lace Collars, $1.48.

Polka Dot Mull, Ecru and White, 99c.

Mirecourt Lace Collars, $1.48.

Mull Fichus, trimmed with tatting, $1.98.

Ecru and White Blonde Fichus, $1.94, $2.48, $2.97; handsomely trimmed with Pt. d'Aurillac, Spanish, Oriental, and Fancy Laces.

Linen, Lawn, and Batiste Fichus in fancy shades, 49c, 84c, 98c.

Crepe de Chene in fancy shades, $4.99, trimmed with Spanish and Pt. d'Aurillac.

All Lace and Lace-Trimmed Collars, 9c, worth 25c; 12c, worth 35c.

Stewart's Carpets.

Great Rush to Secure Them.

A. T. Stewart & Co.'s entire stock of Mattings at 33 1-3 cts. on the $1.

Coco and Coir Mattings that Stewart & Co. sold at 60c at wholesale, 30c per yard.

Floor Oil-Cloths, cost to make 38c. Sea's price, 24c.

CARPETS.

The last of A. T. Stewart's Carpets, bought by us at 65c on the dollar of value, comprising

Finest Velvets, $1.34 to $1.48.

Best Body Brussels, $1.19 to $1.39.

Best Tapestry Brussels, 64c to 70c.

Wool Ingrains, 23c to 25c.

Straw Mattings, 12c.

NOW FOR PART 2

Of our story—the Bankrupt Stock displayed in the centre of our Main Floor.

TRASH

Some of this stock is, and some of it is

Soiled and Damaged.

No guarantees is given with these goods, and they are

Not Exchanged,

For at the prices you shouldn't expect it.

GLOVES ABSOLUTELY GIVEN AWAY

5 cts. KIDS 5 cts.

Per pair for your choice of

3 BUSHELS OF ODDS and ENDS.

5 cts. for a pair of Kid Gloves. This is Lot 1 of Part 2.

LOTS 2 and 3

Includes 1,680 dozens of Kid Gloves worth from 81 to $2.25 per pair. They are all mixed up. Price for choice of Lot 1,

29 Cts.

For any pair of Gloves in the whole lot.

LOT 2--48 Cts.

Which is the highest price for any pair. The lots include

Men's 2-Button Embroidered Backs.
Ladies' 2, 3, 4, & 6 Buttons, "dark colors."
Ladies' 2, 3, 4, and 6 Buttons, "Operas."
Ladies' Embroidered Back Kid Gloves.
Ladies' Undressed (Suede) 3 and 4 Buttons.
Ladies' Black Kid Gloves, 2, 3, 4, & 6 Buttons.

Sold as they are—not warranted—divided into 3 lots.

LOT 1.	LOT 2.	LOT 3.
5 CTS.	29 CTS.	48 CTS.
PAIR.	PAIR.	PAIR.
Worth from $1 to $2.25 pair.	All sizes, all colors.	

Books & Stationery

Combined with the Music Stand and News Stand into

One Mammoth Department.

Sea is practically monopolizing the entire Book, Stationery, and Fancy Goods trade.

New Books, New Music,
New Periodicals,
New Stationery, New Nic-Nacs,

Received by fast express every hour.

Expanding Satin Shipping Bags (in all colors),

The Novelty. 99 CTS. The Latest.

Large Leatherette Hand Bags, 29 cts.

Real Leather Hand Satchels, 29 cts. up to $5.19 in Seal and Russia.

Patented Extension Handle Pocketbooks, Russia Leather, 5 compartments, 49c, 69c, 74c, 88c, 98c, up to $5.90.

Imitation Russia Leather Pocketbooks,

19 cts. 34 cts.
Four compartments. Four compartments.

29c, with handsome silk cord and tassel.

Children's Pocketbooks, 3c, 5c, 9c, 17c, 22c.

Ladies' Seal Belts, with pockets attached, 29c, 2-inch, 3-inch, 3 1-9 inch, buckle or strap fastening, 39c.

Ladies' cloth-lined Leather Belts, 13c, 14c, 19c, 24c.

Correspondence Stationery,

Including all fancy papers, by quire or box.

LEATHER ART NOVELTIES

In rich fancy goods.

New Books on Sale Monday.

"The Rome Stretch," M. A. Collins.
"George at the Fort," Castleman.
"Pride and Passion," Fleming.
"From Hand to Hand," German translation.
"Count Silvius," Geo. Horn.

3 cts. All Popular Music, 3 cts.

SEA'S SIX FLOORS.

SEA'S SIX FLOORS.

Staple Bargains

Never Before Equaled!

FROM THE STOCK OF

A. T. Stewart & Co.

600 pieces of Renfrew and Canton Ginghams, best dress styles, at 9 1-2c; sold by all our neighbors at 12 1-2c.

35,000 yds of Standard Prints at 3 3-4c; worth 6c.

25 cases of Standard Ginghams, staple styles, at 6 1-2c; retailed everywhere for 10c.

500 pcs Wool and Worsted Dress Goods at 19c; good value for 35c.

10 cases Real French Chip Flats at 69c; worth $1.25.

500 doz of Men's Fancy Half Hose, consisting of real French Lisle, elegant quality of silk-clocked Balbriggan, and fancy stripes, all for 25c; worth 50c, 75, and $1.

600 doz Muslin Underwear, consisting of Chemise, Drawers, and Nightgowns, trimmed with Lace and Embroidery, at 23, 28, 39, 40, 45, 48, 55, 65, 69, 75c up to $3.35; a manufacturer's stock, at 40 per cent less than regular prices.

300 cases of new Straw Goods, consisting of real French Chip, fine Milans, Lace Braids, Rough-and-Ready, Porcupine Braids, Girls' and Misses' Hats, and an immense assortment of Boys' Hats of every description, at 40 per cent less than last week's prices.

500 pcs Lace, Striped, and Checked Piques at 10 1-2 and 12 1-2c; worth 18 and 20c.

350 pair Antique Curtains at $3.75, $4, $4.50, $5, $5.50, $6, and $7; 40 per cent less than regular prices.

1,000 Turkish Rugs at 69c, 89c, $2.05, $2.95, $3.15 & $5.19; one-third their real value.

600 doz Ladies' Berlin Gloves at 6, 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 18, 25, 35, 39, 40, and 50c; Terrific Slaughter from Cash Auctions.

200 doz Ladies' Pure Silk Lace Mitts, extra length, at 48c; worth $1.

WILL OFFER MONDAY

IN OUR

Cloak & Suit Department

800 Garments,

Consisting of Satin Rhadama and Brocaded Satin Wraps, Imported Black Cloth Wraps and Mantles, Light Cloth Wraps, Dolmans and Walking Jackets, and a large line of Suits at less than

50c on the Dollar.

The entire stock of an Eastern manufacturer.

Cash Bargains

IN OUR

Shoe Department!

A Job Lot of Children's Button Shoes at 95c; worth $1.50.

300 prs Misses' Pebble Goat Shoes at 75c; worth $1.25.

Job Lot of 600 prs Ladies' Serge Shoes at 50c; worth $1.50.

150 prs Ladies' Pebble Goat Side-Lace Shoes at $1; worth $2.

600 prs Infants' Colored Shoes at 50c; worth $1.

1,000 prs Ladies' Fine Hand-Sewed Kid Slippers at 75c; worth $1.50.

300 prs Ladies' Finest Quality of Kid Opera Ties at $1; worth $2.

400 prs Ladies' Hand-Sewed Kid Button Newports at $1.25; worth $2.50.

A Job Lot of Men's Low-Cut Shoes at $1.50; worth $2.50.

Buying all our goods in larger quantities than any house in our line, enables us to offer many cash bargains unapproachable.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
One Price for All.
Money Refunded at all times if Goods are Not Satisfactory.

BOSTON STORE,

118 & 120 State-st.

BANKRUPT STORE.

"HOSIERY."

Extra Bargains in Hosiery This Week.

At 9c

We have Unbleached Balbriggan, seams finished. Also Fancy Stripes and Spots, Solid Colors, light and dark shades.

At 15c

Unbleached Balbriggan, extra long, seams finished. Also Fancy Stripes, new styles.

At 19c

Polka Dot and Pin Stripes, fast colors finished seams.

At 25c

A lot of John Smythe's Balbriggan, Unbleached, Silk Clocked, full regular. Also a beautiful assortment in Stripes, latest styles, and Ingrain solid colors.

At 35c

Polka Dot and Pencil Stripes, regular made. Also Imperial Balbriggan, Unbleached, extra long, Silk Embroidered.

At 50c

Unbleached Balbriggan, Silk Embroidered, extra solid colors, full assortment of new styles and fancy stripes.

At 60c

Elegant line Fancy Stripes in Bronze and other new shades, Black and Real Balbriggan.

At 85c

Real French Lisle, Ecru, Bronze, and Fancy Stripes.

Opera lengths in Ecru and all delicate tints from 75c up.

Bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Silk Hosiery.

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY.

Job lot of solid colors, Light and Dark, Fancy Stripes, all sizes,

For 10c.

Real French in solid colors, and Fancy Stripes, Ribbed, good weights, all sizes,

For 25c.

Beautiful line new styles Diamond Checks, Fancy Stripes, Dots, and Solid Colors, sizes 4 to 8 1-2, from 20c to 50c.

GENTS' HALF HOSE.

At 3c—Unbleached Travelers' Socks.

At 5c—Unbleached Fancy Stripes and Brown Mixed.

At 10c—Unbleached Seamless and Brown Mixed, super, stout.

At 20c—British Superfine, full regular, Unbleached and Fancy Colors, Derby ribbed.

At 25c—Regular made Fancy Stripes, fast colors and solid colors, Unbleached, fine or stout. Best in America for the money.

At 35c—Fine line solid colors in Drab and Dark Shades, Dots and Stripes, new styles.

40c to 75c—New styles Stripes, Diamond Checks, Colored Balbriggan, Silk Embroidered.

Full line Boys' Long and Half Hose.

150 doz. Boys' Fancy Cambric Shirt Waists at 25c.

Job lot Moires in Satin and Silk, in Old Light Bronze and Light Blue, worth $1.50 per yard. We will sell them for 50c per yard.

BANKRUPT STORE,

184 and 186 State-st.,

OPPOSITE PALMER HOUSE.

S. SHIREK.

KING & BOGLE,

DEALERS IN

COAL.

Main Office Removed to

71 Washington-st.

TELEPHONE 5024.

V. & T.

FURNITURE MOVING A SPECIALTY.

Experienced men furnished to handle the same. Estimates furnished of cost if required. (Handling furniture nearly every day in the year, both our own and houses, enable this company to employ men especially adapted for this line of the business.) OFFICE, No. 16 MICHIGAN-AV., bet. Adams and Monroe-sts.

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Near the city, a large house, nicely furnished throughout, gas, hot and cold water, conservatory, beautiful grounds, vegetable garden, green-house, barn, carriage-house, etc.; will be rented for one year to party willing and able to take good care of it. Address Q 15, Tribune office.

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Two fine offices, third floor front, No. 157 Washington-st. Inquire of GEO. F. HARDING, Owner, 170 Madison-st., Room 16.

ALSO

Fine light rooms for light manufacturing or for light job printing, 170 Madison-st., third floor.

TO RENT

With steam power, first floor, 12x48, with power, at 9 Calhoun Place (rear of 90 East Washington-st.) between Madison and Washington and Dearborn and Clark-sts., suitable for any light manufacturing or mechanical purposes. Apply to ROBERTS & HUTCHINSON, Room 20, 79 Dearborn-st.

Cork Floor Cloth or Linoleum

Is now made four, six, and eight yards wide. Large rooms and offices can be covered in one piece without seams. Warm, noiseless, and durable. For sale by leading carpet dealers. Ask to see it.

JOHN M. SMYTH

West Madison, - - - Near Halsted.

Smyth's Time Furniture Palace, as They Call It.

"Who Started 'TIME PAYMENTS' IN CHICAGO?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"Who has made 'TIME PAYMENTS' Easy, Equitable, Popular, and Satisfactory to the public?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"Who is the largest 'TIME' FURNITURE Dealer in the world?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"What Dealer HAS KEPT HIS 'OLD CUSTOMERS' TWENTY YEARS?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"What Dealer requires Seventy Thousand Feet Modern Traffic Floorage for Carpets and Furniture?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"Who is the LARGEST 'TIME' CARPET DEALER in the world?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"Who Started Mary Ann's Mother Housekeeping, and gave her credit, before you married her—yes, twenty years ago?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"Who started Thirty Thousand others, just like Mary Ann's Mother, and did the right by them?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"Who does Mary Ann want you to trade with now?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"Who Exhibits THE MOST TEMPTING GARDEN OF NEW CARPET COLORS, The Largest Acreage OF Fancy and Plain Furniture OF HIS OWN MAKE?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

"WHO OPENS THE DOOR

to Housekeepers and points them to a Five-Acre Field of Modern Housefurnishings to choose from?"

ANS.: John M. Smyth.

Steinway's Matchless Pianos!!

Durability has been one of the greatest tests of art in all ages, and this test the STEINWAY has withstood in a manner unequaled by any other piano that the world has thus far produced. This judgment has been rendered by not only the unanimous testimony of all the great artists and connoisseurs who have used and tested them for upward of a quarter of a century, but by the more conservative verdict of the trade, it being a well-known fact that the highest ambition of all the great Piano houses is to secure the STEINWAY agency. This is proved by the fact that the leading music houses in all the great cities of the world represent the STEINWAY instruments to-day. It is also admitted by all disinterested dealers that a STEINWAY PIANO which has been in use for years will last longer and sell for more than a new instrument of other makers. It withstands the severest climatic changes, and can be found retaining its original qualities alike in the most rigorous northern latitudes, or the damp and humid atmosphere of the tropics, the dry air of the mountains, and the moist and changeable atmosphere of the lake region and the seacoast.

LYON & HEALY,

STATE & MONROE-STS.

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FURNITURE CO.

Are the Leaders of New and Novel Designs in

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We guarantee prices as low as they can be bought for cash.

Our system of doing business is different to any other Time House in Chicago.

NO Interest.
NO 50c for acknowledging mortgage.
NO $2.50 for making out papers.
NO $1.50 for recording.
NO Two Prices.
NO Expense whatever.

Everything marked in plain figures.

That is what we call Square-Dealing. Give us a call.

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BROWN PETTIBONE & KELLY

194 & 196 Dearborn-st

STATIONERS, PRINTERS,

BLANK-BOOK MAKERS.

Letter-Presses, Letter-Press Stands, Copying-Books, Brushes, Bowls, Pamphlet Cases, Bankers' Cases. A large assortment of odd makes of Steel Pens and Inks.

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Lawn Mowers, Cutlery, and Edged Tools

GROUND AND REPAIRED

In the best style.

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"The Grandest Humbug of the Age,"

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"Testimonials of Musical Celebrities."

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Factory, 47, 49, 51, 53 W. Lake-st.

The tone of the Pianos manufactured by our firm is marvelously grand, of exquisite poetical and sympathetic quality, "and a perfect revelation to those who try our instruments for the first time." The touch is perfect, elastic, pliable, and promptly responding to all and every demand made by the performer. The capacity of our Pianos of remaining in tune is simply unsurpassed.

We refuse, and we are the only manufacturers in the country who do, to build up a reputation for our Pianos

"By purchasing exclusive testimonials of musical celebrities" for a consideration.

It is a tax which the consumer must bear, and the enormous sums now known to have been paid by certain manufacturers to professional musicians for those services would stagger the most credulous.

"We base our success in business, with genuine Chicago pluck, on the intrinsic merits and superiority of our instrument.

And consider it an unerring proof of weakness in a Piano, the attempt to maintain by a system of endless puffing, and eternal references to threadbare testimonials, its fading popularity."

Paid-for testimonials and findings of juries of years gone by go for naught when compared with the intelligent criticism of the millions of latter-day piano-players.

"The reputation of our Piano is assured. We believe in the survival of the fittest."

Wareroom, 175 Wabash-av.

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Those who have not already supplied their wants in the FURNITURE line will do well to call at ULICK BOURKE'S, 92 and 94 West Madison-st., where Square-Dealing is their motto, and Low Prices for Cash or Easy Payments at Cash Prices.

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F. COGSWELL,

THE WEST END FURNISHING HOUSE.

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FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, AND CROCKERY.

For cash or easy payments.

We Charge No Interest.

You can select from

150 CHAMBER AND PARLOR SUITS, Chamber suits, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $85, $100, $125, to $250.

BOOKCASES, HALL-TREES, SIDEBOARDS, MIRRORS.

Houses or rooms furnished complete on the shortest notice.

All goods warranted as represented. Call and get prices before buying elsewhere. No trouble to show goods. Please note the address.

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N. B.—Goods packed and delivered at depot free.

DECKER BROTHERS' PIANOS!

Have shown themselves to be so far superior to all others in excellence of workmanship, elasticity of touch, beauty of tone, and great durability, that they are now earnestly sought for by all persons desiring the very best Piano. Sold at lowest prices consistent with highest standard.

OPINIONS OF GREAT MUSICIANS.

TERESA CARRENO—I find that for delicacy, sweetness, and sympathy of tone, exquisite singing quality, and great strength they are certainly pre-eminent.

RIVE-KING—I prefer yours to all others, and will use no others for my concerts when I can obtain yours.

THEODORE THOMAS—They are unsurpassed by any Piano-Forte I have ever seen.

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STORY & CAMP,

General Western Managers,

188 and 190 State-st., Chicago.

A. T. STEWART & CO.

In Closing Their Business

In Chicago AND New York,

OFFER

LIBERAL DISCOUNTS

In All Their Departments.

Wabash-av. and Washington-st.

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To the General Public and My Late Patrons:

I am in no way interested in the Restaurant, 77 and 79 Dearborn-st., now being run in my name, as I sold out my interest May 1, 1882.

MRS. E. M. ANDREWS.

COLUMBIA and WILKINSON BICYCLES!

The John Wilkinson Co., 77 State-st

Agents for the POPE M'F'G CO., and sole manufacturers of the WILKINSON BICYCLE.

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J. F. Corbly & Co., 72 State-st.,

Importers of Rodgers & Wostenholm's "I X L" Pocket and Table Cutlery, Razors, and Scissors; dealers in Rogers' Plated Ware, Revolvers, Hardware, and tools. Sign of the Big Red Pocket Knife.

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The early arrival of new goods enables us to place before our customers this week an unusually attractive assortment of

Rich Fancy Goods, Fine Art Wares, Elegant Gifts, Toys, Etc.

We would call special attention to our superior assortment of

AMBER JEWELRY, FINE FANS AND OPERA GLASSES.

Those intending to attend the Grand Musical Festival should bear this in mind and call early to provide themselves with such of the above articles as they should have.

"REMEMBER!"

That we are the sole Chicago agents for the Celebrated

Novelty Perambulator

Made by J. B. Sweet & Sons, of Buffalo; we are the sole manufacturers of the

"V., R. & CO." VULCAN BICYCLE,

In 44 and 46 inch Rubber Tires, acknowledged to be the best in the market.

FULL LINES OF

Sporting Goods, Outdoor Games, and Home Amusements.

VERGHO, RUHLING & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail,

138 TO 144 STATE-ST.

THE NEW SUCCESS

Positively Non-Explosive.

Indorsed by all Insurance Companies.

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OIL STOVE.

The Only Perfect Stove Made.

Only one burner. Has a large circular wick twelve inches long. Wick is raised and lowered on the same principle as a German student-lamp. By concentrating our heat on one burner we produce one-third more heat than any three-burner old style flat wick stove made, thereby doing the work in one-third less time. Consumes its own smoke. No oil underneath the stove; always dry and clean; a self-feeder; requiring no attention until the oil is completely exhausted. Everybody is delighted with it.

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Knee Caps and Anklets for enlarged veins. Batteries' Trusses. Crutches, Shoulder-braces, Abdominal Supporters. Braces made to order for weak ankles, bow-legs, club-feet, weak spine.

A. S. BLISS,
79 Randolph-st.

Spring Styles Men's Dress Silk Hats. Soft and Stiff Business Hats, finest qualities and lowest prices at BARNES' HAT STORE, 86 Madison-st. (Tribune Bldg.)

WASHINGTON.

The Decision of the Court en Banc in the Assasin's Case.

It Will Be Against Him Unanimously, on Several Grounds.

He Will Then Be Put in a Cell to Commence the "Death-Watch."

The House Democrats Filibuster Up to the Hour for the Horse-Races.

An Obliging Adjournment Then Taken—Thirty-four Absent Republicans.

THE ASSASIN.

HIS CHANCES.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—It now seems probable that the court en banc will decide to sustain the decision of the court below in the Guiteau case and prevent a new trial, but it is expected the Judges will deliver separate opinions on the legal points. Guiteau is reported to have had his spirits revived within a day or two by a belief that there will be a reargument and a new trial. His health has improved in consequence. He is not so crazy that he does not have rational hopes and fears. District-Attorney Corkhill says that he thinks the opinion of the court will be delivered on Monday, and adds: "I think there is little reason to doubt that the decision will sustain the point that the crime of murder is punishable where the blow is inflicted. The question about the sentence does not amount to anything. The sentence will not be disturbed."

FORECAST OF THE DECISION OF THE COURT EN BLAC—THE MURDERER DOOMED TO DEATH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—The unanimous decision of the District Supreme Court on the question raised by the defense in the Guiteau case will be announced Monday. The Post to-morrow will give the following as the points of the decision: "The opinion of the court will broadly sustain the position taken by the District-Attorney, that jurisdiction is complete where the fatal blow is struck, without regard to the locality of the actual demise. The court holds that the bullet fired at the President by Guiteau on the 2d of July in this city was the cause of his death and that the trial could only have been held in Washington; that the death of the President in New Jersey, except as affected by the local statute, could not change the jurisdiction. The assasin had not been in New Jersey,

HAD COMMITTED NO OFFENSE AGAINST NEW JERSEY LAWS,

and the mere fact of the victim being removed to Elberon to prolong his life or save it, if possible, could not be made to affect the character of the crime. The court will hold, in addition, that there are several grounds on which the jurisdiction as exercised might be maintained if it were necessary to decide the case.

1. That this is a United States Court, with all powers of any Circuit Court of the United States.

2. That this is a judicial district, and that, under the provisions of the law, when a crime is begun in one and completed in another district, the offense is complete in either.

3. That, murder being an offense in this District against the United States, the removal of the President to New Jersey did not take him beyond the jurisdiction of the Government against which the crime was committed.

CONSIDERABLE ANXIETY

has been expressed as to the action of the Supreme Court of the United States, it being announced that application would be made to that body by the defendant's counsel for a writ of habeas corpus. There are now only two Justices of that court in the city, the court having adjourned for the term—Chief-Justice Waite and Justice Miller. The best legal authorities express doubts whether such a writ could be granted by the full court in session, and it is not believed that any single Judge will take the responsibility on so important a question when it is recalled that the court was in session for three months after sentence of death was passed. It may therefore reasonably be concluded that Guiteau will hang as sentenced, and that there is no earthly hope for him." The Post adds: "After the delivery of the opinion the prisoner will be taken at once to a solitary cell in the jail where he is now confined and placed under the continued guard, better known as

THE 'DEATH WATCH.'

Every action will be observed up to the fatal moment, and not a word will be permitted to be spoken to him except by his spiritual advisers, or by persons specially authorized by the Warden, Gen. Crocker, who has entire charge of and responsibility for the assasin from this time on until his dead body is ready to be consigned to the doctors for post-mortem examination."

District-Attorney Corkhill has determined upon an examination of the brain of the assasin by a board of the most eminent medical experts in the United States, to put at rest, as he believes, forever the question of his sanity. After the autopsy the body will be delivered to the relatives of the doomed man, if any of them call for it.

THE HOUSE.

A DAY SPENT IN ATTEMPTING TO GET A HEARING FOR A SOUTHERN REPUBLICAN ELECTED TO CONGRESS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—The Democrats in the House have again settled themselves naturally and easily into an attitude of obstruction, and have given out the word that only such public business shall be transacted as they may choose to permit, and they do not choose that any more of the contested-election cases upon which would result in the unseating of Democrats who occupy places gained by fraud, shall be even considered. This is the Forty-seventh Congress, and to-day for the first time since the beginning of the first session of the First Congress under the Constitution, nearly a hundred years ago, a minority in the House of Representatives has filibustered against an effort made by the majority to try a contested-election case. It has happened before that after some cases have been discussed, or when all the points have been made to unseat members without discussion, minorities have resorted to filibustering in order to obtain an opportunity for a free and fair discussion, or to emphasize more strongly what they considered unjustifiable party action;

BUT NEVER BEFORE

has a minority, at the dictation of a party caucus or otherwise, sat still and refused to vote and thus prevented the consideration of a case. Of course the Democrats have entered upon a campaign which must not only add to their defeat, but also convince every fair-minded man in the country that, in spite of the fine professions in the Cincinnati platform, they are as much determined as ever to prevent, as far as they may be within their power, men whose titles to seats in Congress are entirely fraudulent. In this attitude the Democrats have been driven by what encouraged to place themselves in the position of party discipline in the majority, and by the timidity which the minority has manifested whenever the Democrats have threatened to filibuster against any measure. The history of the session has been made up by many examples of this timidity and by many fruitless arrangements, "understandings," etc., between the party leaders of the respective parties. These considerations were

BOTH URGED IN THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

the other night as an encouragement to them to stand firm against the seating of Mackey, Manning, or any of the other Republican contestants whose the Elections Committee have found to be entitled to their seats. The men who on other days have been able to lead the majority have been ignored, either through the gentle imbecility of the Speaker, who has attempted to foist upon the majority a man unfitted to be its leader, and one whom many of his party associates hold in contempt or suspicion. One of the natural results, of course, has followed. The Republican members take no interest whatever in the proceedings of the House, as a rule, and some of them have been confirmed absentees. When Randall raised the question of consideration against the contested election cases this morning the Republicans were able to muster only 114 votes, showing that

THIRTY-FOUR OF THEIR MEN

were absent. Four Greenbackers (Bragg of Missouri, Ford and Rice of Minnesota, and Murch of Maine) voted with them, making 118 votes. Every Democrat except Cable of Connecticut, who was paired, voted, and refused to vote. The Republicans, of course, was that no quorum of the House was present. A call of the House was then ordered, which disclosed the absence of the following named Republicans: Bowman, Brumm, Carmeln, Crowley, Errott, Farwell, Harmer, Houk, Hill, Storr, Hubbard, Ketcham, Lindsey, Manny Reed, Sapp, Sherwin, Van Voorhis, Wadsworth, Wilkinson, Washburn, and Young—twenty-four. Within a few moments Van Voorhis and Storr made their appearance in the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms, having been on the floor of the House when the warrant of arrest was issued.

AFTER THREE OR FOUR HOURS

the proceedings under the call having been dispensed with, another vote was taken on the question of consideration. The Republicans that vote mustered 119 votes with the addition of four or five Greenbackers. Two Republicans, Phelps and Springer, voted in the affirmative. This was still twenty-six short of a quorum, and a second call of the House was ordered. That call disclosed the absence of the following Republican members: Bowman, Brewer, Browne, Camp, Cornell, Brentz, Farwell of Illinois, Harmer, Hill, Storr, Hubbard, Jones of New York, Jorgensen, Joyce, Ketcham, Lindsey, Kinley, Page, Reed, Shallenberger, Wadsworth, Weaver, Washburn, and Young—twenty-nine in all—showing an increase of the Republican absentees of four. A few days ago the delinquents are all. All who are known to be absent, Brewer, Browne, Jones of New Jersey, and Reed. Mr. Washburn is absent on the funeral of his brother, ex-Governor Washburn. Some of the others are strangers, so seldom are they in the House. One such is Mr. Cornell of New York, who obtained an indefinit leave of absence nearly three months ago on account of important business. Another is

MR. CROWLEY,

of the same State, who is very rarely in his seat, although he spends most of his time in Washington. It is understood he expects a reelection, and, besides, he is said to be able to do in assisting President Arthur in his Administration. About 3 o'clock this afternoon, reckoning that it would be impossible for the Republicans to obtain a quorum to order an adjournment, at the same time announcing that he would again call up this Southern contested-election case next Monday, and continue to press the consideration of it until it has received pledges from absentees that they will be present. It is indicated that a quorum will be obtained on Tuesday. The majority express confidence not to abandon the effort not to dispose of this case until a conclusion shall be reached. In this determination they are undoubtedly sustained by the sentiment of the country. The Democrats are determined to prevent, by every means in their power, the consideration of this and all other contested-election cases. To this they are

SPURRED BY THE SOUTHERN

from nearly every State, who want to know if the majority should be permitted to unseat by a party vote Republican contestants from districts the Democrats will lose a number of Congressional districts in the South which they elected. From a vigorous editorial in the Charleston *News and Courier* of this day the following is an extract:

"In an act of cowardice and self-stultification that would carry dismay and despair into the hearts of the Southern Democracy, but for the firm and resolute stand taken by the Democratic caucus will encourage and reanimate every where."

THE RUNNING RACES OF THE JOCKEY CLUB

today proved to be a stronger attraction than the decision of either of the party caucuses that had decided that the fight on the Guiteau contested-election case should be made. It will be pursued until one of the sides is defeated. The President and several members of his Cabinet were at the races, and the House having adjourned over, a large number of its members were present also. The fact that the House, knowing this, and that the fine sport that took place during the fight on the Southern case, adjourned and went to the races, is a decisive coast was represented there by Miller and Farley and Representatives Page of California, and Cassidy. All of the best-known Southern members were there. Speaking of the racing contest,

CALKINS, OF INDIANA,

Chairman of the House Elections Committee, said tonight that when the fight began to-day next it would be in earnest. The case would not be one week, if not more, and in the meantime the business would be done. He said he was sure that the Republicans would have a majority present. On the other hand, Sam Randall, leader of the Democrats, said the Democrats were strong enough to keep the fight on for weeks; that they were unanimous in the opinion that the case in question should not be considered at all; that there were several appropriation bills which the Democrats would insist upon being considered before the election case was allowed to come up. The opinion was expressed that, while the fight will be a lengthy one, it will not last over one week, as the Democratic members to hurry up business so as to get away are so strong that it will in the end be successful.

THE JOURNALS SHOW

that the House is not alone blamable for the large count of absence from their seats, as a large share of the members. The average daily absentees for a good while past has been about 10 per cent of the entire House. The Senate is a little better. We give the figures for the first half of May, which is a fair average for a whole session. The Senate consists of seventy-six members. During the first fifteen days of the month the yeas and nays were called seventy times. The average number of Senators present at these calls of the roll was 68, which is more than one-third absent. In several instances in these two weeks there came to a stand for lack of a quorum. On several other occasions Senators got a count by calling their eyes to that fact. It often happens that some States are practically unrepresented. Senator Conkling has been in his seat but two days in the month, and his colleague, Senator Cornell, has been absent the entire month. The absence of both their Senators

POLITICAL SITU

PLANS AND HOPES OF THE MANAGERS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—Congressional Committee is pressing forward its work. The Democratic leaders now that there is little doubt that they will be successful in the fall elections, and will abate their confidence if they can only the Republicans are defeated. Nearly every doubtful Congressional committee has not fully formed the outline is pretty generally known. The purpose is to concentrate its strength in districts, and to seek to gain the South as possible. There is little hope of returning Republicans from the South than there was in 1880. The developments in Virginia and the last Congress this winter, have convinced the Bourbons' hold upon the South is much less firm. The lines have been drawn in many quarters that will be possible for the Democrats in

THE COMING CONGRESSION

or in the next Presidential election upon many of those who have followed them. The evidence before the committee from the South that the Democratic party is divided and the anti-Bourbon element will, and for all the purposes of the next Congress, and of the next policy of the Republican Administration, the anti-Bourbons are faithful Republicans. The Congressional committee provide speakers of National fame for closely-contested Congressional districts. The arrangements are being made for the campaign in Maine, which begins in September, most of the States. The committee has received leading Republican orators for the Maine canvass, which it is now expected will begin about the middle of August.

MR. BLAINE

has charge of the campaign this year, Mr. Blaine having last year held the position of Chairman of the National Committee, which he for a time held. The fact that the Greenback-Fusion Governor has consented to the advantage of his party in the Legislature to redistrict the State in consequence the Congressional districts elected at large on the Democratic ticket add to the interest and importance of the canvass, and every candidate will be obliged to appeal to the whole State. The campaign opens early in Maine, and the month of August, where generally witnesses the most active fight in that State.

THE DEMOCRATIC

In the last Presidential campaign the Democrats to corrupt the State by the use of money, and the direction of their National Committee. The National Republicans have no fear that the Democrats will not this time spend enough votes enough to carry the State, as they did in 1876. The disaster of that year has taught the Republican leaders. It is expected that, in a State election, the firing on Sumter, had it occurred, would furnish a large Republican majority. But many examples of this timidity and by many fruitless arrangements, "understandings," etc., between the party leaders of the respective parties. These considerations were

BOTH URGED IN THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

the other night as an encouragement to them to stand firm against the seating of Mackey, Manning, or any of the other Republican contestants whose the Elections Committee have found to be entitled to their seats. The men who on other days have been able to lead the majority have been ignored, either through the gentle imbecility of the Speaker, who has attempted to foist upon the majority a man unfitted to be its leader, and one whom many of his party associates hold in contempt or suspicion. One of the natural results, of course, has followed. The Republican members take no interest whatever in the proceedings of the House, as a rule, and some of them have been confirmed absentees. When Randall raised the question of consideration against the contested election cases this morning the Republicans were able to muster only 114 votes, showing that

THIRTY-FOUR OF THEIR MEN

were absent. Four Greenbackers (Bragg of Missouri, Ford and Rice of Minnesota,

GEN. CHAL

is organizing a serious ind

SHINGTON.

ision of the Court en in the Assasin's Case.

e Against Him Unani- usly, on Several Grounds.

Then Be Put in a Cell to mence the "Death-Watch."

Democrats Filibuster Up to Hour for the Horse-Races.

ring Adjournment Then —Thirty-four Absent Republicans.

THE ASSASIN.

HIS CHANCES.

Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ON, D. C., May 20.—It now seems the court en banc will decide to decision of the court below in the and prevent a new trial, but it is Judges will deliver separate opin- egal points. Guiteau is reported to spirits revived within a day or two at there will be a reargument and a lis health has improved in conse- is not so crazy that he does not have es and fears. District-Attorney Cork- he thinks the opinion of the court ered on Monday, and adds: "I think reason to doubt that the decision the point that the crime of mur- able where the blow is inflicted. on about the sentence does not nything. The sentence will not be

OF THE DECISION OF THE COURT —THE MURDERER DOOMED TO

TON, D. C., May 20.—The unanimous the District Supreme Court on the ised by the defense in the Guiteau announced Monday. The *Post* to- give the following as the points of on: "The opinion of the court ily sustain the position taken District-Attorney, that jurisdic- complete where the fatal ck, without regard to the locality of deniue. The court holds that the at the President by Guiteau on the n this city was the cause of his death e trial could only have been held in ; that the death of the President in , except as affected by the local stat- not change the jurisdiction. The as- ot been in New Jersey,

ITTED NO OFFENSE AGAINST NEW JERSEY LAWS,

re fact of the victim being removed to prolong his life or save it, if possi- not be made to affect the character of The court will hold, in addition, that everal grounds on which the jurisdic- reised might be maintained if it were to decide the case. his is an United States Court, with of any Circuit Court of the United his is a judicial district, and that, provisions of the law, when a crime done and completed in another dis- offends to complete in either. murder being an offense in this Dis- nst the United States, the removal of dent to New Jersey will not take him the jurisdiction of the Government hich the crime was committed.

CONSIDERABLE ANXIETY

expressed as to the action of the Su- urt of the United States, it being an- that application would be made to that the defendant's counsel for a writ of rpus. There are now only two Justices urt in the city, the court having ad- or the term—Chief-Justice Waite and iller. The best legal authorities ex- abts whether such a writ could be y the full court in session, and it is ed that any single Judge will take the ility on so important a question when ded that the court was in session for nths after sentence of death was It may therefore reasonably be con- at Guiteau will hang as sentenced, and is no earthly hope for him." The *Post* After the delivery of the opinion the will be taken at once to a solitary cell where he is now confined and placed continued guard, better known as

THE 'DEATH WATCH.'

tion will be observed up to the fatal and not a word will be permitted to be him except by his spiritual advisers, ons specially authorized by the War- Crouker, who has entire charge of and bility for the assasin from this time on dead body is ready to be consigned to rs for post-mortem examination." -Attorney Corkhill has determined examination of the brain of the assasin d of the most eminent medical experts ited States, to put at rest, as he be- rever the question of his sanity. After pay the body will be delivered to the of the doomed man, if any of them call

THE HOUSE.

PENT IN ATTEMPTING TO GET A NG SOUTHERN REPUBLICAN ED TO CONGRESS.

cial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NGTON, D. C., May 20.—The Democrats House have again settled themselves y and easily into an attitude of obstruc- have given out the word that only such usiness shall be transacted as they o permit, and they do not choose that e of the contested-election cases, action hich would result in the unseating of ts who occupy places gained by fraud, even considered. This is the Forty- Congress, and today for the first nce the beginning of the first of the First Congress under the tion, nearly a hundred years ago ty in the House of Representatives has red against an effort made by the ma- try a contested-election case. It has d before that after such cases have cussed, or when attempts have been unseat members without discussion, es have resorted to filibustering in or- btain an opportunity for a free and fair on, or to emphasize more strongly what sandered unjustifiable party action;

BUT NEVER BEFORE

inority, at the dictation of a party cau- otherwise, sat still and refused to vote, a prevented the consideration of a case re the Democrats have entered upon e which must not only end in their de- also convince every fair-minded man ountry that, in spite of the fine profes- the Cincinnati platform, they are as determined as ever to prostrate, as far as within their power, men whose title to Congress are entirely fraudulent is tude the Democrats have been en- ouraged to place themselves probably t of party discipline in the his- and by the timidity which the ma- has manifested whenever the Democrats reatened to filibuster against any meas- e history of the session has been marked y examples of this timidity and by many n arrangements, "understandings," etc., n the party leaders of the respective sides. considerations were

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bsent. Four Greenbackers (Bursum, ourt, Ford and Rice of Missouri), and Morrill of Maine) voted with them, giving them 118 votes. Every Democrat except Phelps of Connecticut, refused to vote. The consequence, of course, was that no quorum could be obtained. A call of the House was then ordered, which disclosed the absence of the following-named Republicans: Bowman, Browne, Camp, Cornell, Crowley, Errett, Farwell of Illinois, Harmer, Houk, Hill, Jorgensen, Joyce, Ketcham, Lindsey, Mason, McKinley, Pare, Reed, Shallenberger, Sherwin, Van Voorhis, Wadsworth, Walker, Washburn, and Watson, son, Washburn, and Young—twenty-five in all. Within a few moments Van Voorhis and Young made their appearance in the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms, having been on their way to the House when the warrant of arrest was issued.

AFTER THREE OR FOUR HOURS,

the proceedings under the call having been dispensed with, another vote was taken on the question of consideration. The Republicans on that vote mustered 19 votes with the help of four or five Greenbackers. Two Democrats, Phelps and Springer, voted in the negative. This was still twenty-six short of quorum, and a second call of the House was ordered. That call disclosed the absence of the following Republican members: Belford, Bowman, Brewer, Browne, Camp, Cornell, Crowley, Errett, Farwell of Illinois, Harmer, Houk, Hill, Horr, Hubbs, Jones of New Jersey, Jorgensen, Joyce, Ketcham, Lindsey, Mason, McKinley, Pare, Reed, Shallenberger, Sherwin, Wadsworth, Waker, Washburn, and Watson—twenty-nine in all—showing an increase of Republican absentees of four. A few of these delinquents are ill. All who are known to be so are Brewer, Browne, Jones of New Jersey, Lindsey, and Reed. Mr. Washburn is absent to attend the funeral of his brother, ex-Gov. Washburn. Some of the others are almost strangers, so seldom are they seen in the House. One such is Mr. Cornell, of New York, who obtained an indefinite leave of absence nearly three months ago on account of important business. Another is

MR. CROWLEY,

of the same State, who is very seldom in his seat, although he spends most of his time in Washington. It is understood he does not expect a reelection, and, besides, he has considerable to do in assisting President Arthur to run his Administration. About 3 o'clock Mr. Calkins, realizing that it would be impossible for the Republicans to obtain a quorum today, moved an adjournment, at the same time giving notice that he would again call up this South Carolina contested election case next Monday morning, and continue to press the consideration. He has received pledges from absentees which indicate that a quorum will be obtained next Tuesday. The majority express a determination not to abandon the effort not to dispose of this case until a conclusion shall have been reached. In this determination they are undoubtedly sustained by the sentiment of the country. The Democrats are equally determined to prevent, by every means in their power, the consideration of this and all other contested-election cases. To this they are being

SPURRED BY THE SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS

from nearly every State, who warn them that if the majority should be permitted to do justice to Republican contestants from Southern districts the Democrats will lose a number of Congressional districts in the South which they now hold. From a vigorous editorial on this subject in the Charleston *News and Courier* of yesterday the following is an extract: "It would be an act of cowardice and self-mutilation that would carry dismay and despair into the camp of the Southern Democracy, but the dignified and resolute stand taken by the Democratic caucus will encourage and reanimate the party everywhere."

THE RUNNING RACES OF THE NATIONAL JOCKEY CLUB

today proved to be a stronger attraction than the decision of either of the party caucuses, which had decided that the fight on the South Carolina contested-election case should begin today and be pursued until one of the sides should be defeated. The President and several members of his Cabinet were at the races, and, the Senate having adjourned over, a large number of that body were present also. The members of the House, knowing this, and anticipating the fine sport that took place, after starting the fight on the South Carolina case, adjourned and went to the races. The Pacific coast was represented there by Senators Miller and Farley and Representatives Pacheco and Page of California, and Cassidy of Nevada. All of the best-known Southern Senators and members were there. Speaking of the approaching contest,

CALKINS, OF INDIANA,

Chairman of the House Elections Committee, said tonight that when the fight began on Monday next it would be in earnest, and would last one week, if not more, and in the meantime no business would be done. He said it was certain that the Republicans would have a quorum present. On the other hand, Sam Randall, who leads the Democrats, said the Democrats were strong enough to keep the fight up for several weeks; that they were unanimous that the case in question should not be considered. He said there were several appropriation bills ready, and the Democrats would insist upon their being considered before the election case should be allowed to come up. The opinion seems to be that, while the fight will be a lengthy one, it will not last over one week, as the feeling of the members to hurry up business so as to adjourn is so strong that it will in the end prevail.

THE JOURNALS SHOW

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WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—The Republican Congressional Committee is preparing for earnest work. The Democratic leaders, who boast now that there is little doubt that they will be successful in the fall elections, would, perhaps, abate their confidence if they knew how zealously the Republicans are determined to contest every doubtful Congressional district. The committee has not fully formed its plans, but the outline is pretty generally known. The purpose is to concentrate its strength in doubtful districts, and to seek to gain as many votes in the South as possible. There is very much more hope of returning Republicans or anti-Bourbons from the South than there was two years ago. The developments in Virginia last year, and in Congress this winter, have clearly shown that the Bourbons' hold upon the Solid South is much less firm. The lines have been so sharply drawn in many quarters that it will be impossible for the Democrats in

THE COMING CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION,

or in the next Presidential campaign, to rely upon many of those who hitherto have blindly followed them. The evidence that comes to the committee from the South shows that the Democratic party is growing weaker, and the anti-Bourbon party stronger, and for all the purposes of the organization of the next Congress, and of the adoption of the policy of the Republican Administration, the anti-Bourbons are faithful allies of the Republicans. The Congressional Committee will provide speakers of National reputation for all closely-contested Congressional districts, and the arrangements are being made for the campaign in Maine, which begins earlier than in most of the States. The committee has already received leading Republican orators to enter the Maine canvass, which it is now expected will begin about the middle of August.

MR. FRYE

has charge of the campaign in that State this year, Mr. Blaine having last year relinquished the position of Chairman of the State Central Committee, which he for so many years has held. The fact that the Greenback-Democratic-Fusion Governor has considered that it would be to the advantage of his hybrid party not to call the Legislature to redistrict the State, and that in consequence the Congressmen will have to be elected at large on the Democratic ticket, will add to the interest and importance of the Maine canvass, and every candidate for Congress will be obliged to appeal to the voters of the whole State. The campaign commences early in Maine, and the month of dog-days elsewhere generally witnesses the beginning of the active fight in that State.

THE DEMOCRATS

in the last Presidential campaign did very much to corrupt the State by the use of money under the direction of their National Committee, but the National Republicans here are confident the Democrats will not this time be able to purchase votes enough to carry the State, as they did in 1878. The disaster of that year surprised the Republican leaders. No one had expected that, in a State which, since the firing on Sumter, had been relied upon to furnish a large Republican majority, the Republicans could by any possibility encounter defeat. The backbone of the Greenback movement, which contributed so much to that defeat, is now broken, and the arguments in the House within the last few days in connection with the Banking bill show that the Greenbackers and Democrats

ARE NOT CERTAIN ALLIES.

The Republicans in Maine are quite ready to renew the fight, and are confident that they can win one of their old-time victories. The correspondence of the committee gives promise of success. The committee will distribute documents on subjects which will relate mainly to tariff and finances. It is doubtful whether any attempt will be made to raise the sectional issue. The Bloody Shirt has doubtless had its day. It would not be the kind of argument that would aid in securing the election of Independents in the South. It is the hope of the Republicans that the presence of so many Independent candidates in that section will make it possible to secure a free and full ballot and fair count. The news from Mississippi is that

GEN. CHALMERS

is organizing a serious Independent movement.

NOTES.

SHIPHERD.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—Shipherd says he doesn't propose to bother with the Foreign Affairs Committee any further, but intimates that he will give the public, through the press, the documents which the committee declined to receive upon his terms.

B. & O.

It is announced in Baltimore that Mr. Garrett, President of the Baltimore & Ohio, made arrangements for important changes and terminal facilities at Chicago while there, both as to depot and other matters.

THE RED CROSS SOCIETY

is now closing up its work in the Mississippi Valley, where it has done a great deal of quiet work in aiding the suffering and distributing seeds since the flood.

GARFIELD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

Among subscriptions received by Treasurer Gilfillan for the Garfield Memorial Hospital are $3,352 contributed in London and Paris.

A WINDFALL.

Congressman Phelps, of Connecticut, is said to have fallen heir to a large fortune, and will retire from Congress.

CIVIL-SERVICE REFORM.

The report on Senator Pendleton's Civil-Service Reform bill favors the adoption of the system by the Government.

THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL

will leave tomorrow for his home in Wisconsin. While West he will make arrangements for putting on a fast mail-train from Chicago west.

LOTTERY TICKETS.

A number of persons engaged in selling Louisiana and Havana lottery tickets have been sent to jail.

All scurf and tartar disappear
From mouth and teeth, though dark and dry;
And all becomes fresh, pure, and clear,
If we but SOZODONT apply.
That magic wash—all snow confess—
Gives to the mouth fresh loveliness.

THE WEATHER.

An Arkansaw Traveler Relates His Experience During the "McAllister Cyclone."

The People All Convinced that the End of the World Had Come.

Psalms and Prayers All Through the Darkness of the Tuesday Succeeding.

Terrific Experiences in the Mountains of Arkansas.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 20.—Hugh Saumore, of Milwaukee, Wis., passed through this place today en route for Texas. For more than a month past he has been traveling in Northwest Arkansas in the interest of a New York manufacturing establishment. He describes the recent storms as having been terrific in that section of country. Said he: "On the 8th I stopped at a pioneer's house on the mountains, not far from Mountain View, Stone County. Rain had fallen at intervals since the 6th, and the swollen streams rushing down the mountain gorges interrupted travel. At 2 o'clock, on

THE MORNING OF THE 9TH,

a fearful tornado swept over the mountains, leveling trees and spreading destruction on all sides. The stables belonging to my host were blown down, killing three horses, one of which belonged to me. The house in which I was sheltered was unroofed, and an 18-year-old boy sharing my couch was struck in the head by a piece of flying timber and dangerously wounded. One of his eyes was put out, and he was otherwise injured. I carried him to the adjoining building, and found the pioneer, his wife, and four children terribly excited.

ALL WERE KNEELING

on the floor praying. The woman insisted that the day of judgment had come, and besought me to prepare to meet my God. Presently the fury of the storm abated, but a pall seemed to overspread the sky, and it was necessary to keep lamps burning constantly through the day. The strange darkness added to the terror of the inmates of the house, and as the hours passed without diminishing the gloom, the pioneer and his wife read chapters in the Bible and prayed almost hysterically, while the children filled the air with sobs and groans. When the hands of my watch pointed to 12 o'clock

THE DARKNESS WAS DENSER THAN BEFORE,

and a continuous sheet of lightning played across the sky from north to south, lighting up the surroundings with unearthly splendor, while peal after peal of thunder reverberated through the mountain gorges. It was a singular phenomenon—one I hope never again to witness. I am told all the inhabitants in the vicinity thought the world had come to an end, and were praying and reading the Bible.

THE DARKNESS DID NOT VANISH

until next day. I should estimate the damage to the county in the way of timber, crops, and buildings at $100,000. I did not learn how many persons—if any—were killed."

Intelligence just received from Mountain Township, Pike County, is to the effect that William Shields, a prominent planter, and two children were killed, and his wife was fatally wounded. Sixteen dwellings were blown down and the crop badly damaged. The heaviest tornado occurred on the 10th. The loss to the county will amount to many thousand dollars.

Signal Service.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21—1 a. m.—The Chief Signal Officer furnishes the following:

The barometer is highest in Montana and high in the South Atlantic States; lowest in Manitoba and low in New England. General rains have fallen from the Northwest and Upper Lake region to the Gulf, and occasional rains in the Middle States and New England. Southerly winds prevail east of the Mississippi River and northwesterly in the Northwest. There has been a great fall of temperature in the Northwest and Upper Lake region. In the Missouri Valley the temperature averages 20 degrees below mean for the month. A cold wave moving to the south and east is central in Dakota. General rains are indicated today in the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and Upper Lake, and local rains in the East Gulf and Atlantic coast States.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, colder cloudy weather with rain, southwest veering to northwest winds, and stationary or higher pressure.

For the Lower Lake region, increasing cloudiness with rain, variable winds, shifting to colder westerly, falling followed by rising barometer.

For the Upper Lake region, cloudy weather with rain, colder northwesterly winds, and higher pressure.

For the Upper Mississippi, northwesterly winds, stationary or lower temperature, higher pressure, and local rains.

For the Missouri Valley, clearing weather, northwesterly winds, and stationary or higher temperature and pressure.

CHICAGO, May 20—10:18 p. m.—The following observations are taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named:

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

Stations.	Ther. 7:28 p. m.	Ther. 30:18 p. m.	Wind.		Rain	Weather.
Albany	62	56		Calm	0	Cl'dy.
Alpena	51	46	S.E.	Fresh	0	Clear.
Bismarck	38	31	N.W.	Brisk	.02	L.snw.
Buffalo	66	57	S.	Light	0	Clear.
Cairo	63	67	S.	Light	.02	Th'ng.
Concho, Tex	72	64	N.E.	Brisk	0	Cl'dy.
Cheyenne	45	34	S.W.	Fresh	0	Clear.
Chicago	73	55	W.	Fresh	.10	Cl'dy.
Cincinnati	70	68	S.E.	Light	.01	Th'ng
Cleveland	70	61	N.W.	Light	0	Clear.
Davenport	56	50	N.W.	Light	.02	Clear.
Deadwood	36	38	N.W.	Light	.01	Cl'dy.
Hannibal	71	68	S.W.	Light	.12	Cl'dy.
Denver	56	46	N.W.	Fresh	0	Clear.
Des Moines	51	53	W.	Fresh	0	Fair.
Dubuque	68	61	S.	Fresh	0	Clear.
Dodge City	60	60	N.E.	Light	0	Clear.
Dunque	54	48		Calm		Clear.
Duluth	38	36		Calm		Clear.
Erie	58	53	S.	Fresh	0	Clear.
Escanaba	61	51	N.W.	Fresh	.30	L.snw.
Chanhassen, Ill	69	57	N.W.	Fresh	.66	Th'ng
Ft. Assiniboine		42	N.W.	Fresh	0	Fair.
Fort Buford	52	34	N.W.	Fresh	.30	Clear.
Fort Custer	44	36	N.W.	Brisk	0	Clear.
Fort Garry	49	36	N.	Fresh	.25	L.rain
Galveston	79	71	E.	Fresh	.04	Th'ng.
Grand Haven	76	60	S.E.	Brisk	.24	L.rain
Huron, Dak	51	37		Calm	.16	Sleet.
Indianapolis	72	66		Light	.34	L.rain
Kansas	55	49	N.W.	Light	0	Clear.
Las Animas	55	49	W.	Fresh	0	Cl'dy.
La Cruces	59	57	E.	Fresh	.48	L.rain
Leavenworth	55	52		Calm	0	Cl'dy.
Louisville	77	69	S.W.	Light	..	Cl'dy.
Little Rock	68	65	S.W.	Fresh	..	Cl'dy.
Marquette	71	43	N.W.	Fresh	.62	Cl'dy.
Memphis	80	72	S.	Fresh	..	Cl'dy.
Milwaukee	61	51	West	Fresh	.5	Cl'dy.
Moorhead	51	38	W.	High	.44	L.rain
Nashville	80	72	S.W.	Light	..	L.rain
North Platte	60	46	N.W.	Brisk	..	Clear.
Omaha	60	52	N.W.	Brisk	0	Clear.
Oswego	57	53		Light	0	Clear.
Pittsburg	71	66		Calm	0	Clear.
Port Sads	78	60	S.E.	Fresh	..	..

The Tribune.

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LONDON, Eng.—American Exchange, 449 Strand. HENRY F. GILLIG, Agent.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—1319 F street.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

ORIENTAL CONSISTORY, S. P. R. S., S. P. Deg.—Abingdon, Princes. Stated rendezvous Thursday evening, May 25, at 8 sharp, for the transaction of important business incident to our pilgrimage to Peoria June 1. The thirty-second grade will be conferred with full ceremonial. Visiting Princes are cordially invited to unite with us. A full attendance is particularly requested. By order
HENRY H. POND, 33 Deg., Com. in Chief.
GIL W. BARNARD, 33 Deg., Grand Secretary.

CHEVALIER BAYARD COMMANDERY, NO. 52, Knights Templar.—The stated conclave will be held at 8 p. m. on Thursday, May 25, 1882. Visiting Sirs welcome. The commandery will visit St. Bernard Commandery, No. 55, on Wednesday, the 24th. The Commander would be a strong delegation to be on hand at our asylum at 7 p. m. sharp. By order of the E. Commander. HENRY C. RANNEY, Recorder.

HESPERIA LODGE, NO. 411, A. F. & A. M.—The members are notified to attend a regular communication of the lodge to be held at the hall, corner Randolph and Halsted-sts., Wednesday evening, May 24, at 8 o'clock. Master Masons cordially invited. CHARLES H. BRENAN, W. M.
M. D. RAPP, Secretary.

HESPERIA LODGE, NO. 411, A. F. & A. M.—The members are notified to attend a special communication of the Lodge to be held at the hall corner Randolph and Halsted-sts. Saturday evening, May 20, at 7:30 o'clock. M. D. RAPP, Secretary.
CHAS. H. BRENAN, W. M.

LAFAYETTE CHAPTER NO. 2, R. A. M.—Stated convocation Monday evening, May 22, at 8 o'clock. Work on P. and M. E. degrees. Visiting companions welcome. By order of
W. E. HOUGHTON, M. E. H. P.
Wm. F. BRYANT, Secretary.

KILWINNING LODGE, NO. 331, A. F. & A. M.—Regular convocation of this lodge will be held Thursday, 25th inst. M. masons fraternally invited. Opens at 8 p. m. THOS. MIDDLETON, W. M.
A. S. ALLEN, Secretary.

LINCOLN PARK CHAPTER 177 R. A. M., HALL 242 North Clark-st.—Special convocation Monday, May 22, 7:30 p. m. for M. E. degree. Visiting companions are cordially invited. By order of
P. HALLA, M. E. H. P.
H. SPATHOLT, Secretary.

ST. BERNARD COMMANDERY, NO. 55, K. T.—Special conclave Wednesday evening, May 24, at 8 o'clock. Work on the order of the Temple. Visiting Sir Knights are courteously invited. By order of the E. C.
J. O. DICKERSON, Recorder.

D. C. CREGIER LODGE, NO. 665, A. F. & A. M.—Regular communication Wednesday evening, May 24, at 8 o'clock, for work. Visiting brethren cordially invited. By order of
FREDERICK F. HANDRUP, W. M.
JOHN GINOCHIO, Secretary.

CORINTHIAN CHAPTER, NO. 69, R. A. M.—Stated convocation Monday evening, May 22, at 8 o'clock. Work on the Past and M. E. Master degrees. Visiting companions are cordially invited. By order of
C. REIFSNIDER, M. E. H. P.
J. O. DICKERSON, Secretary.

APOLLO COMMANDERY, NO. 1, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.—Special conclave Tuesday evening, May 23, at 8 o'clock. The Order of the Temple will be conferred. Visiting Knights welcome. By order of the Eminent Commander.
SAMUEL M. HENDERSON, Recorder.

LAND MARK LODGE No. 422, A. F. & A. M.—Regular convocation Friday evening, May 26. Important work. Master Masons cordially invited.
H. R. ROTHWELL, W. M.
M. HARRIS, Secretary.

FAIR VIEW CHAPTER 161, R. A. M.—Regular convocation Thursday evening, May 25. Work on the R. A. degree. Visiting companions cordially invited. Per order,
H. J. GOODRICH, M. E. H. P.
M. HARRIS, Secretary.

FAIR VIEW CHAPTER 161, R. A. M.—Special convocation Tuesday evening, May 23, at 7 o'clock.
H. J. GOODRICH, M. E. H. P.
M. HARRIS, Secretary.

CHICAGO COMMANDERY NO. 19, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.—Special Conclave Monday evening, May 22, at 7:30 o'clock. The order of the Temple will be conferred. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. By order of the Eminent Commander.
DAVID GOODMAN, Recorder.

COVENANT LODGE, NO. 626, F. & A. M.—187 East Illinois-st.—Special communication Friday evening, May 26, at 8 o'clock. Important work. Members and visiting brethren are cordially invited.
H. M. PACKHAM, W. M.
GEO. A. WAIT, Secretary.

SUNDAY, MAY 21, 1882.

Some of the newspaper reports of the recent annual meeting of the Illinois Training-School for Nurses gave the impression that the managers of that institution are dissatisfied with the treatment the school has received from the County Board. There is no warrant for such an impression. Mrs. Burrows, the Secretary of the school, in her annual report stated that "all connected with the training-school fully appreciate the unvarying kindness and politeness of Warden Dixon, and the courtesy and consideration of the Commissioners," and said further that it was "a gratification to the Board of Managers to publicly thank them for their liberality." This training-school now has charge of several wards in the County Hospital, including the obstetrical ward. During the past year it has had an average of 150 patients under the care of its nurses. There have been forty-three births and no deaths in the obstetrical ward. The progress of the good work in which this institution is engaged is only limited by the capacity of the present accommodations for taking care of the nurses who are serving their apprenticeship, and the next movement of the ladies interested in the school will be to raise the funds for building a permanent home. There ought to be no question of their success when they start out upon this effort.

THE Democrats yesterday began to filibuster against the consideration of the Mackey-O'Connor election case by refusing to vote and breaking a quorum. This time they say they have enlisted for the war, but Democratic courage has before now oozed away at the finger-tips, and so it may do again. If the effort to get up the case is continued until public opinion on the subject is fairly aroused there is not much doubt but that the Democrats would unconditionally surrender. The Republicans ought not, however, to be compelled to depend upon the discovery of a Democratic conscience or any other lost art for the ability to carry on the public business. There are 149 Republicans in the House and eight Greenbackers. The Greenbackers are voting steadily with the Republicans on this proposition. The united forces of those in favor of taking up the contested-election cases are, therefore, 157, or nine more than a quorum. Inexcusable absenteeism is the immediate cause of the paralysis of the majority. There were about twenty-five Republicans absent yesterday. Included in this number were, we regret to say, three Republican members from Illinois, who are at home looking after their political or private affairs when they ought to be in Washington attending to the duties they were elected to discharge. No excuse short of serious illness can be sufficient to justify the absence of a single Republican member under the circumstances. Notice has been out for two weeks that this election-case would be taken up as soon as the Bank bill should be disposed of. Three confidential circulars have been sent to all the Republican members within two weeks relating to the subject. The absentees have been written to and telegraphed for, and still they do not come. It is to be hoped that a healthy public sentiment at home will induce them to return to their seats, or resign in favor of other candidates before the nominations are made. There is no present expectation that the election-case will be again taken up seriously in the House before Wednesday. Many members left for their homes last night. Some will not return until Tuesday. But Wednesday a determined effort will be made to take up the cases by the votes of Republicans and Greenbackers actually present. There is ample time for every absent member to reach Washington for this test, and those who are deliberately absent when it is taken ought to be held to a strict account by their constituents.

DEMOCRATIC HOPES OF CARRYING THE ELECTIONS THIS FALL.

The managing politicians of the Democratic party profess great confidence in their ability to carry the fall elections, which include several important State tickets and the choice of Congressmen everywhere. Too many different issues enter into the various State and local elections to warrant a discussion of that phase of the subject except in detail; but it is pertinent to inquire into the conditions which have inspired the Democratic leaders with the new faith that is in them, so far as the Congressional elections are concerned.

The political complexion of the popular branch of Congress was changed at the last Congressional election. The Democrats had been in control of the National House of Representatives during the preceding six years, and during four years of that period they had also controlled the Senate. Their majority in Congress was so large that it was always in their power to repeal or amend existing laws and pass new laws. The veto power was used in one case to defend the rights of the Executive when the Democratic Congress refused to vote appropriations for the army unless the President would assent to a virtual repeal of the National Election law, and in another case to defeat a law which proposed to coerce the National banks to subscribe for a certain class of Government securities. In both instances the Democratic majority exhibited extreme and perverse partisanship; it was unwilling to pass useful public measures unless it could secure thereby what it believed to be party advantages. Aside from these instances the Democrats had full sway over National legislation. They exercised this power with so little judgment and patriotism that the people turned against them after a fair trial, and they were only able to secure a strong minority in the present Congress by the fraud and terrorism practiced in certain districts of the South. What has occurred since the last Congressional elections to revolutionize public sentiment in favor of the Democratic party?

It is pretended by the Democratic politicians that the country will resent what they call the sluggishness of the present Congress. This is simply begging the question. As a matter of fact the present Congress will have accomplished more by the end of its first session than the Democrats achieved during the entire six years of their Congressional dynasty. A mere mention of some of the important measures will suffice to prove the statement. The polygamy question was not new. It has been for many years a disgrace to American civilization. But the Democrats devised no measure for the suppression of polygamy when they dominated Congress. The Republicans have passed the most practical legislation ever suggested for the control of Mormonism, and have succeeded in the face of Democratic opposition, which was based on no higher ground than a desire to cater to the Mormon vote. The Chinese question was not new, but the Democrats had never brought forward a comprehensive and satisfactory measure for treating it. It was left for a Republican Congress to agree upon a scheme for restricting Chinese immigration; and when the President interposed the veto power the Republicans did not sulk nor seek to control the Executive prerogative by coercion, but adjusted the terms of the law in such a way that the President could not refuse his approval of the amended bill, which, nevertheless, secured the policy of suspending the importation of Mongolian coolies as effectually as the first bill did.

The Presidential-count question was not new. The Tilden-Hayes contest had furnished a terrible warning of the disaster that might come as a result of the defects in the law governing the count of the Electoral votes; but the Democrats pushed the perplexing problem to one side, and preferred risking Mexicanization rather than surrender an opportunity for fraud of which they might possibly avail themselves. The Senate of the present Republican Congress has passed a measure which makes the Congressional count purely ministerial and reposes in every State the authority to determine any dispute as to the Electors who have been chosen to cast its votes. This measure will undoubtedly be passed by the House unless the rules of Congress adopted by a Democratic majority of the last House shall prevent its consideration. The overcrowded condition of the Supreme Court was not new, but it was treated with neglect and indifference by the Democratic Congresses.

The bill introduced by Senator David Davis, an old Republican, establishing nine Courts of Appeal for final adjudication of the minor litigation of the United States courts has passed the Senate in the face of bitter Democratic opposition, and will become a law by the concurrence of the House unless the Democrats manage to defeat it on the narrow partisan ground that it will necessitate the appointment of additional Republican Judges.

The question as to what should be done about the National-bank charters was not new. But the Democrats allowed the original term of twenty years to expire without providing for any succession. Indeed, had the Democrats taken up this question while they were in power they would probably have repealed the National-Bank act, and deprived the country of the manifold advantages of a uniform system of banking under the restriction of National laws. The Republicans of the House have agreed upon a wise measure for prolonging the life of this useful fiscal system by twenty years, which assures its permanency, and the Senate will certainly concur.

The tariff question was not a new one. The Democrats had been posing for years as free-traders and revenue-reformers par excellence, but were unable to agree upon any scheme for reducing and equalizing the customs charges. They made a miserable botch of it. The Republicans have at least provided for the appointment of a commission to consider and report upon the question, which is much more than the Democrats did. The work of reform may be slow under the present procedure, but the Democrats did absolutely nothing.

If the present Congress shall accomplish no more than the completion of the legislative work we have mentioned, the final passage of which has either been achieved or is fairly assured, it will have a better record for industry and business judgment than can be shown for the two preceding Congresses, which the Democrats controlled absolutely. The Democratic politicians cannot take the stump this fall and convince the people that the Republican Congress has rendered the country no service. They cannot institute a comparison between the work of the present Congress and that of its Democratic predecessor without prejudice to their own party. It will be possible for them to point to some things which ought not to have been done and were not. But the omissions will be chiefly due to a set of complex, constriction rules which were invented and adopted by the Democrats when they were in the majority, and which were designed to impede all legislation except that which voted away the people's money, and which the Democrats of the present Congress have sustained so obstinately that repeal or essential modification has not been practicable. If the result shall prove that extravagant appropriations have been voted at the present session it will be found that the sum total has been swollen by Democratic greed trading with Republican greed. There is no politics in raids upon the Treasury.

The confidence which the Democratic managers pretend to feel in their ability to carry the elections this fall is simply assumed, as it always is a few months before election. There is no warrant for it. Nothing has occurred to work a change of heart among the people. Greed for office will be the only claim upon which the Democrats can appeal to public support. Their legislative capacity was tried and found wanting, and there have been no mistakes or omissions during the present session of Congress to induce the country to return to Democratic inaction.

THE FOLLY AND STUPIDITY OF STRIKES.

There are just at this time two strikes in progress in this city which are remarkable because of the absence of some of the usual and ordinary circumstances attending such proceedings.

The first of these strikes is that of the tanners and other workmen engaged in the tanning establishments of this city. These yards employ a force of men who are classed as beamers, whose business is to handle the hides and stretch them over beams. This work, though requiring unpleasant labor, cannot be considered skilled labor in any sense. It may require some strength and endurance, but not more than is necessary in countless other employments which among workmen are classed as common labor. These men have been paid at the rate of $11 per week, and made application for an addition of $1 per week. This request the employers declined for various reasons, among others that the wages asked were in excess of those paid in other and competing tanneries; that the trade was dull, and that the establishments were provided with such ample stocks that they could close their works with profit were it not that it would require the dismissal of their workmen of various grades. Whereupon the beamers struck—that is, walked out of the tanneries. The Tanners' "Union" thereupon notified the proprietors that if the wages of the beamers were not increased as demanded, then the whole body of tanners would quit work. This notice was promptly answered by a statement that the owners of the tannery denied the right of interference in their business, and further gave notice that they would not employ any union men hereafter. The tanners thereupon abandoned work, and the several large establishments in the city are closed, the others being at this time, however disposed to do so, unable because of business complications.

The number of mechanics on strike is about 400. The wages of the beamers are $11 per week, and the wages of the others, according to the character of their work, range from $12 to $25 per week.

Here is a strike by a body of skilled workmen, not for an increase of wages, nor because of any reduction of wages, nor because of any disagreement about hours or rules, nor because of any grievance of their own, but because of a sentimental and sympathetic feeling for another class of workmen. The union interposed the demand that the wages of the beamers should be increased, and when that was refused the union ordered a strike, not on their own account, but on account of the beamers.

Last fall the manufacturers of bricks, under the extraordinary demand and in order to expedite their business, increased the wages of their workmen temporarily to cover the balance of the season. At the opening of the present season the employers offered the wages that were paid last year before the "extra" allowance that was added during the spurt, but the men refused to go to work at that rate, demanding the extraordinary rates paid at the close of last year. The wages now demanded are graded, the highest being $3.25 per day. Brickmakers work according to a "stint," a certain number of bricks being a "day's work." The men go to work at 7 a. m., stopping twice for lunch, and finish their day's work at noon. The demand being refused, the workmen have ever since been on a strike. The difference in wages upon which the disagreement exists is about 50 cents a day.

All the old bricks in the city command $11 per thousand, and there are none to sell. New bricks from the outside cannot be laid down here at present for less than $11 per thousand, but the manufacturers have made contracts for all they can produce at $8, and builders have made contracts based on that price. The result of the brickmakers' strike extends to the carpenters, brickmasons, to the planing-mills, to the sash and door makers, to the stair-builders, to all branches of the trade in building materials, and to the dealers in lime and cement, and to thousands of laborers and teamsters. It includes in the suspension of business all the mechanics and laborers employed in building, who are all thrown out of work, waiting for the bricks. A consequence of the strike, therefore, is the loss of wages to the thousands of persons whose employment is suspended by the vain effort to compel the manufacturers of brick to go on with their production at a large daily loss—a loss which they can avoid by simply letting their yards remain idle.

Including all the workmen of all kinds, skilled mechanics, laborers, teamsters, and others whose employment has been practically suspended, and whose wages have been stopped by reason of the brickmakers' strike, the total number is estimated at 14,000. Estimating the wages of all these as averaging $2 per day each, there is a loss of daily wages of $28,000, or of $168,000 per week. This suspension of this wages fund has now been practically in operation since the 1st of May, and a half-million of dollars that might have been earned has been lost to the families of the persons thus excluded from work, and only a small portion of whom have any grievance. This does not include the general loss by the delay in permanent improvement, the interruption in trade, and the postponement of buildings whose construction is already under contract. The 50 cents per day additional demanded by the brickmakers, if now granted, would not compensate in several years the wages lost by them and by the other workmen by reason of this senseless strike.

The workmen of England were forty years learning the lesson that strikes rarely ever accomplish any good for the strikers. By bitter and long experience they have been forced to accept a knowledge of the inevitable law that a demand for increased wages will always be granted on a rising market and will as certainly be refused on a falling market. On a rising market employers are competing for workmen; on a falling market employers escape the necessity of reducing wages by the striking and retirement of the workmen.

The "Knights of Labor" in this country seem to have recognized this imperative law of labor, and have placed their condemnation upon all strikes as fraught with evil of various kinds to the workingmen.

The market in all branches of manufacturing productions has been falling since the 1st of January, and continues to fall. Notwithstanding this notorious fact, a body of 4,000 mechanics in Cleveland are now on a strike, hopelessly contending to overcome a natural law which cannot be violated by force. In a vain struggle to gain 20 per cent more wages than the market will afford, they are abandoning the other 80 per cent by non-labor. They are, in the endeavor to force their employers, really enabling their employers to sell off their oversupply of goods, and to save the cost of producing merchandise for which there is no demand. In some places the mechanics and their employers avoid all strikes by a simple recognition of the natural law that labor is worth precisely what it will produce. A scale of wages based on the market value of the commodity produced is made the standard. Wages rise or fall as this market price of the commodity rises or falls, and hence the question of wages is controlled by an equitable and self-adjusting balance.

A "strike" is not only an absolute waste, but it is much worse. A "strike" is not an American institution. It is too stupid and suicidal to have any attraction for the intelligent American mind. Out of the men engaged in the brickmakers' and the tanners' strikes in this city at least 95 per cent are men of foreign birth, foreign habits, and foreign education, and all more or less inspired with Communistic teachings. Their blind selfishness is intense, and their ignorance of American feelings and thought is profound. Brute force is their only remedy for real or imaginary evils, and law is to them another name for tyranny. No man can understand the circumstances of these strikes without being impressed with the ignorance, selfishness, and folly which mark their every step.

A SOLUTION OF THE IRISH QUESTION.

In a speech upon the Irish question made by Charles James Fox that great statesman claimed, and the claim was quoted by Lord John Russell with admiration and approval, that "concessions should be made to the people of Ireland; he said if he found he had not conceded enough he would concede more; he said he thought the only way of governing Ireland was to please the people of Ireland; he would have the whole Irish Government regulated by Irish notions and Irish prejudices; and expressed his firm belief that the more she is under Irish government the more will she be bound to English interests." It appears to us that there is a very easy and effective way of pleasing the Irish people, and that is by appealing to their sentiment.

Queen Victoria is looking around for a husband for her daughter Beatrice, the youngest and brightest of her numerous flock, and has cast her eyes, it is reported, on a dull and phlegmatic German Prince, William of Hesse. Instead of making such a mesalliance as this, there is a brilliant opportunity for her to do something to "please the Irish," without in the least prejudicing the royal pedigree, and to settle the Irish question at once. Charles S. Parnell, M. P., is beyond all dispute the proper man to be the future husband of Beatrice. He is called "the uncrowned King of Ireland." He has more influence with the Irish people than any man since the days of O'Connell. He has brought the English Government to its knees. He has compelled it to open its prison doors and let him out, and all the other suspects imprisoned on his account. He has forced the Government to adopt his schemes, thus showing his power, influence, and ability. Eighteen months ago he said in his speech at Cork that "landlordism must be extinguished in Ireland by making the peasants proprietors," and declared: "It would be better for the landlords to come forward now, and to offer fair terms to the Irish tenants, for I tell them that if they do not we shall soon be in the position of victors, and shall be able to dictate our own terms." The prophecy is now in course of fulfillment, and the "uncrowned King of Ireland" is really dictating terms to Lords and Commons.

Upon religious grounds there can be no objection to him in England, for he is not a Roman Catholic, but an Episcopalian, and therefore belongs to the ancient faith. Upon the one side he belongs to the peerage and on the other to royal blood. Upon his father's side he is connected with the Irish nobility. His grandfather married a daughter of the Hon. Hugh Howard, cousin of the Duke of Norfolk, and through her Mr. Parnell is descended from Lord Chancellor Clarendon. His mother is an American sovereign in her own right and by glorious descent, being the daughter of Commodore Stewart, a full-blooded American sovereign, who so many times challenged and vanquished upon the high seas the adherents of the British sovereign, George III. Is not a man with the peerage on one side and American sovereignty on the other of as good and blue blood as any of the Hanoverian Guelphs? He is every inch a King. He is the born ruler of men. He has five millions of willing subjects in Irel and, a million and a half in England, and several million strong supporters in this country. He not only has royal blood, but young blood, gumption blood, common-sense blood, clever blood, and fighting blood, in his veins. Can any comparison be made between this "uncrowned" Irish sovereign and a dull, phlegmatic, uninfluential, powerless, impecunious German princeling? Why throw away Beatrice and condemn her to a monotonous, weary, humdrum existence in Hesse, when such a brilliant prospect opens before her in an alliance with the young, the dashing, the courageous, and the able uncrowned Irish King? The two are in every way fitted to each other. Both are young, bright, handsome, and ambitious, and competent to rule and to endear themselves to their millions of subjects. Instead of banishing her to one of the most unimportant of places and husbands, how much better it would be for the Queen and Gladstone to arrange a marriage for the young Princess with the man who seems to have been providentially raised up for her, and of whom she would be proud. All Ireland would enthusiastically rally round Lord-Lieutenant Parnell, and the endless "question" would soon disappear amid the enthusiasm of Celts. It would involve no jarring or collision, and no concession on the part of the Government, for it is now running upon Mr. Parnell's principles, and Mr. Gladstone's political existence depends upon Mr. Parnell. With Mr. Parnell happily married to Beatrice, and established as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland in the ancient Capital, the Royal Court would be opened in Dublin Castle and the ancient splendor and glory of Ireland would be restored under the beneficent and brilliant vicegreal reign of Parnell, the ablest and best of all the Irish Kings, and in the midst of the rejoicings of the freehold people the Irish land question would disappear forever, and Ireland and England would at last be friends.

Among the many marriages which have been arranged by the Queen for her sons and daughters not one is so fitting or would be so useful, and if the stupid William of Hesse, whoever he may be, should feel aggrieved, he could be satisfied with a sufficient indemnity to keep him in beer, and that would keep him in good humor and salve his wounded heart.

THE MAY FESTIVAL.

The New York and Cincinnati festivals are now matters of the past, and we come to the last in the series—our own—which it is to be hoped for the credit of the city will not fall behind the other two, either financially or musically. It is a colossal and expensive experiment, and it needs the hearty support of the public to make it successful. Upon this result depends the answer to the question, Is Chicago a centre of art as well as of business? In one point of view it may be considered presumptuous for a young city like Chicago, devoted to the rush of business and attention to material interests, to compete in culture with the older cities of New York and Cincinnati; but we believe it is here, and that it only needs some great festival like this to call it out. Chicago has always been a lavish and appreciative patron of music, though her time is so busily engaged in feeding these older cities, but there is every reason to believe that she will take a week's leisure and enjoy it, and that "the repose of art" will prove a very grateful rest. The only drawback that threatens real enjoyment is the rush and hurry of Chicago in everything it does. Rush and hurry are of great advantage in handling wheat, pork, and lumber, but are harmful to art. It will be much to the profit of the patrons of this festival, therefore, if, instead of rushing pell-mell into the Exposition Building about five minutes after 8, and then at the close rushing to see who will get out first, they take it leisurely, come early, and come prepared to have a good time. Mr. Thomas, the players, and singers are in no hurry. A half-hour's intermission will be given between the two parts of the program at each concert, which can be devoted to the promenade and social amenities, and ample facilities have been made for this purpose. Rest is as good for the city as it is for individuals, and Chicago, after a week of the agreeable repose of music and sociality, will be in a still better mood for her serious work.

There are two other sufficient reasons why Chicago should liberally patronize this festival, leaving aside the extraordinary character of the entertainment from a musical point of view. The first is, that the future musical status of the city largely depends upon the success of this festival. No one derives any financial profit from it except the musicians engaged and those outside the association who do the necessary preliminary work and who are paid their regular salaries. It is managed by an association of citizens, and its expenses are guaranteed by sixty of our prominent business-men. Whatever of profit may accrue will be deposited to the credit of the festival fund with reference to another festival two years hence. Should the financial result therefore prove favorable, Chicago will have what she has never had before—a chorus and orchestra with a permanent organization, which are the essentials of musical prosperity.

The second reason why Chicago should patronize the festival is, that she should recognize the work of her chorus. It is almost entirely made up of ladies and gentlemen of Chicago, who for more than six months have worked without pay or reward of any kind except what grows out of the love of music. They have made great sacrifices to do this, and they have labored unremittingly, zealously, and enthusiastically to do their best for Chicago, and Chicago ought to do her best for them, and reward them with her sympathy, and encouragement, and applause. All the other musicians of the festival are well and liberally paid, though their work has been slight in comparison, but the labor of the chorus has been literally a labor of love. Chicago should therefore take an interest in them and advocate their cause all the more because upon them devolves the heaviest burden of the festival. With such encouragement and sympathy there can be no question of their success, for the presence of a house crowded with their friends will inspire them to their best work and fill them with enthusiasm. They will have at their head a leader who has victoriously fought many a musical battle, who has never compromised or lowered his flag, but has fought his way up to this crowning triple achievement of his career against many obstacles. Let Chicago give him and the chorus, his grand orchestra, and the great singers from abroad a genuine Western welcome.

DAY AND NIGHT.

When the sun hides his face beneath the horizon the atmosphere becomes humid; a thin fog, like a gauze veil, envelopes the landscape; the song-birds conceal themselves in the thick foliage: the wild beasts bury themselves in forest jungles; domestic animals seek repose. Against the depressing influence of the gathering darkness, and its concomitants, chill and damp, civilized man alone struggles. But the contest is an unequal one. The absence of light and heat, and the presence in the heavy air of noxious miasmas, robs the principle of life of half its force. The blood flows sluggishly, the pulse declines, the temperature falls—every vital function is impaired, and is performed with increasing difficulty as the hour of midnight approaches. This hour of cimmerian gloom is the hour set apart by superstition for the dominion of ghosts. It is the hour when the invalid is consumed by an intenser fever, when he tosses in wild delirium, struggles to free himself from imaginary bonds, gasps for breath, and yields his life to the supreme conquerer, death. It is the hour when churchyards yawn, not indeed to give up their dead, but to claim those fresh victims who have yielded their lives to the cold, remorseless god of darkness.

It is in this midnight hour that crimes are plotted and committed. When sleep, that counterfeit of death, wraps the soul in helpless forgetfulness the murderer steals to the bedside of his victim, his eyes distorted with hate, and pale with that horror of blood which Nature evokes alike from the soul of guilt and innocence, his arm raised and dagger drawn to strike. It is in this hour also that remorse tugs at the startled conscience of the man whose soul is black with vividly remembered deeds of wickedness. Thus the midnight of each recurring daily round witnesses the climax of disease ending in death, the climax of wickedness crowned with murder, the climax of despair culminating in insanity and suicide, the climax of fear evoking shuddering cowardice—the climax of all the misfortunes and horrors of all the ills of life.

But this hour of gall, of misery, of wretchedness, passes slowly away. There is a promise of the light and heat of another morning. The beams of the god of the new day already streak the cold gray of the eastern sky. The fevered brow of the invalid begins to cool and pale; he ceases to toss restlessly on his bed of pain; sleep at last nails down his weary eyelids. All the sleepers are still; the blood courses more freely through all their veins; the pulse-beat is firmer, more regular, stronger; the warm glow of the fresh life of the coming day overspreads their faces. Through the arteries the heart, the great engine of life, pours volumes of blood which courses through every vein of the body, renewing and reviving the almost exhausted vital forces. The east grows more and more rosy; great streaks of light pierce the night-mists and tint with a halo of glory the broad expanse of the heavens; the wild beasts emerge from their lairs; domestic animals rouse from their beds in the dewy grass, and stretch their limbs, and snuff the cool morning breeze; the birds hop from bough to bough and carol a morning song. In the country the milkmaid fills the steaming, foaming pail, and the farmer follows the plow.

In the city the deep silence of the night is broken by various sounds in the distance. From far down the street there comes a faint murmuring sound as of the echoes of a remote thunder-clap. The sound dies completely away, and there is a moment of stillness as profound as the silence of two hours past midnight. Then the rumbling noise is repeated with startling distinctness, dies away again, is renewed, becomes a hoarse clatter, and an empty cart rattles past over the rough pavement. There is a sound like the faint rat, tat, tat of the reveille. It is a buggy driven at great speed over a cobble-stone pavement. The buggy turns suddenly on to a wooden-block pavement and the rat, tat, tat gives place to the dull echoless thrum, thrum of a tambourine; soon rattling past on a smooth concrete, it sounds like theatrical sheet-iron thunder.

There is a horse-car coming far down the street, and the horses play every air you can think of with their feet. Now they keep perfect time, ringing the notes out sharply with their iron-shod hoofs; now there is inextricable confusion as one horse breaks into a canter; and now the music ceases entirely as the brake is applied and the car stops to take on a sleepy passenger carrying a dinner-pail in one hand and rubbing his eyes with the other. The car approaches, and you observe that the horses are only half awake and that they stumble; that the conductor nods occasionally; and that the passengers bob their heads about like a group of automatons out on a lark without their keeper. Even the rails seem not to have wakened yet, for as the car moves on they give forth only a dull, muffled roar. But here comes a milk-cart rattling merrily along the track, the milkman singing, his can jingling, and the rails resounding, making as much noise and as dissonant as a country brass band. Round the corner appears an ice-cart, which jars the pavement, and shakes the houses, and strikes pedestrians deaf and dumb, and turns the last dream of the sleepers into a horrid nightmare, and provokes pious people to ungovernable wrath, and makes wicked people swear a blue streak.

And now the sidewalks begin to echo the footsteps of early risers. First a single step is heard, quick and heavy. As it approaches it sounds like the tread of a giant. Tramp, tramp, tramp, it comes, over wood, and over stone, and on the crossings has a grinding sound as if pleased to leave its mark. There is a timid step, a doubting step, a halting step, a shuffling step, a cat-like step, a cringing, fawning step, a saucy step, and a cowardly step. There are so many steps that it is no longer possible to count them or describe them. They increase in number rapidly until they become a great multitude, crossing one another, running into one another, blotting out one another's distinctive characteristics, and creating a babel of footsteps, like the babel of tongues of old.

On the principal streets these hosts of footsteps constitute an important element in that indescribable confusion of sounds peculiar to city life. Each of these footsteps has a meaning and a character. Each has a purpose. Each hurries a human being forward in the race of life. Some are bold and confident; some are weary and discouraged. Here one grows faint and stops; but the crowd passes on unheeding. The sun is now high in the heavens. The pursuit of business, of pleasure, of folly, of passion is now at its hight. The day will soon pass, and the night cometh wherein no man can work.

In a long and fervent letter, a special correspondent of the New York *World* (Dem.) discloses the fact that we have had a little Eden in our midst, and that Mr. Edmunds is the serpent who is bringing sorrow and sin into Utah. This facile correspondent has discovered that the cardinal principles of the Mormon faith are sobriety, intelligence, morality, and work. The polygamist is industrious, temperate, courteous, and chaste. Only the Gentile curses, and idles, and drinks. In fact, Mormonism is a combination of all virtues; and the devoted people who practice it have been marked for a bloody proscription by the Republican party. Description reaches its climax in the following passage, on the effects of the Edmunds bill:

> The children have read the bill or have had its purport explained to them, and it is well known even among the Gentiles how keen the grief was in every household when the news that the bill had passed reached Utah. Wives still shed bitter tears over the act of Congress which breaks up their happy homes, and robs them and their children of the protecting presence of a husband and father. There has never, probably, since Herod's order darkened the nurseries of Judea, been any act of authority that has wrung so many innocent hearts and stricken so many loving women. Some day, perhaps, if the commission forgets that every step it takes is over women's tortured hearts, the present assumption of indifference among the men may break down, and it will cost the States very dearly.

This tragic relation comes, alas, too late; but the beautiful parallel of the slaughter of the innocents will not be lost upon an appreciative and metaphorical people.

THE Philadelphia *American* makes the following allusion to the trouble that has fallen upon the Republican party of the Keystone State:

> In Pennsylvania, in consequence of Garfield's death, disorder has fallen upon the Republican organization. It is useless to cry "Peace!" for the antagonism between the ideas which were stricken down and those that have taken their place is absolute. For the revival of popular rule, which Gen. Garfield would have brought about, Mr. Arthur substitutes "boss" rule. For the service of the public interest Mr. Arthur substitutes the service of Senator Cameron. For a decent and just rule of retaining capable and faithful Federal officers Mr. Arthur substitutes a system by which Mr. Cameron may collect the names for removal and appointment in the interest of his own personal plans. Pennsylvania, under the system that was to have been adopted, would have been a free State; under the methods which are now being applied, it is to be a province of the East, ruled by a satrap.

THE New York *Sun* says that by an eccentricity of fortune Speaker Keifer's striking characteristic has become his chief and only glory. If he had been endowed with an element of intellect it is possible that Secor Robeson would before this have forced some of his naval jobs through Congress. It is Keifer's stupidity in the Speaker's chair that has caused them to flounder and come to nothing. We are all indebted to Speaker Keifer. In his capacity as a fool he merits the public gratitude.

WE are not reckless, we are not wild; but Keifer's speech before the New York Chamber of Commerce has been laid before us, and we are prepared to give seven hundred dollars in Confederate cash for an ass to match him. A country that can produce such a man, even accidentally, cannot be called great.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

THE proposition to nominate ex-Secretary Blaine as one of the candidates for Congress in Maine has called out many comments from the Republican press. These have been largely in favor of his return to the House of Representatives, the only exceptions being one or two diminutive Stalwart lights that illuminate an area about as large as a gaslight does. Concerning Mr. Blaine's candidacy, however, the Portland *Press* has this comment:

> Papers have been circulated for signature throughout the State containing a request to Mr. Blaine to become a Congressional candidate. Of course his candidacy would impart great liveliness to the campaign, and the Republicans of Maine would be glad to do him honor. But it is not expected that he will consent to be a candidate under the circumstances. So this movement hardly comes within the range of practical discussion in considering the nominations.

A NEW candidate for Secretary of State has suddenly appeared in the field in Ohio. This is Judge Higley, of Cincinnati, and it is claimed in his favor that he will be able to poll a larger vote in that city, where it is feared the Republican ticket will be especially weak, than any other man the party can name. It has been supposed that there could be little, if any, opposition to the renomination of Secretary Townsend. It is too early yet to estimate how much strength Judge Higley can gather.

A LETTER written by Gen. Garfield Oct. 5, 1880, is printed, in which he said:

> I have read with interest your suggestions in reference to making the 12th day of October a National holiday in honor of Christopher Columbus. The suggestion is worthy of the attention of the Government, and I would be glad to see it considered by Congress. Certainly the discovery of America is the most important event in modern history.

TO DON CAMERON: Why not change the name of your State to Simonsylvania, or Donsylvania, or Camerontown, or Simonville, or Donbero? A plain, blunt man like you ought to call things by their proper titles.—*New York Tribune.*

LAKESIDE MUSINGS.

Anna Dickinson has abandoned her project of appearing on the London stage. The fairies are kind to the English.

A cable dispatch says that "the police are constantly watching Under-Secretary Burke's grave." It is not stated who is watching the police.

A London paper announces that Worth, the celebrated dressmaker, is in good health and spirits. Probably Mrs. Worth has been buying a dress of the old gentleman.

Henry Ward Beecher declares that neither Cavour nor Thiers equaled Gladst

GOV. CHURCHILL.

The Elegant Manner in Which He Worked the Treasury of Arkansas.

He Had $2,500,000 in State Bonds to Put on the Market.

In the Course of This Proceeding He Netted to Himself $114,586.

A Schedule of the Various Devices by Which This Was Made Possible.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LITTLE ROCK, May 20.—In March, 1881, owing to a discovery that was made of gross irregularities and delinquencies in the books of ex-Treasurer Churchill, who had just taken his seat as Governor, the Committee on Auditors and Treasurers' Books of the Upper House of the Legislature was by resolution ordered to investigate said crookedness, and after a session of more than one year, and after great difficulties, reported today showing a defalcation of $114,586. The committee is composed of three members, two of whom—Messrs. Joaklos and Mitchell—are Democrats, and Mr. Boyd, Greenbacker. But politics has not been a factor in the matter, though large numbers of the old fossil element of the Democratic party have studiously endeavored by every means known to craft and

THE SO-CALLED FIRST-FAMILY STANDING BUSINESS

to induce the committee to whitewash. It is proper to say that Gov. Churchill was State Treasurer from November, 1874, to January, 1881, and was put in office without the slightest regard for qualification. He had been a Major-General in the Confederate army, and aided by the Johnson element of the Democratic party, which has for its chief features "the reserved rights of the States," and sighing for the "what might have been" he held the office of Treasurer a long period, and to make things worse, if possible, was given the highest place in the State. The younger members of the Democratic party in conjunction with all the people who believe in looking at the situation just as it is, and making the delinquent come up to the rack through his bondsmen with the public money, are with the committee, while the others look upon the efforts of its members as an attempt to persecute

A GOOD AND TRUE MAN,

a brave soldier, while they admit that there is a shortage, but the Governor should not be held for it as he never got the benefit of the same, etc. These be horrible arguments, but base as they are, pressed by the influence of the defendant, they have done much to retard the progress of the investigation. The money is gone, and the report I send herewith is enough of itself to show the outrageous condition of things without lengthy remarks from me. The people of the State are greatly excited over the matter, and it is the biggest question in Arkansas, dwarfing repudiation and all other issues. It is generally declared by the best people of the State that, unless the Democratic party, whose representative Churchill was, and is, comes out boldly against this defalcation and make the bondsmen come to time as provided by law, the attitude of the Republicans will be the best for eight years, especially so since it is said by the leaders of that party that they must put out a ticket of new men backed by magnificent measures.

THE REPORT ITSELF

is a bulky document covering over 300 pages, half of which is devoted to the record of the testimony taken. The committee state that they requested Gov. Churchill to have a representative present, but the Governor's attorney deserted the committee as soon as he learned that he could receive no compensation from the State. In many instances it was necessary to send to county officers for information which should have been in the hands of the Treasurer himself. He never made out statements as should have been done at the close of each term when he succeeded himself, or the deficiency would long ago have been discovered. The committee find the Treasurer had placed in his hands $2,500,000 in 30-year bonds with coupons attached, for which he was responsible. Before delivering them he should have burned the corresponding scrip, but in one case where $75,000 in bonds were delivered, the committee could find no evidence of the burning of the scrip, although he was given credit for the scrip. During his first term he disposed of $165,000 in bonds, was given credit for the scrip, but could show no record of its having been burned. The committee could find a record of only $6,000 in scrip burned, thus making the amount due the State from this account $159,000. While he held the scrip in his possession both it and the bonds were evidences of debt against the State. If he had the scrip on hand he should have reported it to the Auditor at the close of his first term, which he failed to do. During his second term he had

A CERTIFICATE OF HAVING BURNED $1,063,442,

leaving him square on the first term, and $100,000 on this account to his credit on the second term, although it does not all apply to bonds sold for scrip. The committee found a balance due for the first and second terms on this account of $59,000. The Treasurer pasted on one particular book, but this showed $254,680 of scrip burned, when in fact only $210,000 in bonds were sold for scrip, thus showing that the Treasurer had burned more scrip than he took up, and that these evidences of debt must have been made of asbestos or some material able to resist fire. The committee find on this account, rating interest, that $80,340 is due from the ex-Treasurer.

A number of similar items were found by the committee, including one case where Churchill had paid a warrant twice. One large item was for $13,674, where the Treasurer paid to the German Bank that amount by draft, crediting himself again when the draft became due.

ANOTHER TRICK

in the case of Jefferson County was to pay scrip with other scrip and credit himself with having paid out cash. The committee found that the book of warrants had been manipulated in a peculiar manner. Certificates were detached from the stubs, which were left blank, and were not charged as debits. These missing certificates amounted to $15,697, but were not included in the defalcation, as there was nothing to show whether they were still out or not. Others, amounting to $2,973, were charged as issued, when the stub-books show no corresponding numbers. A number of small warrants were scrupulously paid twice, and a number of the Auditor's warrants were overpaid. On this question of overissue, overpayment, and double issue a deficit of $953 was found.

The investigation further showed that the State had been paying 5 per cent interest on scrip for one full year after the scrip had been redeemed, in addition to 6 per cent on the bonds by which the scrip was retired, the amount thus robbed amounting to $867. On account of interest on bonds the late Treasurer gave himself a credit which was $21,990 more than the interest coupons called for. Scrip bearing 8 per cent interest, amounting to $5,418, was received and never turned over. In his interest account with the different counties Mr. Churchill fell behind $4,578. Another instance which the committee unearthed was a warrant drawn by the Auditor in favor of the Treasurer for the payment of a State loan of $100,000. The amount was promptly paid and the Treasurer duly credited. A few months later he gets

A CREDIT FOR THE SAME AMOUNT.

The committee find the total amount due from ex-Treasurer Churchill to be $114,586.

Turning their attention next to Auditor Crawford, the committee was forced to conclude that he owed the State $10,955, which he had collected entirely without warrant in law. He skipped out of the city when summoned before the committee, and has never returned.

The committee suggest the passage of a law providing for the investigation of the different departments of the State Government at least biennially. They further suggest that the Finance Board should be abolished and the duties of its members assigned to the Treasurer, who is the bonded officer of the State. Many irregularities were found in the records of that body, and much criminal carelessness. In conclusion, the committee announce that there are on hand a large number of old and redeemed bonds which should be destroyed, and they suggest that this be done in the presence of a committee of the General Assembly.

THE RAILROADS.

Another Falling Off in the East-Bound Freights—A Great Decrease in Business from the West.

The clearing-house returns are not to be relied upon as an index of the actual business of the country, for the reason that in New York and Chicago the great bulk of the clearings have their origin in pure speculation, in which there is comparatively little transfer of the property on which the transfers are based. To obtain an approximate idea of the business of the country recourse must be had to the railroads, the great arteries through which throbs the life-current of the Nation. An inspection of the figures of the week just closed with those of the corresponding week of last year will show some startling facts. In one week the railroad business was never duller at the present time. This is true of all the railroads in the country, with the single exception of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba, to which all the tide of emigration to the British Possessions to the north of us and a large portion of that destined to Northern Dakota pays tribute, which, from its having no competition, it is in a position to demand. The lines running to the West, Northwest, and Southwest, and which are known as the "Granger roads," are doing only about 50 per cent of the business which they transacted last year at this time. The figures are instructive. The receipts of flour and breadstuffs compare as follows:

	Week ending May 20, '82.	Same week, 1881.	Decrease.
Flour, brls	54,300	111,455	57,055
Wheat, bu	27,768	210,476	182,708
Corn, bu	827,927	959,799	131,872
Oats, bu	317,222	708,075	390,853

It will be seen that the receipts of flour show a decrease of over 50 per cent, of wheat almost 90 per cent, of corn nearly 15 per cent, and of oats nearly 55 per cent.

None of the railroad officials have any hopes that there will be any betterment during the next three months. The side-tracks for miles in every direction are covered with empty cars, and for these there will be no demand until the next crop begins to find its way to market. The operating expenses have not decreased in proportion to the decline in business. It is true that on many of the roads a good deal of retrenchment has been going on. The train-hands have been cut down to meet the actual necessities of the business on hand. Work in the shops has been reduced, and on many of the roads the round-houses are filled with locomotives for which there is no immediate use. The expense of maintaining the roadbed, station-houses, bridges, etc., is about as constant a fixed charge as the interest on the bonded debt. It is an axiom in railroading that unless the track and bridges be constantly under supervision and repair the property rapidly deteriorates in value, and in the long run it costs more to make renewals than it does to keep up the road in good condition.

The east-bound freight business of the six great feeders to the trunk lines is even more unsatisfactory than that of the roads in the West. Their united tonnage for the past week was only 13,697 tons, against 17,848 tons for the week previous, and 42,523 tons for the corresponding week last year. Of these 13,657 tons the Vanderbilt lines carried only 4,619 tons, which is equivalent to about sixteen trains of twenty car-loads each. This is a week's business. With the facilities possessed by these roads this volume of traffic if condensed into two days would not overtax them the slightest. The Pennsylvania roads carried 6,414 tons, or about twenty-two trains. This could easily have been done in three days' time without crowding the lines. The Vanderbilt lines suffer more than others from the lake competition. Everything that can be sent to the East via the lakes and Erie Canal is going that way, hence the business of the Vanderbilt lines is practically restricted to New England points reached by the Boston & Albany, Hoosac Tunnel, and connecting lines. The Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio experience little competition, except on export business, from the lake lines. The Grand Trunk's traffic is mostly to points in Northern New England reached by its Portland division, and the Vermont Central and connections.

Another important factor in the dullness of trade is the high price of breadstuffs and provisions. There is no export movement worth speaking about, and in the East there is no speculative storing demand for any kind of property. Whatever is done in the speculative way by Eastern parties is done here in Chicago by the representatives of the Eastern houses. The demand in the East for provisions and produce generally is purely a consumptive one, and is bound to be so until the next harvest. There were occasional rumors during the week that east-bound rates had been shaded to a few favorit shippers, but diligent inquiry at headquarters failed to obtain any confirmation. The railroad officials frankly stated that the business was too light to warrant them in making any cut in order to secure it, and the general distribution of the traffic indicates that the pool-rates are being honestly maintained.

Before the next crop begins to move two new competitors will be on hand, demanding their share of the east-bound traffic. These are the "Nickel Plated" and Chicago & Atlantic. It is understood that the former has effected a close working alliance with the Erie, and that the latter, which was presumed to be built in Erie's interest, has been left out in the cold. It begins at Marion, O., on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio, which for several years was the Cincinnati outlet of the Erie, and will secure entrance into Chicago on the Western Indiana. Under the new arrangement the "Nickel Plated" will do the Chicago business and the Dayton the Cincinnati traffic of the Erie. This will practically make the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio a local road, without anything but a precarious Eastern connection; and with its Chicago extension, not having anything more to lose and everything to win if possible, it will undoubtedly prove a thorn in the side of the east-bound pool, because it will be forced to cut rates and run wild to secure any business; and this its managers will undoubtedly do with the hope of securing a renewal of their old relations with the Erie and a fair proportion of the Chicago business.

The following shows the volume of east-bound business and the amount carried by each road during the week ending yesterday:

	Flour, brls.	Grain, tons of 2,000 lbs.	Provisions tons of 2,000 lbs.	Total tons.
Mich. Cen'l.	4,640	861	206	1,530
Lake Shore.	3,167	1,843	1,231	3,089
Fort Wayne	5,415	1,410	2,983	8,998
Pan-Handle	2,000	1,016	1,260	2,476
B. & O.	805	1,146	430	1,656
Gr'd Trunk.	1,131	507	321	948
Total, 1882	17,308	6,481	5,428	13,697
S'me w'k '81	96,81	21,729	11,727	42,523

The percentages were: Michigan Central, 11.20; Lake Shore, 22.80; Fort Wayne, 28.90; Pan-Handle, 18.10; Baltimore & Ohio, 12.10; Grand Trunk, 7.10.

The Western Indiana—Proposed New Passenger Depot.

Considerable speculation is being indulged in as to what will be the exact terms of the compromise between the Western Indiana Railroad and the City Council. It will be remembered that some two years or so ago the Western Indiana secured the passage of an ordinance giving them power to lay their tracks to the south side of Van Buren street, any where between State and Clark streets. The passage of the ordinance raised a howl of indignation among the property-owners in the vicinity, and when the company finally attempted to lay its track north of Twelfth street, the dwellers in the neighborhood turned out en masse and tore up the rails, burned the ties, and made things generally very unpleasant. Litigation followed, and at every step in the proceedings resulted in favor of the company. The Van Buren street ordinance was declared valid in the lower court, but an appeal to the Supreme Court was taken by the opponents of the road. The next step was to pass a new ordinance for the extension of Dearborn street south to Taylor, but nothing further has been done, pending a hearing of the appeal case in the Supreme Court. A few weeks ago the Council, who feared that the Supreme Court might decide in favor of the railroad company, appointed a committee of conference to wait on President Brown and other officials of the Western Indiana, and ascertain if a compromise could be effected, whereby in lieu of other privileges the company would consent to forego their claim to Van Buren street. It is now understood that the company is not unwilling to stop at Harrison street, provided that the city will not extend Dearborn street any further south, and that it be granted at an appraised valuation a strip of property belonging to the city bordering the river, south of Sixteenth street. If this plan of compromise be agreed upon the railroad company will abandon its plan of going on the property between Third avenue and State street north of Twelfth, and confine itself to the blocks lying between Third and Fourth avenues. On the block between the avenues, bounded by Polk and Harrison, it is contemplated to erect a passenger depot 800 feet long by 215 feet wide, with twelve lines of track, at a cost of $500,000. This depot can easily accommodate half a dozen roads. This compromise will be advantageous to the city in more ways than one. The property between Third and Fourth avenues is in a deplorable moral condition, and is unfitted for ordinary commercial or residence purposes. It is only adapted for storage, manufacturing, or depot uses. The erection of a handsome depot thereon will add materially to the value of the surrounding lots, and in the course of time the march of business inseparable from railroad depots will drive away the squalor, wretchedness, and depravity that now run riot there.

A Disgusted Contractor Stops Work on the Maysville & Pound Gap Road—Excitement at Newport, Ky.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CINCINNATI, O., May 20.—There was a decided stir in Newport, Ky., this morning over a report to the effect that the much-talked-of Cincinnati & Southeastern Railroad, better known as the Maysville & Pound Gap Road, had suspended operations. There are various reasons given and rumors afloat as to the real cause of stopping work, but nothing definit can be learned until headquarters are heard from at New York. The road runs twenty-eight miles through Campbell County. Farmers and sub-contractors came from all parts of the county this morning, anxious to learn what the prospects were. Messrs. P. P. Dickenson and C. C. Cotton are the main contractors, having contracted for 128 miles of the road, most of which is under way. The main office of the above gentlemen is in this city, and a reporter called to get more definit information. Mr. Colton stated that he notified the sub-contractor and others at work on the entire length of the road to cease operations yesterday; that the company had failed to supply them with any funds for the work done in April, and now nearly another month has passed, and yet no word had come from headquarters. He said that he had notified the company on four different occasions that funds were needed, and sent them a positive notice ten days ago that if the company was not heard from work would be stopped on Friday of this week, and no heed had been paid to the notice. He was compelled to quit work. The company up to that time paid all claims promptly. Over $250,000 have been expended on the road, and several of those interested are men of large means. The Standard Oil Company has an interest in the road. About 500 men have been at work on the road.

Miscellaneous Items.

The Chicago Passenger Association met at the office of Commissioner Dixon yesterday, and made some alterations in the rate sheets.

Mr. S. W. Eccles, General Superintendent of the Denver & New Orleans Railway, announces the completion of that road between Denver and Pueblo.

The 11 o'clock p. m. train on the Alton will hold until 11:30 p. m. on the nights of Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday next, to accommodate visitors to the musical festival.

Mr. C. W. Hall has been appointed Northwestern agent for the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railroad. He will have charge of the freight and passenger traffic in Chicago and the territory tributary. His office is at No. 115 Washington street.

There will be a change of time today in the trains on the Kansas Pacific Road between Kansas City and Denver which will shorten the time two hours. The west-bound train will hereafter arrive at Denver at 12:30 p. m., instead of 2:30 p. m. The train leaving Denver starts at 3 p. m. instead of 1:30 p. m. as formerly. A local train will also be put on between Kansas City and Wamego—a run of 104 miles.

The Lake Shore Road brought in seven carloads of immigrants yesterday. The Grand Trunk had twenty-two cars of immigrants and baggage bound for Manitoba. During the week the Michigan Central brought in 4,811 on special trains and about 1,500 on regulars. A special this afternoon will bring in 613 more, all destined for the Northwest. The immigrant traffic on the Fort Wayne Road for the week aggregated 4,500 naturalized citizens.

WE CANNOT TELL A LIE!

A Chapter from the Late Great Racine, Wis., Fire—What Prominent Citizens of This Fire-Stricken Burg Say Over Their Own Signatures.

The following flattering testimonials were shown to a representative of this paper, who will vouch for the existence of such letters. We give them verbatim—just as they were shown to us—and let our readers draw their own conclusions:

"RACINE, Wis., May 10, 1882.—*Jno. W. Norris, Esq., Vice-President and General Agent Diebold Safe & Lock Company*—DEAR SIR: On the 5th and 6th inst. our city was visited by a most disastrous conflagration, destroying $1,000,000 worth of property. Our boot and shoe factory was burned to the ground. At the time we were using a Diebold Safe & Lock Company's safe. On opening it after the fire we found its contents without a blemish. Give us a Diebold safe every time! Yours truly,

(Signed) J. MILLER & CO."

"RACINE, Wis., May 10, 1882.—*Jno. W. Norris, Esq., Vice-President Diebold Safe & Lock Company*—DEAR SIR: We were using at the time of the great conflagration, which destroyed our office, together with several hundred thousand dollars' worth of other property, a Diebold Safe & Lock Company's safe. On opening said safe after the fire we found its contents just as good as when put in the safe the day before the fire. We send you order today for another safe, same size, No. 34. Please ship as soon as possible. We were using also another leading make of safe at the same time and in the same office, but in placing the order for new safe give the Diebold the preference by all means. Yours truly,

(Signed) "JONES, KNAPP & CO."

"RACINE, Wis., May 9, 1882.—*Jno. W. Norris, Esq., General Agent Diebold Safe & Lock Company*—DEAR SIR: I was the owner of a Diebold safe, No. 2, purchased of you a few years since. At the great fire that occurred here on the 5th and 6th inst., which destroyed nearly $1,000,000 worth of property, this safe was located in my private office in the five-story stone and brick building corner of Main and Third streets. After the fire I unlocked it on the combination, finding its contents in perfect order. I believe your safes are just what you represent—strictly fire-proof. Shall have it repainted and use it as before. Yours very truly,

(Signed) "FRED WILD, C., M. & St. P. R'y."

"RACINE, Wis., May 12, 1882.—*Jno. W. Norris, Esq., President and General Agent Diebold Safe & Lock Company*—DEAR SIR: We are the owners of a No. 5 single-door Diebold safe. At the terrible conflagration on the 5th and 6th inst., which destroyed our mill and nearly $1,000,000 worth of other property, the safe was in the mill and subject to a fearful test. It fell onto a large amount of burning wheat, and the walls falling in, covered the safe. The wheat continued to burn, and was still burning when the safe was taken out in the afternoon of the 11th, nearly six days after the fire. The handle, hinges, knob, and dial were all melted off and the safe so hot that it was difficult to move it. It was said by all, even agents of other safes, that the test was double that of any other safe in the fire. On opening the safe we were astonished. The contents were not even discolored, and were as good as before the fire. Even the cabinet-work and carpet were as bright as new, and to see them any one could not find a trace of fire or injury. The Diebold is the safe for us to a certainty. Yours truly,

"HERZOG & ROBERTS.

"We concur fully with the above statement.

"JONES, KNAPP & CO."

RAPID PROGRESS.

Gibson, Parish & Co.

Chicago has justly been styled "The City of Wonderful Growth," and this phenomenal development being but an aggregation of individual successes, an apt and striking illustration of it may be noted as found in the marvelous success of the young and vigorous firm named above. Mr. W. D. Gibson was for many years manager of the well-known Chicago house of J. L. Wayne & Son. Starting for himself in July, 1877, in an unpretentious way, his business compelled him almost every year since to seek more spacious quarters.

On Jan. 1, 1882, Mr. Gibson formed a copartnership with Mr. Charles P. Parish, for over eight years manager of the wholesale upholstery department of Field, Leiter & Co. The business kept increasing with increased rapidity, and the old site at 115 Lake street was found to be too contracted for their expanding trade, and hence their removal on the 1st of this month to their new and elegant quarters, Nos. 78 and 80 Randolph street. Here they occupy the entire building—a handsome four-story and basement stone-front structure, furnishing over 25,000 square feet of floorage. The building is admirably lighted, and is fitted up with an eye single to the purposes for which it is designed. When finished, the establishment will be a model one, and will exhibit the largest and most complete stock of upholstery goods and cabinet hardware combined to be found west of New York City, and accommodating both the wholesale and retail trade. The importations by this house of the newest and choicest designs in furniture coverings are very large and constantly increasing, and form an important branch of their business. Alike worthy of mention is their manufacture of steel wire springs, in which specialty alone thirty-five men are employed. A house like this, commencing on almost nothing, and in less than five years building up a business reaching grandly out into the hundreds of thousands and attaining the first standing in commercial circles, needs no better indorsement than the record which its splendid success furnishes.

FRANK JAMES.

The Noted Bandit Now Located in Texas —Schemes for His Capture.

DALLAS, Tex., May 20.—A correspondent has it from unquestionable authority that Frank James and several of his most devoted confederates are now in Texas, with headquarters at Dallas and a point of rendezvous not many miles from the city. Eight members of Pinkerton's detective force are now located in North Texas for the especial purpose of capturing Frank and his friends. They have stolen several horses and much other valuable property recently under official and ownership cognizance, hoping to entrap the much desired game, but thus far without success. However, the parties are spotted, and within thirty days the public can look out for something sensational from North Texas.

Murder Will Out.

Also all corns, bunions, warts. Use Dr. Wing's Remedy. Sure cure. No pain. All druggists.

Children's cribs and high-chairs at Wakefield Rattan Co.'s, 280 Wabash. Call and see them.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Arend's Kumyss should be the reliance of the physician in all those cases of debility in which prompt improvement of the general tone is imperative. Kumyss is the blandest and most easily digested food, and as such the best nourishment for a weak stomach; at the same time, through the process of fermentation which Kumyss undergoes, medicinal qualities are developed which we vainly look for in materia medica. In nausea, vomiting, extreme cases of dyspepsia, Kumyss acts like a charm, promptly relieving all the distressing symptoms of such cases. When the stomach rejects all else, Kumyss is retained and assimilated, affording the patient nourishment, strength, and comfort, and, as a logical consequence, nervousness ceases and refreshing sleep follows. In scarlet, intermittent, gastric, and typhoid fever, Kumyss is the best diet. It satisfies thirst and hunger and allays the fever. Kumyss has considerably the advantage over drugs, in that it never can do harm. To dose an irritable stomach with drugs is an absurdity which no intelligent physician attempts in this day. But not only in extreme cases should Kumyss be resorted to; it should be the chief remedy for a weak stomach under all circumstances. The dyspeptic brain-worker with a few glasses of Kumyss a day will improve his digestion and his nerve force. Ladies would be less nervous, more vigorous, and healthier-looking if they would add to their daily diet a few glasses of Kumyss.

Send for treatise on Kumyss. Beware of imitations.

Arend's Kumyss is not sold to the trade, but to consumers only.

A. Arend, chemist, corner Madison street and Fifth avenue.

Allen's Brain Food is the most reliable tonic for the brain and general organs. It positively cures nervous debility, nervous headache, loss of memory, and all seminal and sexual weakness. Sold by all druggists; $1 a bottle; six for $5.

Ask your physician and he will tell you that Buchu is one of the best, surest, and safest remedies for aiding, strengthening, and cleansing the kidneys. It is one of the ingredients of Hops and Malt Bitters.

Warranted to Kill cockroaches, bugs, etc. Arend's Infallible Insect Powder. Only depot, Madison street, corner Fifth avenue.

Lovely, Toney, Glove-Fitting Boots can be worn by all who use German Corn Remover. 25c. Your druggist will tell you it can't be beat.

Use Redding's Russia Salve in the house and use Redding's Russia Salve in the stable. Try it.

TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER.

A. T. STEWART & CO.'S NEW YORK STOCK OF Fine Dress Goods, SILKS, ETC., BOUGHT BY P. F. RYAN & CO., Madison and Peoria-sts., CHICAGO.

The entire stock has just arrived, and will be offered to the trade in one Grand Continuation Sale till the immense lot is disposed of at prices so wonderfully low that buyers of dry goods will experience a valuable benefit never before witnessed in the history of any retail dry-goods house on this or any other continent.

WE CAN ONLY ENUMERATE a few of the endless half-price bargains this magnificent stock contains:

STEWART'S SILKS.

500 pieces Summer Silks, 39, 49, 59, and 69c, handsomely assorted, and well worth 75c.

200 pieces Laventine Quadrille, 65c. This fabric is 22 inches wide, extra heavy, impervious to water, and positively the best value in Summer Silk ever imported.

150 pieces Fashionable Colored Gros Grain Silk 21-inch, 95c; cost A. T. S. $1.10 to import.

100 pieces, 22-inch, Gros Grain Silk in every leading color and shade, $1.15; worth fully $1.35.

One case Colored Satin Damasse, 98c; usually sold for $1.25.

One case 22-inch Colored Satin Rhadames, $1.35; best quality imported. Sold by other dealers for $2.75.

Rich Brocade Damasse to match, $2.79; State street price $3.50

One lot 22-inch Colored Satin Marveilleux, $1.19; cost to import $1.50. Satin Damasse to match only $1.39.

400 pieces Black Gros Grain Silks, 49, 69, 89, 99c, $1.09, $1.19, $1.29, $1.40, $1.69; actually 25 per cent under regular price.

3 cases 22-inch Satin Damasse, 59c; good value for $1.00.

40 pieces all Silk Satin Damasse, 99c; regular price $1.25.

Beautiful line Black Satin Rhadames from $1.19 to $2.79; each number much under value.

Our Colored French Satin at 98c cannot be matched in Chicago for less than $1.25.

Several lots of Silk and Satin, suitable for stage purposes, at half usual price.

Stewart's Dress Goods

Cannot last long at the following quotations:

23-inch half-wool Cashmeres, all colors, only 10c.

Full line 23-inch Mohair Stripe, 12½.

One lot Pin-Head Checks, 15c.

One lot 22-inch Debeige, 19c.

400 pieces 23-inch Brocatels, 18c.

200 pieces 23-inch Silk-Mixed Plaids, 20c.

150 pieces 22-inch Wool Satins, 25c.

100 pieces 48-inch all-wool Debeige, 49c.

400 pieces 48-inch Lace Bunting, black and colored, 39c.

3 cases Black French Bunting, 15c; worth 25c.

3 cases all wool Bunting, 29c; worth 45c.

100 pieces Black Brocade Dress Goods, 12½c; worth 25c.

Miscellaneous lot Black French Cashmeres, 48, 55, 60, 65, and 75c, all wonderful bargains.

Complete line Samuel Courtauld & Co.'s Celebrated English Crapes at less than importers' cost.

Extra value in Silk Grenadines, Black Moire Stripe, and numerous other wool novelties.

Job lot Black Cashmere, with white polka spot, only 59c.

340 dozen 3-button French Kid Gloves for Ladies and Gents, 49c per pair, from the great A. T. Stewart closing-out sale, all colors, every size. Only two pairs to each customer.

Our large Glove stock contains several attractive bargains, which cannot fail to be appreciated on examination.

We also offer in this Great Sale ASTONISHING BARGAINS IN

Stewart's Hosiery,	Stewart's Underwear,
Stewart's Muslins,	Stewart's Linens,
Stewart's Shawls,	Stewart's Cloaks,
Stewart's Elegant	New York Suits,
Stewart's Parasols,	Stewart's Notions.

A LATE SPRING and good luck in flooding our house with the great A. T. Stewart stock at half price has caused us to create this panic in prices of Dry Goods, as we are determined to carry over no goods from season to season.

Come while the sun shines, and reap a harvest from this VAST FIELD OF BARGAINS. It may be your last chance.

Samples mailed to all parts of the country.

Respectfully, P. F. RYAN & CO.

TO RENT, SPLENDID DESK ROOM, Partitioned off by Wire Railing. 93 LAKE-ST.

PARDRIDGES' Main Store, Main Store. West Side Store, West Side Store.

Greatest Bargains SHOWN YET.

GRAND GLOVE SALE.

Lace-Top Berlin Lisle Gloves at the exceptional price of 12c per pair.

Grand Lace Sale.

1,000 pieces of Black Spanish Laces at 25c per yard.

Grand Cloak Sale.

The Pelisse AT $25.00.

Same Garment as sold by all other houses at $35.00, only better made and finished.

"Fashionable and Reliable Goods at Low Prices."

PARDRIDGES, Main Store, 114 & 116 State-st. 284 & 286 West Madison-st.

PARDRIDGES' Main Store, Main Store.

At 85c.

LOUISINE SUMMER SILKS, 21 inches wide, worth and sold by other dealers at $1.50 per yard.

At 85c.

SATIN FOULARDS in all desirable shades, sold by our competitors at $1.25 per yard.

SAMPLES

Cheerfully sent on application.

CARPET DEPT.

We shall place on sale this week 100 PIECES Choice patterns in best Velvet Carpets At $1.50 PER YARD.

These goods are a part of a late purchase from the stock of A. T. STEWART & CO., And cost $1.65 to manufacture, and have been retailed at $2.

At the price we offer them they are the best bargain ever shown in this market, and will certainly last but a few days.

PARDRIDGES' Main Store, 114 and 116 State-st.

C. A. COUTANT & CO.

RIBBON DEPARTMENT.

Black Sash Ribbon in all shades.

Black and Colored Watered Ribbon in all widths.

A full line of new Failletiens in all the popular shades.

The largest stock in the city of the new shades in Cadet Blue and Terra Cotta.

We will close a few remnants of Black Brocade Silks at half price.

HAIR NETS

In Silk, Gilt, and Silver, Chenille Braid and Cord.

Also a large line of Real Hair, Square and Cap, Bang Nets, single and double, at 5, 10, and 15c each.

C. A. COUTANT & CO. 145 State-st.

THE STYLISH HAT! "Over the Garden Wall," Just produced at "HAGEDON'S," 42 and 44 Madison-st.

Elegant Variety of MILLINERY NOVELTIES! Just received.

Hale Empire

WEBER

Himself a musician, has produced a Piano constructed from the musician's standpoint, as well as that of the mechanic. Hence these instruments are distinguished from all others by that pure, rich, and sympathetic quality of tone that contains the greatest musical possibilities; that consummation of mechanical excellence that admits of the most delicate and impressive effects, while insuring the durability of the Instrument and that uniform superiority that enhances the pleasure of both performer and listener. This is why artists generally prefer to use this

PIANO 250 & 252 WABASH-AV.

Antonia F. Galassi

WEBER

Employs in the construction of his Piano only the very best of materials and workmanship, producing an Instrument that is absolutely durable and reliable in every particular, and which is so perfectly organized that it feels and identifies itself with the impulse of the performer, and is enabled to respond to his most exacting demands, and to sympathize with his most subtle emotions. The astounding success which has attended their introduction is due to that surpassing melodiousness which is found in its perfection only in this

PIANO 250 & 252 WABASH-AV.

Karl Rose Kupfer

WEBER

Recognizing that, until his time, the development of the Piano had been in the direction of mechanism, applied himself to perfecting the tone, which he improved remarkably, obtaining a broader and more musical quality with greater singing capacity, his Piano possessing that sympathetic sensibility which is its distinctive characteristic, and which renders it so indispensable to singers, because of its sustaining and harmonizing consonance with the voice. These Instruments combine the highest achievements in the art of Piano-making, and are comprehensively better than any other

PIANO 250 & 252 WABASH-AV.

The Union Furniture Co. LOW PRICES A GRAND SUCCESS!!

OUR "EASY-PAYMENT CASH-PRICE" PLAN

Has succeeded beyond our wildest hopes. We shall continue it and sell all kinds of HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS AT CASH PRICES!

Provided payments are made promptly and in reasonable time.

We agree to duplicate prices of reputable cash houses and still take monthly payments, and we can please you and accommodate you and *save you money.*

UNION FURNITURE CO., 503 & 505 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

Pratt, Parker & Co., WHOLESALE COAL DEALERS, AND SOLE WESTERN SHIPPERS OF THE Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co.'s COAL, WILL MOVE ON MONDAY, The 22d inst., TO THEIR NEW OFFICES, No. 96 Lake-st. Corner Dearborn-st.

TO TAILORS.

E. PUSBORG, of New York, is now in Chicago; will give lessons in the art of cutting. Reference can be given from first-class tailors of this city. Rooms 7 and 8 to 10 Monroe-st.

SECURE A HOME CHEAP.

The WILSON SEWING MACHINE COMPANY will sell superior building lots on five years' time, or will lease them for 25 years at a low rate of interest. The town where these lots are situated has good streets and sidewalks, good drainage, is well lighted, has good society, schools, churches, town-hall, fire-department, and police. It has nine manufacturing establishments, and the best railroad passenger facilities of any town in existence, nearly 100 passenger trains stopping every day. Commutation rate to Chicago 10 to 12 cents, and only 40 minutes' ride. The company has also railroad frontage to lease for manufacturing purposes.

For further particulars apply to the WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO. 350 and 352 Wabash-av., Chicago.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING. EPPS' COCOA BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast-tables with a delicately-flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly-nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in tins only (¼-lb. and 1 lb.), labeled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. Also, EPPS' CHOCOLATE ESSENCE, for Afternoons.

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FOREIGN.

Parnell's Course as Much of a Study as Gladstone's.

The Difficulties of the Premier Growing Greater with Each Day.

Political Discussions Now Filled with Personalities Never Before Equaled in Bitterness.

The Country Scandalized by Gladstone's Denial of the Kilmainham Treaty.

Parnell's Reputation as a Leader Blasted—Old Ollivier Talking.

Destruction by Fire of Four Hundred Houses at Boyabah, in Asia Minor.

THE IRISH.

DIFFICULTIES FOR GLADSTONE.

Special Cable.

LONDON, May 20.—Smalley's special says: Last night's victory, immense though the majority was for the Prevention-of-Crimo bill, removes few of the most serious difficulties which the Government has yet to confront. The Radical opposition to certain features, especially the composition of the new tribunals and the so-called political clauses, is rapidly crystallizing. It is not formidable numerically, but it is bent on creating embarrassment while the bill is passing through committee. The Irish Irreconcilables will take the same course.

MR. PARNELL

assumes a peculiar attitude, being apparently desirous to carry out his Kilmainham pledge to support the Government, but dreading the destruction of his influence in Ireland by an open alliance with the Ministry, or an open acquiescence in the measure for the repression of crime. Nobody seems quite sure how far the provisions of the Kilmainham compact, which it is believed was shattered by the assassination, are capable of being revived. Mr. Parnell's leadership of the Parliamentary party is openly challenged. That section of the Liberals which regards the assertion of authority as the first duty in Ireland is apprehensive lest the efficiency of the bill should be impaired by a compromise. They fear that Mr. Gladstone is

DISPOSED TO RELAX STRINGENCY

on certain points for the sake of securing, first, Mr. Parnell's support, and, secondly, for the purpose of attaching some classes of the Irish people to the side of law and order. Neither the Whigs nor Conservatives are likely to regard such a policy favorably. Mr. Gladstone's assurances last night that nothing will be sacrificed which is essential to the principle of the measure failed to reassure all of his supporters.

MR. TREVELYAN'S FIRST SPEECH AS CHIEF SECRETERY

was received with general cheers, and convinced the House of the disposition of the Irish Executive to avail themselves of the full power of the new bill. The debates of Monday and Tuesday, involving the disclosures of the Kilmainham negotiations, accompanied by the scandal of the attempted suppression of a part of Mr. Parnell's letter, seriously discredited the Government throughout the country. There is a marked changed in the tone of the provincial and Scottish press, the leading Liberal papers declaring that the attempt to deceive the House and the country was among the most scandalous incidents of Parliamentary history. Few hints of the existence of such a feeling can be found in the London press, but it is, nevertheless, widespread. Rumors are again circulating of

MR. GLADSTONE'S RESIGNATION OF THE CHANCELLORSHIP OF THE EXCHEQUER

and of Mr. Goschen's entry into the Cabinet. They have probably no other foundation than the strenuous efforts to secure Mr. Goschen's support at the critical moment. The Government, notwithstanding their great majorities in the House by the successive divisions and the favorable result in Yorkshire, have never been so weak.

MR. GOSCHEN

himself yesterday declared all rumors about himself to be without foundation. Politics have been extremely embittered the whole week. Mr. Balfour's attack on Mr. Gladstone as the author of an infamous policy astonished those who know the intimate personal friendship heretofore existing between them.

MR. GLADSTONE'S REPLY

is considered the most passionate speech he has ever delivered in the House. The Chamberlain organs continue their unmeasured vituperation of Mr. Forster, amounting apparently to a deliberate effort to drive him out of the party. The Irish have already begun attacks on Earl Spencer and Mr. Trevelyan, Mr. Sexton yesterday sneering at Earl Spencer as knowing more about horses than his public duties, and denouncing Mr. Trevelyan as about to follow Mr. Forster's example by putting himself in the hands of the Dublin Castle clique. The language habitually used in private by the Conservatives about Mr. Gladstone and by sundry Radicals about Mr. Forster is unequaled in ferocity since 1876.

LOWELL.

Fresh reports cabled from New York about Mr. Lowell's recall appear in today's papers. Englishmen remark with surprise the apparent inability of the President to determine whether he will or will not remove his most important diplomatic representative. The general judgment here is that the disclosing of Mr. Lowell would be a grave mistake, but that it would be better to remove him than to leave him to be embarrassed. The report is partly discredited by such prolonged vacillation. His recall now will, of course, be universally interpreted as Presidential servility to Irish menace.

THE IRISH POLICE.

Special Cable.

LONDON, May 20.—Jennings' special says: The Irish police and the Government have abandoned all hope of catching the assasins of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke or of unearthing their instigators, an offer of £10,000 having failed to produce the least grain of information. It cannot be doubted, however, that the blow was struck to prove beyond all question that Mr. Parnell's soiling out to the Government did not destroy or disheurten the organization so long at war with the British Power.

MR. PARNELL'S INFLUENCE

on the other side of St. George's Channel seems totally gone, and, subsequently, on this side as well. He sold the Nationalist bear, but cannot deliver the skin. The National party looks upon him as nothing more or less than a traitor, and the negotiation for total separation will go on as before.

THE PREMIER'S DENIAL

that any bargain was made with the inmates of Kilmainham has been received all over the country with a smile. The belief is general that we have not yet heard the last or the whole of the story, and that some day, and that in all probability not a distant one, people will be even more astonished than they are now at the details of the Gladstone-Parnell compact.

NEW LEADERS OF THE MOVEMENT

for Irish independence will come forward in the place of Dillon and Parnell, and these latter and their followers will sink into the background. I may add that it is thought that the Government will consent to a great watering-down of the new Coercion bill, especially as Mr. Gladstone declared on Friday that no important changes should be made under any circumstances. This is always his first step towards a complete surrender.

THE DEBATE ON REPRESSION A SURPRISE.

Special Cable.

LONDON, May 20.—The *Herald's* cable says: The results of last night's debate on repression proved a surprise. The very mild resolutions passed by the Irish party and their action in the House seem to show that they intend to try a coaxing policy. But Mr. Parnell's hint of retirement from political life was very significant. One fact is undoubted. We have arrived at the turning-point of the history of Irish agitation. Mr. Healy is spoken of as the coming man. Whispers are abroad that the Irish peasantry consider they have been betrayed by Mr. Parnell and that the Land League is

BEGINNING TO LACK THE SINEWS OF WAR.

They have spent money freely in furthering their object, and now the funds are lowering and the evil is almost untouched. This is thought to have much to do with the new departure. The atmosphere of the House during the past few days has been charged with rumors of a startling nature anent the new relations between the Parnellite members and the Government. According to the rumor-mongers, the compact of Kilmainham was to be no unsubstantial treaty so far as the Home-Rule members are concerned. Some newspapers went so far as to indicate the offices to be given as solid peace offerings to the followers of Parnell. These rumors

HAVE EXCITED SPECIAL INDIGNATION

among the Irish Whigs, who promptly resented the appropriation of spoils by any one but themselves. Considerable amusement was caused among the Parnellites by these rumors, which are regarded as inventions to embarass both the Government and the Irish party. The existence of any such corrupt arrangement is strenously repudiated by the Home-Rulers. Mr. Parnell's new attitude toward the Government has caused considerable dissatisfaction among the younger members of the party, who desire to harass the Government under all circumstances.

Mr. Parnell hopes by keeping the House in a good temper and allowing the unhappy impression produced by the Phœnix Park murders to fade out of the public mind to secure such

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN THE NEW COERCION BILL

as will minimize its despotic character, so far, at least, as it is designed to hamper political action. His conciliatory attitude in the House is said by his intimate friends to be dictated by this motive. It has, however, produced signs of insubordination among the younger members of the party, who especially object to the tribute publicly paid on the second reading to Mr. Gladstone's fighting power by Mr. Parnell. The Irish leader is said to feel very deeply the private campaign which is carried on against him. He has some persistent enemies in the party, and it is rumored more than one rival, whose maneuvres are a constant source of annoyance. His every act and word is criticised in a hostile and ungenerous spirit, and at the same time that he is harassed by the bitter jealousies and divisions among the secondary leaders. Up to the present the quarrels and blokerings of the Home-Rulers have been kept well within the family circle, but unless the present dissatisfaction can be allayed without a serious breakup the public is likely to get

A PEEP BEHIND THE SCENES

which could not fail to be interesting and instructive. There is good reason for believing that Mr. Parnell is depressed, even disgusted, with the way he has been treated, and is seriously considering whether the time has not come when he should give up the position as leader of the Irish party and retire from the care and turmoil of politics into private life. The Irish party may therefore be regarded as passing through an acute crisis, with danger of breaking up in consequence of the overzeal of the irreconcilable element.

IN PARIS.

Special Cable.

PARIS, May 20.—Irish politics are still being warmly discussed by the French papers. Opinions are divided as to the wisdom of the new coercive system adopted by Mr. Gladstone. A satirical paper publishes a most disgusting pictorial comment on the Irish question today. It represents Queen Victoria in deep mourning with a bottle of whisky in her hand. Close to her lies a crumpled copy of the *Times* containing an account of the Dublin assassination. Her Majesty is absorbed in the contemplation of the whisky. Underneath are the words: "This is the only good thing in Ireland." A general meeting of the Land-Leaguers, which was announced to take place in Paris, will not be held. During his late short stay here

MR. DAVITT

had more than one conference with Mr. Egan, however, and I am inclined to think that what passed was of vastly more importance to the English and the English Government than anything likely to be said or done when the leaders of the league assemble in full council. English prison air has done wonders for Michael Davitt, by the way. He was sickly, and even hectic, when I saw him two years ago. Now he seems as strong and hearty as a dock-laborer. No wonder he did not show any eagerness to leave Portland.

ARRESTED.

GLASGOW, May 20.—A man named McCarthy has been arrested here on suspicion of being concerned in the Phœnix Park murders. He has stains on his garments, supposed to be blood, and a partially healed wound on his nose.

CARDINAL M'CABE ALARMED.

DUBLIN, May 20.—It is reported that crape has been affixed to the door of Cardinal McCabe's residence, and a piece of paper with the representation of a coffin on it left on his doorstep. Cardinal McCabe visited Lord Spencer today.

THE BRITISH.

THE DEFEAT OF CHAMBERLAIN AND JOHN BRIGHT IN THE CLUB.

Special Cable.

LONDON, May 20.—Jennings' special says: The Waterloo defeat which Mr. Joseph Chamberlain has met in his resolute attempt to capture the Reform Club gives great delight to the Liberal wing of his party, though of course the manifestations are not so open as they might be—and has correspondingly disgusted the Radical element. A pressure that cannot be described otherwise than as "tremendous" was brought to bear on all the members of the club to induce them to give up the right of electing by the whole body and place the powers in the hands of a committee, which, as a matter of course, Mr. Chamberlain could afterwards have manipulated.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF TRADE

neglected nothing that might conduce to his much-desired success. The Marquis of Hartington and Earl Granville were induced to throw their great influence in the club of the aristocratic section of the Liberals in his favor, while Mr. Bright whispers, and very loudly, too, awful threats of secession if the club did not behave itself properly. All London clubdom was in an uproar until Thursday, when the battle smoke cleared away and Chamberlain was revealed on his beam-ends, with Hartington and Bright offering him a soothing draught.

HIS DEFEAT IS THE TALK OF LONDON,

and every leading paper today has an article on the subject. It is rumored, nor is the rumor improbable, that Mr. Chamberlain will punish the Reform Club by retiring from it, when the three brothers will set up a club of their own.

IN BUSINESS

nothing flourishes, if one may judge from the papers and the stock list, except electric light companies, of which no less than sixteen are now before the public applying for capital amounting in the aggregate to $2,850,000. Of these, ten propose to use the Brush lighting system, the Edison light being comparatively little heard of. The speculation in Brush shares almost recalls the palmy days of the South Sea bubble. Ten-pound shares are now worth £48, and on Monday last were quoted at £68, so you can imagine how much money is being won and lost.

TELEPHONES.

To the Western Associated Press.

LONDON, May 20.—In the House of Commons, Mr. Fawcett, Postmaster-General, announced that the Government had no intention of purchasing the telephone lines of the United Kingdom.

POXHALL

will not run at the Epsom meeting, being reserved for the Gold Cup at Ascot.

THE JEWS.

The Mansion-House Jewish relief fund now amounts to £72,000. The Fund Committee dispatch 600 refugees to America weekly, at a cost of £5,500.

FRANCE.

THE DIVORCE BILL.

Special Cable.

PARIS, May 20.—All the faux menages of Paris are in a flutter of excitement at present in consequence of the imminent passage of the Divorce bill. The excitement is by no means of a joyful character in some cases as might be supposed. A number of erring Benedicts are looking very blank at the prospect of being called upon to legitimatize their liaisons with the beauties of the Quartier Breda, and "Monsieur Alphonse" is decidedly dejected by the turn things seem to be taking. I am much mistaken if the passage of this Divorce bill will not reunite more wives and husbands than it will separate. Talking of this, the Marquis and Marquise de Vernonbonneuil have applied for a legal separation. Each accuses the other of infidelity. The most piquant part of the affair is that both are verging on 60. M. le Marquis thinks that Mme. la Marquise went astray in the two senses of the phrase with a young linen draper named Adrien during a pious pilgrimage to the renowned Grotto of Lourdes. Madame, on the other hand, accuses her sexagenarian spouse of being overmarked in his attention to certain ladies not in society. A curious point in the case is that the delinquencies or fanciful shortcomings of both the Marquis and the Marquise have been supplied by a 15-year-old collegian, their nephew. This promising young scamp had managed to extort good round sums from his uncle and aunt by denouncing them to each other.

THE DE CHAULNES-DE CHEVREUSE LAWSUIT

is slowly drawing to a close, and included this week a brilliant address by the counsel of the Duchesse de Chaulnes. He certainly appears to have satisfactorily disposed of most of the grave imputations on his client's character. Unless M. Boioland, counsel for Mme. De Chevereuse, can succeed in convincing the Court that the Duc de Chaulnes' widow has been guilty of a very terrible outrage on morality, he will lose his case, and the two poor children about whom all this scandal has been raised will be restored to their mother. Novelists respect nothing nowadays. M. Alexis Bonirier, the author of several sensational works, has already completed a new story founded on this extraordinary affair, and entitled "Les Deux Duchesses." It is being published as a feuilleton in *La Lanterne*.

NO SMALL COMMOTION

was caused at the Magasins du Louvre the other day by the arrest of Sarah Bernhardt's sister-in-law for shoplifting. The doctors, however, having certified that she was a victim of kleptomania, had her released.

LOUISE MICHEL

is not content to rest on her dramatic laurels. She is trying her hand at criticisms in the columns of Lissagary's new paper, *La Bataille*. The contributions are signed "Nadine."

THEATRICAL, ETC.

M. Vianesi, chef d'orchestre, and M. Hartmann, music publisher, are credited with the intention of turning the Theatre des Nations into an opera-house this autumn. Massenet's "Herodiade," Wagner's "Lohengrin," and Boito's "Mefistofele" will probably be produced, if the two daring impresarios carry out their plans. I doubt very much though whether they will, for they want a subsidy of 30,000 francs, and neither the State nor the city seems disposed to grant it to them.

M. EMILE OLLIVIER,

the man of light heart, has again thought it necessary to remind the world of his existence. He was interviewed the other day at Marseilles by a representative of the Paris *Figaro*, into whose sympathizing ear he was good enough to pour an ingenious, if not altogether satisfactory, explanation of the disasters that befell his countrymen in 1870. "The Republicans are unjust to me," he said, "in making me responsible for the war. I had no control over the Ministry of War or the Ministry of Marine. The Emperor kept these under his own supervision. I had wished to give them to Trochu and Julien de la Graviere, but he preferred Leboeuf and Rigaut de Genouvielly. For that matter, Leboeuf was ready. He, too, was the victim of events, as I shall prove in the work I am writing on the fall of the Empire.

I HAVE WITHDRAWN FOREVER FROM PUBLIC LIFE,"

said M. Ollivier, without in the least appearing to suspect he was saying anything curious. "I only ask to be forgotten." To prove his sincerity he informed the interviewer that he was about to publish several political works, among them a pamphlet entitled "Is the Pope Free in Rome?" and another on "The Ecclesiastical Policy of the French Republic." M. Ollivier, who has been hobnobbing with the Holy Father at the Vatican lately, has had ample opportunities of observing Italy and the Italians. He has returned to France convinced that the position of Leo XIII. is intolerable. He also thinks that despite the expulsion of the monks by M. Jules Ferry this most magnanimous of Popes is running over with good-will toward the French Republic, whereas King Humbert and almost all the leading statesmen of Italy detest it.

DEAD.

To the Associated Press.

PARIS, May 20.—Jean Gustave Walton, the philosopher, is dead.

THE EGYPTIAN CRISIS.

THE SUEZ CANAL GUARDED.

ALEXANDRIA Egypt, May 20.—The main points of the Suez Canal are now guarded by French gunboats.

DE FREYCINET.

PARIS, May 20.—At the Cabinet Council yesterday De Freycinet intimated that several Powers, especially Germany and Austria, asked for information in regard to the Anglo-French expedition to Egypt. He stated that a European conference might be advisable to settle the difficulties.

AT ALEXANDRIA.

ALEXANDRIA, May 20.—The British and French squadrons have arrived here.

AUSTRIA.

CHESS.

VIENNA, May 20.—In the chess tournament McKenzie and Mason, Americans, had a drawn game. The score of the former is at present slightly the best.

ASIA MINOR.

CONFLAGRATION.

LONDON, May 20.—Four hundred houses were burned at Boyatab, Asia Minor.

LORD ROSCOE.

Inside Views of the Bitterness of Conkling's Defeat a Year Ago.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 20.—It will be remembered that in the last day of the long Senatorial fight a year ago Speaker Sharpe led the break from the Stalwarts' ranks which resulted in the election of Senator Miller, and a few days later in the election of Senator Lapham. It was charged then, and the statement has been repeated at intervals since, that his action was influenced by the expectation or promise of political reward. The reiteration of the charge in an article by the New York *Sun* this week has called forth a remarkable editorial statement from the Kingston *Freeman*, which is considered throughout the State as Gen. Sharpe's organ. After commenting on Mr. Conkling's anxiety for a reelection and the efforts of his friends to induce him to withdraw from the contest, it says: "The *Freeman* was the first to sound the note of revolt. It stood by Messrs. Conkling and Platt conscientiously as long as Mr. Depew remained in the field, for it believed that duty to the State and the party demanded the defeat of the railroad lobbyist. Gen. Sharpe followed the *Freeman* before the close of the week in the support of Mr. Miller, the candidate for Mr. Platt's seat, but it will be remembered that he hesitated several days before deserting Mr. Conkling. Could the cause of that delay be fully explained a great many who now censure Gen. Sharpe would be the loudest in his praise. It will suffice for the present purpose to say that, when his inclination to break from Conkling became known, he was made acquainted with a bargain which was about to be consummated in New York for the election of Mr. Conkling and the candidate of Gould and Vanderbilt, and that at least one of these magnates had interested himself in the adjustment, and would use his influence for its consummation. The documents in proof of this statement are in existence. They place in a singular light Mr. Conkling's assumed disinterestedness. They show that he was resolved to be a Senator on any terms and by whatever means. Gen. Sharpe was astonished and shocked at the disclosure. He had already suffered in his feelings beyond expression, for he felt that, to continue a controversy originating over one of the President's appointments while the President lay upon his death-bed, was not merely in bad taste, but brutal. Nevertheless, he was faithful in his friendship until the fact was revealed to him by documents, the truth of which he could not dispute, that the ex-Senator was willing to go beyond the limits of his vaunted integrity and resort to questionable means to regain his old place."

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE IN A CELL.

At 2:15 this morning William Paynter Jr., a young man confined in the Despiaines Street Station, attempted to take his own life by hanging himself to the cross-bar of his cell. Lockup-keeper John Lawless heard the man's labored breathing, and cut him down in time to save his life.

NEW YORK.

Address of a Fenian Committee of Secret Revolutionists.

Forgiveness for Davitt and Parnell—Death to All Englishmen.

Interesting Recital of the Wanderings of Mozig, the Forger.

An "Exchange" to Buy and Sell Board Tickets-of-Membership.

National Convention of Baptists—The Brooklyn Navy Yard.

The Banks Have Lost Ten Millions of the Reserve They Had a Year Ago.

FENIAN ADDRESS

ISSUED ON THE MURDERS IN PHŒNIX PARK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The "Council of the Fenian Brotherhood" has issued a manifesto directed to the Irish revolutionists at home and abroad. Among other things they say:

"Brethren, awake! arise! and now labor with us with renewed soul and vigor as you never labored before to help on the wise ways of Providence and to advance the good cause. Thus shall we in solemn, secret conclave continue with augmented force to give the emphasis of dagger, fire, sword, and other available resources of civilization to our imperishable hatred of our ancient, merciless, and unrelenting enemy, to destroy whom we shall use while life endures every means within the reach of human effort. As to those of our fellow-countrymen who recently raised their voices with manifest good intent, but with doubtful wisdom, to deprecate

THE PHŒNIX PARK EXECUTIONS

as 'murders,' none of our friends are misled by these meetings, got up on the grounds of expediency. As to our enemies, we care little what they think. To them we say, 'Call you this murder. Call it rather the wrath of God, following in the footsteps of the oppressor.' Let us clothe ourselves in sables, aye, and in sackcloth and ashes for our own dead, not for the enemy's. If you, our fellow-countrymen, have tears to shed, shed them over your own flesh and blood, savagely slain under circumstances of the grossest atrocity and barbarity in the past, and being so slain in the present by the red-handed and gigantic iniquity represented by Cavendish and Burke. They (and others) had better have been born dogs than answer our wrath. And,

AS FOR THE POOR FOOL, BURKE,

we may say this much—that he for a long time bore under heavy judgment that life which he deserved to lose. To its honor be it remembered that the great Empire City of New York, in mass-meeting assembled (Cooper Institute, May 13, 1882), responded unanimously and enthusiastically to the call of our gallant countryman, Maj. P. K. Horan, and that great assembly of freemen absolutely and peremptorily refused—for this was the practical and substantial result—to be led away by questions of expediency from the true issue involved, and refused to exhibit the stereotyped sympathy with England, and recorded a noble protest against the effort made by British treasures, hirelings, and well-intentioned men in their wake for that temporary but utterly defeated purpose. As for the idea of

A SUBSCRIPTION FOR BLOOD-MONEY,

in the Anglo-Boston style, no man could be found with hardihood enough to dare to venture such a suggestion in the temper of that meeting. Even those few and insignificant enough, who loved England enough, seemed to love their own necks more, and they maintained, by common consent, an absolute and discreet silence on that subject, which was previously so blatantly bellowed forth. We proclaim our unswerving fidelity to the ancient gospel of force and to those revolutionary principles upon which this great Republic is based, and we authoritatively declare that you are to regard recent events merely as a cloud the size of a man's hand on the horizon, but clearly indicating what will infallibly follow in the near future. Even in our charity to our fellow-countrymen we forgive and desire to forget the meetings, of very questionable expediency and declarations of sympathy and condolence (God bless the mark!) for England's griefs, prudently, if weakly, intended to deceive the enemy. They certainly could not deceive our friends, though it was occasionally, at least, a really wise and necessary to take a stand against this false sentiment lest some of our people should be deluded by it.

ONE PARTING WORD:

To our brethren of every Irish secret revolutionary organization, we now solemnly declare that the watchword of the hour has gone forth, and we pledge ourselves to apply all our resources with redoubled energy and devotion, with even a ferocity equal to that of our archenemy, to the great work fronting us, and we urge on all our brethren at home the necessity, greater now than ever, of the consolidation of all available forces and hearty cooperation for our common object—the destruction and annihilation of British power in Ireland, whose existence is the cardinal reproach, the supreme and burning shame, of modern civilization."

MOZIG.

THE STORY OF HIS WANDERINGS, AS HE TELLS IT.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—C. Franz Mozig, the Bohemian bankrupt and forger who was brought to this city from Galveston on the steamer Rio Grande for extradition, and who was placed in temporary charge of the police on Friday afternoon, was today taken to the German steamer Neckar, which sailed from Hoboken, and was delivered to Capt. Bussins. He will be conveyed to Bremen, where he will be taken in charge by the Austrian officials. Before leaving police headquarters Mozig made a statement in which he said that for a number of years he had been a glass manufacturer at Antoninethal, Bohemia, and at one time

EMPLOYED OVER 400 HANDS.

His business did not prosper, and he became the victim of a gang of usurers, who finally ruined him and drove him to commit the forgeries for which he was extradited. He failed in February, 1880, his liabilities being 60,000 florins. The forgeries which he admits having committed were of two drafts for 2,000 florins each, one on the Zirnostenska Bank at Prague, and the others on the Agricultural Bank at Knittenburg. He fled the country before the forgeries were discovered, and arrived in this city on the 18th of April, 1880. He had in his possession

AT THAT TIME $16,000 IN CASH.

At a hotel in the Bowery where he took up his abode he met the acquaintance of a German who volunteered to show him around the city. The first evening he was out with his friend he was decoyed into a gambling-house, and was swindled out of $1,000. This disgusted him with New York, and he went to Chicago, intending to go in business there. While in Chicago he noticed, one day, a stranger eyeing him very sharply, and he became impressed that he was being watched by detectives. He hurried to Milwaukee and remained there for several weeks. He was about to engage in business there when he met with a similar experience as in Chicago, and, fearing that he would be arrested,

HE INTRUSTED FOURTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS TO A MAN

who professed to be his friend. The next day his friend disappeared with the money, and he has not seen either since. To avoid detection Mozig went into the interior of Wisconsin and worked as a farm-hand. In the spring of 1881 he went to Texas, hoping to elude the vigilance of the detectives whom he imagined were hunting for him. After working on a ranch in Colorado County he went to Franklin, Robertson County, near which a new settlement was being formed by Germans under the name of New Baden. There he

PURCHASED 100 ACRES OF LAND,

and feeling that a new future was opening before him, sent for his wife and seven children, whom he had left behind in Kuttenberg, Bohemia. In April last he received a letter that his family had started for this country, and that they would arrive this month. In his joy at this news he showed the letter to a man who, he supposed, was friendly to him. Unfortunately for Mozig this man has a son who is employed in the office of Mr. Ruhl, the Austrian Consul at Galveston. In this way the whereabouts of Mozig became known to the Consul, who took the necessary steps to procure his arrest and extradition.

BOARD MEMBERSHIPS.

A GANG WHO THINK THEY CAN MAKE A LIVING BUYING AND SELLING THEM.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—What is known as the New York Certificate Exchange has been organized here. The object of the association, as stated by one of the members, is to promulgate information in regard to the different exchanges doing business in this country, and to buy or sell the certificates of membership. For this last purpose there will be a regular call every day, and the certificates will be dealt in precisely as stocks and bonds are disposed of in the Stock Exchange. "Membership certificates in all the exchanges in this country," this gentleman says, "have a market value, which fluctuates like the price of stocks, and we think the time has come to establish a regular exchange for the purpose of facilitating transactions in them."

WALL STREET MEN

were found to be profoundly ignorant of the establishment of the new exchange. The Stock Exchange issues no certificates of membership. The Cotton Exchange issues certificates to its members, but they are valueless as security if the member in whose name they stand is indebted to any other members of the exchange. They are in no sense personal property to be speculated on. The certificates of most of the exchanges outside of this city, it is thought, are personal property, and can be bought and sold for speculative purposes.

THE BAPTISTS.

THEIR NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Great preparations are being made for the National Baptist Convention which is to be held in the First Baptist Church, on the corner of Thirty-ninth street and Park avenue, commencing on Tuesday evening and continuing until the close of the month. There will be delegates from all parts of the United States present, and as there are a number of missionaries here from foreign countries the convention will probably transact very important business. A feature of the convention will be the semi-centennial anniversary exercises of the American Baptist Home Mission Society. On Wednesday morning the society will listen to a welcome address by the Rev. Dr. Peddie. Reports of the officers will then be read, and a discussion will follow on the maintenance of preachers and teachers among the Indians. The afternoon will be devoted to the discussion of the home missionary work of woman and to the meeting of committees.

WORK AMONG THE COLORED PEOPLE

will be discussed in the evening. On Thursday the work among the Chinese will be the principal subject considered. On Friday anniversary services will be held in honor of the semi-centennial of these societies. Prof. Anderson, of Rochester, will deliver the anniversary address in the evening. One of the most important subjects that will be brought to the notice of the convention will be the recent action of the American Bible Society in reference to the revised New Testament. Steps will be taken to have a revision made to meet the views of the Baptists.

BROOKLYN NAVY-YARD.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE COMMITTEE DECIDEDLY AVERSE TO ITS REMOVAL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The special committee recently appointed by the Chamber of Commerce to report upon the advisability of removing or abolishing the Brooklyn Navy-Yard has concluded its investigations, and will present an elaborate report at the next meeting of the chamber. It is stated that the forthcoming report is that the committee is impressed with the necessity, not only of the retention and continued support of the yard, but the report will recommend that Congress make liberal appropriations for improvements, the assertion being made that a different policy will tend not only to the hurt of this city, but be a National misfortune. Efforts have been made to influence the committee in favor of the removal of the yard to New London, Conn. Other influences in favor of removal from Brooklyn have come from "interested politicians."

THE VALUE OF THE BROOKLYN YARD

has been estimated at from $12,000,000 to $15,000,000. The committee has been convinced that if it were thrown upon the market $3,000,000 or $4,000,000 could hardly be realized. Against these figures the committee has reason to believe that an equally good site elsewhere could not be obtained except at an exorbitant price, and between the receipt for the present yard and the expenditure for a new location the difference would amount to several millions of dollars against the Government. The committee will emphasize the claim that it is absolutely necessary that the Brooklyn yard shall be maintained to serve as a source of supply in the case of an attack upon New York and vicinity by a foreign foe, an event which is declared to be most probable should war at any time arise.

THE BANK STATEMENT.

BAD, BUT NOT AS BAD AS WAS APPREHENDED.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The statement of the average condition of the New York banks for the six days ending yesterday is less unfavorable than was expected. The loss to the banks by the gold shipments counted for a longer time in the averages of the week than did the gain to the banks on account of the heavy payments of over $2,000,000 on Thursday on account of called bonds. The net result of all the changes as reported is a reduction in the surplus reserve of $2,020,725, the surplus reserve being now $6,152,225, against $16,738,575 a year ago. Since Jan. 1 we have exported about $30,000,000 more gold than we have imported, a greatly wise and necessary to take a stand against this false sentiment lest some of our people should be deluded by it.

THE SURPLUS RESERVE

of the New York banks is only about $10,000,000 less than a year ago, and is still over $6,000,000, and at a time, too, when the domestic exchanges are in our favor, and when we are not far from heavy Treasury disbursements. The following is the official report of the specie exports for the week:

May 17, steamer Servia, Liverpool, American gold coin.....$3,700,000
May 18, steamer Labrador, Havre, American gold coin.....850,000
May 20, steamer Neckar, London, American silver bars.....75,000
May 20, steamer Neckar, London, American silver dollars.....50,000

Total.....$4,675,000

The changes in the various bank averages during the week were as follows: Loans, increase, $678,100; specie, decrease, $3,034,800; legal tenders, increase, $651,100; deposits, decrease, $1,331,900; circulation, decrease, $77,000.

A SMALL INFANT.

WEIGHT, TEN OUNCES—OTHER PECULIARITIES.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—At Manhattanville a few days ago there was born a baby that weighed only ten ounces. The infant is perfect in every respect, and resembled a miniature mature human being. The scalp was covered with a rather heavy growth of dark, silky hair, which was especially thick in the posterior region and descended in considerable luxurance to the nape of the neck. The latter, instead of the puffiness and well-defined deep fold of normal infancy, resembled the neck of an adult, its muscles being distinctly defined, and its general anatomy more clearly exhibited than those of an ordinary body. The trunk, arms, and limbs evinced the same diminutive maturity. The eyes were well opened, bright, and alert in their expression, not vacant, as is ordinarily the case, and

THE NOSE, MOUTH, AND OTHER FEATURES

also showed the appearance of matured symmetry. The father is a man of more than average robustness and physical proportions. He is a car-driver in the employ of one of surface railways, and has been in good health since he was married, which was thirteen years ago. The mother's father is a large and healthy man, and her mother a robust German woman. Three years ago the same woman had a boy that weighed but eleven ounces at birth, and this child now is comparatively as small as when born. The case will no doubt attract the attention of scientific men, and their closer investigation may divulge causes concealed from the ordinary eye.

STEWART'S

PREPARING TO CLOSE THE ONCE GREAT DRY-GOODS HOUSE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—About 200 men were discharged today from the wholesale department of A. T. Stewart & Co. This is regarded among employés of the house as the beginning of the end. From the present outlook the wholesale department will be closed up by July 1. What goods remain on hand at that time will be transferred to the retail business. How the retail business will be brought to an end is not known yet. Even by forced sales at low prices it would require, in the opinion of well-informed persons, at least six months to dispose of the present stock. During the last six weeks there have been many evidences of the closing up of a large business at Stewart's store. Today there was a more

NOTICEABLE ACTIVITY AMONG THE EMPLOYES

of the store. Heaps of goods, a great part of them evidently brought to light for the first time in months, were scattered one counters and tables, and salesmen were rapidly remarking the prices on the tickets attached thereto. It was not until late in the day that it became know that a large number of men had been dismissed from the wholesale department. The news created considerable disquietude among the employés. The various heads of departments refused generally to speak of the changes that had been made and those that were contemplated. "It is stated," said one man in the store, "that 200 men have been discharged today. Another batch will doubtless be sent adrift next Saturday night, for I hear that it is intended to leave each of the wholesale departments with a man and a boy and to close them up finally on July 1."

"Were these persons given any notice?"

"I suppose you may say they have had notice. There has been every outward sign of the positive determination of Messrs. Hilton and Libby to

WIND UP THE WHOLESALE BUSINESS WITH ALL POSSIBLE DISPATCH.

Dozens and dozens of men have been transferred from the wholesale to the retail department in the last few weeks. No new goods have been bought. Those that were on hand have been sold off until there is now little left, and business has been very light for the last two weeks. This may all be considered as a notice. I don't think that any other was given until the salaries were paid this evening, however."

"Do you think that the retail department will be sold out in bulk and will be closed up without delay?"

"I do, decidedly. I think that August will see

THE END OF THE FIRM."

"How about the rumors that the business was to be sold out to other firms?"

"Well, they were all well founded. McCreery has been in here and gone through the place with his principal assistants, but I do not think that they had a satisfactory conversation after with the two gentlemen at the head of the firm."

"What has been the effect of this closing out sale of the Stewart stock on the dry-goods trade?"

"It has been disastrous to other dealers. It has not only directly affected the retailers, but its influence has reached the jobbing trade. I expect to see several retail dry-goods houses go under in the next few weeks."

SILK.

AN EXCHANGE ESTABLISHED.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The North American Silk Exchange of New York began its corporate existence today. The promoters of the project have organized with a capital of $5,000, with the avowed intention of increasing it to at least $100,000. They do not expect to begin active business until fall, and then will only act as an intermediate agency between the actual producer and the manufacturer. The idea is to develop the industry in the United States by performing that part of the work—the reeling—which this country performed to only a limited extent. The soil and climate of some parts of the United States are favorable to silk-production, and the worms are grown to a large extent, but, owing to the absence of

FILATURES OR RECLINE MACHINES,

the cocoons are largely sent across the water to be reeled off. The President of the exchange said today that, while the plans were not fully developed, the intention was to supply the one deficiency to make the industry what the cotton and wool industries were now. The exchange had begun negotiations for 350 acres of land on Lone Island, to be used as a nursery for mulberry trees, and for 2,000 acres in Kentucky.

ITEMS.

THE JEWS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Circulars were issued today from the headquarters of the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society of the United States, at No. 15 State street, in this city, calling for a general conference of the Hebrews in this country for the purpose of inaugurating a concerted effort for the aid of the people of their nationality who are fleeing from Russian persecution. The circulars are addressed to representative citizens in the different cities, and set forth that numerous requests coming from the kindred organizations in the Western States have influenced the Executive Committee of the society to adopt the suggestion of a general conference. Local organizations should take hold and discharge the work, which is really beyond the reach of the parent society. The meeting will be held on Sunday, June 4, at the Hebrew Orphan Asylum in this city.

REAL ESTATE.

The aggregate of sales of real estate by auction in the past week up to and including Friday was $970,895. The sales by auction included two old estates, each of which embraced a number of different pieces. The Valentine Mott estate sold for an aggregate of $464,675. All the lots in this sale went at prices that were considered very low, the prices obtained being on the average not more than half the prices obtained for adjoining property (and often for some of the same lots) at the partial sale of the estate eight years ago. The King estate was sold for an aggregate of $450,000. The prices obtained were not only fair as compared with the range of prices now where in the city at the present time, but were in some instances about three times what the same property would have sold for eight years ago. Two more large estates are to be sold soon—the Junel estate and the Bennett.

THE MUTUAL UNION'S CAPITAL.

By an instrument filed for record in the Register's office today it was shown that at a meeting of the stockholders of the Mutual Union Telegraph Company, held in May, 1881, the Directors were empowered to borrow $5,000,000 for the purpose of extending the lines of the company. The instrument gave to the Central Trust Company a first mortgage on all property belonging to the Mutual Union Company as security for the payment of 5,000 6

ALLENGE.

PHYSICIAN we will send one of

. SCOTT'S

ric Brushes

ent request that he test it in Headache and Neuralgia he e meet, and if it fails to cure minutes, nine cases out of every warn his Patients not to buy e challenge a test in any case

this is fair advertising, and every may have a brush on trial, as is ex- on. Many people are doubtful about odies, and, while we have received uters inclosing the price of this ar- a large number are incredulous, and t through fear of being cheated. To ar we have resolved to let all have on trial, before deciding to purchase.

IN THE SIZE

Made of Pure Bristles, not wires. Celebrated Mounted and Carved Back.

Pall Mall Electric Association introduced vention in London; the sale was enor- ow extends all over Europe. It soon won oyal favor, and had the distinction of be- y indorsed by the Prince and Princess of written upon by the Right-Hon. W. E.

IT IS WARRANTED TO

ervous Headache in 5 minutes!!
ilious Headache in 5 minutes!!
uralgia in 5 minutes!!
Falling Hair and Baldness!!
ndruff and Diseases of the Scalp!!
ly Arrests Premature Grayness!!
the Hair Grow Long and Glossy!!
tely Soothes the Weary Brain!!

It will positively produce a pid growth of hair on bald ads, where the glands and ilicles are not totally de- royed.

es. R. Chapman, the Mayor of Sara- —President of the Bank and Gas —writes thus: "July, 1881.—It al- ys cures my headache in a few min- s, and is an excellent brush, well rth the price, aside from its cura- e powers." Rev. Dr. Bridgeman tes from Brooklyn, N. Y.: "Never fore gave a testimonial, but am ling to encourage the use of an nest remedy. It cured my baldness. d my wife finds it a prompt and in- llible cure for her headaches." Geo. ornburgh, Esq., Speaker of the House Representatives, Little Rock, Ark., tes: "Feb. 12, 1881.—This is my first stimonial. My wife was getting id; the brush has entirely stopped e falling hair and started a new owth. I use it for Dandruff: it works e a charm. Several friends have ught and used them for headaches, d they have never failed to cure m in about three minutes. Mayor nder uses it with like results. This strictly true, and given by me vol- tarily and without solicitation."

An infallible remedy for curing Neu- gia in five minutes."—British Med- al Index.

mass of letters from persons benefited, we cted three from people of some prominence: ny sensible person think for a moment that osition and wealth would deliberately sit write falsehoods for our benefit, or that we e publish fabrications over their signatures ases? Were we at liberty to use letters re- om Senators, Judges, lawyers, doctors, i gentlemen whose names are known in the ircles of Europe and America, the readers paper would be astonished at the remarkable Falling Hair, Baldness, Headaches, Neural- his Brush has effected.

eader, are you bald or afflicted with Dan- ling Hair, or Premature Grayness? Are you with any kind of Headaches or Neuralgia? ish to ward off and prevent these affliction? o you daily use a hair brush. Why not try If you are not satisfied with it, you may re-

rush is made of a beautiful material resem- ck ebony, handsomely carved, and filled with bristles (not wires). This material is power- harged with an electro-magnetic force, which tely acts upon the hair glands, follicles, and always doing good, never any harm. It should daily in place of the ordinary brush. There is or sensation whatever in using it, while the an always be tested by a compass accompany brush. The price is $3 each, and no one h can be found anywhere. If you wish to try e send us that amount, and we will promptly it, postpaid, on trial. Should you wish to re- first write us, and we will send back the Is not this fair? When all advertisers offer norable terms, they will show proper faith i medies, and the public will be quick to p We cannot do more to invite your confidence. e you will give us a trial. If you prefer, you ain it on the same terms from any Drug or store, but accept no substitute, and see that t's name is on the box, and "Electric" on the the Brush. If your druggist refuses to su ve it on these terms (which we authorize him write directly to us. Remittances can be made ey order, draft, currency, or stamps, payable O. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, New and mention this paper.

DR. SCOTT'S

ELECTRIC FLESH BRUSH.

A sure and quick remedy for Rheumatism, Nervous Complaints, Impaired Circulation, Malarial Lameness, &c.

Sent on Trial. Price $3.

DR. SCOTT'S

ELECTRIC CORSET.

Every lady who values her health, and wishes to ward off and cure disease, should use it.

Sent on Trial. Price $5.

THE CITY.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

L. A. Jackson, Chief Engineer of the Chicago & Indianapolis Railroad, is at the Palmer.

T. B. Merrill, Charles E. Willard, and Charles E. Gross, of Hartford, Conn., are at the Palmer.

Senator John A. Logan left for Washington via the Pittsburg & Fort Wayne yesterday afternoon.

There is a great deal of inquiry at the County Board rooms in regard to the Reform School property, which is to be sold at auction on the 31st inst.

Frau Materna and maid, of Vienna, Austria; Miss Annie Louise Cary and maid, of Portland, Me.; and Theodore Thomas, of New York, are at the Pacific.

It is stated that another Presbyterian pastor contemplates leaving the city, the Rev. T. J. Lamont, now settled as pastor of Reunion Church, on West Fourteenth street.

The receipts of internal revenue yesterday were $26,832, of which $18,347 was from spirits, $1,786 from cigars, $2,925 from tobacco, $3,511 from special, and miscellaneous sources, $1,262.

Mr. I. D. George, of No. 576 West Indiana street, was knocked down and run over on Clark street yesterday by a horse and buggy, his face being badly cut. A patrol-wagon took him home.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Manasse, optician, 88 Madison street, TRIBUNE Building, was at 8 a. m., 49 degrees; 10 a. m., 72; 12 m., 77; 3 p. m., 75; 6 p. m., 65. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.60; 8 p. m., 29.52.

Elizabeth Vanbrugen, a 3-year-old immigrant child, died in its mother's arms on an Illinois Central train yesterday, and was taken off at Kensington, where the Coroner held an inquest in the case. The child died from some disease not contagious.

The work of paving North Clark street between Chicago avenue and Division street will be begun soon, and the Clark street cars will be run on Wells street between those points, by way of switches at the corner of Clark and Division and Clark and Chicago avenue.

Tom Burns fell from a street-car in front of No. 555 West Madison street yesterday, landed on his head, and then stretched himself out on the pavement insensible. He was taken to his boarding-house, at No. 92 West Madison street, in a patrol-wagon, and restored to consciousness by a doctor.

Miss Frances E. Willard writes to headquarters, Room 65, No. 161 La Salle street, that at the Indiana W. C. T. U. Annual Convention, held May 16 and 17 at Indianapolis, 180 delegates were present and gave a solid vote for the full ballot to be given to women.

The officers who are interested in the formation of a veteran corps for the First Regiment held a meeting last evening at the armory and adopted a constitution and by-laws as reported by the committee. The meeting adjourned, after considerable discussion, for one week.

An unknown man, about 30 years of age, fell in a fit at the east abutment of the Eighteenth street bridge yesterday evening, and, striking his head against the railing, received severe injuries, including the loss of his left eye. He was removed to the County Hospital by the Twenty-second street patrol.

The Oriental Consistory, thirty-second degree Masons, of this city, will be guests of the Peoria Consistory Thursday, June 1, at the ceremonies of laying the corner-stone of the Masonic Temple at Peoria. The consistory will leave on the evening of the 31st, accompanied by a full band of twenty-one pieces.

Welch & Goggin, wholesale liquor-dealers at 190 Dearborn street, were before Commissioner Hoyne yesterday on complaint of Revenue-Officer Phelps, charged with doing business without a license. The case was continued until Thursday. It is claimed that the charge is founded upon some technical error.

Henry Strattan, an employé of the Kelly Barb-Wire Fence Manufacturing Company at No. 21 North Clinton street, was caught in the machinery and twisted around a shaft at the works yesterday afternoon, and was so seriously injured as to endanger his life. He was removed to the County Hospital by the Desplaines street patrol.

While Lieut. Ripley and Officer Stark were standing at the corner of Adams and State streets last night, two young men, named Thomas Kugan and John O'Brien, assaulted and attempted to rob an inebriated man named Peter Lumberg, who was standing on the opposite corner. Both of the would-be robbers were arrested.

The following insane people were lodged in the jail yesterday: Margaret O'Neill, corner of Wallace street and Baker avenue; T. J. Fahey, Brighton; James Donohue, No. 226 Maxwell street; Peter Anderson, brought from the Harrison Street Station; and William Edgar and Henry Collins, brought from the Desplaines Street Station.

Hank Ward, stroke of the famous crew of Ward Brothers, is now in Pullman and will remain there some six or eight weeks. He is busy selecting a crew, and will put them in active training for the Detroit regatta in August. The racing shell and working boats are already in shape, and the crews expect to make a good showing in the regatta.

Charles Miller, of Englewood, was assaulted by a couple of thugs on Clark street, near Polk, at half-past 10 o'clock last night, knocked down, and badly beaten. In the fall his left leg was broken, and he was removed to the County Hospital. John Murray, one of his assailants, was arrested and locked up at the armory by Officer Thomas Curtis.

The body of a man whose pockets were full of fishing-tackle, and who also had a couple of glaziers' knives with him, was fished out of the lake and taken to the morgue by the Harrison street patrol last night. The body was that of a man about 30 years of age, dressed in working clothes, with a strap around the waist to keep the trousers in place.

Charles Broanka, a section hand on the Northwestern Road, was accidentally run over and killed about 7 o'clock yesterday morning near the Sacramento street crossing by the Rockford accommodation train. The remains of the dead man, which were frightfully mangled, were removed to his home, No. 158 Augusta street. The inquest will be held today.

The inquest in the case of Mrs. Annie Martinque, the woman who was burned to death day before yesterday in consequence of a gasoline explosion at No. 131 Barber street, will be held Saturday. The two children of the unfortunate woman who were also horribly burned are still in a critical condition, and it is not improbable that the boy will die before the inquest is held on the body of his mother.

A rough-looking fellow, who gave the name of Jerry Brady, was arrested at Austin early Friday morning with the butcher's wagon of Andrew Danver, of No. 152 Randolph street, which he had stolen. In it was a rope and on his person were a revolver, a diamond glass-cutter, and a bottle of chloroform. Justice Smull committed him, in default of $1,000 bail, for trial at the Criminal Court.

Mr. M. G. Lampkins, of this city, has just issued the twelfth edition of her Standard Lawyers' Directory. It is neatly printed in pamphlet form, can be easily carried in the pocket, and contains the names and office addresses of all lawyers, Masters in Chancery, Justices of the Peace, and authorized Constables in the city, together with a quantity of other information valuable to the legal fraternity.

William B. Sullivan's Chicago Law Directory for 1882 was issued yesterday. It is in both map and book form. The directory contains the names of 1,453 attorneys, as against 1,388 in 1881. Of these, during the year, fifty-eight have left the city, twelve are out of practice, sixteen are dead. About seventy-five members have been added to the bar. Full particulars are also given of all the courts, Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the county.

The annual sermon before the Baptist Theological Union will be preached by Dr. P. S. Henson this morning at the Fourth Baptist Church, corner Washington and Paulina streets. This evening Dr. Lorimer preaches the annual sermon before the Pattison Missionary Society at the Immanuel Church, Michigan avenue, near Twenty-third street. His theme will be "The Great Commission." The Commencement exercises of the seminary occur tomorrow morning at the Immanuel Church.

John Ryan, of South Chicago, was lodged in the jail yesterday afternoon, in default of $3,000 bail, required by Justice Bremer of South Chicago, upon a charge of assault with intent to commit murder. The complainant is Fred Miller, and it is said that the assault was the outcome of a broil between his family and relatives. Ryan says he went to Miller's house to get some things belonging to him, and when they closed the door against him he broke it open with an ax. He denies having used the ax upon Miller, Mrs. Ryan, or any other inmate of the house, and claims that the charge is a trumped-up one.

A card was picked up on the Lake-Shore drive yesterday bearing the following written in pencil upon it: "Herman Schmedtgen drowned himself here May 9, 1882. Give this at the office, 100 street." Upon the other side of the card was written: "Please telegraph this to the police station." The only Herman Schmedtgen who appears in the directory is a contractor, living at No. 228 Sedgwick street, and as he was seen alive yesterday it is hardly possible that he can be the one referred to. It is perhaps a hoax, or it may be some other Schmedtgen, the chances being in favor of the former theory, as no missing man of that name has been reported to the police.

Yesterday morning C. M. Albenson, of the North Side Citizens' League, swore out two State warrants before Justice Kaufmann for the arrest of Mrs. Elisabeth Mueller, No. 107 Larrabee street, charged with selling liquor to minors and allowing minors to play pool in her saloon. Also two warrants against Conrad Beckstein, No. 679 North Ashland avenue, for selling liquor to habitual drunkards. Mrs. Julia Schroeder, No. 187 Sedgwick street, was arraigned before the same magistrate charged with selling liquor to a drunkard; continued under $300 bail until May 27. John Windbiel, No. 405 Larrabee street, for allowing minors to play pool in his saloon, was fined $3 and costs.

Work on the Wabash avenue cable road is now well under way, and the iron work in the west track is all in between Eighteenth and Twenty-first streets. The concrete-mixer at Twenty-first street is in running order, and the concrete is now being put in. A large force of men are at work, and their experience in the construction of the State street line will enable them to go ahead rapidly. Early next week a force of men will begin breaking ground on Cottage Grove avenue at Twenty-second street, and will work south, while the Wabash avenue gang works north. All of the necessary material is on the ground, and every effort will be made to complete the line in as short a time as possible.

The trunk store of M. M. Secor, in the basement of No. 73 East Madison street, was broken into between 5 and 7 o'clock yesterday morning, and $400 worth of ladies' hand-bags carried off. Entrance was effected by drawing out the hasps, thus removing the padlock, and then prying open the doors with a jimmy. The hand-bags, mostly sealskin ones, were taken out of two show-cases, which were stripped, and put into a trunk. The thieves also stole a valuable music-box and a pair of opera-glasses. Pinkerton's men watch the place, but they knew nothing of the burglary, since the clerks who opened the store at 7 o'clock were the ones who first discovered it. An express-wagon must have been used to take away the trunk. The police were informed of the facts, but, as they have no clew to the perpetrators, the robbers will probably never be caught.

Before Justice Meech yesterday there was an examination of the case against young Tommy Beard, the clerk who obtained a watch from W. B. Clapp & Co. on an order which purported to have come from Lyon & Healy, by whom Tommy was employed. The evidence was brief, but was dead against the prisoner, who went back to jail in default of a $500 bond to await the action of the grand jury. The story is that Tommy got the watch and a lot of other presents on bogus orders from the store, was very fond of a actress of whom he had become enamored. The name of the actress, Maud Clifton, did not figure in the examination yesterday, but the prosecution announced that they wanted to swear out more warrants against the prisoner on account of his irregularities committed in Maud's behalf. Justice Meech, however, advised that the young man's punishment was likely to be severe enough in the watch case, so no new warrants were issued against him.

The Foundling Asylum, under the charge of Sister Walburga and other Sisters of Charity, and which has been temporarily located at the corner of Superior and Franklin streets, has been removed to No. 191 La Salle avenue, at the southeast corner of Superior street. It will be remembered that the Sisters purchased a site on which they intended to erect a lying-in hospital and foundling asylum, but as this will require considerable more money than the Sisters can obtain for that purpose, they have purchased for the present, and for use until a more permanent building can be provided, the house at No. 191 La Salle avenue. This, however, will have to be paid for. There are now in the building fifteen foundlings, but there are at least four applications a day, which, for want of room, have to be denied. For this charity the Sisters fervently appeal to the public.

The mysterious case mentioned in yesterday's TRIBUNE regarding a young baby, a young woman, and a young lawyer did not get the anticipated ventilation yesterday before Justice Wallace. Mr. Charles M. Hardy, the attorney, appeared for the accused couple, and secured for them a continuance until next Wednesday afternoon, the bond being fixed at $300 each, and Mr. Hardy being the security. The charge against the couple was cruelty to a child. Their names, as may be recollected, were given as H. C. Cole and Amelia Wadsworth, and so they appeared upon the "sheet"; but it was whispered that in the South, for which part of the country they were about to take their departure—without the little one—when arrested at the Grand Central depot, they are not known as Mr. Cole and Miss Watsworth. The young woman, upon leaving the station-house, took the little baby with her.

The managers of St. Mary's Training School for Boys acknowledge the receipt of the following subscriptions received since May 10: Philip D. Armour, $1,000; the Rev. Francis A. Keenan Amboy, $500; Patrick Cavanagh, $100; F. W. Young, $200; M. A. Kerwid, $100; James McMuller, $100; William Weadley, $50; D. H. Scully, $50; William H. Keogh, $50; James T. Healy, $50; P. J. Towle, $25; the Rev. James Curtan, $75; Edw. McQuaid, $50; Charles Dennehy, $25; O'Callahan Bros., $25; M. F. Donoghue, $25; John R. Murphy, $10; Patrick Coughlin, $10; John Byrne, $5; John Reilly, M. D., $5; Patrick Healy, $5; John Hines, $5; Christopher Mench, $5; P. H. Coyle, $5; M. W. Bonfield, $5; Mrs. P. F. O'Connor, $5; Leyden & Doyle, $5; Morris & Goldsmith, $5; C. F. Wooley, $5; Philip Reidy, $5; P. Mahoney, $5; William Carroll, $5; Joseph F. Kavanagh, $5; Julius Cunradi, $5; Mrs. P. Healy, $5; Mrs. Mary Kavanagh, $5. Mr. James Flanagan, of the Stock-Yards, donated to the farm a fine horse. Any similar donations of cattle, hogs, etc., so much needed to stock the new farm, would be cheerfully received. Communications may be addressed to 2928 Archer avenue, the present city institution.

The interest of the business-men of the city in the prosperity of the German Aid Society seems to be on the increase, judging from the numbers in which they are becoming members of that organization. Following are the names of those who have lately joined the society, with the amount of contribution paid by them annually: Marshall Field, $50; Charles Gossage, $25; A. A. Munger, $30; Hart & Bradley Manufacturing Company, $25; Henry Villard, $50; J. V. Farwell, $25; Ludwig Wolf, $25; Meyer, Strauss & Goodman, $25; Selz, Schwab & Co., $25; H. A. Kohn, $25; Josef Frank, $25; M. Wunnenberg, $25; Leopold Bros., $25; Clement, Bane & Co., $20; Einstein & Longini, $15; Henry W. King, $10; Keith Bros., $15; Carson, Pirie & Co., $15; Sweet, Dempster & Co., $10; E. Dewey, Harvey & Co., $10; Kuppenheimer & Co., $10; Hart, Abt & Marx, $10; Strauss, Kohn & Co., $10; Lindauer Bros., $10; Silverman & Co., $10; Beifeld Bros., $10; R. F. Chritchell & Co., $10; John V. Farwe, $10; George C. Clark & Co., $10; Fred J. James & Co., $10; Louis Hutt, $5; Charles Wachsmuth, $10; Louis Stein & Co., $10; E. Schneider, $10; Peter Wolf, $10; Hart Bros., $10; F. Lehman, $25; Julius Jonas, $10; Rothschild Bros., $10.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS—THE CITY ADMINISTRATION DENOUNCED.

A large meeting of property-owners and residents of the district lying south of Twelfth to Sixteenth street and west of Blue Island to Ashland avenues was held last evening at the southwest corner of Throop and Fourteenth streets. Mr. R. F. Buckley was called to the chair, and stated the object of the meeting, which was to protest against the present City Administration for its negligence in the way of improving the streets in the district. Previous administrations, from the time of the fire until Harrison became Mayor, had done nothing. The streets and alleys were made passable, but nothing had been done since "the best," etc., had come into office. The Aldermen from the Ward were also to blame, more especially Ald. Riordan, whose voices were never heard in their behalf.

Mr. E. C. McGrath said he had always been a Democrat, but he would be one no longer if frauds like the present Mayor were elected to office. The streets were simply horrible, and were cesspools of indecency. He had it on good authority that the Mayor himself, riding in his buggy, got stuck on Centre avenue, and was obliged to take to the sidewalk. That ought to convince him of the need of improvement. If it didn't, he hoped the Mayor would make one more visit and get drowned, as he easily could be in that vicinity.

Remarks were also made in the same vein by Mr. Fleming, Mr. William Connell, and others. Mr. Connell said the Aldermen always came around about election time to get their votes, but that was the last seen of them east of Blue Island avenue.

The following committee was then appointed to wait on the Mayor and Commissioner Cregier Monday afternoon and present the claims of the district: Matthew Fleming, E. C. McGrath, William Connell, R. F. Buckley, August Niedendorf, and Martin Meyerpoffer.

The meeting then adjourned.

GOODS ON FALSE PRETENSES.

The forgery case wherein a lot of gents' furnishing goods were obtained from the firm of Gage Brothers & Co. on bogus orders which purported to have come from the firm of Schlesinger & Mayer had an airing yesterday before Justice Wallace. David Seelig, the young man who sold the goods, admitted that he had figured in the scheme, but attempted to prove that an employé of Schlesinger & Mayer "stood in" with him. The lies he told, however, were so very palpable that they could not stand the test of Justice Wallace's shrewd questioning, and Seelig was held to the Criminal Court in bonds of $400. Harry Atwell, charged with being an accomplice, was discharged, the only evidence against him being the stories told by the self-confessed crook, Seelig. A. Friedenberg, the third defendant, took a change of venue to Justice Prindiville, who held him to the Criminal Court in bonds of $500, as an accessory to the forgery. The cases against E. Levene and Samuel Flower, the clothiers who purchased the goods, were continued. Flower stated that he bought the goods from Seelig, thinking the latter was telling the truth when he claimed to be a drummer selling on commission. He exhibited a bill of sale made out by Seelig, and the writing in this bill of sale corresponded exactly with the writing in the forged orders, proving conclusively that Seelig was the forger. Mr. Flower's reputation has always been excellent, and his friends do not believe him guilty.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.

William B. Henescheets, the ex-bookkeeper of C. A. Pulsifer & Co., who was arrested recently on a charge of embezzlement, had a hearing before Justice Wallace yesterday afternoon. The evidence of Mr. Pulsifer and others brought out the following facts: "Willie," as everybody called him, was cashier, settling clerk, and had charge of a set of books. He also made the deposits in the bank. April 9, 1880, he took $90 in currency, changing the figures on the ticket, and later $425 in checks, which, however, he subsequently deposited one at a time, pocketing an equivalent amount in currency. During Mr. Pulsifer's absence in the East three corn receipts disappeared. After a long search they were found at Buckingham's elevator, and Mr. Pulsifer had to pay $1,100 for the corn. The discrepancy between the office books and the bank books was about $1,500. So the alleged peculations of "Willie" amounted to over $2,500. He ran away in October, 1881, but returned in March, when he was arrested. Mr. Pulsifer asked him why he took the money and he said he didn't know. He acknowledged his guilt, and said if he was given until the 8th of April he would return the money—that he would get it from his grandfather. Mr. Pulsifer "hated to prosecute him," as Henescheets had been in his employ for eight or nine years, and he was willing to wait. He visited the office afterwards and said he had the money, but didn't come around again, so Mr. Pulsifer had him arrested. Henescheets made no defense, so he was held in $2,500 bail to await trial at the Criminal Court. His father-in-law is signing the bond. It is understood that the young man lost the money speculating on the Board of Trade.

DECORATION-DAY.

The Central Committee, in whose hands was left the matter of assigning the different posts of the Grand Army of the Republic for service at the cemeteries on Decoration-Day, May 30, have in part completed the details of the program for that important occasion. Abraham Lincoln Post No. 91, Post No. 199, and Post No. 50 are detailed for Oakwoods Cemetery, and will be assisted by the Lackey Zouaves and the Englewood Veteran Club. Post No. 28 and the Veteran Union League are detailed for Rosehill. Gen. Custer Post No. 40 and Whitney Post No. 7 are detailed for Calvary. Gen. George H. Thomas Post No. 5 and Lyons Post No. 9 are detailed for Graceland. There will be an address delivered at Oakwoods, and probably at each of the other cemeteries. Col. R. H. Rayner, Chairman of the Committee on Memorial Services to be held one week from today in some hall not yet decided on, announces that very complete arrangements are being made for that occasion.

THE ELECTRIC-LIGHT ORDINANCE.

Although the second ordinance passed by the Council giving a franchise to the Brush Electric Light Company has become a dead letter, the Mayor having vetoed it, that corporation hasn't given up hope of attaining its object.

"We shall go to the Council with another ordinance," said Mr. Robert Law to a TRIBUNE reporter yesterday. "The Mayor fixed up the last one to suit himself, yet after it went through he killed it. We won't go to him any more."

"Why don't you put the wires underground?"

"It can't be done in Chicago. There is no danger from wires above ground if they are properly insulated, and it is for our interest to see to that. If we can't have a pole ordinance we will have to abandon the field. The wires are strung in Philadelphia and other cities on poles, and there is no alarm, because there is no necessity for any. The talk here about danger to firemen, etc., is all bosh. If a wire broke the current would stop, and any one could handle the ends. We are going to try the Council again."

THE BAR ASSOCIATION.

The Bar Association yesterday afternoon held a meeting for the purpose of adopting resolutions advocating the passage of Senator Davis' United States Appellate Court bill. Mr. Huntington W. Jackson, from the Committee on Judiciary, offered the following, stating that he had seen Judge Drummond, who assisted in preparing the bill:

Whereas, The Chicago Bar Association has learned with pleasure of the passage by the Senate of the United States of a bill introduced by Senator Davis, of Illinois, providing for the establishment of Appellate Courts, now so urgently needed by the condition of the business in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States; therefore,

Resolved, That we respectfully urge the House of Representatives to take up said bill at an early day and adopt the same.

Judge Miller and Mr. C. C. Bonney each spoke of the necessity of the passage of this bill, as the overcrowded condition of the Supreme Court demanded just such relief as was proposed by the bill.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Farlin Q. Ball offered the following, which was also adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary be and he is hereby directed to forward a certified copy of the said resolution to each of the Senators and Representatives from the State of Illinois, and that a copy thereof be forwarded to the Speaker of the House of Representatives with the request that he lay the same before the House.

DECLARED TO BE SPENDTHRIFTS.

The Probate Court yesterday was engaged in hearing the case of Louisa E. M. Windwood, who was alleged to be a spendthrift. There was a jury in the case. Mrs. Windwood fell heir to a vast estate in England and in this country, she having two children. Her mode of life was such that the Humane Society took charge of her children and Judge Knickerbocker appointed a guardian for them. Mrs. Windwood's condition is best expressed by the verdict of the jury in the case, which recites:

That in the case of Louisa E. M. Windwood, alleged to be a spendthrift, we are satisfied that by the excessive use of opium or liquor her mind has become so impaired that she has lost ordinary control of herself, and that she is living a life of idleness, profligacy, and debauchery, and that she wastes and lessens her estate so as to expose herself and family to want and suffering, and that she is a spendthrift and is incapable of controlling or managing her estate, and that she is a resident of Cook County, the mother of two children, and has no husband so far as known."

Thomas Hanare was tried by a jury upon the charge that he was a confirmed drunkard, and the jury decided that he was, and recommended that a conservator be appointed to manage his property.

MANUAL TRAINING.

A regular meeting of the Chicago Institute of Education was held yesterday forenoon in the rooms of the Board of Education. The annual report of the Treasurer showed the receipts for the year to have been $102; expenditures, $81; balance on hand, $21.

Prof. S. H. Peabody, of the Illinois Industrial University, read a paper on "Higher Educational Education." He said that the London Exhibition of 1851 marked an era in the progress of the world. The aggregate human brain was in a great ferment in that year. The International Exhibitions that had been held since had been equally valuable in stimulating the industrial sciences. The Professor then sketched the work that had been done in the establishment of polytechnic schools in this country. Technical schools were now an imperative need, and with this aid it might be possible to organize and equip trade schools. Manufacturers felt today more than ever the need of artisans competent to direct the labor of others—men whose knowledge must be on a scientific basis. Such men could only be supplied through the agency of technic schools.

A vote of thanks was tendered Prof. Peabody for his interesting and instructive essay.

CHICAGO NATIONAL BANK!

A Bank Interested in the Welfare of Its Depositors.

The Chicago National Bank have just received their new seven-ton safe. This steel chest is a marvel of security and was built by the famous Hall's Safe & Lock Co., who employed all of their late patents in its construction. The safe is made of drill-proof welded iron and steel, and the plates are held together by Hall's patent conical threads and screws and rivets and machine screws of same material as safe. These conical screws prevent the stripping of the plates. The corners are solid bent angles welded at joints, and where the plates join they are dovetailed closely and securely into each other. This makes the safe impregnable against the drill, wedge, blow-pipe, or explosive compounds. The doors have no spindles, the connections with the lock and bolt-work is made by Hall's patent, built in disc that cannot be pulled out by the hydraulic jack or driven in with the sledge.

The time-lock attached is one of Hall's famous infallible movements. That affords the same security as any other time-lock, and is so mechanical that in case the movements stop or become disarranged the safe can be opened without damage.

This is a very essential point to the bank, as it relieves them of the dread of being locked out. The Hall's Safe & Lock Company have made their reputation solely upon the merits of their work, as there is not a single instance where one of their burglar safes have ever been robbed, and we think the Chicago National Bank were wise in their selection.

LOCAL ITEMS.

The tarrif-(ic) proprietor of a certain city daily paper thus quotes to his admiring new city editor, with slight variations, from Byron:

Roll on thou deep and dark blue (Inter) Ocean, roll
Ten thousand suits sweep over thee in vain;
Fleece marks the earth with ruin;
His control stops with thy shore.

One of the events of the season was the reopening yesterday of Brown's handsome and attractive billiard hall, Nos. 100 and 102 Madison street. The establishment is furnished with thirteen Monarch cushions tables, ivory balls, and perfection cues from the factory of the J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co. Here the admirers and devotees of the "gentlemen's game" will find one of the most unique and best appointed billiard halls in Chicago, for Mr. Brown has spared no expense in its equipment, while his popular price of 30 cents per hour still obtains.

A city journalist well-known in ward club and kindergarten circles describes a young man's hesitation before entering a gin-mill, as "stopping upon the threshold of a drink."

L. E. Brabrook, the merchant tailor, keeps two skillful cutters busy constantly supplying the the demand made by all classes for perfect-fitting, substantial suits, of which he makes a specialty at most reasonable prices. Those who have been "suited" by him always tell the "other man" where he got that splendid fit.

It is the general opinion in England that the late Jesse James was a member of Congress. They seem to have forgotten the injunction "Speak no evil of the dead."

A. E. Doré & Co., the popular grocers, 533 West Madison street, have just received an extra fine garden Formosa Oolong Tea, pronounced by connoisseurs to be far superior to anything in this market. Lovers of tea should not fail to try this.

The Czar never receives anybody after 1 o'clock. The remainder of the day he spends in the palace sub-cellar, locked in a Marvingovski fire-proof safe, clad in his cast-iron ulster. He received Lieut. Danenhower at 3, however, on that gentleman making an affidavit that he wasn't a Nihilist and could not play on the cornet.—*Puck.*

Ladies, to furnish homes from headquarters, for bargains in furniture, carpets, and folding parlor beds, visit Empire Parlor Bedstead Company's, 383 West Madison street, the cheapest and best place for cash or installments.

That intelligent appreciation which recognized Egan & Treat as the leaders of artistic tailoring in Indianapolis is making its presence felt here also, and at their handsome establishment, 120 Dearborn street, some of the best-dressed gentlemen in Chicago are "turned out."

A new way to compliment a mean man is to say: "He is pretty mean in some respects, but then, after all, he is meaner in other respects." That sort of lets the man down easy, and makes him think he is not so confounded, allfired mean after all.

The elegant stock of watches carried by N. Matson & Co. can not be surpassed by any other firm in the West. Those in need of a good timekeeper should not fail to examine their assortment and prices.

A man having said that his mother-in-law was very ill and not expected to live, somebody remarked: "You can't tell anything by what he says. He always looks on the bright side of things."

The excellence of O'Neil's new restaurant, 145 Dearborn street, has been quickly recognized by an appreciative public, evidencing the fact that one of the best conducted restaurants in the city is located on Dearborn street next the TRIBUNE Building.

A Parisian journalist writes: "Monsieur, I cannot myself the pleasure do to you fight this afternoon. I have the gum-boil of my father, and the bunion of my grand-uncle. I will with great the pleasure some other time you meet with the rapier. I have the honor, etc.—*Exchange.* The gentleman also seems to possess the grammatical ability of his great progenitor, the ape.

John F. Reid, the artistic tailor, in the Haverly Theatre Building, is offering a special line of business suitings for $30, marked down from $38.

A Protestant was trying to convince a Catholic that the belief in purgatory was all folly. "You may go further and fare worse," said the Catholic.

The Studebaker Bros., of South Bend, have just furnished the South Side City Railway Company with 100 of their celebrated wagons.

Apropos of the announcement that bustles are again coming into vogue this conundrum, with its answer, presents itself. In what respect does a bustle differ from a rich man about to become bankrupt? The one is better off before, and the other is better off behind.

The universal favorit cigarettes are the pressed "Little Beauties," pure and fragrant.

A jealous husband having rushed into his parlor expecting to find there the destroyer of his peace, found nobody. "Better luck next time," said he.

The largest millinery store on the West Side is Hall's, 223 West Madison street.

Sitting Bull is credited with remarking in a thoughtful manner: "What a pity it is that our forefathers, the noble sons of the forest, failed to pass an anti-European bill early in the seventeenth century."

Skilled workmen, the best material, a fine, stylish suit can be found at Turner's, 85 Madison street.

A quarryman said he couldn't see any danger in smoking while he was handling powder. He can't see anything now.

Parties in need of brick are finding the Weems stone a cheap and superior substitute. Office 233 Dearborn street.

Mrs. Bowline (watching the dancers)—"Ah, but see what a pretty figure young Chisel, the sculptor, makes on the floor." Mr. Twitchell (a rival sculptor who chanced to overhear)—"So he does; but it's a deuced sight prettier figure than he can make out of marble."

The fashionable tailors, Upham & Purinton, 91 Madison (opposit TRIBUNE Building), have just received an elegant stock of latest styles in summer suitings.

Brown—"So old Tightfist is very sick? Have they given up all hope?" Fogg—"Yes, all hope." Brown—"Very sad, isn't it?" Fogg—"Very sad. They did have strong hopes until yesterday, but now they fear he is going to get well."

If you visit the festival, be sure to buy one of those stylish straw hats from Cooper, the Hatter, 134 Clark street.

The old proverb, "The better the day the better the deed," doesn't apply to an instrument conveying real estate drawn up on Sunday.

For style, fit, finish, material, and price, his customers say Mackey, the Palmer House tailor, 181 State street, cannot be excelled.

A pretty girl in Sweden turned up her nose at her poor but deserving lover, and it froze in that position. Now she doesn't know whether to retire from the world or hire out to stand in somebody's hall as a hat-rack.

Oil stoves are becoming a positive necessity. We recommend those made by Reddy & Co., 167 Adams street.

The Detroit *Free Press* is authority for the fact that Kentucky girls register their love-letters so that they will not fall into wrong hands. We presume they send their kisses by post-office order.

Dr. Day's dental establishment, corner of Madison and Clark, now being remodeled, will be one of the finest on this continent.

"You don't seem to relish wit this morning," said a would-be wag to Foote. "You haven't tried me yet," was the cruel reply.

The finest decorated millinery store in Chicago is Hall's, 101 State street.

If you wish to know the climate of any high mountain, why go to it and climb it.—*Cincinnati Saturday Night.* We ascent.

The finest crayon portraits are those by Ahlborn, 335 West Madison street.

A famous race-horse is named "Little Brown Jug." He is always full of spirit.

"I'm in love," the new card, ten cents. Chapin's, corner Madison and Dearborn sts.

The bald-headed man's idea of heaven is a place where burlesque opera performances will go on without end.

Ralph Waldo Emerson amassed a fortune of over $300,000. He didn't make money as fast as Billy Emerson, but he saved more.

SOMETHING NEW IN ADVERTISING.

D. R. Musselman & Co., of Louisville, Ky., the renowned manufacturers of plug-tobaccos, have brought out a new article possessing qualities in point of flavor, purity, and special selection of Kentucky leaf which not only rivals, but is pronounced by connoisseurs superior to the best Virginia brands. The Messrs. D. R. Musselman & Co. have christened their new brand "Boot-Jack." Whether this strange name has been selected for euphony, peculiar appropriateness, or as a whim of the manufacturers remains a mystery. The proprietors won't tell, not because of the rare excellence of the article itself, because, so to speak, it is in everybody's mouth. Much speculation is rife as to why the name was selected. A large number of solutions of the problem have been sent in, but none of them appear to be correct, and, in order to stimulate the wits of Chicago and the whole Northwest to go on guessing, it is the intention of the discoverer of Boot-Jack to soon offer a princely premium for the real reason why Boot-Jack is not only peculiarly appropriate, but the best name for a tobacco which is at once a novelty and a revelation in high-grade goods. The Messrs. Musselman expect some one will hit the mark and get the beautiful gift. Meantime they advertise "Boot-Jack."

DRUGGISTS, TAKE WARNING.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 20.—Some time ago Mrs. Estella Marshall had a prescription filled by one of the clerks at J. H. Brown's drug-store in this city. She alleged a serious blunder in the prescription, to the great damage of her health, and sued Brown therefor. She got a verdict in the Circuit Court for $1,500. Brown appealed to the Supreme Court. The judgment was set aside and a new trial ordered. This ended today, after about ten days spent in it, with a verdict of $4,000 for Mrs. Marshall. The case has attracted much attention.

THE NEW COMET.

PHELPS, N. Y., May 20.—Wells' comet was visible to the naked eye last night in the constellation of Cassiopeia.

MARRIAGES.

DODD—WALTERS—At Chicago, May 18, Ed Dodd and Millie B. Walters.

☞ London and Toronto papers please copy.

SWASEY—BECK—May 17, 1882, Du Page, Ill., Mr. S. S. Swasey and

FINANCIAL.

Failure at Boston, and Unexpectedly, of the Oldest Iron House in the Country.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

BOSTON, Mass., May 20.—Rumors were rife in business circles thus the failure of an old and prominent iron house in this city had occurred. It was at first difficult to trace these reports to a fact, but, after diligent inquiry, it was learned that Samuel May & Co., at Nos. 16 to 20 Oliver street, were the firm referred to. Their place of business was at once visited, and there it was learned that the rumors were based on facts; that the house, having had several large payments to make yesterday, were unable to meet them, and consequently had been obliged to suspend, and had sent a circular to all of their creditors, calling a meeting for next Saturday. The members of the firm interviewed were unwilling to give any estimate of their liabilities, but it is known from excellent authorities that they amount to several hundred thousand dollars. To offset this the house claims to have ample assets, and that their suspension has been caused simply by their inability to obtain the needed ready funds.

The iron business for the past six or eight months has, as is very generally known, been extremely dull. Added to this the floods in the West, which constitutes the best market for iron, have had the tendency to check the demand for the production. The several advances in the Bank of England's rate of discount during the winter, which prostrated all business in that country, the carrying of a heavy stock, and the close margins on which it has been necessary to make sales, owing to the sharp competition and dull state of the market, have also been instrumental in bringing about the collapse. Interviews with leading gentlemen connected with other leading iron houses on Oliver street and vicinity show that the failure was a general surprise, though in a few instances, where it was known what a heavy load the house was carrying, the announcement was not altogether unexpected. At the time of writing it is impossible to state who are the heaviest creditors, though it is understood, upon the statements of those well informed, that nearly every leading house has claims ranging from several hundred dollars well up into the thousands. The clerks of the house are busily engaged in preparing a statement for presentation to the creditors, from which it is expected something of a definit character can be obtained early in the week. Until this is completed, only rough and uncertain estimates, based entirely on a general knowledge of the firm's business and on conjecture, can be given.

The house of Samuel May & Co. is the oldest in its line of trade in the country, and up to five years ago was the most prosperous and had a very high financial standing. In April or 1877, or towards the close of the long and severe panic, it yielded to the financial pressure, and, like many others, suspended. It was, however, speedily reorganized by Messrs. J. Russell and George P. May, both of the family of Samuel May, the founder of the house over a century ago, and by them the business has since been conducted. Both are comparatively young men, and they have spared neither pains nor enterprise to regain for the house its former high reputation. In this they had succeeded in a large measure, and yesterday's failure, therefore, comes upon them with added severity. Both members of the firm are reputed to be able business men, and stand well among their business associates, all of whom will sympathize with them in the misfortune that has overtaken them. Pending the meeting of the creditors and presentment of a statement of liabilities and assets, the business will go on as usual, under the direction of the assignee, and it is possible also that an arrangement will be made whereby it will be continued without interruption during the final settlement of affairs.

The Cleveland Bridge and Car Company Makes an Assignment.

CLEVELAND, O., May 20.—The Cleveland Bridge and Car Works Company assigned today to H. F. Sweetzer, of Titusville, and W. H. McCurdy, of Cleveland, who gave bond in $25,000, and will complete the contracts and continue the business of the company. The 700 employés were paid off today as far as the contracts demanded, and in a few days will be paid to May 1. President Claflin states that the assignment was forced by the pressure of obligations and the difficulty of obtaining ready money. He says the company's assets are $350,000 greater than its debilities; that it has contracts to construct $2,000,000 worth of bridges for the Lake Shore, Nickel Plate, Bee Line, Chicago & Atlantic, and Cleveland, Mount Vernon, & Columbus Railways, and to build about 700 cars. He says the works are worth $325,000, including upward of $100,000 of real-estate. The exact assets and liabilities cannot be ascertained for some time. Mr. Claflin thinks the company will be able to resume business in sixty or ninety days.

PETROLEUM.

Excitement in the Pittsburg Market.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 20.—Intense excitement prevailed at the Oil Exchange this morning. Exaggerated reports of the capacity of a big strike in Warren were received, and the fluctuations of quotations were frequent and quite large. The opening price was 65, but the market quickly jumped to 69, and then back again to 66, closing at noon at 66½ bid. The sales at the morning session aggregated 750,000 barrels.

There was a firmer feeling during the afternoon session, and the market was more settled, closing at 68 cents bid. Sales for the day were 1,561,000 barrels. Operators do not apprehend any serious results from the sudden break in the market; a few small dealers may be squeezed out, but heavy dealers will not be affected.

No Break at Bradford Yesterday.

BRADFORD, Pa., May 20.—The market opened at 63 cents, the decline being caused by the opening of the large well in Warren County, and declined rapidly to 64 cents, when strong elements came to the relief, causing a reaction to 65¾ cents. It has since declined to 67½ cents. There is a feeling of uncertainty, and the sales are heavy. It looks as if they will equal those of yesterday, which was the largest ever made in a single day.

Flies and Bugs.

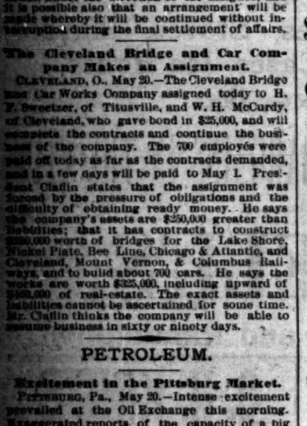
Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, insects, chip munks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15 cents.

The best and cheapest car-starter is sold by Gordon, Selleck & Co., Chicago, Ill. With it one man can move a loaded car.

Buck & Rayner have a dentifrice which whitens and preserves the teeth.

We recommend Eldredge sewing-machines.

PARKER



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212 S. CLARK ST.

LATEST DESIGNS IN

Suitings and Trouserings.

HATS made of Same Material to match.

STEPHENS,

CHIROPODIST, S. W. Corner State and Madison-sts. Hours 9 to 4. Room 10.

THE SPLENDID EXHIBITION of works of art, from Irving Bolstam artists, will remain open June 1, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., and 8 to 10 p. m., daily, in Philadelphia Academy of Fine Arts [illegible] near M. E. session.

LIST OF SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS!

TO BE OFFERED BY THE

"Parisian Suit Co."

THE ENSUING WEEK!

One lot of 50 Dresses in Striped and Plain Goods for the very low price of $8.

Check Silk Suits in all colors, $18 and $20.

All-Wool Flannel Suits, $6.

Satin Surah and Rhadame Dresses, $17.

Cloth Wraps, in colors, All-Wool, $5, $6, $8, $10, and $12.50; marked down from $10, $12, $15, $20, and $25.

Long Silk Brocade Garments, profusely trimmed with Fine Lace, $20 and $25.

Another invoice of Gossamer Rubber Circulars for $1.25; these goods are very fine and worth $5.

We will also open an invoice of Children's Rubber Circulars, in all sizes, for the low price of One Dollar and Fifteen Cents.

Children's Department.

Several hundred Boys' Kilt Suits, strictly All-Wool, $2, $2.50, $3, $4, and $5; marked down just one-half.

Everything in our Children's Department in Woolen Goods marked down to close before hot weather.

Comparison and inspection solicited.

PARISIAN SUIT CO.,

UNDER PALMER HOUSE,

STATE AND MONROE STREETS.

Wholesale and Retail Agents for Harper's Celebrated Bazar Paper Patterns.

SEEK

health and avoid sickness. Instead of feeling tired and worn out, instead of aches and pains, wouldn't you rather feel fresh and strong?

You can continue feeling miserable and good for nothing, and no one but yourself can find fault, but if you are tired of that kind of life, you can change it if you choose.

How? By getting one bottle of BROWN IRON BITTERS, and taking it regularly according to directions.

Mansfield, Ohio, Nov. 26, 1881.

Gentlemen:—I have suffered with pain in my side and back, and great soreness on my breast, with shooting pains all through my body, attended with great weakness, depression of spirits, and loss of appetite. I have taken several different medicines, and was treated by prominent physicians for my liver, kidneys, and spleen, but I got no relief. I thought I would try Brown's Iron Bitters; I have now taken one bottle and a half and am about well—pain in side and back all gone—soreness all out of my breast, and I have a good appetite, and am gaining in strength and flesh. It can justly be called the *King of medicines*.

JOHN K. ALLENDER.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is composed of Iron in soluble form; Cinchona the great tonic, together with other standard remedies, making a remarkable non-alcoholic tonic, which will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Malaria, Weakness, and relieve all Lung and Kidney diseases.

THE ONLY NEW STOCK OF FURNITURE IN CHICAGO.

HILDRETH & CO.

Old Stand, 221 and 223 State-st.

Formerly of HOLTON & HILDRETH.

Factory—86, 88, 90 and 92 West Randolph-st.

NEW STYLES

FURNITURE

JUST ARRIVED.

We now exhibit at our new warerooms an unusually full line of

EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS

In PARLOR & CHAMBER Furniture of all kinds; NOVELTIES in ODD PIECES, etc., not obtainable elsewhere, to which we invite YOUR SPECIAL ATTENTION.

ELEGANT Passenger Elevator to each of the five floors.

C. C. HOLTON,

Of the late firm of Holton & Hildreth,

224, 226 & 228 WABASH-AV.

N. B.—Our facilities are such that we can FILL ORDERS without delay.

OIL STOVES.

THE LITTLE GIANT.

4 Sizes, $1.50 to $10.00.

Manufactured by

WM. H. HESS, 100 Lake-st.,

Is the most powerful OIL STOVE in the market. Is absolutely NON-EXPLOSIVE, and the only one that CAN BE KEPT PERFECTLY CLEAN. Fully Warranted. Retailed by all stove-dealers, or at Headquarters, 100 Lake st. At Wholesale by Brintnall, Lamb & Co., 72, 74 & 76 Lake-st; G.W. Fish & Co., 151 Lake-st; Geuder & Paeschke Mfg. Co., 79 & 81 Lake-st; Hess Stove Works, 100 Lake-st.; Watson Foundry, 312 & 314 West Lake-st.

CATARRH

Throat. Lung.

Diseases, to which DR. PEIRO devotes exclusive attention. Office, 95 Madison-st. Hours, 9 to 4.

THE HESS FURNACE

Is the Only "Pure Air" Furnace in the Market.

Is made on Common-sense Principles. Has No Equal for Power or Economy of Fuel. NOW is the best season of the year to get the work done and get the May discount. HESS STOVE WORKS, 100 Lake-st.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, April 29, 1882.

Notice is hereby given to the shareholders of "The Third National Bank of Chicago," that a meeting of the shareholders will be held at the office of the Receiver, in the City of Chicago, Ill., on Wednesday, June 7th, next, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing an agent to whom the assets of the bank will be transferred and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 of the act of Congress approved June 30, 1876.

JNO. JAY. KNOX, Comptroller of the Currency.

Grand Opening!

TO-MORROW (Monday) MAY 22,

AT BLOOM'S NEW CLOAK AND SUIT STORE,

191 STATE-ST.,

Near Adams-st., opposite the Fair.

Having purchased an extensive stock of this season's Goods at forced sales in the East, at much less than cost to manufacture, shall offer this week the following

Great Bargains:

100 Ladies' All-Wool Jackets, worth $7.50, for $3.50
100 Ladies' All-Wool Jackets, worth $8.00, for $3.75
75 Jackets, all the new shades in tinsel goods, worth $12.00, for $7.50
150 All-Wool Dolmans, worth $8.00, for $4.90
350 Elegant Styles at $5.00, $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, and $9.00
75 Black Diagonal Dolmans, worth $7.50, for $4.45
50 Black Diagonal Dolmans, elegantly trimmed, worth $9.00, for $5.50
25 Satin de Lyon Dolmans, trimmed with Lace and Fringe, worth $12.00, for $8.00
100 Fine Garments, worth $75.00, at half-price.
75 Gingham Suits, worth $4.00, for $2.50
100 Black Silk Suits, worth $20.00, for $12.00
200 Children's Cloaks, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00, $3.50, and $4.00

BLOOM'S, - - - 191 State-st.,

NEAR ADAMS, OPPOSITE THE FAIR.

New Departure

AT

THE FAIR.

E. J. LEHMANN

Owing to the large and increasing demand for

GOOD GOODS

In Men's, Boys' & Children's

CLOTHING!

THE FAIR has opened a

Manufactory of Clothing

ON A LARGE SCALE.

This enables us to sell cheaper than the large Clothing Houses in the city, who all buy their goods ready made and pay

From 25 to 35 Per Cent Profit

To the manufacturer. This profit will be given to the customers of THE FAIR.

Customers will find better made and better style goods than the wholesale houses make up.

SUITS, ALL SIZES, PRICES $1.75 to $20.

Spring Suits for big and little. Dollar Pants.

CIGARS.

Cash Is King!

Another Bankrupt Stock bought at fifty cents on the dollar.

An Eastern Cigar Manufactory bought out. They had

630,000 CIGARS!

We bought them at our price for cash, and will sell them at 20 per cent less than manufacturers' cost by the case, thousand, or box.

It will pay jobbers, cigar dealers, druggists, grocers, and saloonkeepers to call on us or send for our new price list, which will be mailed on application.

State-st., Adams-st., Dearborn-st.

20 YEARS

In the Harness Trade.

CHICAGO HARNESS M'F'G CO.,

50 Dearborn-st.

Extraordinary INDUCEMENTS for the next thirty days, as per the following prices:

Single Buggy Harness - $ 7.50
Single Buggy Harness - 8.00
Single Buggy Harness - 9.00
Single Buggy Harness - 10.00
Single Buggy Harness - 11.00
Single Buggy Harness - 12.00
Single Buggy Harness - 13.00
Single Buggy Harness - 14.50
Single Buggy Harness - 16.50
Single Buggy Harness - 18.50
Single Buggy Harness - 20.00
Single Buggy Harness - 22.00
Single Buggy Harness - 25.00
Single Buggy Harness - 30.00
Single Buggy Harness - 35.00
Single Buggy Harness - 40.00
Single Strap Harness - $13.50 to $50
Double Buggy Harness - $20 up
Coupe Harness - - $35 up
Farm Harness - - $18 up
Rope Farm do - - $10 up
Express do - - $15 to $45
Truck Harness - $35 to $55

All goods pertaining to Horse-Furnishings at "BED-ROCK PRICES."

50 DEARBORN-ST.

N. B.—HONEST GOODS & LOW PRICES.

HOSE — Garden Hose of best qualities. Lawn Mowers, Fountains, Hose Reels, and Garden Implements. ORR & LOCKETT, 184 & 186 Clark-st.

WINDOW SCREENS — Porter's Window Corners and Frames for windows and doors are cheap, strong, and handsome. Anyone can put them together. ORR & LOCKETT, 184 and 186 Clark-st.

CARPET SWEEPERS — Call and see the "SHELTON," the only perfect Sweeper made. Warranted satisfactory or money refunded. For sale wholesale and retail by ORR & LOCKETT, 184 and 186 Clark-st.

ICE BOXES — Ice Boxes and Refrigerators, Water Filters and Coolers, Table Cutlery, and Kitchen Utensils in great variety. ORR & LOCKETT, 184 and 186 Clark-st.

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS — All kinds Window and Door Screen Corners. Cheap, strong, and handsome. Stock for the rims of Screens, Windows, and Doors. J. D. SIMMONS, 90 West Lake-st., Patentee Simmons Sash Supporter.

Comic Pictures, Size 13½x17¼. Just the thing for SHOW WINDOWS. 12 for one dollar, or $100 a hundred. I'm a Daddy—for each. $8 a hundred. 100 beautiful cards for the Album, 50c. 200 beautiful cards for the Album, $1. Refer you to all Chicago. CHAPIN'S CHEAP PICTURE ROOMS, 123 Dearborn-st., Chicago. Send for list.

Candy — Just the thing for Holiday Presents. Send $1, $2, $5, or $10 for a retail box by express of the best Candies in America, put up elegantly and strictly pure, suitable for presents. Refers to all Chicago. Address GUNTHER, Confectioner, 78 Madison-st.

"EXACTLY SO"

HAVE YOU BEEN TO

GORDON'S?

"WHY, CERT'NLY!"

THIS JUSTLY CELEBRATED

Bargain Furniture House!

Has been crowded daily during the past week. Why? Because of the unprecedented prices. No such absolute

BARGAINS!

Were ever before offered in

FURNITURE!

Come early and see our stock of used

Wilton, Axminster, Moquette, English Body Brussels, and Ingrain Carpets,

Good as new, from the finest private residences in the city.

Plush, Hair Cloth, Rep, and Silk Parlor Sets, Marble and Wood-Top Chamber Suits,

Prices to suit the pockets of every one.

Desks, Ice Boxes, Mirrors, Saloon Fixtures,

For cash, easy weekly or monthly payments. Please carefully note address,

216 and 218 East Randolph-st.,

(Pieser Building, next door to Fuller & Fuller, and opposite Templeton's Bakery.)

N. B.—We wish to correct a statement in advertisement of last Sunday's Tribune and other papers, that

O. F. WIDMAN & CO., Show Case Manufacturers,

277 & 279 FIFTH-AV.,

Had gone out of business. One of the partners retired from the firm, and we purchased what stock was available then. They are still manufacturing Show Cases as usual at their old stand.

"Interesting"

TO

Furniture Buyers.

S. STRAUS,

58, 60 & 62 West Madison-st.,

Has the only complete Easy-Payment Furniture House in the city. Inquire of your neighbors how he treats them. No oppression in time of sickness or misfortune. No interest. No expense. The most complete stock to select from. Really the only house that can suit customers, from the cheapest to the finest goods, from a piano or sewing machine down to a broom, at his

THREE STORES,

58, 60 & 62 West Madison-st.

S. STRAUS.

I STILL CONTINUE TO MAKE

CABINETS

AT $2.50 PER DOZEN.

Henshel

PHOTOGRAPHER.

STUDIO: 212 & 214 State-st.

Formosa Tea Impt. Co.,

88 State-st.

FINEST COFFEES in the world. TEAS of above-site purity. Large variety of JAPANESE CURIOS at very low prices.

TRUNK — Tourists, Travelers, Excursionists should visit CHAS. T. WILL'S For Trunks, Satchels, Shawl Straps, &c. It will pay. No. 144 State-st.

THE BERLIN SUIT CO.,

226 STATE-ST.,

Will Open This Week a lot of Handsome

Gros Grain SILK DOLMANS!

Trimmed elegantly with Spanish Lace and Passementerie, latest style, and perfect fitting, at

$15.00!

Every lady contemplating to purchase a substantial, stylish, and handsome garment should examine this. We will not say "We are just out and will have some more next week."

We will also place on our counters an elegant Gros Grain Silk Suit, trimmed with three shirred flounces, Passementerie and all-silk Spanish Lace, at

$35.00!

Sold elsewhere at $45.00.

We are the only Cloak and Suit house in Chicago who manufacture ALL their own goods on the premises.

AN EARLY INSPECTION IS SOLICITED.

BERLIN SUIT CO.,

226 STATE-ST.

REMOVAL.

MRS. C. Thompson's

107 STATE-ST., Has Removed

Her Business to 32 East Fourteenth-st., New York,

Where all orders and correspondence will be sent.

BUY DURYEA'S SATIN GLOSS STARCH AND IMPROVED CORN STARCH,

IF YOU WANT THE BEST.

For sale by all Grocers.

Turkish BATHS — Electric, Russian, Mercurial, and Public Baths. The most favorable results follow these agencies. DR. G. C. KEE, Grand Pacific Hotel.

THE TURF.

How Three Chicagoans Decided to Buy a $15,000 Colt for $2,500.

The Lucky Purchasers of the Animal Now Scooping In the Stakes.

Some Facts About the Wonderful Colt's Run by Hindoo Last Friday.

The Races at Louisville Yesterday—Notes of the Track and Stable, Etc., Etc.

The Great Two-Year-Old Colt Purchased and the Chicago Men Who Came Out Ahead in Buying Him.

"I know three smart Chicago men are clubbing themselves some today," said a well-known man-about-town as he stood smoking a cigar at the corner of the Board of Trade last Wednesday afternoon just after the news had been flashed over the wires that Hindoo had won the Alexander Stakes at Louisville. "Clubbing themselves about what?" asked a TRIBUNE man, anxious to know what could have induced a trio of citizens to punish the weed in the manner indicated.

"Why because they didn't buy a half interest in Punster when it was offered to them different times before he had ever started in a race. Punster has won three rich stakes already—all he has started in, and the two Chicagoans who own him could can take $15,000 for him tomorrow if they like."

"But who are the three men who threw away this golden opportunity?"

"Jim Gore, Jim Murphy, and Joe Bowers," was the reply. "I'll tell you how it was. The colt came to be owned in Chicago, how the gentlemen who bought were very near having their chase fall through by reason of a delay in the delivery of a telegram; and also how the three men, who are known to be among the very best speculators in this big town, who will speculate on anything from three deuces to an international walking match, and plank their money down when they had just found it in the road-bed, were approached with an offer to sell them a half interest in Punster, and how they hastily but firmly declined, and have been feeling of their noses ever since. It was like this: Along early in the spring Frank Jones—who, by the way, was the first man that ever hitched up a team of trotters in his that could trot in 2:40—came along and confided he would like to have a run for his money. Not being particularly well provided with currency he looked around among his friends for a capitalist, and finally selected Jim Gore. This year, you know, Gore was elected a director of the Chicago Jockey Club, and ever since he has considered it part of his duty to take a deep interest in thoroughbred stock. In fact, as a matter of fact I don't suppose he ever saw Iroquois from Maud S. if the two were not in front of him. Jones explained his business to Gore at great length, and the latter, thinking that running horses could be run about the same price that ordinary cattle bring, told him to go ahead. 'Buy a few corn-crackers, Frank,' said Gore, 'and send the bill.'

"Jones was happy. He had secured a horse with plenty of money, and began to indulge in visions of buying Hindoo or Luke Blackburn, because the Dwyer boys could be induced to part with one of them. So he began operations by writing to New Orleans to ascertain if a certain year-old filly Anzilla, that had been heard of there, could be bought for. She came back that $7,500 would take her, but Jones didn't want to spend Gore's money that way, so he telegraphed to the owner of Anzilla that $6,000 would buy the filly he would give her a look at her. The answer came back that she might start, but just as Jones had made up his mind to start he received another telegram stating that Anzilla was not for sale at any price, and then he felt relieved at not having closed with the owner's first offer to sell her at $7,500. Jones then began to inquire about Hindoo's record, and found that he had won some good races last year, but by the time he was backed favorite for a race, chasing that animal he was found to be generally complaining in a leg, and the negotiations were declared off.

"About this time Jones heard that Pat Dwyer, Thomas, of Kentucky, the man who had bred Iroquois, Himyar and other good ones, had a number of 2-year-old colts for sale. One of these, Punster, by Gunnar, had been backed some for the Kentucky Derby, but the other, Punster, was the best he had ever heard about. So Jones took the first train for Lexington, and finds the colt all that good lookers and apparently all reports said he was. Thomas said he would take $2,500 for a half interest in the pair, or $5,000 for the pair. Jones thought they were cheap at the price, and came on to Chicago. He saw Gore, and said he had found two first-class colts. Gore asked the price, and when Jones mentioned the figures the latter didn't seem to be so feverishly anxious to go into the running-horse business as he had been, and the result was that he declined to invest.

"Then Jones was on his beam-ends, and began hunting around for another man. About the first man he struck was Dan Murphy. He explained the situation to him, and concluded to investigate. Jones then found another man in view who would furnish the half of the purchase money, but while Pulsifer and Murphy talked into the plan his other backers backed out, and matters were again at a standstill. Jones was so impressed by the stories of what Punster could do, however, that he concluded to buy the colt anyway if he could get a partner. The first man he selected was Jim Murphy, who was then exchange up the alley there, and who had an interest in Riley's pool-room. He told him all about Punster and Gunnar; what they were; and how much money could be made buying them. Jim heard him patiently. Then he put his hand on Jones's shoulder and said:

"'I like you, Dave, and I am sorry to see you trying to throw away your money. Now, you know your own business best. As for myself, I can only say that I once owned a trotting mare in York State called Celia. I had her for years, and the sleep I lost on account of that mare would have made me thirty years older. I am thankful for the friendship which would prompt you to make me this offer, but I must decline.'

"Then Pulsifer went to Joe Bowers and told the same story. Bowers listened to it, and then put his hand on Dave's shoulder and said:

"'I am always willing to put money on anything that looks promising.'

"Dave's face brightened up at this, for he had found a congenial spirit at last.

"'But,' continued Bowers, 'I have a particular friend of mine interested to the extent of over bears of my owning, or wanting to own, any part of a running horse he is to be consulted. Jim Murphy and myself are appointed for me and the question will be submitted to and examined by a jury.'

"The bright smile died out of Dave's face, and about this time, and he began to think he would have to buy those colts all by himself.

"Just then Andrew Scott, who owned two or three supposed flyers that he had been backing for cents for all winter, happened to drop in at the place of business, and Dave unfolded the whole matter to him. Scott said he would take a quarter interest in it if Dave took the other half. Pulsifer was sent to Lexington in a hurry to look at the colts. He saw them, and telegraphed back that Punster was worth all that Thomas asked for the pair. By this time the Chicago races were right at hand, and as Punster was to start in the St. Nicholas Stakes on the first day of the meeting, it was decided to keep the trade in a hurry, because if Punster won he would be worth at least $5,000 more. Arrangements were numerous and considerable telegraphing was done, and the night before Punster was to run it was decided that Punster were sold to Scott on the terms that Pulsifer, with the understanding that the purchase money—which was to be paid to Thomas in some Louisville banks—was not to be drawn from Chicago—was not to the latter in some Louisville banks until after Punster's race was started the trade was to be considered off. Pulsifer was notified of the purchase, and the next morning he was on the ground of the Chicago First National at 7 o'clock, so as to be there when the bank opened at 10. He had the money, and started for Louisville at once, and then notified Scott of the fact. This telegram, however, for some inscrutable reason, delayed until 9 o'clock Scott telegraphed Pulsifer that all was right, no matter was. In the meantime Punster had been entered for the race went on, and just as the horses were taken on the track Mal. Thompson received a telegram sent him early in the morning by Scott, who belonged to Pulsifer and Bowers, telling him that race, then he won the Nicholas Stakes, the same meeting, and now he is on his way from a crack field at Louisville to Chicago. Punster went to Louisville last Monday, and will start during the races, and I'll bet that when Punster comes flying under the wire Scott will be heard whooping it up for Pulsifer and Bowers, who had bought him early in the race, and gone into the running-horse business a little."

Hindoo's Louisville Cup Victory a Remarkable Performance.

The most notable event in connection with the running turf during the past week was the remarkable race made last Friday by Hindoo in the Louisville Cup. It will be remembered that the son of Virgil and Florine closed the season of 1881 under something of a cloud, having suffered defeat after a series of brilliant successes. But he was not long in finding himself, when he started in a mile and a quarter race at the Louisville last Wednesday he became a great favorite in the pools, and

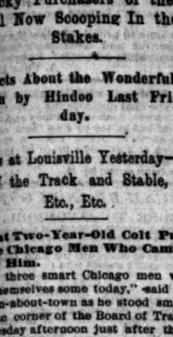
THE TURF.

How Three Chicagoans Declined to Buy a $15,000 Colt for $2,500.

The Lucky Purchasers of the Animal Now Scooping In the Stakes.

Some Facts About the Wonderful Race Run by Hindoo Last Friday.

The Races at Louisville Yesterday—Gossip of the Track and Stable, Etc., Etc.



The Great Two-Year-Old Colt Punster, and the Chicago Men Who Came Near Buying Him.

"I know three smart Chicago men who are stabbing themselves some today," said a well-known man-about-town as he stood smoking a cigar at the corner of the Board of Trade alley and Washington yesterday afternoon just after the news had been flashed over the wires that Punster had won the Alexander Stakes at Louisville.

"Clubbing themselves about what?" asked a THIRTEEN man, anxious to know what could have followed a trio of citizens to punish themselves in the manner indicated.

"Why because they didn't buy a half interest in Punster when it was offered to them dirt cheap before he had ever started in a race. He has won three rich stakes already—all he has started in, and the two Chicagoans who own that colt can take $15,000 for him tomorrow if they like."

"But who are the three men who threw away the golden opportunity?"

"Jim Gore, Jim Murphy, and Joe Bowers," was the reply. "I'll tell you how it was that this colt came to be owned in Chicago, how the men who bought were very near having the purchase fall through by reason of a delay in the delivery of a telegram; and also how these three men, who are known to be among the wisest and best speculators in this big town—men who will speculate on anything from three deuces to an international walking match, and plank their money down like they had just found it in the road—were approached with an offer to sell them a half interest in Punster, and how they hastily but firmly declined, and have been feeling of their heads ever since. It was like this: Along early in the spring Frank Jones—who, by the way, was the first man that ever hitched up a team in California that could trot in 2:40—came along and confided he would like to have a runner or two. Not being particularly well provided with currency he looked around among his friends for a capitalist, and finally selected Jim Gore. Last year, you know, Gore was elected a Director of the Chicago Jockey Club, and ever since then has considered it part of his duty to express a deep interest in thoroughbred stock, although as a matter of fact I don't suppose he could tell Iroquois from Maud S. if the two were led in front of him. Jones explained his scheme to Gore at great length, and the latter, supposing that running horses could be secured for about the same price that ordinary equines bring, told him to go ahead. 'Buy a couple of corn-crackers, Frank,' said Gore, 'and I'll settle the bill.'

"Jones was happy. He had secured a man with plenty of money, and began to indulge in visions of buying Hindoo or Luke Blackburn, in the days of old Derby form, and so invited to part with one of them. So he began operations by writing to New Orleans to ascertain what the 3-year-old filly Anglis, that had been running so well there, could be bought for. The answer came back that $7,500 would take her. Jones didn't want to spend Gore's money too fast, and so he telegraphed to the owner of Anglis that if $6,000 would buy the filly he would go down and look at her. The answer came back that he might start, but just as Jones had his satchel packed he received another telegram stating that Anglis was not for sale at any price, and that he felt sorry at having closed with the original offer to sell her at $7,500. His next move was to inquire about Big Medicine, a horse that showed good form last year, but by the time things looked favorable for purchasing that animal he was found to be complaining in a leg, and the negotiations were off. About this time Jones heard that Maj. B. G. Thomas, of Kentucky, the man that raised Runyar and other good ones, had a couple of 2-year-old colts for sale. One of them, called Genasar, had been backed some for the Kentucky Derby, and the other, Punster, nobody had ever heard about. So Jones takes the first train for Lexington, and finds the colts to be good lookers and apparently all right. Maj. Thomas said he would take $2,500 for either one of them, or $5,000 for the pair. Jones concluded they were cheap at the price, and came back to Chicago. He saw Gore, and said he had secured two three-cornered tips, named the price, and when Jones mentioned the figures the capitalist didn't seem to be so feverishly anxious to go into the running-horse business as he had been, and the result was that he declined the venture.

"Then Jones was on his beam-ends again, and began hunting around for another capitalist. About the first man he struck was Dave Pulsifer. He explained the situation to him, and Dave decided to investigate. Jones still had another man in view who would furnish half the purchase money, but while Pulsifer was being talked into the plan his other backer weakened, and matters were again at a standstill. Jones was so increased by the stories of what Punster could do, however, that he concluded to buy the colt anyway if he could get a partner. The first man he selected was Jim Murphy, who runs a grain exchange on the alley floor, and has an interest in Riley's pool-room. He told Murphy all about Punster and Gunnar; what great colts they were; and how much money was to be made buying a horse like him, and through patiently. Then he put his hand on Pulsifer's shoulder and said:

"'I like you, Dave, and I am sorry to see you trying to throw away your money. But you know you can't pick a winner. As for me, I can only say that I once owned a trotting mare down in York State called Celia. I had her three years, and the steep I lost on account of that mare would have made me the richest man younger. I am thankful for the friendship which led you to make me this offer, but I must decline.'

"Then Pulsifer went to Joe Bowers and told him the same story. Bowers listened to it. Then he put his hand on Dave's shoulder and said:

"'I am always willing to put money into anything that looks promising.'

"Dave's face brightened up at these words. He had found a congenial spirit at last.

"'But,' continued Bowers, 'I have given a particular friend of mine instructions that if he ever hears of my owning, or wanting to own, any part of a running horse he is to begin proceedings in the County Court to have a conservator appointed for me and the question of my sanity examined by a jury.'

"The bright smile died out of Dave's face about this time, and he began to think he would have to buy those colts all by himself.

"Just then Andrew Scott, who already had two or three supposed flyers that he had been buying oats for all winter, happened into Pulsifer's place of business, and Dave unfolded the scheme to him. Scott said he would take a half interest in it if Dave took the other half, and so Scott was sent to Lexington in a hurry to look at the colts. He saw them, and telegraphed Pulsifer that Punster was worth all that Maj. Thomas asked for the pair. By this time the Lexington races were right at hand, and as Punster was to start in the St. Nicholas Stakes on the second day of the meeting, it was necessary to close the trade in a hurry, because if the colt should win he would be worth at least $5,000, as his engagements were numerous and valuable. Considerable telegraphing was done, and finally, the night before Punster was to run, Gunnar and Punster were sold to Scott on behalf of himself and Pulsifer, with the understanding that if the purchase money—which was to be telegraphed from Chicago—was not to the credit of Maj. Thomas in some Louisville bank before Punster's race was started the trade should be considered off. Pulsifer was notified at once of the purchase, and the next morning he was sitting on the steps of the Chicago First National Bank at 9 o'clock, so as to be there when the bank opened at 10. He had the money telegraphed to Louisville at once, and then notified Maj. Thomas of the fact. This telegram, however, was, for some inscrutable reason, delayed, and about 11 o'clock Scott telegraphed Pulsifer to know what the matter was. In the meantime preparations for the race went on, and just as the horses were filing on the track Maj. Thomas received the telegram sent him early in the morning, and the colt belonged to Pulsifer and Scott. Punster won that race, then he won the Colt Stakes at the same meeting, and now he has bowled over a crack field at Louisville today. Jim Gore went to Louisville last Monday night to stay during the races, and I'll bet that when he saw Scott come flying under the wire ahead of the field he wished he had taken Frank Jones' advice and gone into the running-horse business a little."

Hindoo's Louisville Cup Victory, and the Remarkable Features.

The most notable event in connection with the morning turf during the past week was the remarkable race made last Friday by Hindoo in the Louisville Cup. It will be remembered that the son of Virgil and Florine closed the season of 1881 under something of a cloud, having suffered defeat after a series of almost unparalleled successes, but he wintered so well that when he started in a mile and one-sixteenth dash at Louisville last Wednesday he was made an odds favorite in the pools, as Checkmate, the only horse in the field having any chance to beat him, never having run kindly in the spring. He succeeded in defeating Hindoo, however, and to all appearances did the job easily, but close observers of the race saw that Hindoo was wretchedly ridden, being pulled back at the stand, and losing six lengths while the first quarter was being run. This was too great a zap to be overcome, even when whip and steel were applied, and the result was a victory for Checkmate. In view of this fact it was not surprising that when the pool-selling on the Cup race began Friday evening, Checkmate was a decided favorite. The Dwyer Brothers, owners of Hindoo, backed their colt freely—something they had not done two days previous, when he was to run against the same horse—and not a few followed their example, but the majority of horsemen put their money on Hindoo. The race was run in a very peculiar manner, and some of the most interesting facts connected with it seem to have been overlooked by those who sent the Associated Press report in the first place, there has never before been an instance on record of the winner of a Cup race taking the track when the flag fell and setting the pace for the entire journey. This Hindoo did, and the rate at which the race was run is also remarkable. The first mile was very slow, but from that point Hindoo began to move along in a style that defied the efforts of Checkmate to get to him. The last two miles were run in the remarkable time of 3:30, and the last mile in 1:42.

The race proves Hindoo to be, without exception, the very best horse in the country over a distance of ground, and unless he should break down or get out of form the events in which he is now engaged are practically at his mercy.

Yesterday's Races at the Louisville Jockey Club Meeting.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 20.—The Louisville Jockey Club continued its races today. The weather is cloudy and warm, but the attendance is large.

The first race was for the club purse of $200, distance three-quarters of a mile. The finish resulted in Maggie Ayer winning at the post by a length, Bootjack second, and Mammonist third, a length apart, followed by Jim Farrell, Standoff, Wimbledon, Hickory Jim, Trickum, Tom Boy, and Tom Bowling's colt, in the order named. Time, 1:15¾.

Second race—The Tobacco Stake, for 3-year-olds; $50 entrance, half forfeit; $500 added, of which $100 went to second; mile heats. Starters: Burnham, 110 pounds; Gus Mathews, 107 pounds; Square Dance, 105 pounds; Robert Bruce, 110 pounds; Lute Fogie, 110 pounds; Mistral, 110 pounds; Mamie W., 105 pounds.

First heat—Pools: Mistral, $165; Lute Fogie, $160; Burnham, $125; the field, $160. Bookbetting: 3 to 2 against Lute Fogie, 2 to 1 against Mistral, 3 to 1 against Burnham, 7 to 1 against Square Dance and Gus Mathews, 10 to 1 against Robert Bruce and Mamie W. Burnham made the running for seven furlongs, then Mistral and Gus Mathews headed him and ran a dead heat, two lengths in front, Lute Fogie third, Burnham fourth, Square Dance fifth, Robert Bruce sixth, Mamie W. seventh. Time, 1:43¾.

Second race, second heat. Pools: Mistral, $300; Lute Fogie, $60; Gus Mathews, $125; the field, $105. Robert Bruce took the lead at the start and kept it to the three-quarters, where Mistral headed him, came on and won the heat by two lengths, Burnham second, Gus Mathews third, Square Dance fourth, Lute Fogie fifth, Robert Bruce sixth, Mamie W. last. Time, 1:46.

Final heat. Pools: Mistral, $450; Gus Mathews, $60. Mistral took the lead and was never headed, winning the heat and race by a length and a half. Time, 1:52½. French pools paid $17.40.

Third race, club purse $200, for 2-year-olds, owners' handicap; five-eighths of a mile. Starters: Japonica, 85 pounds; Wayward, 77 pounds; filly by War Dance, dam Ballet, 81 pounds; filly by War Dance, dam Tarantulla, 68 pounds; Bonneretta, 70 pounds; Wandering, 68 pounds; Tom Boy, 85 pounds; Spray, 85 pounds. Pools: The field, $200; Wandering, $400; Spray, $115. Book-betting: Four to 5 against Wandering, 7 to 2 against Spray, 4 to 1 against Tarantulla filly, 6 to 1 against Japonica and Ballet filly, 7 to 1 against Bonneretta and Wayward, 8 to 1 against Tom Boy. Spray and Wandering collided at the start, causing both a bad send-off. Bonneretta took the track and kept the lead to within a hundred yards of the finish, when Wayward collared her, and won by a length, Bonneretta second, Japonica third, War Dance Tarantulla fourth, War Dance Ballet filly fifth, Wandering sixth, Spray seventh, Tom Boy last. Time, 1:02¾. French pools paid (Wayward in the field) $43.40.

Fourth race—handicap, steeple-chase; purse $400, of which $50 went to second; about one and one-half miles. Starters: Guy, aged, 140 pounds; Boston-on-the-Table, aged, 138 pounds; Judge Burnett, 4 years, 140, pounds; Suannona, aged, 142 pounds; Miss Malloy, aged, 144 pounds. Pools: Miss Malloy, $200; Guy, $200; the field, $200. Book-betting: Even money against Miss Malloy, 8 to 5 against Guy, 4 to 1 against Judge Burnett, 8 to 1 against the others. Suannona and Miss Malloy made the run over the obstacles in the infield, but Guy struck the main track first and held the lead to the finish, winning by five lengths, Miss Malloy second, some distance in front of Judge Burnett third, Boston-on-the-Table fourth, Suannona last. Time, 3:02¾. French pools paid $17.70.

Fifth race, club purse $250, of which $50 went to second; one and one-sixteenth miles. Starters: Bootjack, 3 years, 114 pounds; Forco, 4 years, 117 pounds; Capias, 3 years, 102 pounds; Quebec, 3 years, 102 pounds; Saunterer, 4 years, 114 pounds; Bend Or, 4 years, 117 pounds; Glendower, 4 years, 118 pounds; Hamadan, aged, 111 pounds. Pools: Bend Or, $475; Bootjack, $200; Force, $200; the field, $75. Book-bettinr: Even money against Bend Or, 3 to 1 against Bootjack and Force, 10 to 20 to 1 against the others. Quebec and Glendower made the running until they went into the straight, when Bootjack, Force, and Bend Or were brought up, and a driving finish ensued, Bend Or winning by half a length, Bootjack second, Force third, Capias fourth, Saunterer fifth, Hamadan sixth, Glendower seventh, Quebec last. Time, 1:48. French pools paid $8.

The entries for Monday's races and the first pools sold on each at the Turf Exchange tonight are as follows:

First race, three-fourths of a mile heats—Barcometer, $7; Pride, $50; Jim Farrell, $50; Robert Bruce, $10; Quebec, $20; Jennie V., $20; Lenore, $10.

Second race, one and one-fourth miles, the Clarke stake—Apollo, $100; Freeland, $250; Babcock, $105; Harry Gilmore, $100; Runnymede, $500.

Third race, one mile, welter weights: Rochester, $10; Duke of Kent, $60; Boulevard, $40; Mammonist, $35; Lute Forle, $20; Carley B., $10; Evasive, $15; Arcola Geiding, $8.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile dash, Tennessee Stake—Bruce, $35; Ascender, $65; Egyptian, $15; Elia, $50; Clipsetta, $50; Punster, $150; Bondholder, $50; Boccaccio, $5; Toosin, $5; Grinstead, $20; Vera, $50.

Fifth race, handicap, one and one-half miles—Eli, $15; Bonnie Castle, $30; Annie G., $10; Monogram, $75; Blazes, $210; Fatinitza, $120; Wallensee, $30; Gienellen, $10.

The Races Yesterday at Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—The three-quarter of a mile dash was won by Blue Lodge, Prosper second, Oden third. Time, 1:16.

The Vernon Stakes, one and a quarter miles, was won by Sweet Rose, Infanta second, Clara third. Time, 2:14.

The third race, mile heats, was won by Valparaiso, Helen Wallace second. Time, 1:48¾; 1:45½; 1:50. The first heat was a dead one between Valparaiso and Helen.

The one mile dash was won by Chicodee, Emily F. second, Straitsper third. Time, 1:44.

The steeplechase for all ages, was won by Judge Murray, Kitty Clark second, Gift, third. No time taken.

Track Talk.

Boulevard pulled up lame the other day at Louisville.

The race mare Ada, by Kingfisher, has broken down and been bred to Longfellow.

A three days' running and trotting meeting will be given at Quincy, Ill., commencing May 31.

Eole, Kingcraft, Vampire, Gossip, Bugler, and Ballast have been declared out of the Fordham Handicap.

Freeland, the 3-year-old Longfellow colt that ran so well at Louisville, was wanted by the Dwyers, but the price put upon him—$10,000—was considered high.

The old-time running mare Blondelle, that was taken from this country to British Guinea several years ago and raced successfully there, has been broken down and will be bred.

Maj. Thomas, who bred the great 2-year-old colt Punster, has purchased Puzzle, his dam, and will hereafter breed her exclusively to King Ban, in the hope of getting another Punster.

Checkmate's time, 1:50¾, in the Dixalan Stake at Louisville Wednesday, is the fastest for the distance on record. Gabriel previously had the best record for this distance, making it at Louisville last year in 1:51. He carried 118 pounds, while Checkmate carried 122.

The special purse of $3,000, offered by the Buffalo track for green horses, to be trotted Aug. 4, has filled with twenty-five entries. Among the Western horses engaged are Peter V. Johnson's chestnut gelding Henderson, and Higbie & Babcock's gray stallion George Sprague.

President S. K. Dow, of the Chicago Jockey Club, purchased recently in Kentucky the 2-year-old colt Idle Pat, by Pat Mulloy, dam Fanchon, by Australian. The youngster made his first start in the colors of his new owners at Louisville last Friday, in a half-mile dash, and after being the last of a large field to get away, finished a close third to Tancent and Matrimony, in 50¾ seconds—a very good performance.

In the warm-up last Wednesday, just before the first race for the Louisville Ladies' Stake, an accident occurred which necessitated the destroying of Wiley Buckle's filly, Amasette, by Harkaway, dam Lizzie Vic. She came out on the track blanketed, with a stable boy astride, and took a gallop around the track. She moved lightly and rapidly for a while, but when passing around near the back turn to the end of the stretch, she suddenly sailed off to the fence, and getting her right fore leg caught in the paling broke it in two places. She was a valuable little filly, wild and wooly, and Mr. Buckle has the sympathy of his friends in his loss. This is the second horse that he has lost in this way within a month.

Mr. John B. Jeffery, of this city, is the proud possessor of an 8-months-old son, whom he has named Albert Hayden Jeffery in honor of his friend and colaborer in the Driving-Park Directorate, Mr. Albert Hayden. Both gentlemen ran down to Louisville last week to attend the races, and on the first day of the meeting they resolved to bet $300 against Runnymede, the favorit in the Derby. The result was that they won that amount, and resolved to place it to the credit of the boy, who thus has a good start in the world.

It is quite probable that the 2-year-old Gano, who was the sensation of the spring meeting of the Pacific Coast Blood Horse Association at San Francisco, will come East this summer. He is by Grinstead, from Santa Anita, by Virgil, and is reported to be a wonder. He began by winning the California Stakes in fifty-one seconds, and followed it up by beating the best field of 2-year-olds which ever started in the State for the Connor Stakes, three-quarters of a mile, in 1:15. Santa Anita was purchased by Mr. F. S. Brewster, of this city, for Col. Baldwin, the owner of Gano, for $175, she being a yearling at the time.

The Grand Prix de Paris (French Derby) will be run two weeks from today. Mr. J. R. Keene won this race last year with Foxhall, and this year has Romeo, Golden Gate, Gen. Scott, and Cromwell engaged in it. The *Sporting Life* of a recent date speaks of these colts as follows: "Golden Gate I saw at exercise yesterday morning at Shipton, and in his stable afterwards. He is very Big in fact, he was named for the Two Thousand Guineas, but no instructions were received to run him. He will be found a plain, useful-looking colt, and I believe is moderate. Still, he moves well, and should be run great interest will attach to his display. Gen. Scott, a quick-looking chestnut, with a lot of white about him, is the same stable, is a free mover and a racing-like colt, and has five pounds less to carry than Golden Gate. I cannot, however, give any encouragement regarding the prospects of either."

The Epsom Derby, won last year by the American colt Iroquois, will be run next Wednesday. It appears to be rather an open race. Bruce, the favorit, was not defeated last year, but he was run very close by fillies. Shotover, the filly who won the Two Thousand Guineas and was second for the One Thousand with the former race in her, run on a very bad, wet track, is so near to Bruce in the betting that she seems to menace him. Quicklime, second in the Two Thousand Guineas, is third in public favor. He is a son of Wenlock, a pretty good horse, winner of the St. Leger, by Lord Clifden out of Mineral, by Rataplan, sister to Mandragora and dam of Kisber. Quicklime was backed as low as 7 to 1 on Monday last. Dutch Oven had come to 10 to 1 on the same day, but now Gerald's name is much against her. Gerald was 12 to 1. It was a very good thing that he was scratched for the Two Thousand Guineas, and if he is quite recovered from the disability caused by the rupture of the blood-vessel he is pretty certain to run a good race in that company.

Turf, Field, and Farm: Mr. Charles H. Raymond, who has returned from Kentucky, says that he never saw Phil Thompson looking better. He was in hopes of meeting with him at Chicago July 15 Sweetheart and Fred Crocker, but both of the California cracks are a little off, and will not join in the proposed race. Hickok wants time to build Sweetheart up, and will not have her ready for a severe race until the latter part of August. Besides, her owner, Mr. Mackey, wants to see her start, and he will not be back from Europe until August. Mr. Raymond has written Mr. L. B. Hall these facts, and regrets his inability to bet on or against July 15 for $5,000 a side. With Sweetheart and Fred Crocker out of the way, there is nothing for Phil Thompson to go against. Mr. Raymond, however, is willing to start him against the 3-year-old record of Trinket, 2:19¾, or the 4-year-old time of Maud S., 2:17¼; but, as a matter of course, he would want a liberal purse to make this heavy task pay him for his trouble.

Apollo, the colt that so unexpectedly won the Kentucky Derby last Tuesday, is a large, handsome light-chestnut colt of impressive appearance and good action. He was foaled in 1879 on Mr. Dan Swigert's farm, near Spring Station, Woodford County, and is a full brother to the great horse Mahistick, a cup winner. He is by Lever, dam Rebecca T. Price. Coming from such a family, it seems a little strange that he did not as a younster attract more attention from horsemen, since at the present day Mahistick sales the colts whose brothers or sisters have distinguished themselves on the turf have brought good prices. Apollo did not make his appearance as a 2-year-old, and was never purchased of his breeder, with Exeter, by Morris & Patton for short of $1,000. Early in the spring he made his appearance at New Orleans, and while running there was sold to Green Morris as a race-horse went up. He was not, however, considered by the experts good enough to win over a Derby field, but a number of the short letters picked him up and struck it rich. Mr. Green Morris, his owner and trainer, however, saw enough in the colt to stake a few hundred on his chances in the race, and scooped in a good thing. Apollo is entered in the Clarke Stake, a mile and a quarter, to be run tomorrow at Louisville, and will probably meet Runnymede again in this event.

DELAY FOR DOYLE.

The Bond-Counterfeiter's Sentence Postponed for Thirty Days, in Accordance with "Instructions from Washington"—The Connection with the Brockway Indictment.

James Doyle, the counterfeiter, who was convicted in the presidential term of the United States District Court of having in his possession $40,000 in bogus Government bonds, was to have been sentenced yesterday morning, and a large crowd was present to hear what Judge Dyer had to say.

Judge Bangs, one of Doyle's lawyers, arose on the opening of court, and stated that he had received information from what he considered a reliable source, that the authorities at Washington were willing that sentence should be suspended for a time at least. If this was true, the defense had nothing to protest to.

District-Attorney Leake was anxious to hear the testimony of the defense as to Doyle's character. Counsel had asked the privilege of offering it, and Judge Dyer had granted it. A large number of witnesses had been subpœnaed during the trial, to prove reputation, but the defense concluded not to go into the subject. The Government was put to considerable expense at that time to secure rebuttal testimony, and all the witnesses had been summoned again at additional cost. He didn't know what information counsel had, but there was certainly no good reason for not sentencing Doyle.

Judge Bangs said the defense had no witnesses present, the information received preventing their calling. He did not know for how long the sentence was to be suspended, but thought Doyle should be admitted to bail to await further developments.

District-Attorney Leake insisted that the matter of witnesses as to character should be disposed of.

Judge Bangs finally said he had no testimony to offer.

This left pending simply the motion to sentence.

District-Attorney Leake stated that he had been directed by the Attorney-General to withdraw that motion, and ask that sentence be suspended until he had further instructions.

BANGS' BREAK.

Judge Bangs suggested that the verdict be set aside, and an order for a new trial be entered.

Judge Dyer didn't feel like disturbing the verdict.

Judge Bangs entered a motion for a review of the action of the Court in refusing to grant a new trial.

District-Attorney Leake objected.

The Court said he had considered over the whole matter, but he would let the motion be filed.

Gen. Eldridge remarked that the defense expected to produce such testimony in the course of two or three weeks that the Court would feel bound to consider the motion.

An order was entered deferring sentence for thirty days.

Judge Bangs tried hard to have Doyle admitted to bail, asking to have the amount reduced from $30,0000 to $10,000, and saying that the Washington authorities had given instructions on the subject of bail. District-Attorney Leake denied this, and the Court turned the prisoner over to the Marshal with the remark that instructions, if any were given, wouldn't take away from him the power of discretion. He didn't pass on the question of letting Doyle go on bail, however, saying that he would take it into consideration and inform counsel of his conclusion at a future time.

The only reason known here for the action of the Attorney-General is that the suspension "will be of advantage to the Government." In view of the indictment of Brockway, the owner of the plates on which the bonds were printed, and of Smith, the alleged engraver, in Washington, it looks as if the friends of Doyle were at work there in his interest. It is said that the plates really were transfers from the originals in the Treasury Department, and that some Government employés are also to be indicted. Perhaps Doyle has promised to furnish information against them. He, however, claims that he doesn't know why his sentence was postponed, but there is certainly something back of this action, and time may bring it to the surface.

The subject is one on which

ANY AMOUNT OF THEORIZING

may be done. Among the explanations suggested yesterday was one to which the following is a prelude: Brockway, in his testimony in Doyle's behalf, stated that Col. Wood, ex-Chief of the Secret Service, had tried to squeeze him out of $15,000 back in 1867. Wood is a good hater, and it was only natural that he, after learning of this, should hit Brockway a lick. On the 15th of this month Brockway and Charles Smith, the engraver, were indicted on the testimony of Wood, Mr. Jones, of the Bank Note Company, and one or two others for stealing plates and dies of bonds and notes from the Treasury Department. There is also another reason, and a very good one, for the indictment of Brockway. Back in 1867 a large number of bonds, amounting to $150,000, a great portion of them in the hands of Jay Cooke & Co., were claimed by the Government to be forgeries. The counter claim on the part of the holders was that, while they might not have been bonds printed by the Treasury Department, they were printed from plates or dies stolen in part or in whole from the Treasury Department, and that the Government, through the negligence of its officers or employés, having allowed these bonds to get on the market, was bound to redeem them. The assignee of Jay Cooke & Co., it is understood, is still pressing that claim. There were put on the market at about the same time in 187 counterfeit 7.30 bonds and $100 compound-interest notes. There has always been a dispute as to

THE PROCESS OF THEIR MANUFACTURE.

Col. Wood's first claim was that a workman in the Treasury Department took an impression on a sheet of lead of the original plates, from which electrotypes were subsequently taken. Another story is that an impression was taken of the $100 note by one of the girls in the Treasury Department on tin-foil, and an electrotype taken from that; but that for the bonds some of the bed plates were stolen, although the doing of such a thing requires the collusion of two or three people. It was not claimed that the entire bond plate was stolen, but only the greater part of it. The officers of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing at Washington have always insisted that nothing had been stolen, and that the work had been done by outside engravers. So it will be seen, if it can be shown that the plates from which these $180,000 in bonds were printed in 1867 were not engraved by outside engravers, but were stolen from the Treasury Department, the Government may have to pay the money for the bonds. There is also an old-time feud between the bank-note engraving companies and the Engraving Bureau of the Treasury Department, which naturally explains to some people why an officer of a bank-note company should appear as a witness in the case. There is also another feud of long standing between Col. Wood and a Chicago gentleman and the present head of the Secret Service Department. There is alleged to be a desire on the part of these gentlemen to remove him for the purpose of getting somebody else—name unknown—in his place.

AS REGARDS THE CONNECTION

between the postponing of Doyle's sentencing and the Brockway indictment two suggestions have been made. One is that Doyle, who is not believed to be an innocent man, has made overtures to the Government to the effect that he will give information concerning this old bond matter. He has known Brockway for twenty years, and it is thought likely that he knew something about his queer transactions in other years. Doyle himself, too, had relations with the secret service of other days, and, it is understood, was "stakeout" by it once for a considerable sum. If he is able to give any testimony tending to show that the plates from which the old spurious bonds and compound-interest notes were printed came from the Treasury Department, there is a party at Washington strong enough probably to secure the suspension of his punishment, perhaps to secure immunity for him.

The other suggestion is that Doyle has all along had friends here and at the East who have been looking after his interests quite as much as his counsel, and who have assured him that he would come to no harm; that when, notwithstanding Brockway's testimony in his favor, he was found guilty, they went on to Washington to secure Brockway's indictment, and then, without Doyle's knowledge, made representations to the Department of Justice of such a nature as to what Doyle could do if his sentence were postponed for a time as to induce that branch of the Government to give the order that it did yesterday.

AMUSEMENTS.

Local Notes and Announcements.

John Ransom's variety and dramatic company will appear at the Olympic June 9.

The season of "The Colonel" company closed with last evening's performance. The people will go to New York from here.

"The Tourists in a Palace Car," which organization has been frequently seen in this city, will begin a week's engagement at Hooley's tomorrow evening.

"Gargoyewen," which has proved such a success at the Academy of Music during the past week, will be given this week at the Olympic, with Barry Conlan in the principal part.

Adele Belgarde, a young lady who tried to play *Hamlet* under the management of Harry Sargent three seasons ago, has been engaged to support Salvini during his next American tour.

Leavitt's Minstrels, an organization which includes among its members Billy Arlington and other well-known burnt-cork comedians, will be at the Grand Opera-House during the present week.

"Under the Gaslight," a play whose popularity has endured through many years, will be given at the Academy of Music this week, with W. T. Melville, Felix Vincent, and Eva Vincent in the principal rôles.

Haverly's Mastodon Minstrels will play a week's engagement at the Monroe Street Theatre, beginning tomorrow evening. George Thatcher has recently been added to the company, which is now the largest and best of its kind in the world.

Mr. Harry Meredith will appear at McVicker's during the present week in a drama of his own composition entitled "Ranch 10," which relates to the murder of an Indian girl, and incidentally brings in several other exciting episodes.

The Sells Brothers circus will appear upon the Lake-Front May 29, with many added features of wonder and interest. This show is a good one, and won great popularity during its brief stay here last season. Mr. Sells feels that he has sufficiently improved his former excellence that he can justly command the regard of the public.

The program at the Lyceum Theatre this week is as follows: The Fieldings, sketch artists; Yale and Decker, song and dance; the Nelsons, songs, dances, etc.; Keating and Flynn, acrobatic dance; Hamlin and Newcomb, songs, etc.; the Le Petres, sketch; Dick Baker, topical song; Emerson and West, German dialect comedians. The entertainment will conclude with a sketch entitled "A Terrible Fix."

The performance which is to be given at Haverly's Theatre Sunday evening, May 28, under the auspices of Chicago Lodge No. 4, B. P. O. Elks, promises to be a great success. The proceeds will be applied to the erection of a monument on the Elks' lot in Mount Greenwood Cemetery. Tickets can now be secured at the box-office of the theatre, or of any member of the order. The boxes will be sold at auction at the close of the performance next Wednesday.

On June 5 "The House of Mauprat," a prose drama, will be produced at McVicker's Theatre under the management of J. M. Hill. It is the joint work of Mr. John G. Wilson, of this city, and Mr. William Young, author of "Pendragon." Mr. Hill has secured for the play a very strong cast, including Mr. Joseph Wheelock, Mr. Milnes Levick, Mr. Davidge, Walter Lennox, and Miss Isabel Morris—the latter a young and very attractive English actress who has been but a short time in America. New dresses are being expensively prepared in the East, and new scenery will be provided by Malmsha and Rogers. The period of the drama is about 1785; the scene, France.

The British Emperor and the American Czar.

Correspondence Dramatic Times.

LONDON, May 2.—Col. J. H. Haverly and Mr. "Pony" Moore met the other night. Mr. Moore, I suppose most of the readers of this journal are aware, is the Emperor of negro minstrelsy in Great Britain, just as Col. Haverly is the Czar of that same important calling in the United States. Mr. Moore, the Emperor of British negro minstrelsy, had never seen Mr. Haverly, the Czar of American negro minstrelsy. But he had stood for hours at a time admiring his lithographs. Mr. Moore is addicted to diamonds as no mortal man ever was before him. Beside his affluence of gems Mr. Charles Backus' blazing shirt-front becomes a mere lustreless waste.

It was Mr. George Logan who met Mr. Moore in the St. James bar and asked him to go around to Foote's Hotel. "Mr. Haverly may be there," he added, by way of inducement. Mr. Moore consented at once. But before starting he turned his back on Mr. Logan for a few minutes, and unscrewed one of his diamond studs. Mr. Logan thought for a moment that Mr. Moore was thus conveying a delicate hint that he had not any overwhelming trust in the crowd he was about to visit. But he was wrong. When Mr. Moore again faced Mr. Logan, he had replaced his comparatively modest stud with a diamond the size of a salt-cellar. This is his stated occasion stud, and it was put on for the especial benefit of Mr. Haverly. The two heroes met, and adjourned to the St. James bar. Mr. Haverly would not drink, but Mr. Moore removed the embarrassment of the situation by drinking for him. I should like to give you a faithful report of that conversation. But to attempt, even feebly, to reproduce the remarks of Mr. Moore would use up all the three-em dashes in the *Dramatic Times* printing-office. So I give it up. Along toward an hour which I shall not name, Mr. Moore passed from enthusiasm to sentiment.

"Hav'ly, ol' boy," he said, in a voice husky with emotion or something, "you're a trump. I like you, Hav'ly, cosh I'sh trump, too."

"Thash ori'," said Mr. Logan with great fluency, from his end of the table. "Anybody can shee you are."

"Whazzat?" inquired Mr. Moore, beamingly.

"Drunk; you shed sho."

"Mizzer Log'n," said Mr. Moore, with a degree of dignity that was somewhat enhanced by the stream of champagne which slowly trickled from his tumbler up the sleeve of his right arm, "Mizzer Log'n, I did not shay drunk. What I shed was *trump*—*t-r-u-m-p*—trump. I'm no schol'r, but I c'n spell that. I never sheen the inshide 'f schoo'us 'n my life."

Mr. Moore was greatly leading the conversation into unpleasant quarters, and to check his growing asperity, Mr. Haverly, who had maintained a strict adherence to peace and soda-water, exclaimed:

"No more was I!"

Mr. Moore was electrified. He gazed at Mr. Haverly for some moments with varying expressions that passed from doubt to enthusiasm, from that to joy, and from that to absolute affection. If he could have raised himself to his feet at all he would, in all probability, have embraced Mr. Haverly on the spot. As it was he removed from his finger a huge diamond that glistened there, and asked Mr. Haverly to accept it. That manager said he did not want it. Mr. Moore reached for Mr. Haverly's hand and caught it, upsetting the balance of his wine in the effort. Having possessed himself of the hand he proceeded to put his ring upon one of the fingers—an operation that was not particularly difficult. It was in vain that Mr. Haverly tried to get Mr. Moore to take back his diamond, in vain that he protested his fear of being robbed.

"Keep it," said Mr. Moore, growing tearful. "I thought you w'sh good f'l'r, 'n a sharp f'l'r, b't the min't you shed you'd n'vr been t' school I knowed you w'sh good 'un." And he began to unscrew the salt-cellar. At this point Mr. Haverly fled, in fear of being obliged to put on the diamond ear-rings of Mr. Moore's mastodon jewelry. Since this affair Mr. Moore has carefully hidden himself. He will visit his friends, with great pride, that Mr. Haverly is "wearing my six hundred pound di'mon'," and he is so thoroughly elated that he keeps out of Mr. Haverly's way lest he shall return it. Meanwhile the American manager, who never wore a diamond in his life until now, is nearly frightened to death. He no more dares to go out after dark, with $3,000 on his finger, than he would dare try to swim the channel. And he is afraid to leave the stone at home. Thus, the meeting of the British Emperor and the American Czar has made the latter's life a burden to him.

LEANDER RICHARDSON.

General Dramatic Gossip.

Bessie Darling has given up all idea of starring next season.

Lotta and her mother sailed for Europe last Thursday on the steamer City of Brussels.

Mme. Geistinger will revisit this country next season under the management of Mr. Amberg.

The Madison-Square Theatre management has enraged forty-one agents and managers for the next season.

Mr. McConnell has dispensed with the services of Fred E. Wright, for three years Treasurer of Haverly's Minstrels.

Mr. Colville has returned to George Fawcett Rowe his play of "The New Babylon," for which they were in negotiation together.

It is reported that in Elmira, N. Y., when the children misbehave their mammas secure obedience by threatening to take them to see Anna Dickinson play *Hamlet*.

The Vokes Family, excepting Fred, leave for England next Wednesday. They will return in October and open the Vokes Theatre in Boston, after which week they will make a five months' season on the road.

Frederick Paulding was among the company engaged to support Rhea in Philadelphia last week, but his *Armand* in "Camille" Monday night was atrociously bad that he was immediately set at liberty.

Miss Belle Jackson, of "The Professor" company, has been reëngaged for the season of 1882–83, to play the part of *Daisy Brown*. Miss Jackson is the young lady for whose benefit the editor of a Virginia paper wrote a touching little poem, published in THE TRIBUNE.

Maggie Duggan, the singer and kicker, whose performances of shying her slipper into the gallery meets with so much applause, is the widow of Clive Hersee, who committed suicide by jumping from the railroad bridge at Omaha about a year ago.

In the tomb scene of "Romeo and Juliet," at Haverly's Brooklyn Theatre, last Monday night, Lillian Olcott, the new *Juliet*, exclaimed: "Oh! happy dagger," but there was no such weapon in view. Dropping on her knees, she whispered into the dead *Romeo's* ear, "Where is it?" but *Romeo's* head indicated his ignorance of its whereabouts. The *Juliet* then stabbed herself with her forefinger and fell mortally wounded on the prostrate form of her lover, while the audience mournfully dispersed.

Several New York theatres will begin the next season with melodrama—Wallack's with "Taken from Life," the Union Square with "The Black Flag," Daly's with "Mankind," Booth's probably with Sims' "Rommany Rye." This class of plays threatens to be more numerous than ever next season; Colville will produ

BASE-BALL.

Progress of the Contest for the League Championship of 1882.

Chicago Successful in a Dull and Spiritless Game with the Detroits.

Troy Welloped Boston 14 to 8, and Buffalo Scratched a Game at Cleveland.

American Association Contests—Jones Sues Cincinnati—Gossip of the Game.

The League Championship.

The play of the past week, which has been crowded full of games by reason of previous postponements, has been notable for the steady advance of Detroit and Troy toward the front. Detroit has now overtaken Providence, and, having one less lost game, is entitled to stand at the head of the list. Troy's success over Providence brought that club well forward, while Chicago, Boston, and Buffalo are abreast. Chicago has been winning a good share of its games, and has nothing to fear as regards the final result. The champions were at a disadvantage as compared with all the other clubs in the matter of preliminary practice, and with the advent of warm weather and plenty of work they may be expected to make a much better showing. They retain all the advantages that secured them the championship in 1880 and 1881—viz.: better batting and base-running than any other team and a sufficient fielding average to carry them along comfortably. No other club has surpassed Chicago's batting capacity by its new acquisitions; no club has anywhere near reached Chicago's mark in base-running and in the general points of the game. So there is no cause for fear that the history of the past two years is not going to be repeated so far as first place is concerned. This week the Chicagos play seven more games at home—with the Detroits tomorrow and Tuesday—and then go away, to be gone until June 3d. The standing of the different clubs at the close of yesterday's play was as follows:

	Boston.	Buffalo.	Chicago.	Cleveland.	Detroit.	Providence.	Troy.	Worcester.	Games won.	Games lost.
Boston		1	1	1	1	1	4	6	6	2
Buffalo	1		4	1	1	1	1	6	6	2
Chicago	1	1		1	1	1	1	6	6	2
Cleveland	1	1	0		1	1	1	6	5	3
Detroit	1	1	1	1		2	1	6	7	1
Providence	1	1	1	1	2		1	4	3	2
Troy	1	1	1	1	1	4		6	5	3
Worcester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	6
Games lost	7	5	5	10	3	4	5	9	48	

Chicago 5, Detroit 3.

It so fell out that the poorest game of the season thus far was witnessed by the largest crowd of people, the attendance yesterday being considerably above 3,000, and it also happened that both the Detroit and Chicago teams played equally poor in all respects. Possibly the weather was in some degree accountable for the weak batting, as a light rain prevailed during almost the entire game, rendering the ball mushy and hard hitting impossible. Mayor Thompson, President of the Detroit Club, was in the grand stand with a party of Detroiters who had come over to see the game. Every seat in the grand stand was sold, and about 100 standing-room tickets besides. Game began with Dalrymple at bat, who reached first on Powell's fumble of his grounder, and after Gore had struck out was batted to second by Kelly's fair short fly, then stole third cleverly, and scored on Troy's muff of Bennett's throw to head off Kelly's steal to second. Anson got his base on balls, and Kelly stole third and Anson second. Williamson hit to Powell, and Kelly scored before the ball could be got to the plate. Anson reaching third. On Williamson's steal to second Anson tried to get in, but was neatly caught by McGeary to Bennett. Burns closed the inning by a strike-out. In the second inning Corcoran's fly was muffed by McGeary, who was now covering second base, having changed places with Troy because of the latter's sore hands. Larry got first, made second on a passed ball, third on Flint's out at first, and home on Jones's two-baser. Dalrymple sent a long fly to Hanlon, and Quest reached third on the throw-in, thence scoring on Gore's single. Kelly popped up a fly to McGeary. In the next six innings Detroit got but one safe hit, but the nine put errors by Powell and Troy and a hit by Flint filled the bases when two should be out. Quest gave Knight an easy fly, but Dalrymple sent one to Corcoran's left, on which Burns easily scored. Gore flew out to Wood.

Detroit was blanked in the first inning by Gore's difficult catch of Bennett's long fly, but got a run in the second by reason of Quest's fumble of a grounder and muff of the throw-in. With one out and a man on second and another on first, Knight hit a high bounder to Williamson, who jumped up and grabbed it, touched second and shot the ball over to Anson ahead of Knight—one of the finest infield plays ever seen in Chicago. A fumble by Quest and Burns and Williamson's neglect to cover his base properly allowed Troy to get home in the fourth inning without a base hit being made; and in the fifth Gore let go of Hanlon's very long and difficult fly, enabling the striker to reach first, and on an out at first and Knight's single he tallied. With the exception of Powell's base hit in the seventh inning not another Detroit man reached first during the rest of the game. The same teams play here Monday and Tuesday.

THE SCORE.

Chicago.	A.	R.	B.	T.	P.	A.	E.
Dalrymple, l. f.	5	1	0	0	2	0	0
Gore, c. f.	5	0	1	1	4	0	0
Kelly, r. f.	4	0	1	1	1	0	0
Anson, 1b.	3	1	1	1	8	0	0
Williamson, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1	2	0
Burns, s. s.	4	0	0	0	2	4	1
Corcoran, p.	4	1	0	0	0	4	0
Flint, c.	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Quest, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2	3	3
Total	37	5	5	6	27	13	6

Detroit.	A.	R.	B.	T.	P.	A.	E.
Wood, l. f.	5	0	0	0	2	0	0
Hanlon, c. f.	4	1	0	0	4	0	0
Powell, 1b.	3	0	2	3	2	0	2
Bennett, c.	4	0	0	0	8	0	0
Knight, r. f.	4	1	1	1	1	0	0
Farrell, 3b.	4	1	1	1	1	2	0
McGeary, s. s.	4	0	0	0	1	5	1
Troy, p. and 2b.	3	0	0	0	1	3	3
Weidman, p.	4	0	1	1	1	3	0
Total	35	3	6	6	27	7	5

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Chicago	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—5
Detroit	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—3

Earned runs—Chicago, 0; Detroit, 0.
Two-base hit—Quest.
First base on balls—Anson, Troy, Powell.
First base on errors—Chicago, 5; Detroit, 4.
Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Detroit, 5.
Struck out—Gore, Anson, Flint, Burns, Knight, Troy.
Double play—Williamson-Anson.
Passed ball—Bennett, 1.
Time—One hour and fifty minutes.
Umpire—Higham.

Troy 14, Boston 8.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TROY, N. Y., May 20.—The Bostons presented their new pitcher, Buslington, and the Troys pounded him all over the field, earning nine runs out of fourteen. The wretched playing of Sutton and Wise gave them the other five. The Bostons could do nothing with Keefe's pitching. One run in the third inning was earned off a single by Hotaling, a force of Morrill, and a double of Whitney. Keefe gave them one of the others on a base on balls, and Ewing the third on a passed ball. Gillespie and Harbidge made remarkable running catches for Troy, and Connors lifted the ball over the right field fence for a home run in the fourth inning. Attendance, 1,076.

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Troy	3	3	0	2	6	0	0	1	0—14
Boston	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0— 3

Base hits—Troy, 17; total, 22. Boston, 7; total, 26.

Errors—Troy, 0; Boston, 8.
Runs earned—Troy, 9; Boston, 1.
Two-base hits—Ferguson, Hoseman, Sutton, Whitney (2).
Home run—Connors.
Passed on balls—Troy, 3; Boston, 1.
Passed on errors—Troy, 4; Boston, 0.
Left on bases—Troy, 1; Boston, 4.
Double plays—Keefe-Ferguson-Smith, Wise-Sutton.
Passed balls—Ewing, 1; Rowes, 2.
Umpire—Daley.

Buffalo 3, Cleveland 2.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CLEVELAND, O., May 20.—The Buffalos won the game today by bunching their hits in the even innings. The Clevelands outbatted their opponents, but were unable to bunch their hits. Several times a stool hit would have brought in a run or two, but they were unequal to the occasion. The play dragged and became tiresome because of the weak batting after the first inning. The home nine sadly needs a Captain. It appears they have no man in the nine capable of filling this position. Foley, Glasscock, and Esterbrook led at the bat, and Richardson and Esterbrook in the field. The Clevelands went to bat first, and Phillips scored on his drive over the left field fence. Nine Buffalos went to bat in the first inning. Purcell, O'Rourke, Richardson, and Foley made safe hits, and Brouthers and Rowe took bases on balls. Consequently three runs came in. No more runs were made till the ninth inning, when Richmond scored on a base on balls and hits by Esterbrook and Muldoon. With men on second and third bases, Dunlap knocked an easy grounder to second, and the game came to a close.

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Buffalo	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2

Base Hits—Buffalo, 8; Cleveland, 11.
Total bases—Buffalo, 8; Cleveland, 14.
Errors—Buffalo, 1; Cleveland, 1.
Earned runs—Buffalo, 3; Cleveland, 1.
Home run—Phillips.
First base on balls—Buffalo, 2; Cleveland, 3.
First base on errors—Buffalo, 1.
Left on bases—Buffalo, 5; Cleveland, 8.
Double play—Rowe-Richardson-Brouthers.
Passed balls—White, 3; Kelly, 1.
Umpire—Quinn.

Philadelphia 7, Athletic 6.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—The Philadelphias beat the Athletics today in a close and exciting game by the following score:

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	1	4	1	—7
Athletic	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	1	—6

St. Louis 10, Baltimore 7.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 20.—The game today resulted as follows:

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Baltimore	3	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	—7
St. Louis	0	0	3	5	0	0	0	2	—10

Allegheny 5, Cincinnati 3.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 20.—The home team was victorious today by the following score:

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Allegheny	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0—5
Cincinnati	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0—3

No Game at Providence.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 20.—The prevalence of a heavy rain today necessitated a postponement of the Providence-Worcester game.

Gossip of the Game.

A Detroit merchant has presented each player in that city's club with a white Derby hat.

NAVE, who has been on trial with the Providences since the season opened, has just signed.

LEARY, of the Alleghenys, has been suspended. His old trouble—"budge"—has got the best of him again.

THE Troys have signed EKAN, late pitcher of the Bridgeport Club, and a change pitcher from Waterbury is also said to have been taken on trial.

RADBOURN, one of the pitchers of the Providence team, was hit in the right hand by a batted ball, and had to have a finger lanced before he could proceed.

WISE, the Boston player over whom there is so much litigation, has a queer record, considering the fuss made about him. His fielding average is .894, and batting .194.

J. GLEASON, of St. Louis, has, so far, done the best batting in the American Association, his average being .466, while Morrill, of Boston, heads the league with .404.

Pittsburg has offered George Baker, of the Standards, of St. Louis, $150 to relieve Keenan. George will undoubtedly accept. Keenan caught at Springfield, Mass., in 1878.

THE Buffalo papers are abusing O'Rourke for the way he places his catches. It would be more to the point to go a little further back and abuse him for the way he engaged them.

BUSHINGTON, of Fall River, and recently of the Philadelphias, has been engaged by the Bostons, and will be given a trial. He is reported to be a good change pitcher.

THE Princeton College has got itself in a box by playing with the Trenton (N. J.) club. Devlin and Crowley, two of the league's black sheep, are with that nine, consequently Princeton has put her foot in it.

W. H. FINLEY, for twelve years connected with the Chicago Club as ticket-seller and general utility man, was hurried last Friday, the Chicago team attending the funeral in a body. Mr. Finley died of heart disease.

A great deal is being said about the failure and withdrawal of two clubs from the league before the season is over—meaning Troy and Worcester. This talk will prove to be nonsensical. The officers and stockholders of both the Troy and Worcester clubs are not the men to throw up the sponge. They will carry their organizations through the season, win or lose, as they have done before.

THE game of throwing base-ball is being indulged in to some extent in the East, but the champion throw of 1879 has not yet been beaten. This was made at the Thasa, N. Y., Driving Park by Arthur Powell, of Cornell University, the distance thrown being 379 feet 6½ inches. The throw was made with a run, and the thrower's foot was a few inches behind the mark when the ball was delivered.

A LETTER has been written to Secretary Young, of the league, asking information in regard to the status of college teams that may play the Princeton nine. The Princeton nine having played the Trentons, who have Devlin and Crowley in their team, have debarred themselves from further play with league professional teams. It is stated that the Metropolitans cannot play with Yale or Harvard after they have played Princeton, as it is a point that the Secretary is called upon to decide.

WHETHER interest in base-ball has died out in Chicago or not can be judged from the fact that, according to the turnstile count, the five games played here this week have been attended by a total of 14,000 people and, counting in the crowds on the viaducts and in the windows of business-houses overlooking the grounds, as many more have witnessed the games without expense. For the first three games the weather was extremely cold, and doubtless a large number of people were kept away who would otherwise have attended.

RELATIVE to the statement by Anson that the Buffalos have rigged up a sandhill near first base to prevent the Chicagos from stealing down to second, the Cincinnati Commercial says: "Very well, very well! But Deacon White has enough to do to get down to second on a stout base hit with a level field before him, and we should think that a hill, but no climb in it would take a three-bagger to carry him safely over it. The hill you say." If Deacon White keeps on bunching his passed balls the way he has done in this city, it would take something near as high as Pike's Peak to hold the Chicagos on a first base.

THE Troy Club, which is due in Chicago July 4, 5, and 8, is anxious to play two games on the 4th, one beginning at 10:30 in the forenoon and the other at the usual hour—3:40—in the afternoon. The thing was tried last year in Detroit on the Fourth and worked well, but crowds being present at both games. As a general thing people don't know how to kill time during the forenoon of Fourth of July, and many would doubtless be glad to see a ball game first and then spend the rest of the day at the races. At all events, President Spalding thinks well of the scheme, and will undoubtedly accede to Troy's proposal.

JONES instituted a suit against the Cincinnati Club before Squire Powers for his salary. The trial was set for Tuesday next. His bill is as follows:

Due May 1, 1882	$ 83.33½
Due May 15, 1882	83.33½
Credit by cash advanced on amounts due May 1 and 15	$166.66⅔
	$ 33.33½
Total	$133.33½

It would serve Cincinnati exactly right if the club had to pay Jones his salary during the entire season. In the face of his expulsion by the league Cincinnati engaged him, and, having thus insulted the league, had the gall to come to Chicago and solicit his reinstatement, which, of course, wasn't granted. It was Cincinnati's idiotic performance in the Jones case that caused all the trouble between the league and the American Association.

A GREAT HEAD.

A Boot-and-Shoe Man Ahead of the Livery Stables and the Building Department.

The residents in the vicinity of the vacant lot at the southeast corner of Michigan avenue and Thirty-second street have been greatly exercised lately over mysterious goings-on in that vacant lot. In the alley back of the lot is a little carpenter-shop, and one day last week the running gear of a lumber-wagon was hauled into the lot and the carpenters began building upon it what appeared to be a little house. Prompted by feminine curiosity, the ladies in the neighborhood began to wonder what the mysterious structure was to be used for. One lady thought it was to be used in the May Festival, and her husband thought it was to be used as a street advertisement for an "Uncle Tom" show. Finally, the curiosity of the ladies overcame them, and they dispatched the small boys of the households to "buzz" the carpenters and find out the true destiny of the architectural mystery. It transpired that a certain boot-and-shoe man, who resides in the southern portion of the city, and who drives down to his place every morning with his horse and buggy, was having the building done. Near his place of business there is a vacant lot, and as he grew tired of paying livery bills for the day-board of his horse he conceived the idea of having a shed built in the vacant lot where he could keep his horse. He couldn't get a permit to do this from the Building Department, so he invested in a set of wheels and put the carpenters at work on his miniature stable. It is about ten feet high, twenty feet long, and six feet wide, and will just hold a horse and buggy. There are doors at either end, so that he can drive in one way and out the other, and a cleated incline slides out from under the stable and connects the flooring with the ground. The structure is built with a ridge-pole and clapboards, and above the doors are little square windows. Yesterday painters were put at work, and the running-gear was painted a bright red and the body of the vehicle a sort of cadet blue, showing that the boot-and-shoe man has an eye for the beautiful in art. This marvel of architectural sensibility will be on exhibition at the lot in question today, and it is probable that large crowds of people will avail themselves of the privilege of viewing this monument to the great head of the average Chicago business-man. The removal of the "stable" will be watched for with interest, and the numerous "kids" in the neighborhood have arranged to assist the enterprising owner in giving it a good send-off.

STILL SEARCHING.

Continued but as Yet Fruitless Efforts to Find the Bodies of the Ten Remaining Victims of the Lake Calumet Horror—Battery D's Twelve-Pounder to Be Called into Use—Inquest upon the Bodies of Smith and Bucklin.

Coroner Matson went out to Pullman yesterday and completed the inquests upon John Leslie Smith and Ben F. Bucklin, two of the unfortunates who were drowned in Calumet Lake one week ago today by the upsetting of a small sailboat in which they were intending to cross from Pullman to Irondale. The names of eleven victims of the sad disaster are already known. It is believed, however, that there were twelve or thirteen persons aboard of the little sloop at the time she careened, not one of whom was saved. A telegram has been received from Parkersburg, Pa., making inquiry if J. W. Marsh was one of the ill-fated passengers. No such person is known at Pullman, but it is quite possible that he was the twelfth and unknown man. Although diligent search has been made for the bodies every day this week, only those of Smith and Bucklin have been recovered. It frequently happens that the bodies of persons drowned in those swamps do not come to the surface for a long time after drowning. Either they lodge in the wild rice and weeds, and are thus kept from coming to the surface, or the clothing becomes so impregnated with mud as to weigh them down. There is, besides, a deep channel dredged out in the middle of the lake, and it is barely possible that many of the bodies have lodged in this excavation. If so, they are not likely to rise to the surface in less than the requisite nine days from the time of the accident. Arrangements have been made with Battery D, however, for the use of a twelve-pounder, and the search will be rigorously continued Monday with the aid of the cannon.

THE INQUEST.

The first witnesses at the inquests yesterday were Dr. A. C. Rankin and D. P. Lee, Superintendent in the car-works, who were called to the set out in a row boat at 10 o'clock in the morning, and about two hours later found the upset boat resting in shallow water about 150 yards south of the mouth of the Calumet River, and near by the dead bodies of the Elder Bucklin boy and Smith. Charles Bronson, the courageous young man who volunteered, with only a solitary companion, to go to the rescue of the imperiled party in a small sailboat, related the story of his brave attempt to rescue those of the party who saved themselves for a time by clinging to the wreck. He got to the windward of the wreck, and hoped by dropping his anchor and drifting to come alongside, and thus rescue six or seven who managed to save themselves when the boat capsized, but at an inopportune moment a series of disasters happened to his boat in quick succession—a squall, with the fragments of a comet away and the mainsail torn into strips and twined about the mast, he found himself at the mercy of the winds. Once he came within ten or a dozen feet of the wreck, and it was then that he urged the men to save themselves by swimming to his boat. They were either too dazed or too benumbed by the cold to do so. The first and only one to start was the young Bucklin, who could not swim, and after a brave endeavor he appeared to be seized with cramps, and sank out of sight. Unfortunately, the two boats drifted apart, and himself and his companion were obliged to wade ashore after reaching shallow water. The companion was full of ardor to rescue the perishing ones, but he, unfortunately, did not understand anything about handling a boat, and was thus unable to render any assistance to Mr. Bronson, except in the way of words of encouragement. The witness attempted to describe the conversation with Capt. Bucklin and those who were clinging to the boat, but his emotion overcame him, and with quivering lips he cut off his narrative in this direction as often as he attempted to relate it.

The jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts.

The fund for the bereaved families now amounts to considerably over $1,000.

CRIMINAL COURT.

The Defense Badly Broken Up in the Eyster Case—A Big Batch of Small Offenders Plead Not Guilty—The Gambling Cases on the Calendar for Tuesday.

In the Eyster manslaughter case, on trial before Judge Rogers and a jury, the testimony for the defense was concluded yesterday noon, with the exception of two witnesses who are to be heard Monday forenoon. The array of witnesses in rebuttal was unusually large, and their testimony will no doubt have great effect upon the jury when they come to make up their verdict. The testimony of several of the most important witnesses for the defense was torn into shreds and tatters. Messrs. Greene and Sisson were shown to be intimate with George Wilson, "best man" for the defendant in the present trial, and their testimony was attacked at various points by the State's Attorney. Frank Thompson, by all odds the most important of Eyster's witnesses, was recalled by the defense, and on the cross-examination Mr. Mills put him through a course of sprouts. He had sworn that he was one of the first to run to the wounded Schumacher's assistance, and that when he Knelt beside him he Knelt upon a pitchfork. Upon this pitchfork the defense have chosen to hinge their case, claiming that Schumacher was about to plunge it into Eyster's body! Once the fatal shot was fired, well, very well! But Deacon White has enough to do to get down to second on a stout base hit with a level field before him, and we should think that a hill, but no climb in it would take a three-bagger to carry him safely over it. The hill you say." If Deacon White keeps on bunching his passed balls the way he has done in this city, it would take something near as high as Pike's Peak to hold the Chicagos on a first base.

The Troy Club, which is due in Chicago July 4, 5, and 8, is anxious to play two games on the 4th, one beginning at 10:30 in the forenoon and the other at the usual hour—3:40—in the afternoon. The thing was tried last year in Detroit on the Fourth and worked well, but crowds being present at both games. As a general thing people don't know how to kill time during the forenoon of Fourth of July, and many would doubtless be glad to see a ball game first and then spend the rest of the day at the races. At all events, President Spalding thinks well of the scheme, and will undoubtedly accede to Troy's proposal.

Jones instituted a suit against the Cincinnati Club before Squire Powers for his salary. The trial was set for Tuesday next. His bill is as follows:

Due May 1, 1882 ..... $ 83.33½
Due May 15, 1882 ..... 83.33½
Credit by cash advanced on amounts due May 1 and 15 ..... $166.66⅔
$ 33.33½
Total $133.33½

It would serve Cincinnati exactly right if the club had to pay Jones his salary during the entire season. In the face of his expulsion by the league Cincinnati engaged him, and, having thus insulted the league, had the gall to come to Chicago and solicit his reinstatement, which, of course, wasn't granted. It was Cincinnati's idiotic performance in the Jones case that caused all the trouble between the league and the American Association.

A GREAT HEAD.

A Boot-and-Shoe Man Ahead of the Livery Stables and the Building Department.

The residents in the vicinity of the vacant lot at the southeast corner of Michigan avenue and Thirty-second street have been greatly exercised lately over mysterious goings-on in that vacant lot. In the alley back of the lot is a little carpenter-shop, and one day last week the running gear of a lumber-wagon was hauled into the lot and the carpenters began building upon it what appeared to be a little house. Prompted by feminine curiosity, the ladies in the neighborhood began to wonder what the mysterious structure was to be used for. One lady thought it was to be used in the May Festival, and her husband thought it was to be used as a street advertisement for an "Uncle Tom" show. Finally, the curiosity of the ladies overcame them, and they dispatched the small boys of the households to "buzz" the carpenters and find out the true destiny of the architectural mystery. It transpired that a certain boot-and-shoe man, who resides in the southern portion of the city, and who drives down to his place every morning with his horse and buggy, was having the building done. Near his place of business there is a vacant lot, and as he grew tired of paying livery bills for the day-board of his horse he conceived the idea of having a shed built in the vacant lot where he could keep his horse. He couldn't get a permit to do this from the Building Department, so he invested in a set of wheels and put the carpenters at work on his miniature stable. It is about ten feet high, twenty feet long, and six feet wide, and will just hold a horse and buggy. There are doors at either end, so that he can drive in one way and out the other, and a cleated incline slides out from under the stable and connects the flooring with the ground. The structure is built with a ridge-pole and clapboards, and above the doors are little square windows. Yesterday painters were put at work, and the running-gear was painted a bright red and the body of the vehicle a sort of cadet blue, showing that the boot-and-shoe man has an eye for the beautiful in art. This marvel of architectural sensibility will be on exhibition at the lot in question today, and it is probable that large crowds of people will avail themselves of the privilege of viewing this monument to the great head of the average Chicago business-man. The removal of the "stable" will be watched for with interest, and the numerous "kids" in the neighborhood have arranged to assist the enterprising owner in giving it a good send-off.

STILL SEARCHING.

Continued but as Yet Fruitless Efforts to Find the Bodies of the Ten Remaining Victims of the Lake Calumet Horror—Battery D's Twelve-Pounder to Be Called into Use—Inquest upon the Bodies of Smith and Bucklin.

Coroner Matson went out to Pullman yesterday and completed the inquests upon John Leslie Smith and Ben F. Bucklin, two of the unfortunates who were drowned in Calumet Lake one week ago today by the upsetting of a small sailboat in which they were intending to cross from Pullman to Irondale. The names of eleven victims of the sad disaster are already known. It is believed, however, that there were twelve or thirteen persons aboard of the little sloop at the time she careened, not one of whom was saved. A telegram has been received from Parkersburg, Pa., making inquiry if J. W. Marsh was one of the ill-fated passengers. No such person is known at Pullman, but it is quite possible that he was the twelfth and unknown man. Although diligent search has been made for the bodies every day this week, only those of Smith and Bucklin have been recovered. It frequently happens that the bodies of persons drowned in those swamps do not come to the surface for a long time after drowning. Either they lodge in the wild rice and weeds, and are thus kept from coming to the surface, or the clothing becomes so impregnated with mud as to weigh them down. There is, besides, a deep channel dredged out in the middle of the lake, and it is barely possible that many of the bodies have lodged in this excavation. If so, they are not likely to rise to the surface in less than the requisite nine days from the time of the accident. Arrangements have been made with Battery D, however, for the use of a twelve-pounder, and the search will be rigorously continued Monday with the aid of the cannon.

THE INQUEST.

The first witnesses at the inquests yesterday were Dr. A. C. Rankin and D. P. Lee, Superintendent in the car-works, who were called to the set out in a row boat at 10 o'clock in the morning, and about two hours later found the upset boat resting in shallow water about 150 yards south of the mouth of the Calumet River, and near by the dead bodies of the Elder Bucklin boy and Smith. Charles Bronson, the courageous young man who volunteered, with only a solitary companion, to go to the rescue of the imperiled party in a small sailboat, related the story of his brave attempt to rescue those of the party who saved themselves for a time by clinging to the wreck. He got to the windward of the wreck, and hoped by dropping his anchor and drifting to come alongside, and thus rescue six or seven who managed to save themselves when the boat capsized, but at an inopportune moment a series of disasters happened to his boat in quick succession—a squall, with the fragments of a comet away and the mainsail torn into strips and twined about the mast, he found himself at the mercy of the winds. Once he came within ten or a dozen feet of the wreck, and it was then that he urged the men to save themselves by swimming to his boat. They were either too dazed or too benumbed by the cold to do so. The first and only one to start was the young Bucklin, who could not swim, and after a brave endeavor he appeared to be seized with cramps, and sank out of sight. Unfortunately, the two boats drifted apart, and himself and his companion were obliged to wade ashore after reaching shallow water. The companion was full of ardor to rescue the perishing ones, but he, unfortunately, did not understand anything about handling a boat, and was thus unable to render any assistance to Mr. Bronson, except in the way of words of encouragement. The witness attempted to describe the conversation with Capt. Bucklin and those who were clinging to the boat, but his emotion overcame him, and with quivering lips he cut off his narrative in this direction as often as he attempted to relate it.

The jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts.

The fund for the bereaved families now amounts to considerably over $1,000.

THE SEMINARY.

A Chicago Baptist Institution Which Is Doing Well and Promises to Accomplish Great Things.

The Baptist Theological Union held its annual meeting in the Immanuel Baptist Church last evening, President Blake in the chair. The Committee on Enrollment reported thirty members present.

Secretary Goodspeed read the annual report, which states that the past year has been the most prosperous in the history of the seminary, and has brought the institution and union to the beginning of a new era. A course of study has been established for graduates of seminaries and for pastors who may desire to spend a year in general theological study. A valuable course of lectures and numerous addresses were given. In the Scandinavian department the number of students was larger than heretofore, and the course has been extended to four years, and steps have been taken for erecting a building for this interesting branch. Last year there were ninety-four young men in the seminary, and sixteen women attended lectures and took more or less of the studies. In the Scandinavian department there were eighteen students. This year the senior class is the largest in any Baptist seminary in the world. Including women attendants at lectures there have been 110 students, hailing from fifteen States and six foreign countries. The standard of scholarship has increased as a consequence of the fact that a large number of the students were college graduates, and the tendency grows stronger to take a course of four or five years, instead of two as formerly. The students have preached about 3,000 sermons, and in this way very largely met their expenses. The total expenses of the seminary were $16,000. There is a deficiency of about $5,583, which amount is due for salaries. The success in securing an endowment has been very great. Mr. Wilson, the President of the union, agreed some months ago to give $30,000 if the amount was raised to $100,000 subscribed west of Ohio. The alumni raised $10,000 and the undergraduates $1,750. The total amount raised is $102,000, of which $80,000 was given by eighty-five individuals and the remainder by 350 subscribers. The success of this movement in the West prompted the Eastern friends of the seminary to raise a second $100,000, and early in May Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, of Cleveland, proposed to give $30,000, and Mr. J. H. Deane $15,000, on the condition that the rest is raised in the East during May. Drs. Northrup, Goodspeed, and Duncan have been working in New York and Boston to secure this fund, with excellent promise of doing so. The report of the board also recommends that the Chicago parties who attend the coming Eastern anniversaries try to complete this second subscription by June 1. It is also recommended that Dr. Blake be requested to permit one of the professorships to bear his name.

The Treasurer's report showed the total receipts to be $22,593, and the disbursements $19,681, leaving $2,500 on hand.

The Rev. H. L. Stetson read the visitors' report on examinations, which was highly complimentary.

THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS

were elected for the new year: President, E. Nelson Blake, of Chicago; Vice-Presidents, the Hon. J. Warren Merrill of Boston, John D. Rockefeller of Cleveland; Secretary, T. W. Goodspeed of Morgan Park; Treasurer, Edward Goodman of Chicago; Trustees for three years: C. A. Reichelt, J. C. Bosworth, G. Anderson, D. D., the Rev. P. S. Henson, J. F. Gillette, W. B. Bruyton, C. W. Needham, F. A. Smith, W. H. Holden. Several speeches were made, and the union then adjourned.

The new Board of Trustees met subsequently and elected the same officers as last year, and the same Executive Committee except that Dr. P. S. Henson was chosen in place of Dr. Hulbert, who has become a member of the faculty of the seminary.

A motion was passed that it was the sense of the meeting that Drs. Northrup and Goodspeed should return to New York to continue the work of getting subscriptions.

Back of the Uhlich Block, on North Clark street, on the block bounded by Kinzie, Clark, La Salle and North Water streets, exists a nuisance which the Health Department should take means to abate without delay. The property is ten to twelve feet below the street-level, and there are no buildings, except a couple of shanties, upon it. On Kinzie street there are "coffee-houses" carried on stills, the drainage from which is into the lot. The ground is uneven and soft, a quantity of dirt and rubbish having been dumped there, and a good deal of it on the Kinzie street front is under water. The irregular ponds thus formed are covered with a slimy, festering ooze and a sickening growth of green covers the stagnant pools. Through this the noxious gases generated bubble continuously to the surface. The place is on a small scale a duplication of the worst sections of the forks of the South Branch, and must necessarily be deleterious to health. The premises are within five minutes' walk of the City-Hall, and the neighbors hope that some day before the cholera comes an employé of the Municipal Government will happen around and at his convenience make a report on the subject.

Ask your physician and he will tell you that for all those tonic properties which strengthen and invigorate, there is nothing known in the vegetable kingdom equal to hops. They are a prominent ingredient in Hops and Malt Bitters.

MARINE NEWS.

The Demand Yesterday for Grain-Carrying Vessels Very Moderate.

A Law That Should Be Done Away With Without Delay.

A Communication Regarding Boss Tallymen—A Matrimonial Event in Marine Circles.

Dock and Other Notes—Vessels Passed Port Huron — Vessel Charters — Around the Lakes—Port List.

Lake Freights.

The demand yesterday by shippers for grain-carrying was very moderate, room being taken for only 111,500 bushels of corn. The supply of ready vessels in port is small, but fully equal to the demand. Several steam craft, it is understood, will go to Escanaba for cargoes of iron ore when they are unloaded if things in the grain-carrying line do not improve. The fact is, agents of grain-carrying craft have to hunt loads for them. There is no change in rates on corn to any port, while the rate on wheat is only nominally ⅛ cent better than on corn. Some vessel-owners cling to the belief that the receipts of corn from this time forward will be on the increase, but what they base their belief on is hard to tell. Yesterday's engagements comprise the following:

	For Buffalo.	Bushels.
Propeller Rochester, wheat		24,000
Propeller Rochester, oats		17,000
Propeller Cuba, corn		60,000
	For Erie.	
Propeller Delaware, corn		30,000
	For Kingston.	
Schooner J. D. Barker, wheat		21,000
	For Midland.	
Schooner Arabia, corn		21,500
Total capacity		173,500

A Law that Should Be Done Away With Without Delay.

The propeller Potomac arrived in port yesterday in tow of the big tug Welcome. The Potomac broke a portion of her machinery near the Manitous while on her way up from Buffalo. Capt. Quinn, the Master of the Potomac, states that he was passed by several steamers the night of the accident, and, although he was sounding his whistle for assistance, none of them would come to the Potomac's relief. Finally the Canadian propeller Prussia, of the Merchants' Line, bound from Montreal to this port, came alongside of the Potomac, but the Captain of the Prussia, though willing and anxious to render him assistance, was forbidden to do so, because had he done it he would have laid his vessel liable to a fine equal to 50 per cent of her tonnage value, the Prussia being a Canadian craft. The case of the Potomac is another illustration of the absurd and senseless maritime laws (both of Canada and this country) which prevent steam craft of Canada taking the lines and towing American vessels in American waters, and vice versa when in Canadian waters. No matter whether the Potomac had been in the trough of the sea and in danger of foundering, the Master of the Prussia would have laid himself liable to be heavily fined if he had taken her tow. The sooner the laws bearing on this matters are done away by both countries the better it will be for the safety of those sailing the great lakes.

Regarding Boss Tallymen.

The following communication has been received by THE TRIBUNE and is published for the benefit of whom it may concern:

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, May 20.—Will you kindly insert this in your widely-read paper for the information of the people of Cleveland, and others on the lake ports, of the injustice done vessel-owners by the boss tallymen. Fifteen years ago there were no such thing as tallymen. They are mere-ly a link in the fifth wheel to a coach. The vessel takes their weights from the el

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY T. B. BOYD, ROOM 1, 119 Madison-st. Possession can be had at once of the three houses:

No. 1—This house is 3 rooms deep; has every modern improvement; 3-story and basement; 15 rooms; finished in hard wood; has a fine marble mantel; is built with 4 years ago; south front, on Adams-st., near Sangamon; barn, and lot 25x125. There is not such a house offered in the city.

No. 2—This house the owner built for himself and had lived in it since finished; 9-room, 2-story-and-basement, brick, with every modern convenience; built upon honor and not to sell; it is 26x42 feet and finished in the best of style, and is in perfect order; lot 30x125, with No. 1 brick barn; east front, on Adams-st., near Adams. It will suit any one who wants a first-class home.

No. 3—Fine modern stone-front with brick barn and lot, right at Ashland-av., on Van Buren-st. A bargain.

$5,000—Six-room cottage and lot 25x100 on Thirty-eighth-st., near Vincennes-av. Half cash down.

$6,000—Fine modern octagon 10-room stone-front house, with all modern conveniences, on Washington-st., near Hoyne-av. Cash or terms.

$7,500—10-room first-class frame dwelling, barn, and lot, 50x180, southeast front (northwest corner), on Washington-boulevard. Just east of Central Park. This is cheap.

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

$9,000—Store and lot 32x110 (corner), east front on Peoria-st., between Madison and Monroe-sts., rented for $1,284 per year; pays 11 per cent net; in 3 years you will be glad to buy such property at $15,000. It is the best location to buy in the city.

$7,000—Fine-class frame store 24x70, 5 large living rooms over, water, gas, etc. with good 2-story brick store and lot 25x70, south front on Madison-st., 50 feet west of Western-av. it is good business property; rented well.

$5 per foot. I still offer this lot as the best bargain and investment to be found in Chicago. 150x120, corner of Jackson and Aberdeen-sts.; only 15 minutes' street-car ride from City Hall. Four 7-room houses on lease, will rent for $40 per flat per month. They will pay 18 per cent net, and it is surprising that people will money with can at 6 per cent, or Government bonds at 4 per cent, when they can get 12 to 20 per cent for money. There is not such another chance offered in Chicago. Only one block from street cars.

$5 per foot, lot 24x125, south front, on Van Buren-st., just 2 blocks west of Ashland-av. A most excellent location for store and flats over. Van Buren-st. property is bound to increase in value in a few years.

$6,500. This is a bargain. Store, and lot 25x107, south front, on Madison-st., just 50 feet west Carpenter. Sale of other good offerings and bulk business property for sale all over the city. Give us a call.

FOR SALE—BY COLLOT & SCHMIDT, Room 1, 79 Dearborn-st.:

Lot 24x125, west front, on La Salle-av., north of Schiller-st., $150 per foot.

Lot 45x124 to alley on Stone-st., near Lake-Shore drive, $45 per foot.

Southeast corner Larrabee-st. and Belden-av., lot 80x120, $9 per foot.

Northwest corner Halsted and Centre-sts., 99x123, $125.

Southeast corner Clinton and Harrison-sts., lot 35x 95, $95 per foot.

Northwest corner Belden-av. and Hurlbut-st., with 3-story sandstone residence; lot 130x145; $10,000.

Five acres corner California and Chicago-avs., $1,000.

Three acres corner Green Bay road, fronting on three streets; cottage and barn on it; $5,000.

Southwest corner Eggandale-av. and Chestnut-st., Rose Park, near park, lot 200x180, east front, $35 per foot.

FOR SALE—TO CAPITALISTS—AT 499 Lincoln-av., lot 100 feet on Lincoln and Sheffield-avs., 18 foot alley on the south; new building, 60 feet deep, 3-story pians just completed and now how the building may be converted into 4 stores and 2 flats. These would rent, stores $50, flats $30. Total, $260 per month. Throwing off $480 for insurance, taxes, and repairs, and the balance would be the interest at 6 per cent on $30,000. The estimate is the lowest at 6 per cent on $30,000, and there is no doubt but that the building and grounds can be bought of us and put into the above shape so as to pay 25 per cent on the investment.

One price for property and the cost of alterations would both together not exceed $30,000.

The owner is a non-resident and orders me to sell. Please call and examine plans and figures.

A. J. NOWLEN, 46 east Adams-st.

FOR SALE — A CHOICE — YOUR choice in

1,000 LOTS IN 10 NEW SUBDIVISIONS.

1,000 lots in 10 new subdivisions.

1,000 lots in 10 new subdivisions.

1,000 lots in 10 new subdivisions.

Also a choice of subdivisions in and around the city from which any one can select, who desires a cheap and profitable investment on very easy payments; we make all of our lots very inviting, planting trees, building sidewalks, etc.; everything we undertake is a success, as we study the comfort and welfare of all our purchasers; we have a list of over 500 who have bought from us. Call and look over the location of lots, free to every one. Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings until 9 o'clock.

COLLOT & SCHMIDT & CO., 79 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE—ADAMS-ST., CORNER LOT, 60x300, northwest corner Adams and Jefferson-sts. The highest price ever offered for real estate in Chicago was refused for this corner on Adams-st. Palmer has carried State-st. on his back for fifteen years; others were shrewd enough to slip in and receive the benefit. Palmer is now going to put down Adams-st. from Wabash-av. to Halsted-st. and examine the improvements. The Farwells are there, and, like Palmer, are going to see with half an eye that they propose to make that the main West Side business street, and if you want to make some money leave it to your time. R. R. CUMMINGS, Room 31 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—BY J. H. KEELER, 175 Clark-st.:

MICHIGAN-AV.—Near Twenty-fifth-st., two-story frame house, brick basement, 9 rooms, and lot 25x100; only $7,500; possession any time.

MICHIGAN-AV.—Near Twenty-eighth-st., 2-story frame house, 8 rooms, and lot 25x120; $6,000.

WABASH-AV.—Near Thirtieth-st., 2-story house and lot 24x96; $6,000; possession soon.

ASHLAND-BOULEVARD—Near Van Buren-st., 2-story stone-front house, 12 rooms and basement, parlors, dining-room, and kitchen on same floor, first-class and newly finished, and house, lot 42x150; immediate possession; a bargain.

WABASH-AV.—300 to 800 feet of the best unimproved property on the avenue.

FOR SALE—NEW BRICK COTTAGES —Cash payments of only $300 to $500, balance monthly and long time, on Chicago, Fairfield, and Lakeside cars; prices only $1,850. These cottages are well built; they have 4 rooms, besides closets and pantries on the first floor; the upper story is floored and can be easily divided into two large rooms. Good water, sidewalks, fences, etc., and within convenient distance of the centre of the city.

S. E. GROSS & CO., 69 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE—GOOD BUSINESS CORNER —Ashland-av. and Thirty-sixth-st.; newly finished 2-story brick store and residence; suited for grocery or saloon; no grocery within half a mile; and is now doing a good trade from over 300 families. There is a chance to make a fortune here in a short time. Price only $4,000, on easy payments, or will take rent. Also offered $30 a year rent—over 12 per cent on the price asked. S. E. GROSS & CO., 69 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED BUSINESS property paying 10 per cent net.

West Madison-st., between Aberdeen and Centre-sts., 24 or 48 feet by 120 to 16 foot alley; price $11,000 or $2,000. 82 West Lake-st., store and 4 rooms in rear and flat of 7 rooms above, rent $900; price $9,000; and other bargains in West Side business and residence property.

TAYLOR & McNULTY, 221 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BLOCK OF BUSIness property, 8 stores, 16 flats, with two marble-front residences in rear, on West Madison-st., between Elizabeth and Ada; rental over $14,000; a fine investment.

ROOM 5, 89 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—ON INDIANA-AV., NEAR Thirty-ninth-st., 2-story and basement brick house, 8 rooms, and lot 24x125 feet, $4,750. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—40X163 FEET, MICHIGAN-av., near Twenty-eighth-st. By R. W. HYMAN & Co., Room 8 184 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GOOD FRAME HOUSE with very wide lot; good location, West Side; $1,600. A bargain.

3 feet, vacant, Michigan-av., near Thirty-sixth-st.; a chance or vacant lot taken in part payment.

40 feet on Van Buren-st., east of Ashland-av.

HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON BOULEvard, near Hoyne, 11-room residence, barn, and lot 24x165 feet, $7,000. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 163 Randolph-st., Room 20.

FOR SALE—LOT ON CLINTON-ST., near Van Buren, or would exchange for improved property. O 95, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—50X165, FRONTING TWO streets, in business centre, including party wall factory building for $1,500 a foot; 80x150 with stone and frame improvements, corner, rents $3,228 per year, for $27,500; 75x150 with four houses, a corner on Clark-st., rents over $300 per month, for $28,000. F. P. READ & CO., 45 Major Block.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—NORTH of Twenty-ninth-st., two elegant brick and stone front houses, just completed, without basements, finished in hardwood and complete in every detail, east front, with lots 22x179 feet. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—2 OR 3 LOTS IN A BLOCK of 7 at Lake in Park to a party who will build at the same time, the owner to build on the balance; capital required $6,000 or $9,000; will bring 18 per cent or investment; for particulars and plans of building apply at Room 86 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT STONE-FRONT house 1624 Indiana-av.; very thoroughly built and convenient; will be sold a bargain on easy terms. C. H. SAWYER, 119 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—50 FEET ON INDIANA-av., north of Eighteenth-st., east front, open for sale and cash; desirable location. C. H. SAWYER, 119 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE PIECE OF PROPerty on Jefferson-st., admirably suited to manufacturing purposes. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—9 LOTS ON STATE-ST., east front, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-seventh-sts. Must be sold. R. PHILPOT & Co., 115 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE—STATE-ST. LOTS, BEtween Thirty-fifth and Thirty-seventh-sts., east front, very cheap. R. PHILPOT & CO., 115 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE—3 LOTS, 25x120 EACH, ON Langley-av., north of Forty-seventh-st.; will sell at a bargain if taken at once. Apply to M. C. PERKINS JR., 346 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—204 PARK-AV., A NO. 1 two-story frame house, and 25-foot lot, near Center-st. This property will be offered for a few days for $5,000, one-third cash, balance in 1, 2, and 3 years at 6 per cent. Apply to the owner, 552 West Lake-st.

FOR SALE—NEW 2-STORY STONEfront houses, every improvement; parlor, dining-room, and kitchen on first floor; 4 large chambers and bath-room on second floor; located on De Koven-st., near Polk, one block from Ogden-av. cars. Apply on the premises, or at 115 Madison-st., Room 3. CAMPBELL BROS.

FOR SALE—CHOICE WEST MADISON st. brick business block, paying finely. No better investment in the market. H. W. STORRS, 94 Washington-st.

FOR SALE — MADISON-ST., NEAR Western-av., choice lot, 22x118; price $7,500. H. W. STORRS, 94 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A HOUSE OF 9 rooms, 24x36 feet, and lot 24x125 feet. Inquire on premises, 1304 Wabash-av.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A CONTINUAL RUSH FOR a home at Humboldt Park and Garfield!

These fine residence lots, 177 feet in depth, close to the park, are nearly all sold; they are the finest lots, without any exception, now for sale near the city. Of lots at $250 each, if taken this week, for cash or on time; they are well worth $400 each at the present time.

Five good residence houses on this tract have been started to be built this week.

I have some fine lots just west of the park, two blocks from the cars and one block from North-av., at $200 each, cash and time, and lots on North-av. at $300.

There are trees planted in front; size of lots 25x125 feet each, and will surely sell for $400 each the present year.

I have nine lots just east of the park, which I will sell at $400 each, half a block from the North-av. street-cars; the adjoining lots are held by other owners at $600 each. I have some fine corner lots on North-av., close to the park; these lots are each 175 feet in depth. Also some fine residence lots on the boulevard, near the park, 40x160 feet, for $1,050, on easy terms. Also one lot, 50x150 feet, four blocks north of the park, for $350; was bought some time ago for $800. Also a lot on California-av., in front of the park, 125 feet in depth, for $750, on easy terms.

And 6,000 lots from $200 each up." I have five fine residences, close to the park, which I will sell from $1,100 each up, on easy terms. One fine residence, with 100 feet front, ¼ block from the park, only $3,900.

Houses built to order on lots 25x125, only one block from street-cars, for $1,100 up, for house and lot; two blocks from steam-cars. "Taxes only $4 per year for house and lot.

My sales for the last four months at Humboldt Park and Garfield amount to $65,000.

I have been selling property in this vicinity for the last eleven years, and have all the bargains, and am the southeast corner California and North-avs., entrance of Humboldt Park.

The Humboldt Park street-cars on Lake and State-sts. Only one fare to the office. Headquarters for Humboldt Park and Garfield property. Carriages at the office to show property.

Office open until 9 in the evening. Do not wait till Sunday, but come out at once if you want bargains. Cut this card out and take it with you, and see that the property is as advertised.

W. P. LARKIN.

FOR SALE—

Having decided to close out the balance of my

LOTS IN HOLSTEIN,

near corner of Milwaukee and Western-avs.,

I offer for sale about

150 LOTS AT $200 EACH,

singly or in bulk.

None of these lots are worth less than $300, while many are worth $500 each.

Choice given to first applicants.

A perfect abstract for every lot.

Steam-cars and street-cars right at hand.

I particularly ask any

CLERK, MECHANIC, OR LABORER,

who wants a home, to compare this with any bargain in or about Chicago.

And come and see me.

W. O. COLE, 109 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE INVESTMENTS— West Madison-st., A 1 corner; fine rents.

West Madison-st., 24x125, improved; good rents.

West Madison-st., 44x125, growing fast; $150 per foot.

West Madison-st., 24x125; cheapest on street.

West Madison-st., 24x125; going boom; locality.

West Madison-st., 120x135; growing finely.

West Madison-st., stone-front; rents for $2,400.

West Madison-st., 20x125; fine store; $7,000.

West Madison-st., 5-story brick store and brick barn, growing rapidly; rents for $3,600.

West Madison-st., 40x125; cheap; $125 per foot.

West Madison-st., 80x125; store, etc.; $9,000.

West Madison-st., 45 feet; good buildings.

West Madison-st., some of the best investments in the market; not advertised.

Halsted-st., fine corner; also inside lots cheap.

Ogden-av., near Jackson-st., 25 feet fronting on 3 streets.

H. A. OSBORN, The corner is a Sale-st.

FOR SALE—ON FAVORABLE TERMS— Dock lots.

ON NORTH BRANCH.

100x200—North Branch-st., near Halsted, next to C. & N.-W. R. R. track; connection with St. Paul and C. & J. Railroads.

400x325—North Branch-st., near Division, adjoining the Lake Shore track; excellent site for lumber or coal.

150x330—Cherry-av., corner Blackhawk-st.; streets on two sides. An excellent property for factory purpose requiring water and railway facilities.

MANUFACTURING SITES.

150x192—West Monroe-st., 150 ft. west of Desplaines, running through to School-st. Choice site for factory requiring railroad location.

125x130—Ada-st., corner Kinzie-st., adjoining C. & N.-W. and St. Paul Railroads.

JOHN A. YALE, 153 La Salle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—CALL FOR CHANDLER & CO.'S new catalogue of real estate just issued. LOW FIXED CASH PRICES IN ORDER TO CLOSE THREE DAYS ONLY.

A great variety of property catalogued.

FAVORABLE TERMS FOR LOANS ON ALL PROPERTY SOLD.

Money loaned to improve vacant property whether sold by us or not.

CHANDLER & CO., MORTGAGE BANKERS AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRADE, BUY AND SELL MORTGAGES, MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES. 72 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR SALE—10 NEW COTTAGES AND lots, all complete; prices $1,350 to $1,500; terms $50 cash, balance monthly payments; go and see them; on Milwaukee-av. cars or Western-av.; then go out Milwaukee-av. two blocks to Hoffman-st. My cottages are both north and south of brick school houses on Hoffman-st. Plats at 100 Washington-st., with keys to show them. JAMES M. ALLEN, 135 Washington-st., Room 36.

FOR SALE—VICINITY OF LINCOLN Park—Octagon brick dwelling, brick barn, $6,500. 2-story and basement brick, east front, $4,500; easy terms.

Nice brick flat, rented $60 per month, $5,000.

Double frame dwelling, Larrabee, near Garfield-av., $5,000, a bargain.

2-story stone and flats, good lot, barn, $3,500; will net 12 per cent.

CHARLES H. HALE, 153 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—I OFFER FOR A FEW days from 10 to 20 beautiful building lots just west of Western-av., lying between Twelfth and Sixteenth-sts., only a few steps from the cars. Can be taken at once; I will sell at the very low price of $300 each; they are cheap at $500.

W. S. HALL, 154 Madison-st., Room 63 (lake elevator).

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY BRICK RESIdence, mansard roof, southwest corner of Thirty-sixth-st. and Michigan-av., 42 feet front, brick barn in rear; a bargain.

H. J. RICHARDS, 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—NO. 425 CARROLL-AV., A 2- story and basement stone front, $5,500; very cheap. R. W. HYMAN JR., & CO., Room 8, 184 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE BUILDING LOTS, with two fronts, 66 feet front on Lake-av. and running through to Ellis-av.; 66 feet. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 163 Randolph-st., Room 20.

FOR SALE—ON WEST TWENTY-FIRST-st., between Wood and Lincoln, 11-room frame houses, barns, and lots 50x125 feet; $3,500. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—30 OGDEN-AV., 3-STORY attic and basement marble-front residence, fronting Union Park, $8,000.

M. J. RICHARDS, 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—TWO VERY DESIRABLE corner lots on Prairie-av., north of Thirty-first-st. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—12 OGDEN-AV., 3-STORY attic and basement marble-front residence, fronting Union Park.

M. J. RICHARDS, Room 5, 89 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—THREE LOTS ON CALUmet-av., near Thirty-second-st., $97.50 per foot if taken at once. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY AND BASEment octagon-front brick residences, Nos. 376, 378, 380, and 382 West Harrison-st.; all modern improvements. At a bargain.

H. J. RICHARDS, Room 5, 89 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—76 FEET EAST FRONT ON Cottage Grove-av., 125 feet north of Twenty-fifth-st., three full depth lots, $30 per foot; sold separately or together; a great bargain. C. VAN SCHAACK, 83 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ON BUTTERFIELD-ST., near Thirtieth, 9-room 2-story frame house, in fine order, full lot; possession now, owner leaving the city. Price $2,350. Will rent for $300. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 20 Metropolitan Block, Randolph and La Salle-sts.

FOR SALE—EAST INDIANA-ST., CORner, 37x100 feet, $4,000. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 163 Randolph-st., Room 20.

FOR SALE—LOT ON DEARBORN-AV., south of Schiller-st., 25x132; price $350 per foot, or make an offer. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 137 La Salle-st., corner of Madison.

FOR SALE—DIRT CHEAP! $600. 2 LOTS. LOTS. $600.

A good lot for $600 at Vernon Park, within a walking distance of business centre; easy terms; monthly payments.

Perfect title. Complete abstract. Arrange now to save your rent for the year. Call on or write

JOHN JOHNSTON JR., 80 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE BRICK BUILDing on West Indiana-st. $10,000; paying over 10 per cent net. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—2-STORY FRAME HOUSE and lot, with barn, near Thirty-first-st. Inquire of owner, 3008 Portland-av.

FOR SALE—VERNON-AV., MAKBLEfront residence, 24x105 feet, $7,000. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 163 Randolph-st., Room 20.

FOR SALE—ON MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR Twenty-fourth-st., good 10-room frame house and lot 25x178 feet, at $600 per foot. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP — $3,750 will buy 30x120 feet in Woodlawn Park, near Douglas monument. JAMES H. MAY, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN IF TAKEN this week, 27x120 on Division-st., between La Salle and Wells-sts. JAMES R. MAY, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—50 FEET ON WEST MADIson-st., east of Ashland-av.; cheap if taken at once. H. W. WALLER, 94 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED AND UNIMproved property in all parts of the city, by J. C. SAMPSON & CO., Real Estate Agency, 120 La Salle.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE PIECE OF BUSIness property centrally located. Address Q 55, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS INVESTment—Seven lots, separate or altogether, one block from Douglas Park, on Fairfield-av., near Twelfth-st.; Ogden cars within one block; will be sold cheap for cash. ALVARO LADD, 138 Washington-st., Room 11.

FOR SALE—ON CALUMET-AV., NEAR Twenty-ninth-st., 2 good brick houses with lot for $5,000; possession at any time. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY GRIFFIN & DWIGHT, corner Washington and Halsted-sts.:

No. 45 Hoopre-st., a very pretty place, and is exceedingly cheap, at $4,250.

24 South Morgan-st., between Washington and Madison, 30x125, with frame house. Price $7,500.

D Romsey-st.; rents for $35 a month. Price $3,700.

12 Conover-st. A good little bargain—a store with flats over, well rented. Price $3,500.

326 West Randolph-st., a 2-story frame house, rented for $360 a month. Price $4,500.

19 Seymour-st., a neat cottage, rented at $20. Price $1,300.

A large 15-room 2-story frame house on South Green, south of Jackson, east front, will rent for $60. Price $5,000.

46 Evergreen-place, 3-story brick house with two flats, near Oakley, for $1,850.

38 Lexington-st., 2-story brick house with two flats. Will shade $6,500 cash.

Warren-av., near Staunton-st., 9-room brick-basement house and barn, lot 25x125; $5,000.

253 Park-av., 9-room brick, 30-foot lot, house in first-class repair; $3,600.

3-story stone-front house with one or two lots, on Peoria, near Jackson, cheap.

Two good solid brick houses (no shells) on South Peoria, near Jackson; only $5,000 each.

Corner of Nebraska and Throop, 3-story frame store, 3 rooms in rear and 5 rooms above; $4,000.

Green-st., near Jackson, 2-story and basement frame house, 13 rooms, in first-class order, will rent for $60; $5,000.

We have several paying investments in business property on South Halsted and West Madison-sts., prices ranging $7,500 to $18,000.

See our large list in Monday's Tribune of cheap houses and lots and vacant lots.

FOR SALE—BY F. C. VIERLING, 110 Dearborn-st., (basement):

SOUTH SIDE.

Michigan-av., fine 24-foot lot, west front, south of Twenty-ninth-st.

Indiana-av., 24½x132 feet, east front, opposite Thirty-eighth-st.; a rare long time is improved.

Indiana-av., 25, 50, or 75 feet, east front, between Fortieth and Forty-first-sts.

Michigan-av., 50 feet, east front, near Thirty-fourth.

Dearborn-st., 2115, 2206, and 2236.

Calumet-av., fine stone-front, with 50 feet, near Twenty-second-st.

Clark-st., 25 feet north of Polk; cheap.

State-st., 40 feet, east front, near Taylor-st.

WEST SIDE.

Warren-av., fine 24-foot lot, near Oakley-st.; on long time if improved.

Randolph-st., 50 feet, near Green-st.

Lake-st., house and lot near Ann-st.

Huron-st., cottage and lot, near Lincoln.

HYDE PARK AND LAKE.

Fine 50-foot lot in Egandale at a sacrifice.

Two lots on Wentworth-av., near Forty-seventh-st.

Three lots on Forty-seventh-st., near Wentworth-av.

F. C. VIERLING, 110 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—

40 acres west of city limits.

10 acres on line of Belt Railroad, west.

10 acres on line of Belt Railroad, south.

20 acres at Ravenswood.

40 feet on Ohio-st., near Clark.

25 feet on State-st., near Sixteenth.

56 feet on West Lake-st., near Elizabeth.

112 feet on West Lake-st., corner Ada.

100 feet on West Lake-st., corner May, 5 houses.

112 feet on West Randolph-st., 7 houses.

One block, 44 lots, on Superior-st.

Apply to LYMAN & GIDDINGS, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AN EXCELLENT CORNER near Milwaukee-av.; 40x116 feet, with frame improvements; $30.00; a bargain; pays over 12 per cent twice. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A BRICK HOUSE, WITH modern improvements; genteel neighborhood. Address N 14, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON Butterfield-st., near Twenty-ninth-st., for $2,500; will rent for $30. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 20 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—1006 AND 1008 WEST AD-st., two frame houses, renting now at $648 per annum; lot 44x125 feet; $4,000. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 45 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—3007 SOUTH PARK-AV., two-story cottage, lot 25x150; price, $6,000.

M. J. RICHARDS, 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—3-STORY AND BASEMENT marble-front residence No. 39 Hitzabeth-st.; price $6,500. DANIEL H. HALE & CO., 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—125X103½ FEET, SOUTHwest corner of Thirty-first-st. and South Park-av.; a good corner to improve with stores and flats. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—18 OGDEN-AV., 3-STORY attic and basement marble-front residence, all modern improvements, $8,500.

M. J. RICHARDS, 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—3-STORY ATTIC AND basement marble-front residence No. 475 West Washington-st., Union Park; price $12,000. 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—LOT 25 BY 100 FEET, ON Lake-st., 75 feet west of Carpenter.

M. J. RICHARDS, 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

FOR SALE—BY R. W. HYMAN JR. & Co., Room 8, 184 Dearborn-st.: No. 58 Arbor place, 2-story and basement brick, $2,500; house alone would cost more than this to build.

FOR SALE—FIFTH-AV., NEAR VAN Buren-st., 60x100 feet, vacant. Apply to F. A. HENSHAW, 170 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—JACKSON-ST., NEAR ASHland-av., stone-front house, 3 rooms deep. F. A. HENSHAW, 170 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—PECK-COURT, BETWEEN Clark and Wells-sts., 20 feet. F. A. HENSHAW, 170 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY BRICK FLAT, 30x93, corner 16-foot alley; lot 32x100 feet; rented for $1,020; price only $5,500. ELLIOTT & CLARK, Room 20, 163 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—HYDE PARK PROPERTY a specialty. I can show purchasers nearly every lot and house for sale in the town. Parties residing make me familiar with the property and owners. NOAH BARNES, 85 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—A 2-STORY AND BASEment brick house in first-class condition; good brick barn. On avenue cars. Only $3,000. For particulars address O 86, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON WEST SIDE, splendid location, large lot, and barn. Possession given. N 30, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—TO RAISE A MORTGAGE —very cheap if taken soon—40 feet of ground; 30 feet east of 160 West Lake-st., with frame store and dwelling above, and 20 feet in the rear on Park-av. Inquire of the owner, N. DYE, 288 Park-av.

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY AND BASEment brick houses on Monroe-st., near Western-av. Price $3,000 each. For the cheapest houses and the price now being offered. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 137 La Salle-st., corner of Madison.

FOR SALE—THIRD-AV., BETWEEN Jackson and Van Buren-sts., 25 feet; near Taylor-st. Must be sold; cheap. $9 feet. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 163 Randolph-st., Room 20.

FOR SALE—A FINE BUSINESS CORner on West Side, partly improved; paying well; price $35,000; a bargain. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OAK-ST., NEAR RUSH, octagon-front brick house, $7,000. F. A. HENSHAW, 170 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—2-STORY FRAME HOUSE and lot on Butterfield-st., near Thirtieth; $2,300. F. A. BRAGG & CO., 15 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A BUSINESS BLOCK OF three-story bricks, in first-class order, paying 11 per cent on price wanted. For particulars call on HENRY WALLER JR., Room 7 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—BY OWNERS, A BRICK store and flat on West Madison-st.; pays well. A M F, 630 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—2114 INDIANA-AV., TWOstory frame brick basement and brick barn; lot 25 7-12 feet, east front; this property must be sold right away, and can be sold very cheap. Please call between 10 and 12 or 1 and 3. JOHN C. LONG, 68 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—30 FEET ON WEST WASHington-st., near Ashland-av., with frame house. J. H. HILLEBRAND, 159 Dearborn-st., Room 4.

FOR SALE—BY C. L. JENKS, 128 VAN Buren-st., Clark-st., corner Nineteenth, 100x97.

FOR SALE — BEAUTIFUL HOME, South Side avenue, $6,500; worth $8,000; modern, complete; possession immediately; half cash, half 6 per cent; terms to suit. Q 22, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE—LOT 40X85, on Ritchie-place; price $4,000. Address HOUSE, 1731 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—FINE CORNER ON MICHigan-av., 100 or 300 feet front; $100 per foot; a great bargain. HENRY WALLER JR., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—NICE BRICK house 459 Ellis-av.; dining-room and kitchen on parlor floor; also, building lots. Inquire at 81 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—COTTAGE, with brick basement and lawn, 17 Lincoln-place, between Sedgwick and Hurlbut-sts., near Garfield-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A DESIRABLE lot on Lowe-st., corner Thirty-fourth. Apply at Room 58, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—6-ROOM COTTAGE AND lot, cheap, 173 Warren-av.; west of Western-av. M. M. DUTTON, 133 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—

36 LOTS

on long time, corner of Rush and Belleyen-place.

M. KUNKEL, 44 Fifth-av.

FOR SALE—ASHLAND-AV., OCTAGON stone front residence, brick barn, lot 24x125 feet, $5,250. ELLIOTT & CLARK, Room 20, 163 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—368 WEST MADISON-ST., store and flat; lot 24x125; immediate possession. N. H. WINTER, on premises.

FOR SALE—48X115 TO ALLEY, ON LINcoln-av., near corner Wisconsin-st., improved; price $6,500. Address Q 11, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A NICE LOT FOR A home to the highest bidder this week; must be sold; no agents. Address Q 78, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—46¾x129 FEET, WEST front, on Vincennes-av., between Thirty-ninth-st. and Oakland-boulevard. Price $70 per foot. H. J. GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE — NO. 10 KENDALL-ST., near Polk-st. and Ogden-av., a beautiful 6-room brick cottage, new, with marble mantels and centre pieces. Price $2,350. Inquire at cottage.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE AND LOT ON South Park-av., near Twenty-eighth-st.; lot 24x 117.75; one-story cottage; price $1,750, less than the lot is worth alone. Call between 10 and 12 or 1 and 3. JOHN C. LONG, 68 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BRICK BLOCK OF STORES and flats on Archer-av.; nearly new; price $8,000; pays now over 11 per cent net on that amount. JOHN C. LONG, 68 Washington-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY J. C. MAGILL & CO., 90 Washington-st.

$4,250—Rental $500 from the best of tenants; a very desirable 2-story and basement brick house, with bath and water-closet. House just put in elegant shape at an expense of over $600. Lot 24x125, in very desirable location; on Leavitt-st., near Jackson.

$5,850—Immediate possession; built for a home, Monroe-st., near Western-av.; is very desirable home.

$6,750—Near Jefferson Park, d. r. and k. on parlor floor; furnace and gas fixtures; octagon marble fronts, improvements alone worth the price.

$7,500—Indiana-av., a very desirable residence, wide and deep lot; large barn; a bright and sunny home.

$12,000—Ashland-av., a fine marble front, with d. r. and k. on parlor floor; brick barn; rear entrances.

$5,000—Marble-front, near Jefferson Park; all impts.

$6,750—Indiana-av.; desirable stone front; the house alone cannot be built for the price.

$12,000—Near Jefferson Park, d. r. and k. on parlor floor; an elegant and complete residence; south front; no expense spared; a bargain.

$4,200—Walnut-st., a very complete basement cottage in fine order; all modern improvements.

$3,000—Dearborn-st., desirable cottage, near Thirty-fifth-st.

LOTS.

$225—Ashland-av., the best vacant lot on the street. 130 feet deep, east front, party walls each side.

$250—Ashland-av., an elegant corner, north of Van Buren-st., a desirable place for modern apartments.

$175—Adams-st., between Jefferson Park and Ashland-av., some fine south fronts; easy terms.

$120—Jackson-st., south front, east of Ashland-av.

$150—Throop-st., facing Jefferson Park, 25 feet; a superb location for modern apartment houses; long time; nothing down if improved.

$100—Jackson-st., south front, near Winchester.

$225—Wabash-av., near Thirty-second-st., 50 feet, east front, worth $275.

FOR SALE—

Fine lot on North State, north of Goethe, cheap.

100 feet corner Ashland-av. and Taylor-st.; $100 a foot.

Three 10-acre tracts near and one fronts Humboldt Park; at a sacrifice.

Choice bargains on Madison and Ridgeland-avs., where recent sales have been made.

Ten acres southwest, inside city, near sidewalks; lake water; just ripe for subdivision; want offer.

Two tracts between South Park and South Chicago.

Three houses on Grand-boulevard at what the ground is worth.

100x170 corner Prairie-av. and Fifty-second-st.; only $25 a foot.

Two splendid homes, with superb grounds, on north shore; might take part trade for one.

50 feet on Michigan-av., north of Twelfth-st.; cheap, and throw the improvements in.

NELSON THOMASSON, 85 Washington-st., Room 3.

FOR SALE—BY J. C. SAMPSON & CO., Real Estate Brokers, 120 La Salle-st.

WEST DIVISION.

Corner Western-av. and Monroe-st., a fine site for a block of houses or a flat building; southeast front; size 132x167; cheap for cash.

Several choice lots, south front, on Warren-av., only $35 per foot.

West side Buren-st., near Ashland-av., four lots at only $100 per foot.

Monroe-st., near Leavitt, 109 feet, south front, by 192½ feet deep to wide alley; only $130 per foot.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ACRES—

AT RIVERSIDE—100 acres well located, at $200 per acre.

20 acres at $325 per acre.

AT HAWTHORNE—62½ acres, at $650 per acre.

20 acres, at $750 per acre.

10 acres on Ogden-av., at $1,000 per acre.

10 acres corner of Riverside parkway and Hyman-st., at $15,000.

AT HINSDALE—An improved farm, with good buildings and running water, $15,000.

EAST OF DOUGLAS PARK—Between Ogden-av. and Twelfth-st., acre property suitable for immediate subdivision and sale, at $4,000 per acre.

G. S. HUBBARD JR., 72 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$100 WILL BUY A BEAUtiful lot, 172 feet deep, at Glencoe, where the bank of the lake is 80 feet high, $15 down, $5 monthly; these are the cheapest lots in the market; cheap railroad fare and trains almost every hour. I will furnish you lumber to build without any money down, or build a house to suit your abstract free. I am building one cottages 22x60, with 7 rooms; price of cottage and lot $1,000; only $250 down and $15 monthly for balance. One cottage now ready for rent and as you a home while property is cheap. H. J. GO

TO RENT—HOUSES.

SOUTH SIDE.

TO RENT—A COMFORTABLY-FURNISHED house of nine rooms near Dougas Station and thirty-seventh-st.; to responsible party from 1st of July to 1st of October; advertiser prefers to retain one or two rooms, with or without board; house is in an excellent neighborhood, and to the proper party very reasonable arrangements will be made. Address O 70, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ON WABASH-AV., NEAR Twenty-third-st., ten-room frame house, with gas-fixtures, etc., newly papered and repaired. Keys on South Wabash-av. Monday.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS DWELLING in splendid order, 12 rooms, 3262 Prairie-av. A. D. HYDE, Room 10, 126 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT — 1137 FORTY-FIRST-ST., near Lansing-av., octagon-front brick; $40 per month. ELLIOTT & CLARK, 163 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—10-ROOM BRICK HOUSE, 72 Thirteenth-st. D. HORTON, 11 Reaper Block.

TO RENT—2816 SHURTLEFF-AV., COTtage, 6 rooms; pantries and closets; water in house; rent, $21.50. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—3407 WABASH-AV., 2-STORY basement, and attic stone-front; 10 rooms; all modern improvements; furnace and gas fixtures; all in good order. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—COTTAGE, 8 ROOMS, WITH good barn, Langley-av., second house north of Forty-ninth-st. S. A. LITTLE, rear of 138 Clark-st.

TO RENT—PRAIRIE-AV., NORTH OF Twenty-second-st., a fully furnished residence, with large grounds, barn, etc., all in complete order. THOMAS & PUTNAM, Room 2 Portland Block.

TO RENT—3419 WABASH-AV., 2-STORY basement, and attic stone-front; 10 rooms; all modern improvements; furnace and gas fixtures. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FOR 3 MONTHS FROM June 1—Furnished house 3228 Calumet-av., to small family; $50 per month.

TO RENT—2-STORY FRAME, 8 OR 9 rooms, Indiana-av., near Twelfth-st.; a very pleasant house; now being calcimined and fixed up. Call between 8 and 12 or 1 and 2. JOHN C. LONG, 62 Washington-st.

TO RENT—A LARGE FURNISHED house, south Side, to small family without children, or to gentleman, from June 1 to Sept. 15; present help, two girls, to remain. Address O D 44, Tribune office.

TO RENT—320 MICHIGAN-AV., CHEAP, partly furnished. MILTON J. PALMER, Palmer House.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED residence near Twenty-second-st. For particulars inquire at Simms' book store, Twenty-second-st.

TO RENT—A WELL-FURNISHED COTtage on Michigan-av., between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth-sts., for 3 months, from the middle of June. Rent reasonable. Address O D 38, Tribune.

TO RENT — A FURNISHED HOUSE for the summer months. Reference required. 347 Fourteenth-st.

TO RENT—NEW AND ELEGANTLY-furnished corner house on Michigan-av., within two minutes' walk of Palmer House, to parties purchasing furniture. Address R 75, Tribune office.

TO RENT—3238 CALUMET-AV., 10-room house, completely furnished, in first-class order; hot air furnace, gas fixtures, etc.; will rent to small family only, at $75 per month. F. C. VIERLING, 119 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—TWO-STORY FRAME WITH all modern improvements; 50 feet front, with lawn. 3457 Cottage Grove-av. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—A NICE COTTAGE, 8 ROOMS and bath-room. 74 Twenty-fifth-st. Rent $25.

TO RENT—NO. 3847 VINCENNES-AV., furnished, $75 per month, or for sale, $6,000, on 10 years' time.

TO RENT—3187 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., 9-story frame, 9 rooms, furnace, laundry, gas fixtures, screens, etc.; lot 50 feet front. Rent, $40. PIRNIE & WARE, 145 La Salle-st.

WEST SIDE.

TO RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS, BY GRIFFIN & DWIGHT, corner Washington and Hoisted-sts.

Hamilton-st., 7 rooms.....$50.00
Park-av., 9-room brick, in splendid order.....40.00
Adams-st., 10-room brick; a fine house.....40.00
Harrison-st., 9-room stone front; only.....30.00
Nos. 1045 and 1114 North Wood-sts., each.....12.50
Walnut-st., 8-room house and barn.....30.00
Monroe-st., large house and large lot, corner Loomis-st., opposite Jefferson Park.....
East Erie-st., 9-room flat.....25.00
West Erie-st., 7-room flat.....20.00
West Congress-st., 7 rooms.....40.00

Brownsdale, 4 rooms each; Lake-st., two suites, 4 rooms each. 147 West Randolph-st. and 706 West Washington-st., 2 nice flats.....
West Monroe-st., flat 7 rooms, and others.

TO RENT—BY J. C. MAGILL & CO., 86 Washington-st.:

Nos. 7 and 9, very desirable 2-story house, Monroe-st., near Western-av., 10 rooms.

No. 11 R. and K. on parlor floor; octagon marble-front; all improvements; on a fine north west corner, near two lines of cars; fine neighborhood.

No. 13 R. and K., 2-story and mansard brick, $2,250—D. R. and K. on parlor floor; marble-front; near Horne-av.; furnace and gas-fixtures; 10 rooms.

No. 23 Park-av., elegant 11-room brick.

FLATS.

No. 79 Monroe-st., near Jackson, all improvements; 6 rooms; large lot; $21 per month.

No. 21 Horne-av., 8 rooms.

No. Elegant 6-room flat on Jackson-st. and Honore.

TO RENT—705 WEST JACKSON-ST., 2-story and cellar stone-front; 10 rooms; all modern improvements; in fine order. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—A 2-STORY HOUSE FOR summer months, furnished. No. 955 Adams-st.

TO RENT—NEW TWO-STORY STONE-front houses, corner De Kalb and Polk-sts., $25 per month. CAMPBELL BROS., 137 Madison, Room 3.

TO RENT—TWO-STORY BRICK RESIdences, 8 rooms, 921 Walnut-st., and 1357 Fulton-st., in good repair; $25 per month. M. J. RICHARDS, 89 Randolph-st., Room 5.

TO RENT—OR FOR SALE—521 WEST Monroe-st., basement, two-story and attic stone-front, front, east of Laflin. Look at this. CUTLER & MCARTHUR, 71 West Washington-st., Room 6.

TO RENT—HOUSE—346 OAKLEY-AV., three-story front, modern improvements, large grounds. Inquire at 84 Washington-st., Room 27.

TO RENT—COTTAGE ON CONGRESS-st., near Robey; 8 desirable rooms. F. A. HENSHAW, 119 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—$25 PER MONTH—2-STORY brick house, 25 Grenshaw-st.; will rent in floors if desired.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR June, July, and August; has eleven rooms, new brick stable, on West Monroe-st., west of Ashland-av. Inquire Monday before 12 o'clock. GEO. W. NEWCOMB, 171 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—HOUSE OF EIGHT ROOMS on West Monroe-st., near Centre-av., in good repair; rent $25 per month. Furniture for sale if desired. Address R 15, Tribune office.

TO RENT—7-ROOM GOTHIC BRICK cottages, bath, etc., large yards in front; just calcimined; a late improvement, at 201 West Polk-st., and 27 Hubbard-ct. Inquire over F. W. CURTIS, 111 State-st.

TO RENT—A GENTLEMAN WILL rent his elegantly-furnished marble-front house on the West side, centrally located, from July to May, next, to a small family; first-class party more desired than high rent. Address Q 36, Tribune office.

TO RENT—CHEAP—THE TWO-STORY frame house 34 Park-av., between Leavitt and Oakley; contains 8 large rooms, bath-room, and water-closet; all newly painted and papered. Inquire of CH. SCHMIDT, 46 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—A LARGE 2-STORY HOUSE, 9 rooms, at 297 South Morgan-st. Inquire at 547 West Fourteenth-st.

TO RENT — $30—26 FILLMORE-ST., 7-room brick with unfinished basement; being put in perfect order. FRANK FOSTER, 242 South Water-st., or 603 Congress-st.

TO RENT — A 6-ROOM COTTAGE, bath-room and barn. Call down-stairs at 70 Hamilton-av.; reasonable to good party.

NORTH SIDE.

TO RENT—BY A. J. COOPER, 180 DEARborn-st.:

Two story and basement brick house and barn, southwest corner Dunning-st. and Seminary-av., two blocks west from Lincoln-av. Horse cars; good neighborhood and cheap; rent $35 per month.

TO RENT—UNTIL OCT. 1 A FURnished brick and stone house of ten rooms, near Lincoln Park to a small family; rent $50. Address R 36, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON North Side, for three months from June 15. Address S 16, Tribune office.

TO RENT—IN A DESIRABLE LOCALity on the North Side, a 15-room house. Address O 61, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSE 488 HURLBUT-ST. 9 rooms; two blocks from Lincoln Park; price $25. Inquire at 256 Belden-av.

TO RENT—411 DEARBORN-AV.—Brown stone house, 12 rooms, entirely renovated. A. T. GALT, 88 Dearborn-st., Room 21.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON North Side for summer. O 63, Tribune office.

TO RENT—TO SMALL FAMILY, FURnished house on Erie-st., east of Dearborn-av. Address O 66, Tribune office.

TO RENT—2-STORY AND CELLAR brick and 2-story barn, all improvements, north of depot—av., on Larrabee-st., $30 per month from June 1. Inquire of M. W. MCDOWELL, 176 Larrabee-st.

TO RENT—NEW BRICK HOUSES, 9 rooms each, hot and cold water, $25 to $30 per month. CAMPBELL BROS., on Montana-st. Apply at Room 10, 137 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—92 SEMINARY-AV., SOUTH of Webster-av., good two-story dwelling, $20. Room 68, 120 La Salle-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—3-STORY AND BASEMENT house, 14 rooms, filled with boarders; furniture for sale; one of the best localities in the city; a money-making business need answer. R 46, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A NICELY-FURNISHED 2-story house, and wife without children, for first-class location; no objection to boy. Best references required. Address O 41, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A COMFORTABLY-FURnished house at a very moderate price. O 45, Tribune office.

TO RENT—BY BAIRD & BRADLEY, 90 La Salle-st.:

WEST SIDE.

170 North Western-av., 2-story, brick basement, $30.
93 North Lavitt-st., 2-story frame, 2 bays, $25.
3 Campbell Park, 2-story and basement, brick; put in order; $30.
1 Ashland-av., 2-story brick, $25.
350 North Robey-st., flat 5 rooms, 2d floor; possession June 1, $12.
39 North Green-st., cottage with brick basement, $25.

SOUTH SIDE.

2209 Wabash-av., basement and first floor, $25.
30 La Salle-st., front office; very desirable; good order, $15.

SUBURBAN.

Evanston and North Evanston—Good houses from $15 to $35.

HINSDALE.

Nice 2-story frame; good barn; large grounds; very desirable; $30.

SUBURBAN.

TO RENT—A LARGE HOUSE IN FIRST-class order, well situated, in Evanston; good barn; $40 per month.

A good house in first-class order, near the depot in North Evanston.

The first floor of No. 3540 South La Salle-st.; good order.

Ten-room house in Evanston; delightful location; beautiful grounds; house has just been painted and handsomely papered throughout.

BEVERIDGE & DEWEY, 71 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

SOUTH SIDE.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OR first floor and basement of brick house, near Thirty-seventh-st. and Vincennes-av., only $30 per month. Apply for key at 136 Thirty-seventh-st., or at my office between 10 and 12 or 1 and 2. JOHN C. LONG, 62 Washington-st.

TO RENT—FLAT OF FOUR ROOMS. 4206 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—$25, TO SMALL FAMILY only, flat of five nice rooms in splendid order. Reference required. 3259 Cottage Grove-av.

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TO RENT—A NICELY-FURNISHED flat on State-st., near Polk; rent $40 per month; new block, front flat. Address R 19, Tribune office.

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TO RENT—A LARGE SEVEN-ROOM flat, first floor, and every convenience; stone front; gas fixtures, etc. West Monroe-st., near Oakley. See owner, Room H Honore Building.

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TO RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, MOSTLY furnished; 9-room flat, can divide if desired; good order. Inquire on premises, 198 Madison.

TO RENT—NICELY ARRANGED FLAT, newly papered, grained, etc. 1122 Wilcox-av.

TO RENT—FLAT; 4 ROOMS; MODERN improvements; 350 West Madison-st., $15. Cottage 125 Rogers, Western-av., first-class order, $10. Apply on premises, or at 353 West Madison-st.

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TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT, NO. 173 Eugenie-st., opposite Lincoln Park.

TO RENT—306 ORCHARD-ST.—A FLAT of six rooms. D. J. CROCKER, 167 South Clark.

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TO RENT—FLAT OF THREE ROOMS on second floor 1276 North Clark-st.; $10. D. W. STORRS, 94 Washington-st., Room 23.

TO RENT—$16—FLAT OF 4 ROOMS; second floor; near park; no small children. M. FORTIER, 94 Grant-place.

TO RENT—FLAT OF 6 ROOMS AT 591 North La Salle-av., $25 per month. Parlor floor.

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TO RENT—SECOND STORY—6-ROOM flat, 249 Elm-st; fourth story, 5-room flat, 436 North Clark-st. HUGH T. BIRCH, Room 21, 103 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

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TO RENT—255 TWENTY-EIGHTH-ST., furnished and unfurnished rooms; bath and gas; light housekeeping if desired. Call Monday.

TO RENT—SIX ROOMS, BATH-ROOM, hot and cold water; price $25. 3035 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPing, 3 very pleasant rooms and 2 closets, with privilege of bath-room, to a gentleman and wife. No children. 3259 Vincennes-av. Rent $15 per month.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms; hot and cold water, gas. 2365 Indiana-av.

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TO RENT—3049 PRAIRIE-AV.—FRONT alcove and one other room furnished.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED, A NICE alcove room, with two rooms adjoining if required; every convenience; good locality; day board near. 3145 Forest-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. ROOM 5, 155 and 157 Fifth-av.

TO RENT—ONE OR TWO ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, for gentleman or lady occupied during day; rent moderate; use of kitchen if desired. 262 Thirty-first-st., corner Michigan-av.

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TO RENT — NEATLY FURNISHED rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen; terms moderate; modern house; one-half block from cars. 260 Marshfield-av.

TO RENT—ONE FRONT ROOM TO two gentlemen, nicely furnished. 3723 Butterfield-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, with or without board. 11 Harmon-court. Call Monday.

TO RENT—VERY PLEASANT LARGE alcove room; also one furnished room; dwelling is on a corner, with large grounds. 2251 Wabash.

TO RENT—A FRONT ALCOVE ROOM, with bay window, nicely furnished, with all modern improvements; pleasantest location in Chicago, 1 East Twenty-second-st., fronting the lake.

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TO RENT—HOUSES AT HIGHLAND Park for from $14 to $25 per month; desirable locations. F. O. HAWKINS, 90 La Salle-st., Room 36.

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TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH or without board. Central Hotel, Highland Park; all new and first-class; apply to H. A. GREEN, Highland Park; or F. F. HAWKINS, 90 La Salle-st., Room 36.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT TWO-STORY house at La Grange. D. B. LYMAN, 55 Portland Block.

TO RENT—NICE COTTAGE AND grounds at Austin; $15 per month. BEVERIDGE & DEWEY, 71 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

SOUTH SIDE.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OR first floor and basement of brick house, near Thirty-seventh-st. and Vincennes-av., only $30 per month. Apply for key at 136 Thirty-seventh-st., or at my office between 10 and 12 or 1 and 2. JOHN C. LONG, 62 Washington-st.

TO RENT—FLAT OF FOUR ROOMS. 4206 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—$25, TO SMALL FAMILY only, flat of five nice rooms in splendid order. Reference required. 3259 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—CHEAP, FURNISHED FLAT for housekeeping, to respectable parties without children. Inquire after 12 m. at 3412 State-st.

TO RENT—TWO ELEGANT FLATS IN new stone-front building, 2968 Wabash-av., near Thirtieth-st.; 7 large rooms, bath, hot and cold water; all modern improvements. Apply at upper flat.

TO RENT—NEW FLATS, SIX ROOMS, bath, etc., block from Grand-boulevard, $28 per month, corner Thirty-eighth-st. and Forest-av. Apply Sunday from 2 to 4 p. m.

TO RENT—A NICELY-FURNISHED flat on State-st., near Polk; rent $40 per month; new block, front flat. Address R 19, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A 6-ROOM FLAT, WITH furniture for sale. 509 State-st. Call from 10 to 12 o'clock Monday. Also furnished rooms to rent at 507 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FLATS 3037 WAbash-av. Apply at 3214 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—FLAT IN HODGES BUILDing, 7 rooms, besides bath-rooms, pantries and closets; all modern improvements; will divide into two suites of 3 rooms each; excellent boarding flat below. CHAS. C. AUSTIN, Att., 125 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLAT OF FIVE PLEASant rooms with fireplace and closets, at 3256 Wentworth-av., near Thirty-fifth-st., convenient to steam and street cars.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished flat, or furnished or unfurnished rooms, with or without board; house in perfect order; all conveniences; good location, near steam and street cars. Call at 3515 Lake-av.

TO RENT—NEW FLAT, 7 ROOMS AND bath-room. Wabash-av., south of Fortieth-st. Apply corner Forty-first-st. and Prairie-av.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT SECOND-story flat of three unfurnished rooms in perfect order. Inquire at house, No. 3208 Prairie-st.

WEST SIDE.

TO RENT — 448 WEST JACKSON-ST., near Throop, first flat; 6 rooms; all modern improvements; second floor, 6 rooms; all modern improvements; in stone-front frame building newly done up. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—855 WEST WASHINGTON-st., first flat, 6 rooms; modern improvements; second flat, 6 rooms; modern improvements; in 2-story stone-front building. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—A LARGE SEVEN-ROOM flat, first floor, and every convenience; stone front; gas fixtures, etc. West Monroe-st., near Oakley. See owner, Room H Honore Building.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 6-ROOM FLAT, in new brick building corner Congress and South Green-sts., all modern improvements, large basement and back-yard. Inquire at 726 South Green-st.

TO RENT—561 WEST SUPERIOR-ST., an elegant flat of 5 rooms (second floor), bath and closets. W. A. COLEMAN, Room 19, 95 Clark-st.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, MOSTLY furnished; 9-room flat, can divide if desired; good order. Inquire on premises, 198 Madison.

TO RENT—NICELY ARRANGED FLAT, newly papered, grained, etc. 1122 Wilcox-av.

TO RENT—FLAT; 4 ROOMS; MODERN improvements; 350 West Madison-st., $15. Cottage 125 Rogers, Western-av., first-class order, $10. Apply on premises, or at 353 West Madison-st.

NORTH SIDE.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT, NO. 173 Eugenie-st., opposite Lincoln Park.

TO RENT—306 ORCHARD-ST.—A FLAT of six rooms. D. J. CROCKER, 167 South Clark.

TO RENT—NEW FLATS, ALL MODern improvements, at No. 29 Pine-st., near Indiana; one of 5 rooms, $25; one of 8 rooms, $35. Call at No. 126 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—FLAT OF THREE ROOMS on second floor 1276 North Clark-st.; $10. D. W. STORRS, 94 Washington-st., Room 23.

TO RENT—$16—FLAT OF 4 ROOMS; second floor; near park; no small children. M. FORTIER, 94 Grant-place.

TO RENT—FLAT OF 6 ROOMS AT 591 North La Salle-av., $25 per month. Parlor floor.

TO RENT—A 7-ROOM FLAT—HAS ALL modern improvements; $20. 1225 Lill-av.

TO RENT—SECOND STORY—6-ROOM flat, 249 Elm-st; fourth story, 5-room flat, 436 North Clark-st. HUGH T. BIRCH, Room 21, 103 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

SOUTH SIDE.

TO RENT—255 TWENTY-EIGHTH-ST., furnished and unfurnished rooms; bath and gas; light housekeeping if desired. Call Monday.

TO RENT—SIX ROOMS, BATH-ROOM, hot and cold water; price $25. 3035 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPing, 3 very pleasant rooms and 2 closets, with privilege of bath-room, to a gentleman and wife. No children. 3259 Vincennes-av. Rent $15 per month.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms; hot and cold water, gas. 2365 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—TO SINGLE OR TWO GENtlemen, front room on south Side in private family. References exchanged. Convenient to Illinois Central Railroad and street-cars. Address O A 78, Tribune office.

TO RENT—3049 PRAIRIE-AV.—FRONT alcove and one other room furnished.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED, A NICE alcove room, with two rooms adjoining if required; every convenience; good locality; day board near. 3145 Forest-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. ROO

ENT—ROOMS.

…ORTH SIDE.
…CHESTNUT-ST., NEW-
…ons for gentlemen only.
…O. 276 CHESTNUT-ST.,
…ed, La Salle, nice furnished
…uite; new carpets, entire front
…ments.

— NEWLY-FURNISHED
…emen, at 258 Illinois-st., bath and

…LARGE FRONT ROOM
…bath-room, etc.; with or without
…27 Wisconsin-st.

…HANDSOME FURNISHED
…at 218 East Ohio-st. Rent $15 per

…CHESTNUT-ST.—A NEW
…t room with all modern improve-
…occupied before (private family).

…ANDSOMELY FURNISH-
…etly private family on Dearborn-
…erences required. Q 86, Tribune.

…NICELY FURNISHED,
…a single room with the use of
…h-st.

…LARGE ROOMS (ONE
…ate or en suite, unfurnished or
…without board; hot and cold water;
…pleasant location, west of Lincoln
…e office.

…— NICELY-FURNISHED
…ot, suitable for gentlemen only,
…East Indiana-st.

…RONT ROOM FOR ONE
…en; large closet and use of bath-
…28 Huron-st.

…WO FURNISHED ROOMS
…gentlemen. G. S. BUTLER & CO.,
…reet Centre.

…EWLY AND ELEGANTLY
…ms, east and south front; also an
…e room with carpets. 61 Rush-st.

…AT 246 LA SALLE-AV.—
…furnished rooms.

…IVE NEWLY FURNISHED
…ntlemen, without board; responsible
…ly after sunday at 94 Wells-st.

…ONE FURNISHED AND
…shed room. 120 Elm-st. Private

…FURNISHED ROOM FOR
…en. 283 North Clark-st.

…UNFURNISHED DOUBLE
…e of three, with or without use of
…. Call Sunday, ring basement bell.

…280 EAST INDIANA-ST.,
…Pleasant furnished rooms on first

…376 EAST CHICAGO-AV.,
…ished front room for two; fine view
…th.

…TWO NEATLY-FURNISH-
…368 Sedgwick-st. Inquire at first

…—A WELL FURNISHED
…e room; all modern improvements;
…3 Menominee-st., opposite Lincoln

…-PLEASANT FURNISHED
…East Indiana-st.

…IN PRIVATE FAMILY ON
…wo rooms, one furnished, one un-
…carpets. Gentlemen preferred. Re-
…Tribune office.

…CHESTNUT-ST.—A NEW
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…-PLEASANT FURNISHED
…East Indiana-st.

…IN PRIVATE FAMILY ON
…wo rooms, one furnished, one un-
…carpets. Gentlemen preferred. Re-
…Tribune office.

…RONT—LARGE FRONT PARLOR
…nished and painted; also, small bed-
…ron conveniences. 267 North Clark-st.

…NICE FURNISHED ROOM
…two gentlemen in a private family;
…rovements. Inquire at 233 East Erie-
…required.

…AT 350 EAST INDIANA-ST.,
…rooms, furnished, in private family.
…thanksgiving.

…FRONT AND BACK PAR-
…ooms, suitable for gents, newly furnished;
…to send call. 126 North Clark-st. In-
…ore.

…388 EAST HURON-ST.—SEC-
…has changed hands, and has two pleas-
…rooms to rent; private family; fifteen
…from State and Madison-sts.

…A NICELY-FURNISHED
…for and bedroom to one or two gentle-
…ust with G. W. MARKS', 5 East Washington.

…-HANDSOME NEWLY-FUR-
…nished communicating rooms. Comfort
…combined. 347 Elm-st., No. 2.

…-ONE OF THE NICEST AND
…ant rooms on the North Side; gentle-
…56 Dearborn-st.

…A NEATLY-FURNISHED
…room, suitable for two gentlemen or man
…rate family. 480 North Clark-st.

…T—A NICELY-FURNISHED
…ms, bath, etc. 130 North Clark-st., sec-

…T—ONE FRONT ROOM (AL-
…ed closet, nicely furnished, also bath-
…e for man and wife or two gentlemen.
…near La Salle-st.

…T—NICELY-FURNISHED AL-
…m, also small rooms, at 91 Dearborn-av.

…-NICELY-FURNISHED ROOM
…ing Lincoln Park; everything
…family of 3. Address O 81, Tribune.

…T—A NICELY-FURNISHED
…om, suitable for two. 257 E. Indiana-st.

…T—2 LARGE FRONT ROOMS
…ooms for gents. Married couple preferred.
…Inquire Mondey of H. P. DECKER,
…well & Co.

…T—A LARGE FRONT ALCOVE,
…ll room, furnished; gas, bath, etc., on
…rivate family; adults. 249 North State-st.

…T—TWO DESIRABLE FUR-
…rooms, without board, to gentlemen, on
…1 State-st. 0 84, Tribune office.

…N T — VERY HANDSOMELY
…room for 2 gentlemen or couple; rent
…ow will pay. Liberally for extra se-
…References required.

…T—PARLOR FLOOR, ELE-
…furnished, with piano. References. 320
…on, first house west of Clark-st.

…T—LARGE, LIGHT, AND AIRY
…icely furnished, in pleasant private fam-
…nces; very desirable. 30 Rush-st.

…T—348 CHESTNUT-ST.—A FUR-
…room with alcove; also small room; first
…La Salle-st.; private family.

…T—DOCK ON EMPIRE SLIP,
…Canal-st.; 100 feet frontage, 138 deep; having
…ipped track connections, etc.; possession
…ply I. ALFRED W. SANSOME, Room 7, 110 La Salle.

LOFTS.

TO RENT—LOFT 22X160; FOURTH floor. 146 East Madison-st. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—ON FIFTH-AV., 227 AND 229, near Polk-st; will rent suace 50x72 cheap. Inquire of KULTCHAR & MARTIN, 227 & 229 Fifth-av.

TO RENT—3 LOFTS AT NO. 5 EAST Washington-st. for storage or jobbing business. W. MARKS, 5 East Washington-st.

TO RENT—TWO LOFTS, 25X120 FEET, suitable for salesrooms or light manufacturing. H. CHILD, 126 State-st.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—WITH POWER FOR MANU-facturing purposes, one room 15x50, one room and two rooms 22x28, all well lighted and heated by steam, with use of steam elevator. Apply to CHARLES GOSSAGE & SONS, Manufacturers of Belden-av.

TO RENT—FRONT ALCOVE ROOM suitable for one or two gentlemen, on North Side near Lincoln Park and private family. Address P 2, Tribune.

TO RENT—A NICE DECORATED, large room, south, and big kitchen, in business office, suitable for a club; 2nd floor; rent $14.00. Address M 66, Tribune office.

TO RENT — CORNER BASEMENT, high, light, and dry; good location for any business; northeast corner Indiana-av. and Twenty-second-st. CHAS. C. AUSTIN, Room 5, 125 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO gentlemen; also rooms for offices and business; steam heat; gas in basement. 1242 Wabash-av. M. HUTCHINSON, 94 La Salle-st.

TO RENT — LARGE AND SMALL rooms with power. Apply at engine-room base-ment 9 Canal-st.

TO RENT — WITH POWER — FIRST floor, light, with power, at 6 Calhoun-place (rear 78 Washington-st.); suitable for any light manufacturing, or machinist's purpose. Apply to SWEENEY & HUTCHINSON, Room 20, 78 Dearborn.

TO RENT—BASEMENTS NOS. 27 AND 29 Randolph-st. J. H. VALENTINE, Room 1, 74 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—BARN, 6 STALLS, WITH room, near Fourteenth-st.; in good order. 1268 La Salle-st., Room 26.

TO RENT—BASEMENT IN UHLICH Block, on Lake-st., with power; 20x100 feet. ERNST UHLICH, Room 31 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—A LARGE DOUBLE, WELL-lighted basement, corner Dearborn and Quincy-sts. Apply at Room 16, 79 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—CHOICE SECOND FLOOR; 2 State-st., near Washington. J. C. SAMPSON Co., real estate and renting agency, 120 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BARN SUITABLE FOR ONE horse and carriage. 112 Loomis-st.

TO RENT—GOOD BARN, WITH ALL improvements, 1 South May-st.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR, STRICTLY private, to transients. Address P 56, Tribune.

TO RENT—BASEMENT 143 LAKE-ST., light and dry. F. P. HAWKINS, 20 La Salle-st.

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TO RENT—ONE-HALF OF THIRD floor at 219 Wabash-av. Inquire at 157 Wa-bash-av.

TO RENT—LARGE DRY WAREHOUSE, centrally located, cheap to good party. Address P 58, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FOURTH FLOOR OF 209 and 211 Lake-st. Inquire of H. BRANCH, second floor.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—ONE BRICK STABLE, TWO stalls. Apply at 3256 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—A 2-STORY BRICK BARN; four stalls. 1418 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—A GOOD PAINT-SHOP. The rent will be taken out in painting. UNION PARK STABLES, corner Madison-st. and Ogden-av.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—BARN LOCATED within one mile of the new City-Hall, with ample accommodations for four horses, wagons, etc. Address Rock River Paper Company, 156 and 158 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—A NO. 1 RESIdence of 16 or 18 rooms on the South Side, where owner will board for part rent and allow privilege of a limited number strictly first-class boarders. The best care of house and board will be furnished. Address MRS. A. N. McDONALD, Jacksonville, Ill.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED house in suburb (Wilmetka or Highland Park preferred) for summer or till Oct. 1. Best of references given. Address O 65, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ON THE 1ST of June, a house or rooms in good locality; rent reasonable. O 36, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSE, UNfurnished, 12 to 14 rooms, in some good locality on North or South Side, where private family may let a few rooms to friends without board. References A 1. Address PURDY, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO ROOMS suitable for housekeeping by an elderly couple; must have $100 monthly for six hours' daily office work; experience unnecessary. Address P 51, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY JULY 1, a finely furnished house and barn, South Side, with all the modern improvements, by a gentleman and wife; no children. Address N 42, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED house north of Twenty-fifth-st. and east of State. Good references. O 85, Tribune office.

WANTED — TO RENT — A NICELY located unfurnished room in private family, with or without board. Address P 75, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—3 OR 4 ROOMS suitable for light housekeeping; rent not to exceed $10 per month; between Western-av. and Loomis-st. and Madison and Harrison-sts.

WANTED—TO RENT—A PLEASANT room on South Side, south of Twelfth-st. and north of Twenty-sixth; must be clean and in small family where there are only one or two boarders; by lady and gentleman; board for lady only. N 45, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSE FULLy and completely furnished, for the summer; rent nominal; no children; opportunity to parties particular people to leave property in hands of reliable responsible family of two. O 47, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—8 OR 4 UNFURnished rooms and barn, or small house and barn. O 81, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FOUR ADULTS desire about five rooms south of Twenty-fifth-st. and east of State; state price. O 84 Tribune.

WANTED — TO RENT — HOUSES, flats and cottages in city and Lake View. G. S. BUTLER & CO., 86 North Clark, corner Centre.

WANTED—TO RENT—LOWER FLAT, 5 or 6 rooms, with yard; South Side preferred. O 65, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—SINGLE ROOM by young man, in a private family, within ten or fifteen minutes' walk or less, from corner State and Madison-sts. State terms. Address O 72, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—A GOOD BARN to accommodate 7 horses and wagons; must be on North Side, south of Division and east of Wells-st. ALDEN H. REVELL, corner Fifth-av. and Randolph-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY GENTLEman and wife, a pleasant home in private family, with or without board, South or North Side, within one mile of Court-House; state price for boarding-house or professional room-renters need answer. Address O 91, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A PHYSIcian, office with a physician or dentist; central location; hours from 8 to 9 a. m., 3 to 7 p. m. Address O 30, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FROM SEPT. 1, 1882, a room suitable for a private school; must be east of State-st. and north of Harmon-court. Q 21, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ON NORTH Side, a 6 or 7 room flat or house for small family. Best of references and rent in advance. Give particulars. Address P 54, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—NICELY-FURnished room for two gentlemen; West Side, between Morgan and Loomis-sts. and north of Adams preferred. Q 36, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A YOUNG married couple a nicely-furnished room in private family. State price, which must be reasonable or no notice taken. P 30, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—IF YOU HAVE houses of 8 to 10 rooms, or flats, call and see me; customers waiting. JNO. S. COX, Room 15, 99 Madison-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A YOUNG lady employed during the day a room in private family, with or without board, north of Fourteenth-st. and east of State. References. Q 95, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL COTtage between Monroe and Lake-sts., and Ashland-av. and Halsted-st.; a street running north and south preferred. Price must be low; to be furnished or unfurnished. Address Q 76, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ON SOUTH Side, in first-class locality, by gent and wife, a commodious and well-furnished room, where board can be obtained conveniently. Address Q 63, Tribune office.

WANTED — TO RENT — BY YOUNG couple, nicely-furnished flat or cottage for 6 months or longer. Prompt pay and best of references. P 97, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A MARRIED couple without children would like to rent 3 or 4 rooms, with bath, for housekeeping, or rent furnished room, with board for lady. First-class references given. Only private family need apply. State price. P 84, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A GOOD BARN for three or four horses with sleeping-room for man, near the Custom-House or south of Ohio-st. P 72, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A YOUNG man, a nicely furnished room near Dearborn-av. and Ohio-st.; state terms. Address P 78, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—NICE FRONT room, North or South Side; private family preferred. R 47, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY MAN AND wife, a furnished flat of 5 or 6 rooms on South or North Side-st.; must be A No. 1 furnished. P 12, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—8 OR 4 UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping on West Side; state terms and location. References exchanged. P 17, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—COTTAGE OR flat of four or five rooms, desirable location, North or South Side; no agents; state rent which must be reasonable. Q 56, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A BACHelor who has lived in hotels for the past 15 years a comfortable sleeping-room (south front), without board, in a respectable private family where there are no other roomers, within 10 minutes' walk of Tremont House. Give particulars and terms. References exchanged. P 91, Tribune office.

WANTED — TO RENT — COMFORTAble rooms for a small family. Address GEORGE H. VAN PELT, corner Indiana and Franklin-sts.

WANTED — TO RENT — BARN ON West Side for 3 horses. I. PIESER & CO., 39 and 40 Market-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY SINGLE gent a good-sized unfurnished room, in private house, or room and large closet. R 55, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED house in a good locality, where parties will board for use of house and a few boarders. Good references. Address O 29, Tribune office.

WANTED — TO RENT — FIRST-CLASS furnished house; will board owners or otherwise. Reference given. Address MRS. THOMAS, 425 West Madison-st., in store.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO UNFURnished rooms, suitable for dressmaking and light housekeeping, in respectable building in business centre. References exchanged. R 75, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO YOUNG ladies employed during the day want pleasant furnished room on South Side at moderate rent. References. Address R 64, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSES, flats, and stores. Have daily calls. Rents collected. F. C. VIERLING, 110 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—EITHER FLAT or house on South or West Side, furnished or unfurnished; would buy a small amount of furniture; would like a place that could be rented out to gentlemen. Address N 81, Tribune office.

SEWING MACHINES.

BRAN NEW SEWING-MACHINES AT $15 and upwards "warranted;" good second-hand ones at $5 and upwards. J. H. GRANT & CO., 295 Wabash-av.

DOMESTIC SEWING-MACHINES SOLD on easy payments, second-hand Singers, American, Wheeler & Wilson, and various other kinds; from $10 to $15 needles and parts for all machines. All kinds of machines repaired. J. C. SPENCER, 422 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW WHEELER & Wilson's No. 3 machines cheap. 150 Fifth-av.

FOR SALE—A WILCOX & GIBBS SEWing-machine, price $40; new, $75. At 146 Thirty-seventh-st., near Cottage Grove-av.

SINGERS, DOMESTICS, AND NO. 8 Wheeler & Wilson; little used and new; closing out cheap. Lost office, 120 Clark-st., Room 2.

SAVE MONEY—BUY A NEW OLD RElible Wilson sewing-machine, with three drawers, drop-leaf, and cover, for $26, at 225 and 227 Wabash-av.

BOOKS.

CASH PAID FOR LAW, MEDICAL, and private libraries, single volumes, and miscellaneous, in any quantity. CHAPIN'S, corner Madison and Dearborn-sts.

LONDON ILLUSTRATED NEWS—I will sell my complete set, bound in half morocco, for $150; they are cheap at that. Address R 22, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A BUSINESS REQUIRING $10,000 TO start it, for half interest, active or silent; a gold mine requiring $25,000 to purchase half interest, and produced several thousand dollars in assays, extended; a gold mine requiring $30,000 to $35,000 to control until parties are satisfied of its value, when purchase of whole or part can be made. References given and required. Address P 58, Tribune office.

A PHYSICIAN GOING WEST IMMEdiately offers his lease and office furniture in a good location, cheap; a rare chance for the right man; can take hold at once. Address R 74, Tribune.

A RARE CHANCE—CAPITAL WANTED from $5,000 to $15,000 to take an interest in a manufacturing business, six years established. Demand unlimited. Reputation first-class. Returns good. Factory with operatives and machinery in working order within 10 minutes' walk of City-Hall. Investigation solicited. Address O 63, Tribune office.

AT FLESCHER, DOLAN & CO., ROOM 45, 101 La Salle-st.—Saloon on State-st., $1,000; saloon close to the Court-House—finest in the city—$3,000. Elegant restaurant, $2,000. Furnished room house cheap. And most anything you want by way of business.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO INVEST IN A rich lead and zinc mining enterprise in an adjoining State will be accorded a few parties at Room 39, No. 113 Adams-st. JOSEPH WARBURTON & CO.

AT 164 LA SALLE-ST., ROOM 87: TWO groceries, 2 cigar stores, 3 furnished flats, 3 restaurants, 7 saloons.

A QUARTER INTEREST FOR $3,000 in iron-manufacturing business paying large profits; sales unlimited and business permanent; party must have $100 monthly for six hours' daily office work; experience unnecessary. Address P 56, Tribune office.

A GENTLEMAN FROM SCOTLAND wants capital to introduce—the novelty of the age—a stepper's velocipede. Call Room 39, No. 113 Adams-st. JOSEPH WARBURTON & CO.

A NEWLY FITTED UP RESTAURANT; central location; owner leaving the city; cheap; part cash. Address Q 27, Tribune office.

BOARDING-HOUSE FOR SALE, APply at 1240 South State-st. for particulars.

CAPITAL WANTED TO MAKE A wind motor capable of producing sixty-horse power at Room 39, No. 113 Adams-st. JOSEPH WARBURTON & CO.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE AND FURniture of the Rich House, Aurora, Ill., now doing a good business; well furnished and the leading hotel in the city. Inquire of MELVIN TABOR, 2 Granite Block, or at the office of the hotel.

FOR SALE—A FINE MILLINERY AND hair store. Inquire 44 East Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A GOOD RESTAURANT and bar near Court-House; price $2,500 cash; a bargain; a partner with $1,500 may be accepted. Address R 51, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A GOOD-PAYING CORNER saloon, with pool table, new fixtures, and license, on good business street on North Side. Good reason for selling. Apply to LOUIS STERN & CO., 67 Market-st.

FOR SALE—AT HALF VALUE—LONG lease and furniture of a first-class hotel; proprietor recently died. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle.

FOR SALE—A NEW STOCK OF HARDware in a live town in Red River Valley. Address M 38, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST SAloons on State-st. A fortune for right party; the present owner wants to retire. Call on or address R. F. RUBER, 86 La Salle-st., Room 33.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND GOOD will of a general store in a live town in Cook County; annual trade, $25,000 to $30,000. Would trade for a good farm. C. W. RICHMOND, 85 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES and saloon, store and living rooms to rent, at Stock-Yards. Address Q 15, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GROCERIES—A SMALL stock, selected; fixtures belong to store; rent $25; location unsurpassed. N 30, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—COAL AND WOOD YARD, horses, etc.; first-class, or will trade for lots near Western-av. N 25, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OR WILL EXCHANGE for merchandise, building and small stock drugs in a town 25 miles from Chicago. N 25, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND FEED STORE, best stand on West Side; rent $25, doing steady business; established eight years. N 26, Tribune.

FOR SALE — BARBER-SHOP AND bath-rooms, cigar-stand connected; rent $25, with four rooms above. N 24, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH—A SAloon No. 9 East Adams-st.; good reasons for selling. Call at once.

FOR SALE—MEAT-MARKET, FIXTures new; rent, with living-rooms, $15; no better location; price $100. N 22, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AN ESTABLISHED RElail shoe business in Kansas City doing an unusually large and profitable cash business; stock $6,000; compelled sickness cause of selling. Address A. L., 1531 West Ninth-st., Kansas City, Mo.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE; 10 YEARS established; fine location; cheap rent. Address N 21, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—IN ONE OF THE BEST cities of Illinois, a well-established hardware business; stock, $15,000; business flourishing. Address F. F. HOLMES, 179 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—GROCERY, INCLUDING fixtures, horse and wagon, and furniture; must go South. A real bargain for party to go in business. No agent. Address N 58, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CLEAN, WELL-SELECTed stock groceries, coffee-mill, horse, light wagon, year's lease, brick store, dwelling, barn; largest room in Chicago; corner, thickly-settled neighborhood; no credit asked. Address O 6, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AN INTEREST IN A manufacturing business; capital wanted to extend business $1,500. Principals alone need apply. Address, giving name, with place and time for interview, O 2, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CORNER DRUG STOCK and fixtures; a bargain if taken this week for cash; fine location, good cash trade, cheap expenses. Address O 44, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GROCERIES, GOOD LOCAtion, fine business, cheap lease, No. 1 store. Address N 28, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—DRUG-STORE, FIRST-class, doing good trade, cheap lease, and splendid location; no agents need apply. Address N 29, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—HARDWARE STOCK, OLD stand, rent $25, doing good business; will retire. Address N 27, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SALOON AND RESTAUrant, near Board of Trade; elegantly fitted up and doing first-class good paying business. ELLIOTT & CLARKE, Room 30 Metropolitan Block, Randolph and La Salle-sts.

FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED lumber-yard of twelve years' existence with good city trade; will be sold on account of sickness of present owner, at reasonable price and terms. This is an excellent opportunity for an industrious business-man with some capital, as the business is in good running order.

40 Front-st., North Branch.

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES of a grocery store on a good business street, South Side; rent low and good trade. Q 64, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN A well paying business; has the least opposition of any legitimate business in the city; good reasons given. R 14, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNDRY; PART cash, balance on time; will lease building to a man that means business. Address P 37, Tribune.

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF SICKness, Vosz and Still store at 319 South State-st., must be sold at once at almost any price. Call at premises.

FOR SALE—THE BEST RAG AND metal warehouse in the city; now doing good business; on account of sickness. 2310-2312 South State-st.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT DOING A fine business. Apply on the premises, 67 North Wells-st.

FOR SALE—CIGAR, NEWS-STAND, and notion store. 319½ North Clark. Cheap rent. Sunday at 392 Larrabee-st.

I WANT SOME GOOD PARTY WHO has $2,500 or $3,000 to put same against my ground and building and enter with me into the foundry business. Location is excellent, and large amount of work now promised. Some one with a knowledge of the business preferred. Address P 76, Tribune office.

I WANT A MAN TO FURNISH MONEY to manufacture shoes in city; investor to have entire control. Address O 34, Tribune.

IF YOU ARE NOT AFRAID TO WORK and have three thousand dollars to put up against my capital in a paying business in this city address Q 84, Tribune office.

MACHINE-SHOP FOR SALE; IN GOOD running order; a good chance for the right party. Q 57, Tribune office.

MUST BE SOLD THIS WEEK—GROcery fixtures, scales, ice-box, coffee-mill, etc., etc. Cheap, cheap, cheap. W. A. RICE, 31 Cityborn.

MUST SELL GENERAL STORE, near city; cash sales $60,000; owner wants to retire. Investigate. Particulars at Room 40, 167 Dearborn-st.

RESTAURANT WITH BAKERY IN A fine location, doing a good business. A chance soldiers offered. M 43 Tribune office.

STATIONERY, BOOK, AND WALL-PAper store for sale in one of the best towns within 100 miles of Chicago; 15,000 inhabitants; best stand; lease; stock; cheap rent; $2,000 to $3,000. Inquire of HOUD & THOMAS, McCormick Block, Chicago, Ill.

TO MANUFACTURERS. AND BUSIness men.—Fox Lake, Ill., located at the junction of the C., St. P., C. & N. W., and C., St. P., M. & St. L. Railways, is the largest manufacturing town of its age in the West, and offers unusual advantages to manufacturers of almost any commodity. It has a large and centurious water-power, which, when fully developed, will support a city of 50,000 inhabitants. Its railway facilities are No. 1 in every respect.

Improved water-power for sale in large or small quantities at low figures and on easy terms. Also room and power to rent for large or small business, in new brick building, very low.

Every possible encouragement is offered to manufacturers and others to locate here.

$50,000 worth of unimproved water-power and land will be donated to parties who will improve the same.

Address A. P. SMITH, Rock Falls, Ill.

Refers to the management of the C., St. P. & Q. R. R. Company, Chicago, Ill.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A PARTY WITH FROM $5,000 to $10,000 to join me in increasing my herd of cattle; the leading ground and corral in a county 30 miles from the beautiful City of Wichita; splendid chance for party out of health who wants to rough it, or person seeking good investment. Address for further information JOHN F. PURDONG, Box 194, Wichita, Kas.

References: H. F. Eames, President Commercial National Bank, Chicago; Kohn Brothers & Co., bankers, Wichita, Kas.

WANTED — AN ACTIVE BUSINESS man with $10,000 to $20,000 to extend an established manufacturing business in good standing. Principals only need address for particulars. G. FRANK WHITE, Room 44, 167 La Salle-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WITH $600 and references to join advertiser in legitimate business; no risk or competition; splendid chance. WINTER WOOD, Lock Box 75, Colorado Springs, Col.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN to invest $2,000 in a first-class manufacturing business, and take charge of office, drawing a fair salary right from the start. The advertiser, a master mechanic, desires only to run the mechanical department. If you wish a permanent, pleasant, and profitable business, with little or no risk, it will pay you to investigate. Address P 61, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD JOB PRINTER with $125 to take half interest in a well-paying office. Address Q 54, Tribune office.

WANTED — SOME GENTLEMAN with capital to assist or take an interest with two practical young men in a legitimate business. 104 East Madison-st., Room 7.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED OFfice manager, for Secretary of corporation being organized to extend old established business; edfectioner more desired than capital. References required. N 37, Tribune office.

WANTED—A RESPONSIBLE PARTY to manufacture rachet wrench, just patented. P 79, Tribune office.

WANTED—$20,000 ON TEN YEARS' time, good security; or a partner with above amount to join in stocking an inclosure of 20,000 acres of grazing lands in Northern Texas. Investment will pay 20 per cent. GEO. M. FISH & CO., 154 Lake-st.

$150 BUYS HALF INTEREST IN manufacturing business, honorable and pleasant, and will pay $ workingman $25 weekly. Address Q 79, Tribune office.

$300—EASY TERMS FOR BRICK and frame building 124 Michigan-av., fronting circus grounds, depots, and Exposition; 10 years' long ground lease; completely furnished for restaurant. Inquire at 99 and 60 Reaper Block.

$350 BUYS A WELL FURNISHED 6-room flat; best location for room renting on West Side. 139 La Salle-st., Room 3.

$1,000 TO $5,000 WILL BUY INTEREST in established cash monopoly, paying each partner at least $15,000 yearly. Q 78, Tribune office.

$1,800 BUYS OUT THE BEST-PAYing business in Chicago for the investment. Must sell; can't attend to it. Part cash. Q 45, Tribune office.

$2,000 CASH WILL BUY A RETAIL store selling more than $600 monthly, making a clear profit of $150 per day; on one of the best corners; only reason for selling, cannot attend to it; rent $1,200 a year; a fine stock of best selling goods in store today; investigate it. Address R 81, Tribune.

$2,000 WORTH OF STOCK, LEASE, etc., for sale for less than half value. T. H. BER. 1701 Wabash-av.

$5,000 WILL SECURE AN INTEREST, worth at least $20,000, in manufacturing concern, and will yield a fortune in a few years; balance can be paid from profits. Particulars given only on interview. Address Q 4, Tribune office.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

ALL RECOMMEND MRS. FRANKS, 361 West Madison-st., best adviser on love, marriage, family, or business troubles. Always at home.

ALICE MARCO, CLAIRVOYANT AND palmist. Fee 25 and 50 cents; satisfaction guaranteed. 62 West Thirteenth-st., near Blue Island-av.

CORA L. V. HEYWOOD (FORMERLY of Boston and New York). The world-famed and celebrated trance medical test, writing, and business medium gives full and complete life-readings; reconciles on lawsuits, stocks, patents, mines, races, and business matters generally; cures catarrh. Business and prophetic life-readings by mail $1. Cease 10 a. m. Address or call on CORA L. V. HEYWOOD, "Psychometrist, 326 West Madison-st. Office hours, 9 to 5 daily.

DR. KATE BISHOP—BATHS AND magnetic treatment. 229 West Madison-st., third flat.

FREE TO THE PUBLIC—DR. R. GREER, a phenomenal healer, will know and describe your disease at a glance, eating no medicine. Free of charge. Office 157 East Madison-st., hours, 10 to 4.

GO AND SEE PROF. WARRING—MEDIUM AND REAL ASTROLOGER, OF 439 WABASH-AV., CORNER PECK-COURT. $5,000 to any one who can equal him in telling the past, present, and future, causing speedy marriages, bringing separated together, and in business affairs whose advice is invaluable. He tells consultor's name in full, and is the only person that can do so. Prof. Warring has cases on cards of any description in his room. SATISFACTION GIVEN OR NO PAY. Fee, gents, $1; ladies, $2.

LULU ST. JOHNS, CLAIRVOYANT, phrenologist, and magnetic physician. Rheumatism and nervous diseases successfully treated. 139 West Madison-st., Room 8. Walk right up.

MME. ZARAPHA, TRANCE MEDIUM and magnetic physician, guarantees to her visitors complete satisfaction, revealing their most profound secrets and giving an entire life-reading; the rare renowned Persian "charm for love, business, health, etc.; gives full information in regard to lost or stolen property, absent friends, and all persons having them, with name in full. Remember, Mme. Zaraptha asks no questions, but gives all the information at once; tells you your life, from cradle to grave. Consultations personally and by letter 50 11 Centre-av., half block from Madison-st.

MME. LE NORMAND, CLAIRVOYANT and trance medium, astonishes all by her wonderful power, revealing every important event

WANTED—MALE HELP.

BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS, &C.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS ASSISTANT in a retail tea-store; must have experience. Address, with particulars, N 72, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN HONEST, LIVE MAN, who speaks German, and has experience in general store. Address O 86, Tribune office.

WANTED—"BOOKKEEPING SIMPLIFIED, or Journalizing Made Easy," a key to double-entry, containing simple rules for journalizing, opening, closing, reopening books, changing single into double entry, etc.; shortest interest rule ever given. Price $1. Send for circular. F. A. WRIGHT, 26 Seventh-av., New York.

WANTED—FOR A RESPONSIBLE POsition in a public company, an experienced, first-class accountant, capable of handling an office, with a general knowledge of mercantile and railroad affairs. State age, nationality, experience, present position, and salary expected. P 83, Tribune.

WANTED—SADDLERY HARDWARE salesman, thoroughly posted in stock and trade, who can act as entry clerk or on the road. References required. SQUIRES BROS. & CO., 75 and 77 Lake-st.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPEtent bookkeeper, giving first-class references as to character and ability. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary required. N 56, Tribune office.

WANTED—DRY-GOODS CLERK, AT 626 West Lake-st. Call today between 10 a. m. and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A DRUG CLERK. CALL at 262 State-st.

WANTED—A BOY TO LEARN RAILroad freight office work; a bright, intelligent, educated American boy living with parents preferred. Address N 85, Tribune office.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN ABOUT 18 years of age to work in retail drug-store; must speak German and English and live at home. References required. N 27, Tribune office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS STOCK and order clerk; experienced in the picture and frame business. None other need apply. RICHTER & HIRSCHE, 57 South Canal-st.

WANTED—MAN TO TAKE CHARGE of the correspondence and collections of an established law firm. State salary wanted. Address Q 15, Tribune office.

WANTED—3 GOOD EXPERIENCED young men for retail dry goods, to go in the country. Apply by letter, with references, to BENNISON BROS., Kewanee, Ill.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN FROM 16 to 21 years of age as entry clerk and assistant bookkeeper; must speak German and furnish first-class references; none but those competent to fill the position need apply. Address Q 18, Tribune office.

WANTED — CLERK ACQUAINTED with tea trade. References required. Call after 9 a. m. at house 1 door from Miller, 111 Adams.

WANTED —EXPERIENCED SALESman of pig-iron; one thoroughly posted as to grades and qualities; give full name and former employer. Q 24, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GROcery clerk at 580 West Indiana-st.

WANTED—A GOOD GROCERY CLERK for Pullman. Apply to Mr. NEWTON, with Spruce, Warner & Co.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED WINdow trimmer and card writer. Apply at The Fasquin, 218 and 220 State-st.

WANTED—COMPETENT HAT SALESman. Must thoroughly understand the business and know how to sell goods. TYLER, 107 E. Madison.

WANTED—BY WHOLESALE HOUSE, an experienced shipping clerk thoroughly posted in boots and shoes. Apply, with references, at 177 Fifth-av.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN with an established Western trade by a wholesale boot and shoe house. Apply at 177 Fifth-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT BOOKkeeper to post a set of books. Address, with references, P 91, Tribune office.

WANTED—A COMPETENT DRUG clerk. Good references. Apply at No. 609 Ogden and Jackson-st.

WANTED—GOOD GROCERY CLERK. Apply at 1004 State-st.

WANTED—SALESMAN; SITUATION permanent. Address R 45, Tribune office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN FOR OFfice position; must be willing to invest $500 in stock, and need salary and interest. C. TRUST CO., Room 10, 151 Clark-st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper. Address R 22, Tribune office.

WANTED—A MAN WHO THOROughly understands the furniture business as shipping clerk; also one to drive. Apply at 12 West Madison-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN MEN'S retail furnishing store; one with some knowledge of the business preferred. Address R 66, Tribune.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN FOR retail dry goods. Address, stating experience, O D 41, Tribune office.

WANTED—COMPETENT PRESCRIPtion clerk, single. Address, stating age, salary required, and where last employed, R 82, Tribune.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN ABOUT 18, with some knowledge of bookkeeping; must write a good hand. Address O A 84, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED REtail boot and shoe salesman. Apply to Earnett Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Co., 272 State-st.

WANTED—DRUG CLERK BY THE name of R. Benson. Please call on telephone at once. No. 3612.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED RElail shoe salesman. Address or apply to C. W. LYMAN, No. 239 West Madison-st.

WANTED SALESMAN IN FURNIture store; must have good appearance, be straight, with good reference. Address R 79, Tribune.

WANTED—A SALESMAN OF GOOD address, over 30 years of age, who is thoroughly posted in the general retail gents' furnishing business, and can devote a liberal share of his time to the management of the business; to such we offer a permanent position with pay according to ability. A 1 references required. "Lone Star" Shirt Co., 203, 205, and 207 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF 17 OR 18, to work in drug-store; one with one or two years' experience preferred. Address R 63, Tribune.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOT and shoe salesman. Apply at 331 West Madison.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO FILL orders and handle stock, who understands gauges, fittings, or agricultural implements preferred. Must be a fair hand and come well recommended. Apply at H. W. AUSTIN & CO.'S, 175 and 177 Lake-st.

WANTED—A DRUG CLERK IN DOWNtown store, with 7 or 8 years' Chicago experience and families; with a do-water business; state references and salary. Q 46, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD, SMART OFFICE boy. Call Monday corner Beach and Taylor-sts. Chicago Sugar Refining Company.

WANTED—MONDAY MORNING, TWO German and one Polish dry-goods salesmen. None but experienced men need apply at 780 to 784 South Halsted-st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESman for a retail clothing store in the country. Only those having first-class city references and Chicago experience need apply. 68 and 70 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A THOROUGH ACCOUNTant, good penman, and one not afraid of work or long hours. Address Q 2, Tribune.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO WORK a few evenings on account books. Address Q 41, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD CAPABLE SHORThand writer, gentleman or lady; one who can operate a type-writer. Address in own handwriting, stating wages. Reference required. Address N 62, Tribune office.

TRADES.

WANTED—6 ACTIVE YOUNG MEN to work under instructions in trimming fine heavy carriages. Address P. O. Box No. 2,452, South Bend, Ind.

WANTED — CARRIAGE-TRIMMERS for light and heavy carriages: steady work the year round and good wages. Address P. O. Box No. 2,452, South Bend, Ind.

WANTED—A GOOD CARRIAGE WOODworkman; steady employment given. Address FOLD & FELLOWS, Rockford, Ill.

WANTED—6 TRIMMERS ON LIGHT buggy work. Address P. O. Box No. 2,462, South Bend, Ind.

WANTED—A PRESSMAN, FIRST-class, that understands running stop-cylinder press; colored playing-card work; must be steady, sober, and willing to do good work for good pay. Only apply today or Monday. H. C. FOREMAN & CO., 268 and 270 West Madison-st.

WANTED—A BAKER, TO START IN business in a live town near Chicago. Address O 36, Tribune office.

WANTED—A MATTRESSMAKER—Good wages to a good man; steady work. Address Q 46, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD WATCHMAKER ACcustomed to French clocks. Apply to GILES BRO. & CO.

WANTED—PAPER-BOX MAKER, ONE that thoroughly understands the business. Address MARTIN BRIES, St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED—A CYLINDER FEEDER. CAMERON, AMBERG & CO., 71 and 73 State-st.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD men who understand steam-fitting, and who are not afraid to climb; good wages. Call between 12 and 1 o'clock on Monday at Room 37, 97 Clark-st.

WANTED—A TIN SPINNER ON stamped ware. Apply to the Chicago Stamping Co., Peoria and Harrison-sts.

WANTED—A HARNESSMAKER TO go in the country to work on team harness. Apply at P. HAYDEN & CO.'S, 45 and 47 Lake-st., at 9 o'clock Monday, May 22.

WANTED—TWO GOOD FRONT MEN to lay up St. Louis brick at Aurora, Ill. L. H. WATERHOUSE & SON.

WANTED—COMPOSITORS—INQUIRE (Sunday) or tomorrow. The Chicago World, Fourth floor, 119 East Monroe-st.

WANTED—6 MATTRESSMAKERS; come Monday morning ready to work. HOWARD & WRIGHT, 55 State-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

TRADES.

WANTED—A PRACTICAL PRESERVE and jellymaker; to one who thoroughly understands the business good wages and steady employment will be given. Address Meyer-Suhr Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—A COMPETENT PRESSman to take charge of an office; also a Gordon press feeder who can make ready. Address, with references, P 64, Tribune office.

WANTED—BRICKMAKERS—A GOOD hand molder and burner to go 90 miles in country. For information address Box 186 Belvidere, Ill.

WANTED — ELECTROTYPE FINISHer to go to Cleveland, O.; steady work to competent man. Apply, with references, to S. BRAINARD'S SONS, 126 State-st.

WANTED—FEW FIRST-CLASS VESTmakers. Call at Tailoring Department. WILLOUGHBY, HILL & CO.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FIREman for stationary engine. Apply at Woodruff Hotel, corner Wabash-av. and Twenty-first-st.

WANTED—COOK, COMPETENT TO take charge of kitchen, also three chambermaids; good pay to those willing to give first-class service. Apply at Clarendon House, North Clark-st.

WANTED—A PHOTOGRAPHER—ONE that can retouch and operate well; at H. F. NEIDHARDT'S, 361 Milwaukee-av.

WANTED—50 UPHOLSTERERS AND loungemakers; good pay and steady work. 235 to 240 State-st., third floor.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS ENGIneer. Doremus Laundry, 205 South Paulina-st.

WANTED—A GOOD TINNER AT 239 South State-st.

WANTED—A BOY TO LEARN THE printing business, at 178 Wabash-av.

WANTED—CARPENTERS, TWO FAST workmen for plain work. 454 Clark-st., upstairs.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS TINNER. THOMPSON, 131 Twenty-second-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TAILORS. Apply 104 Twenty-third-st., near Indiana-av.

WANTED—CARRIAGETRIMMERS AT 185-195 Michigan-av, or 14 East Adams-st. N. M. BEGG.

WANTED—I WANT TO PUBLISH A book and a small paper, and wish to hear from a printer who will do the composition at a low figure. Address P 95, Tribune office.

WANTED—IN BINDERY—A FIRST-class blank-book finisher and forwarder at LEROW & BRONSON'S, 190 Clark-st.

WANTED—MAN TO REPAIR STOVES, ranges, and furnaces; none but experienced workmen need apply. Good wages. 99 North Clark-st. HARVESON & JUDD.

WANTED—ONE GOOD CARRIAGE blacksmith; steady work for a good man. Call Sunday and Monday morning. M. HOPKINS, 488 West Indiana-st.

WANTED — PATTERN-MAKER AT WEIR & CRAIG'S, 2252 Archer-av.

WANTED—8 PATTERNMAKERS. A. M. WILLARD, 41 and 43 South Canal-st.

WANTED—FRESCO PAINTERS; BEST wages paid to good men. WM. PHILIPSEN, Room 34 Major Block, corner Madison and La Salle.

WANTED—COMPOSITORS AT THE Local News office, 47 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS JOB PRINTer. Pictorial Printing Co., 141 to 146 Monroe-st.

COACHMEN, TEAMSTERS, &C.

WANTED—COMPETENT MAN TO take care of horse and cow, and make himself generally useful; must be a good driver, and thoroughly understand the care of carriage and harness. Reference required. Apply at northwest corner of Drexel-boulevard and Forty-seventh-st.

WANTED—A WHITE BOY WITH good reference to take care of horse and carriage. Moderate wages. Apply at office southwest corner of Wabash and Ninth-avs.

WANTED—2 EXPERIENCED FURniture drivers at C. C. HOLTON'S, 234 to 238 Wabash-av.

WANTED—COACHMAN, WITH WIFE preferred. Must have good references as to character and experience in handling horses. Apply (not on Sunday) at 3238 Indiana-av.

WANTED—COACHMAN — MAN WHO thoroughly understands his business; no carriage driving. Inquire at the rear of 2438 South Park-av. today between 10 and 11 o'clock.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

WANTED—ALL LABORERS THAT want work to be sure and call at J. H. SPERBECK'S, 21 West Randolph-st., where they will be furnished with work at highest wages. Free fare.

WANTED—200 RAILROAD LABORers; highest wages paid; free fare. CHRISTIAN & CO., 89 South Canal-st.

WANTED—50 LABORERS FOR TRACKlaying in Iowa; wages $1.75; 50 for grading; wages $1.50; free fare; office open Sunday. International Employment Bureau, 362 Wabash-av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SALESman for wholesale liquor and wine house; one who is well acquainted with the city trade; good salary guaranteed. Address L 61, Tribune office.

WANTED—10 SALESMEN TO COMmence Monday to sell a patent article; will pay large salaries to men of good address. Apply at once, between 8 and 10 a. m. CHAS. D. METZLER, 128 and 130 Franklin-st.

WANTED—BY A LARGE NEW YORK wholesale clothing house an experienced traveling salesman for Illinois trade; one of such need only as have heretofore traveled for a wholesale clothing house, as no other applicants will be answered. Address P.-O. Box 326, Station A, New York City.

WANTED—A TIN-PLATE AND METal salesman to represent a Philadelphia importing house, to radiate from Chicago. Address Lister J. S. BARNES, No. 66 Madison-st., Chicago, giving references and compensation expected.

WANTED—GOOD ADVERTISING SOlicitors on the new one-cent daily paper. Live men can coin money. "Daily Press," 125 Clark, Room 35.

WANTED—2 LIVE CANVASSERS TO sell desirable article in city. References required. Address 184 Lake-st., Chicago.

WANTED—NIGHT WATCHMAN IN factory. One that can come well recommended. Address Q 75, Tribune office.

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG BOY, neat and clean, to do errands, etc. POOLE BROS., 117 Lake-st.

WANTED—SALESMAN FOR CITY trade; must understand and speak German; address in own handwriting, stating salary and particulars. Reference required. Address N 39, Tribune.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS TRAVelling salesmen in the cutlery and fire-arms business; also city salesmen, one acquainted with the trade. M. DAVIDSON, 140 Lake-st., up-stairs.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL teas and cigars in country, on commission, in connection with their regular lines; a liberal per cent paid. Address Q 12, Tribune office.

WANTED—MAN TO PUT UP TELEphones. HARBERT & SON, 26 La Salle-st., Room 3.

WANTED — A LIVE, ENERGETIC salesman to represent our new publications. To the right party a fine opportunity to make money. FRANCIS SMART & CO., 239 Dearborn-st., opposite Post-Office.

WANTED—A MAN EXPERIENCED IN produce commission business to travel and solicit trade for a South Water-st. house. Address Q 37, Tribune office.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN TO STUDY for dramatic company. PROF. WM. McFARLAND, 215 West Madison-st., corner Green, Room 13.

WANTED—BANK MESSENGER OVER 30 years of age. Give age, references, and salary expected. P 46, Tribune office.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN to travel in Wisconsin and sell groceries and drugs. Address, stating salary expected, references, and where last employed, O 4, Tribune office.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN; state experience, with whom, route, and sales. Address, by letter only, EHRENGOOD, BRAARBY & CO.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, ENERGETIC young man to act as salesman outside for an old established firm. Address Q 92, Tribune office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO WORK about a gentleman's house for board, lodging, and a small compensation; must be faithful, industrious, and steady, and furnish good references. Address O 55, Tribune office.

WANTED—A TRAVELING SALESman; must be well acquainted with the Western lumber trade. Address by letter giving experience and references, PALMER, FULLER & CO., West Twenty-second-st., Chicago.

WANTED—PORTERS BY A WHOLEsale hardware house; wages, $10 per week. Address O 97, Tribune office.

WANTED—ENERGETIC MEN WITH a few dollars willing to work six hours daily can clear $50 weekly with our goods; occupation permanent and profitable anywhere; experience unnecessary; no talking; 41 sample free; investigation solicited; no postals answered. Particulars for stamp. MIDKIFF & CO., 27 and 29 North Clark-st., Chicago.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS ARCHITECtural draughtsman. Room 1, 266 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A FEW MEN OF GOOD ADdress to solicit orders for our patent shirt. $100 a week can be made. Call at 115 Randolph-st., Room 1.

WANTED—A SHORTHAND WRITER who can take down pretty rapidly and transpose correctly; must have a good English education, especially in grammatical construction. Apply in own handwriting, stating age and what system used, to Q 74, Tribune office.

WANTED—SEWING MACHINE salesmen—Salary or commission. References required. Address P 78, Tribune office.

WANTED—TWO GOOD MEN TO SOlicit orders for my paintings; good commission allowed or salary. F. FABER, 208 Milwaukee-av.

WANTED—MEN TO SELL "FROM the Cradle to the Grave"; 21 illustrations in one; big profits. Call at Room 77, 126 Clark-st.

WANTED—STRONG BOY OF GOOD appearance to do general work in wholesale millinery business. Address P 61, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—SALESMEN—GOOD ONES for the city to sell our goods on installments. F. M. DILLIE & CO., Room 19, northeast corner Clark and Adams-sts.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS SOLICITOR for blank-books and printing; one who commands a trade in this city. Address 599, Tribune.

WANTED—TWO GOOD MEN TO book orders in the city; also two men to take orders in St. Paul and Omaha, for Knight's pictorial edition of Shakspeare, complete, in 8 vols., price $18, in small weekly payments. Sells on sight. P. F. COLLIER, 119 East Lake-st., second floor.

WANTED—I WILL PAY $60 PER month and commission to a first-class outdoor salesman; a pleasant business. Apply to the great American publishing firm, D. Appleton & Co., per P. L. MOONEY.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESman to travel for a drug house; must be a druggist or physician. Call at 25 Michigan-av.

WANTED — SUBSCRIPTION CANvassers for specialty paper; large income to proper men; salary or commission. Room 35 Lakeside Building. Call Sunday from 8 to 4 or Monday between 8 and 10 a. m.

WANTED—A GOOD STRONG BOY 16 to 18 years old to do porter work. Must come well-recommended as to honesty. Apply after 6 p. m. MEYERS, 155 State-st.

WANTED—MAN TO LOOK AFTER 150 beds in workingmen's boarding-house. State wages, etc. Address STEWARD, Box 858, Muskegon, Mich.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT boy 16 to 18. Call after 10 a. m. Monday at 38 Madison-st.

WANTED—MEN TO SELL PRESSER frame chromos and new fast-selling goods; catalogue free. J. M. MOODY, 205 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A CLERGYMAN OR SOME other gentleman to travel for a charitable work. Address P 24, Tribune office.

WANTED—A SALESMAN IN A PROduce commission house; one thoroughly experienced, who can control a German trade in the city; must also be willing to assist in general work. Address, with reference, P 6, Tribune office.

WANTED—A NO. 1 CIGAR SALESman that has an established country trade for a cigar manufactory that only makes one goods, on commission or salary. Address P 12, Tribune.

WANTED—PARTY WITH BUGGY OR covered wagon to sell specialties to stores; a good thing. Call at 161 Twenty-fourth-st. after 6 p. m.

WANTED—A GOOD, RELIABLE, strong boy to do porter work and make himself generally useful about a large photographic gallery; one who resides with his parents preferred. Address R 55, Tribune office.

WANTED—A WAITER OR WAITRESS at 1536 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO DEliver crockery and glassware, who understands taking care of horses. Reference required. 176 State-st.

WANTED—A MAN WITH ENERGY and a determination to make money. A permanent and remunerative position to solicit orders already obtained. Address O A 78, Tribune office.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN drug business; must live with parents on South Side, have good references; no wages paid the first six months. Address O B 7, Tribune office.

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG MAN living with his parents on the West side, north of Division-st. C. ERICKSON, 1180 Milwaukee-av.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

DOMESTICS.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A COMPETENT woman to do chamber work and cooking at Howe machine. Marvin House, 339 State-st.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE TO cook, wash, and iron, the other to do second work and sew. References required. Call at 735 West Monroe-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR LIGHT housework at No. 31 Fillmore-st. Call Monday.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS GERman girls for cooking, washing, and secondwork; small private family; best of wages. Call Monday or Tuesday 466 La Salle-st.

WANTED—A GOOD DINING-ROOM girl; also, a good woman cook; highest wages paid weekly. 761 West Lake-st. Call early.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO SECORD work and wait on lady. Swedish girl preferred. Call Sunday morning at 132 Elm-st.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR second work and help wash and iron. 3160 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT PROTESTant cook; good wages. 121 Ashland-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GERMAN girl for general housework. Inquire 4225 Indiana-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply at 62 East Eighteenth-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of two. Apply Monday or Tuesday at 238 South Paulina-st., between Adams and Jackson-sts.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a family; $4 a week. 126 East Jackson-st., opposite Post-Office.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK; also experienced chambermaid; good wages; paid for competent women. Apply immediately at 74 and 76 East Adams-st.

WANTED—109 SOUTH HALSTED-ST. —Girl for kitchen, make beds, and washing.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework. Call at 90 Thirty-seventh-st.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 2 Woodland Park.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages to right person. 467 Webster-av.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 3536 Indiana-av.

WANTED—RELIABLE GIRL TO DO general housework in a small family. Apply at 660 Sedgwick-st., near the corner of Centre.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK FOR a small family. Apply at 601 La Salle-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in private family. 59 Judd-st. Take Canalport-av. car.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—A GIRL for general housework at 176 North State-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German, Swede, or Scotch preferred. Apply at 3311 Vernon-av.

WANTED—A VERY CAPABLE GIRL to do general housework in a private family. Apply at 1545 Michigan-av.

WANTED — A REFINED PROTESTant, Christian woman to do general housework; wages moderate; a good permanent home. Address Q 67, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER, and ironer for small family; North Side. Good references required. Apply at Union National Bank.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL IN a family of two besides coachman; must be a good cook and laundress. References required. 735 West Washington-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. Southwest corner Harrison and Lincoln-sts.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK FOR PRIvate family (Irish Roman Catholic). Apply Monday at 629 La Salle-av.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, a good cook. Must come well recommended. Apply at 594 Adams-st.

WANTED—A CAPABLE COOK AND housemaid. Apply Sunday and Monday mornings at 3353 Wabash-av.

WANTED—GOOD GERMAN, SWEDE, or Norwegian first-class girl for general housework in family of three. Apply Monday at 49 Thirtieth-st.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR SWEDISH girl for light housework in family of two. Apply Monday forenoon at 1840, West Harrison-st.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS FOR GENERal housework at 137 Pine-st. Must come well recommended.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR general housework, in an American family of three adults; must be a good laundress; permanent place for a good girl. Call Sunday at 3507 Prairie-av.

WANTED—AT 337 MICHIGAN-AV., A good German or Swede girl for general housework in a family of five; no small children.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP to do general housework at No. 36 Rush-st.

WANTED—RELIABLE COMPETENT cook, Swede, Norwegian, or German, at 2015 Michigan-av. Call at the Twenty-ninth-st. door.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEwork and washing; must sleep at home, wages $12 a month. Apply Monday between 7 and 8 at 3204 Prairie-av., basement.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 2008 Calumet-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GIRL for second work and to help take care of children. Apply at 2229 Calumet-av.

WANTED — A GOOD COOK FOR boarding-house; will pay $6 per week; must be first-class. References. 464 West Adams-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK. 59 Rush-st.

WANTED—AT THE REVERE HOUSE, a first-class chambermaid, reliable in every particular, and can also wait on table; good wages to the right person.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO DO GENeral housework; Dane or Norwegian. References required. Call at 54 Warren-av.

WANTED—A GOOD, INTELLIGENT girl to do general housework; no washing or ironing. JOEL BIGELOW, 503 State-st., up-stairs. Call Monday at 10 o'clock.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL for general housework; good wages, $126 Lake-av.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

DOMESTICS.

WANTED—ALL GIRLS AND WOMEN of all nationalities in want of work will be furnished with it at once; strangers are invited. Board $3 and $4.50 a week.

GOOD SAMARITAN SOCIETY, 113 East Randolph-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 102 West Jackson-st. Private family. Wages $4.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL IN A private family. One who understands cooking thoroughly. Will pay $5 per week and offer a permanent position. Apply at 3207 Michigan-av.

WANTED—COLORED GIRL TO DO second work. 3235 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK AT ONCE, where there are boarders. 1231 Michigan-av.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL work at 444 Warren-av.

WANTED—A SCANDINAVIAN GIRL to do general housework. Call at 210 North Clark-st., second flat, Room 5.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework in a small family. Call at 5 Wellington-place, Kenwood.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in a family of three. Do not want an Irish girl. Good wages, and pay every week. A good home for a girl that understands her work. 0 80, Tribune office.

WANTED—A SWEDISH OR DANISH girl for general housework; good wages; in small family; must be competent. Call Monday at 35 Madison-st.

WANTED — A SWEDE OR GERMAN girl for laundry and light housework. Apply northwest corner Vincennes-av. and Forty-seventh.

WANTED — A NEAT, COMPETENT German girl, to do cooking, washing, and ironing for family of six. 287 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MEAT and pastry cook. 500 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK for general housework. 1332 Wabash-av.

WANTED—SCANDINAVIAN OR GERman girl for general housework. 350 Warren.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO cook, wash, and iron at 535 West Washington.

WANTED—DINING-ROOM GIRLS AT Phœnix House, corner Madison and Canal-sts.

WANTED—IN PRIVATE FAMILY OF four, capable girl for general housework. References, 2059 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK and laundress. Apply 2329 Calumet-av.

WANTED—AT 134 PARK-AV., GIRL to cook, wash, and iron; wages $4.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 2417 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR laundry and second work. References required. Apply to 2448 Prairie-av.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, no housecleaning, at 140 Washington-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; one willing to assist in care of two children; small family. 1807 West Monroe-st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED WOMan to cook, wash, and iron; German preferred. References required. Liberal wages to right party. Call at 217 Michigan-av.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK AND chambermaid for private boarding-house; must be thoroughly competent. Apply after 10 o'clock at 2226 Wabash-av.

WANTED—GOOD GERMAN OR SWEdish girl in small family to cook, wash, and iron. 2808 Calumet-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR SECond work and sewing. 2360 Vernon-av.

WANTED—SWEDE OR NORWEGIAN girl for second work. Must come recommended. 126 Twenty-fourth-st., near Indiana-av.

WANTED—AT 2230 WABASH-AV.—A chambermaid and dining-room girl. Only girls with experience wanted.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR second-work, one willing to take care of a child, at 2448 Prairie-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT AND RELiable girl for general housework. 535 Warren-av.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO SECORD work and wait on lady. Swedish girl preferred. Call Sunday morning at 132 Elm-st.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR second work and help wash and iron. 3160 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT PROTESTant cook; good wages. 121 Ashland-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GERMAN girl for general housework. Inquire 4225 Indiana-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply at 62 East Eighteenth-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in a family of two. Apply Monday or Tuesday at 238 South Paulina-st., between Adams and Jackson-sts.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a family; $4 a week. 126 East Jackson-st., opposite Post-Office.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK; also experienced chambermaid; good wages; paid for competent women. Apply immediately at 74 and 76 East Adams-st.

WANTED—109 SOUTH HALSTED-ST. —Girl for kitchen, make beds, and washing.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework. Call at 90 Thirty-seventh-st.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 2 Woodland Park.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 3536 Indiana-av.

WANTED—RELIABLE GIRL TO DO general housework in a small family. Apply at 660 Sedgwick-st., near the corner of Centre.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK FOR a small family. Apply at 601 La Salle-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in private family. 59 Judd-st. Take Canalport-av. car.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—A GIRL for general housework at 176 North State-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German, Swede, or Scotch preferred. Apply at 3311 Vernon-av.

WANTED—A VERY CAPABLE GIRL to do general housework in a private family. Apply at 1545 Michigan-av.

WANTED — A REFINED PROTESTant, Christian woman to do general housework; wages moderate; a good permanent home. Address Q 67, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER, and ironer for small family; North Side. Good references required. Apply at Union National Bank.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL IN a family of two besides coachman; must be a good cook and laundress. References required. 735 West Washington-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. Southwest corner Harrison and Lincoln-sts.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK FOR PRIvate family (Irish Roman Catholic). Apply Monday at 629 La Salle-av.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, a good cook. Must come well recommended. Apply at 594 Adams-st.

WANTED—A CAPABLE COOK AND housemaid. Apply Sunday and Monday mornings at 3353 Wabash-av.

WANTED—GOOD GERMAN, SWEDE, or Norwegian first-class girl for general housework in family of three. Apply Monday at 49 Thirtieth-st.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR SWEDISH girl for light housework in family of two. Apply Monday forenoon at 1840, West Harrison-st.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS FOR GENERal housework at 137 Pine-st. Must come well recommended.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR general housework, in an American family of three adults; must be a good laundress; permanent place for a good girl. Call Sunday at 3507 Prairie-av.

WANTED—AT 337 MICHIGAN-AV., A good German or Swede girl for general housework in a family of five; no small children.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP to do general housework at No. 36 Rush-st.

WANTED—RELIABLE COMPETENT cook, Swede, Norwegian, or German, at 2015 Michigan-av. Call at the Twenty-ninth-st. door.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEwork and washing; must sleep at home, wages $12 a month. Apply Monday between 7 and 8 at 3204 Prairie-av., basement.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 2008 Calumet-av.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GIRL for second work and to help take care of children. Apply at 2229 Calumet-av.

WANTED — A GOOD COOK FOR boarding-house; will pay $6 per week; must be first-class. References. 464 West Adams-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK. 59 Rush-st.

WANTED—AT THE REVERE HOUSE, a first-class chambermaid, reliable in every particular, and can also wait on table; good wages to the right person.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO DO GENeral housework; Dane or Norwegian. References required. Call at 54 Warren-av.

WANTED—A GOOD, INTELLIGENT girl to do general housework; no washing or ironing. JOEL BIGELOW, 503 State-st., up-stairs. Call Monday at 10 o'clock.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL for general housework; good wages, $126 Lake-av.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

NURSES.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL, Scotch or Irish, to take care of children. Call Monday, May 22, after 10 o'clock, at 35 Walton-place, northwest corner of State-st. North Side.

WANTED—A RELIABLE PROTESTant girl as nurse for three children. Must be experienced and have good references. Good wages given. Call at 3027 South Park-av.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL AS child's nurse. German or American preferred. Call Monday at southeast corner of Michigan-av. and Thirty-ninth-st.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR SWEDE girl to take care of baby and help about the house. Call at 2827 South Park-av.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE for little girl 6 months old; Protestant preferred; must understand sewing. Address, stating age, O 85, Tribune office.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN NURSEgirl. Apply at 2220 Calumet-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS NURSEgirl to take care of infant and sew. Must come well recommended. Good wages to the right party. Call at 24 Maple-st.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL FOR INFANT and little boy 3½ years old. Apply at 127 Dearborn-av. Call Monday.

WANTED—668 WEST WASHINGTON-st.—Nurse girl about 16 years old.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL TO TAKE care of children and do light second work. 3070 Indiana-av.

WANTED—A GIRL EXPERIENCED in the care of young babies; none others need apply. References required. Apply at 686 West Adams-st.

WANTED—A NURSE FOR INFANT 6 weeks old. Must be thoroughly experienced and furnish best references. Apply immediately at 608 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A GIRL TO TAKE CARE of children. References. 2335 Forest-av.

HOUSEKEEPERS.

WANTED — A RELIABLE WOMAN, willing to work, to superintend help and assist in work; a child no objection. Address Q 68, Tribune.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

WANTED—THIS WEEK WE MUST have fifty good girls to fill our orders. International Employment Bureau, 362 Wabash-av

WANTED — GOOD GERMAN AND Scandinavian girls for all kinds of housework at G. DUSKE'S, 152 North Halsted-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DRY goods and millinery saleslady; good pay and steady work in the right party. Call Monday.

WANTED—LADY CANVASSERS; nice, neat, pleasant, light, profitable, honorable. Call only from 12 to 2 any day, 125 Clark, Room 61.

WANTED—A CAPABLE WOMAN AS cashier, correspondent, and for general office work; state experience and salary wanted. Address Q 17, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED LADY canvasser with references, to whom a

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

DOMESTICS.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-class Swedish girl as washer and ironer, or cook. Inquire at 8 E. Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO Swedish girls in boarding-house or nice private family; references given. Call at 18 Granger-st., upstairs.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERMAN girl to do general housework in private American family. At 251 Monday at 128 Division-st., near La Salle.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RESPECT-able girl as cook. Good city references. 19 Lanpher Court, off Centre-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A DANISH girl to do general housework in private family. Inquire of Twenty-second-st. Call at 3264 Butterfield.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RELIA-ble girl as cook and laundress or general housework. Call southeast corner Thirty-ninth-st. and Cottage Grove-av., up-stairs, Sunday and Monday.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GIRL TO do general housework in private family. Call at 56 Henry-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO girls, cook and second girl. City reference. Call Monday and Monday, 414 Hubbard-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG to do second work in private family. Address 263 West Indiana-st., down-stairs.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD young girl to do chamber or kitchen work in private boarding-house. Call Monday or Tuesday at 251 North Franklin-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SWEDE girl for general housework. Apply at 2200 La Salle.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPE-tent girl to do general housework or second work in a private family. City reference given if required. Please call at 258 Centre-av. Monday.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-class Canadian cook. Best of references. Call at 64 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RESPECT-able girl in a hotel to learn to cook; is willing to assist in housework. Please call at 1426 Indiana-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO UN-exceptionably good girls to cook, wash, and iron. All kinds of work. References; satisfactory. Monday. 77 Pleasant-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-class cook in private family; not to wash or mend clothes. Please call at 3019½ Archer-av. Monday.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO WASH-ing and house-cleaning by the day; 340 East Twenty-second-st., up-stairs.

SEAMSTRESSES.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RE-spectable Norwegian girl in a family to do sewing and light work. Inquire of MRS. NILLSON, 55 West Erie-st.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO SEW-ing and second work. References given. Apply at 168 West Taylor-st.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO FAM-ily sewing, and would assist in the care of children or up-stairs work; thoroughly competent. Good reference. Address P 99, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SEAM-stress in families; must be fine work; basting at sewing. Reference. North Side preferred. Address P 10, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO SEW-ing in a few more families, by the day or week, by a competent dressmaker. Best city references. Miss A., 126 South Green-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SEAM-stress in a family; would like to travel or take care of children; by a middle-aged person. Call Sunday or Monday at 2300 Butterfield-st., cor. Archer-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RE-spectable lady; is a good cutter and fitter, can make ladies' and children's clothes; would like to go out with a home; good party. Call or address 1 South State-st.

HOUSEKEEPERS.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSE-keeper by a lady of experience. No objection to widower's family where help is kept; or the care of one or two children, or to travel with invalid. Reference given. No triflers need answer. Address 1158 M. Box 87, Englewood, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSE-keeper in a small family, or to do general housework where there would be no objection to a little girl. Address MRS. B. 789 Forty-third-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WORKING housekeeper by a lady of refinement who is thoroughly competent. 126 Elm-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EDU-cated widow, 33 years of age, as housekeeper for one or two refined persons; is good cook and seamstress; can take entire charge. Address, for three days, O 9 S, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSE-keeper with help; good seamstress with children, or invalid; middle-aged, industrious, and useful. Address Q 19, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY AS housekeeper for hotel or gentlemen's club-house; large experience, and references the best. Address S 25, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSE-keeper, nurse, or would take care of a furnished house or rooms. Good references given. Call at 2013 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A WIDOW lady of refinement, four years' experience, good reference, as cashier or correspondent; can write shorthand. Address O 74, Tribune office, with name and business.

SITUATION WANTED—A LADY GO-ing away wishes to procure a situation for her maid either as parlor maid and seamstress or as nurse. Highest recommendations. Apply Monday morning at 1029 Michigan-av.

SITUATION WANTED—A LADY DE-sires a position as cashier, correspondent, or assistant bookkeeper; ten years' experience in New York and Chicago. O 87, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A LADY as amanuensis; can use short-hand. P 93, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady in office or furniture store or machine office. Best reference. Address O D 37, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY OF experience as cashier in restaurant or cafe. References given. H 21, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY IN photograph gallery; can retouch, print, or tint, hand-paint mats, etc. Address O 41, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady as shorthand writer and typewriter operator, also good penman. Q 99, Tribune office.

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EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 149 EAST Monroe-st., room 15, up-stairs.
We can place in positions good, reliable people with reference at once, male or female. We have facilities of placing clerks in high orders of positions.
BUSINESS HOUSES.
Business houses, hotels, manufacturers, etc., if you want help—bookkeepers, clerks, mechanics, lady cashiers, copyists, etc.—we can furnish you with good, reliable people, with the best of references, at once, and no charge whatever. Call or address 149 East Monroe-st., Rooms 4, 5, and 6.

INTERNATIONAL EMPLOYMENT BU-reau, 263 Wabash-av., corner Harrison-st.—Employers can save expense of advertising and annoyance of interviewing many applicants by leaving their orders to our careful attention.

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FOR SALE—$5.50 BUYS SIX OF THE BEST 4 UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS IN THIS COUNTRY, FIT AND WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED. Sent anywhere by express on receipt of price, $5.50. All sizes from 11 to 19 inch neck measure. CHEAPEST FINE DRESS SHIRT HOUSE IN THE WORLD. "LONE STAR" SHIRT CO., 263, 265, and 267 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

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FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—AN IM-proved velocipede in first-class condition, also a silver-plated telegraph instrument with battery; would prefer a good mechanical revolver, etc. Address Q 28, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—15,000 NOVELTY PAPER Box Company's patent two-pound boxes; two counter-platforms and one door-platform Fairbanks scales, and 500 barrels sifted starch, all half price; 221 and 225 Van Buren-st., Chicago, Ill. SMITH & HALE, Agents.

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FOR SALE—ENGLISH BICYCLE—A Nickle-plated, 54-inch registered, Stanley; Hydes & Wirehill of Sheffield, makers, 1881 machine, quite new. P 75, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—189 EAST HURON-ST.—$40 Saratoga trunk, almost good as new, for $15.

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PROFESSIONAL.

DR. ANDREWS LOW, ELECTRO-MAG-netic physician and psychologist. Advice and treatment for all diseases free. 220 West Madison-st.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

DRESSMAKERS.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A DRESS-maker to do cutting and fitting at home; will go out by the day. 45 Oak-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERI-enced dressmaker will work by the day on ladies' and children's dress; terms $1 per day. Address P 87, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY PARISIAN dressmaker, 3 years' experience with Worth of Paris; will go in private families; cutting, fitting, and take work home at reasonable prices. No letters answered. 340 North State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-class dressmaker; will go out by the day; stating terms by Taylor's system. References. 58 Twenty-second-st.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO DRESS-making; first-class fitter and trimmer; would go out or take the work home; terms reasonable. No. 10 May-st., near Lake.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-class dressmaker in families. O D 6, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-class dressmaker to work in a few more families. Address 33 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO DRESS-making, cutting, and fitting in families, 476 West Van Buren-st.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

SITUATIONS WANTED — FAMILIES needing good Scandinavian and German female help supplied at G. DUSKE'S, 158 North Halsted-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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DR. ANDREWS LOW, ELECTRO-MAG-netic physician and psychologist. Advice and treatment for all diseases free. 220 West Madison-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

SOUTH SIDE.

1 MYRTLE-AV., BETWEEN FORTY-first and Forty-second-sts.—A very pleasant furnished front parlor, with board, for two gentlemen in private Canadian family; South Side, near the lake; convenient to steam and street cars. References required.

8 PARK-ROW, MICHIGAN-AV.—TO rent, with board, one suite of rooms; also single ones.

18 EAST HARRISON-ST.—PLEASANT rooms, with board.

70 TWENTY-FOURTH-ST.—PLEASANT rooms with board in private family. References.

177 TWENTY-FIRST-ST. — TABLE board can be had at $3.50. Rooms conveniently by.

138 EAST HARRISON-ST.—NICELY-furnished rooms to rent with or without board, at reasonable rates.

198 TWENTY-FIFTH-ST., NEAR Michigan-av.—Furnished rooms, with board.

229 TWENTY-FIFTH-ST. — PRIVATE boarding; rooms for four with board; close to cable cars. Rates reasonable. Apply day or evening.

255 MICHIGAN-AV., CORNER HUB-bard-court—Handsomely-furnished rooms, en suit or single, with board. References required.

281 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS TO LET, with board; lake front.

373 WABASH-AV.—NEATLY FUR-nished rooms with or without board. Apply at restaurant.

430 WABASH-AV. — A FINE FRONT room with board.

436 WABASH-AV.—2 SOUTH FRONT rooms in a beautiful home. Private bath. First-class table.

481 WABASH-AV. — FRONT ROOMS with or without board.

532 WABASH-AV.—TO RENT WITH or without board newly-furnished rooms; parlor suite; modern improvements. References exchanged.

1243 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS WITH board.

1334 WABASH-AV.—FIRST-CLASS rooms and board; all new furniture, new carpets; house changed tenants. Rooms en suite or single, suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen wishing first-class rooms.

1336 WABASH-AV.—LARGE ALCOVE, back parlor, and other furnished rooms to rent with or without board.

1340 MICHIGAN-AV. — TWO LARGE furnished rooms, with board; also one single room.

1421 WABASH-AV.—PLEASANT rooms, with board, for desirable parties only.

1426 WABASH-AV. — HANDSOMELY furnished front room, hot and cold water; also single front room; first-class table; few day-boarders accommodated.

1463 MICHIGAN-AV. — TO RENT, with board, room suitable for two gentlemen. References required.

1551 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FUR-nished front room with board; table boarders.

1604 MICHIGAN-AV.—TWO LARGE connecting rooms, handsomely furnished, with board; also front room on third floor. References exchanged.

1615 PRAIRIE-AV.—BOARD, WITH or without room; rooms suitable for gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen, unfurnished. First-class references given and required.

1701 WABASH-AV.—NEWLY FITTED and furnished; the best accommodations at a reasonable rate; also table board.

1710 EAST FORTIETH-ST.—LARGE furnished front room, with board, for two gentlemen, or man and wife.

1730 INDIANA-AV.—NICELY FUR-nished front room with board in private family, with or without board. To responsible parties.

1736 INDIANA-AV., CORNER EIGHT-eenth-st.—To rent, with or without board, to permanent, responsible parties a front parlor and one chamber, elegantly furnished.

1814 WABASH-AV.—A DESIRABLE room, suitable for two gentlemen, with first-class board. References required.

1822 WABASH-AV.—VERY PLEAS-ant rooms, with or without board. References required.

1828 INDIANA-AV.—TO RENT WITH board, two rooms en suite on parlor floor, with conservatory and bath adjoining; also single room on second floor.

1836 WABASH-AV.—FURNISHED rooms, with board. Terms reasonable. Also, day board.

1911 WABASH-AV.—ONE PLEASANT room, second floor, with board.

1914 WABASH-AV.—SUITE OF 3 rooms, also front alcove and room adjoining, with or without board.

2109 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED rooms to rent with board.

2230 WABASH-AV. — SINGLE ROOM, with board; also a front suite, furnished or unfurnished.

2232 WABASH-AV. — ELEGANT rooms, with board; first-class table. References.

2239 PRAIRIE-AV. — UNUSUALLY pleasant, large front room, furnished, with board; also large back parlor, unfurnished; private family; home comforts.

2252 WABASH-AV.—NICELY FUR-nished rooms, with or without board. References.

2256 WABASH-AV.—FRONT ALCOVE room, also other pleasant rooms, furnished, with board. References required.

2323 MICHIGAN-AV.—1 LARGE AND 1 small front room, with board. Also a few more day-boarders accommodated.

2330 MICHIGAN-AV.—TWO FRONT rooms adjoining, finely-furnished, with or without board; location first-class; strictly private; German family; hot and cold water in the rooms; all conveniences.

2359 CALUMET-AV.—A DESIRABLE room with board; day boarders accommodated.

2406 WABASH-AV.—UNFURNISHED alcove room, and other rooms, with board.

2408 WABASH-AV.—A LARGE ROOM, first floor, furnished, with board. References.

2508 INDIANA-AV.—A FURNISHED room to rent with board; gentlemen only.

2526 CALUMET-AV.—HANDSOMELY furnished rooms on first and second floor, with or without board.

2604 PRAIRIE-AV.—2 LARGE FUR-nished rooms, front and back, for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; also a hall bedroom, with board.

2957 MICHIGAN-AV.—A PLEASANT room, with board.

3001 WABASH-AV.—NICELY FUR-nished rooms, with board.

3024 MICHIGAN-AV. — PLEASANT room with board.

3113 WABASH-AV. — BOARD AND furnished rooms.

3132 MICHIGAN-AV.—TO RENT, with board, a front room for gentleman and wife.

3158 PRAIRIE-AV.—TWO NICELY furnished connecting rooms, with board, in private family; hot and cold water, bath, etc.; suitable for two gentlemen.

3506 LAKE-AV. — DELIGHTFUL rooms to rent, with or without board.

A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, WITH board, in private family, on avenue, near Thirty-first-st. Address P 81, Tribune office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE HAVING nice residence, South Side, offer east front suite with board to first-class party. O D 48, Tribune.

A SUITE OF FRONT ROOMS AND PAR-lor, unfurnished, to rent, with board; desirable location; near steam and street cars. Address EC VALINNE, Beckwith's Pharmacy, 3301 Cottage Grove-av.

HANDSOME DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms with board. Fine view of the lake. South Side, Prairie-av., near Twenty-second-st. O 65, Tribune office.

NEAR DOUGLAS STATION—TO RENT, with board, a handsome suite of front rooms with desirable parties. References. N 81, Tribune.

PLEASANT PARTIES CAN FIND good board and nicely-furnished rooms with a small family on South Side; location one of the best, near street-cars and Thirty-fifth-st. station. References exchanged. Address O 78, Tribune office.

SHARE OF GOOD SUITE OF ROOMS and board for young man, on Michigan-av., Lake Front; musician preferred. Address R 72, Tribune.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, IN desirable location on South Side, to rent with board; also parlor floor for two gentlemen or gentleman and wife. Address P 14, Tribune.

WEST SIDE.

11 PARK-AV.—BOARD AND LARGE furnished or unfurnished front room, with bedroom.

15 NORTH SANGAMON-ST.—3 SLEEP-ing-rooms for two or four gentlemen in small private family, with or without board.

17 LOOMIS-ST. — FURNISHED PAR-lors and rooms, with board; also day board.

18 THROOP-ST., BETWEEN MADISON and Washington—Well-furnished front alcove and other rooms with board; private family; reference.

19 CENTRE-AV. — PLEASANT ROOM, with board, for one or two.

20 ABERDEEN-ST., BETWEEN MADI-son and Monroe—To rent, with board, furnished room, with use of bath; suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen. References required.

26 ABERDEEN-ST. — NICE ROOMS, with board, and all comforts in an all new furnished house.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WEST SIDE.

31 PARK-AV., NEAR UNION PARK—Nicely furnished large room with board, suitable for two; 6 o'clock dinners.

40 LAFLIN-ST.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD for a few choice parties. Home comforts and all modern conveniences. Terms reasonable.

43 SOUTH ASHLAND-AV.—ELEGANT furnished rooms, with board, for two gentlemen, or married couple. First-class table and home comforts.

51 SOUTH ASHLAND-AV.—TWO ELE-gantly-furnished double rooms; also large back parlor and two single rooms, furnished; gas; bath, hot and cold water on every floor; facing Union Park; with or without board.

54 THROOP-ST.—MARBLE BUILDING fronting Jefferson Park—Pleasant room, with first-class board, for gentleman and wife.

61 SOUTH ELIZABETH-ST.—NICELY-furnished room, with good table board.

63 SOUTH ELIZABETH-ST. — FUR-nished rooms to rent, with first-class board.

86 CENTRE-AV.—TO RENT, LARGE nicely-furnished room; also single room, with good table board; house contains all modern improvements. References exchanged.

89 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST.—NICELY-furnished rooms, with board, for gentlemen; table-boarders wanted.

90 WARREN-AV.—A VERY PLEASANT furnished room with board.

165 SOUTH PEORIA-ST.—A LARGE pleasant room, with or without board.

114 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST—FOUR young men can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board; also, one unfurnished parlor to let with board; house has modern improvements.

209 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—Pleasant rooms with board.

220 SOUTH SANGAMON-ST. — A front parlor and room adjoining, furnished, also two other rooms, with or without board.

237 MARSHFIELD-AV.—HANDSOME-ly furnished commodious rooms, every convenience, with or without board.

249 WEST MONROE-ST.—PLEASANT room with board; also few day boarders.

262 MARSHFIELD-AV. — FINELY furnished east or west front rooms, with first-class board, use of bath, parlor, and piano, and other accommodations; half block from cars; terms reasonable.

268 SOUTH ASHLAND-AV.—HAND-somely-furnished front parlor, front alcove, and other pleasant rooms, with first-class board; brick barn in rear; everything first-class; beautiful location.

273 WARREN-AV.—FIRST-CLASS day-board and rooms to rent.

281 WEST MONROE-ST.—A LARGE south front room; also large-size single room, both pleasant and well furnished, with board.

283 WEST MONROE-ST.—WITH VERY best board, two handsomely furnished, second-story, south front rooms, single or en suite.

288 WASHINGTON-BOULEVARD—A large front room with board for two or three.

304 WEST VAN BUREN-ST.—PLEAS-ant front room for two, with board.

336 WASHINGTON-BOULEVARD—TO rent, with board, a pleasant single room.

366 WEST JACKSON-ST.—FURNISH-ed front room to rent, with or without board.

402 WEST ADAMS-ST.—AN ELEGANT large front room, well front, also back room, nicely furnished, with board, to refined couples; everything new, modern conveniences, first-class family table, and home comforts; family private.

402 WASHINGTON-ST.—FRONT AND alcove rooms, with all conveniences, in excellent neighborhood, with board. Gentlemen preferred.

408 WEST JACKSON-ST.—PLEASANT hall and front chamber, with board. References.

429 WEST MONROE-ST.—TO RENT, choice summer quarters for families, with good board; park view.

452 WEST JACKSON-ST.—NICE ROOMS in suites or single, with board, for gentlemen.

456 WEST ADAMS-ST.—TO RENT, with board, a large front room opposite Jefferson Park.

506 FULTON-ST.—NICELY FURNISH-ed rooms, with good board; modern improvements. References required.

537 CARROLL-AV.—A LARGE ROOM and closet for a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen, furnished or unfurnished, with board.

551 WEST MONROE-ST.—TWO LARGE rooms, one south and one east front, with board. Large closets, gas, and use of bath. Furniture new and first-class. Terms moderate.

603 WEST ADAMS-ST.—TWO ROOMS and first-class board for four gentlemen; private family.

604 WEST ADAMS-ST., CORNER OF Ogden-av.—To rent—Furnished front rooms, with board, with bath, gas, parlor, and piano; also, barn room for two horses.

607 VAN BUREN-ST., NEAR ASH-land-av.—Finely furnished and unfurnished rooms; use of gas, bath, hot and cold water; also first-class board.

628 ADAMS-ST.—FURNISHED SUITE or large single room, with board for two or three persons, choice locality, moderate prices.

638 WEST MONROE-ST. — NICELY-furnished front alcove room, also other rooms, single or en suite, with or without board.

710 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—FUR-nished rooms with good board, in private family, suitable for families or gentlemen; also good day board.

745 WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—ONE pleasant furnished south front room, with board.

1013 ADAMS-ST.—BOARD FOR GEN-tleman and wife and four gentlemen.

A FAMILY OF FOUR, OR 2 COUPLE, can obtain superior accommodations with excellent board in a pleasant locality near Ashland-av., large front rooms, closets, bath-room, etc.; handsome private house; family now consists of five adults. Best of reference; terms moderate. Q 18, Tribune.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR TWO gentlemen can find a very handsomely-furnished room, with first-class board, on West side, in delightful location, 15 minutes from business centers, in strictly private house; no children. Address N 54, Tribune office.

A SHLAND-AV. — PRIVATE FAMILY will board two; half-block from 2 lines of cars. Address P 69, Tribune office.

A VERY CHOICE SUITE OF ROOMS, parlor floor, furnished or unfurnished, best locality, West Monroe-st., to rent with board. Also good barn. Address Q 85, Tribune office.

A LCOVE, HANDSOMELY FURNISH-ed, opposite Jefferson Park, for married couple; also large airy room for two or three gentlemen; terms reasonable. Address Q 65, Tribune office.

WEST WASHINGTON-ST.—VERY DE-sirable suite, also large front parlor furnished or unfurnished and good board. Address Q 75, Tribune office.

NORTH SIDE.

7 NORTH CLARK-ST.—BOARD, WITH room, $4.50 to $7 per week, with use of piano; furnished rooms $1.50 to $4 per week.

46 CASS-ST. — PLEASANT FRONT room on second floor, with board; also side room with water.

98 WALTON-PLACE—VERY DESIR-able furnished rooms; one side and two square rooms; fine view of lake; board if desired.

107½ DEARBORN-AV.—NICELY-FUR-nished rooms with board.

125 DEARBORN-AV. — PLEASANT front room, also back room, furnished, with board only, house and table first-class. Day boarders wanted.

159 DEARBORN-AV.—TO RENT—A large nicely-furnished room, with board, to gentlemen.

127 DEARBORN-AV. — DESIRABLE furnished rooms with board.

218 CASS-ST.—FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board.

222 EAST OHIO-ST.—TO RENT, AL-cove room and one large room, with board.

225 ONTARIO-ST., EAST OF CLARK—Handsomely-furnished front alcove room, with board for gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen; table first-class. References exchanged.

225 OHIO-ST.—A ROOM SUITABLE for two gentlemen, with board.

228 NORTH LA SALLE-ST.—NICELY furnished rooms. Would rent front and back parlor unfurnished, with or without board. Address O 33, Tribune office.

232 ONTARIO-ST.—FURNISHED rooms with board.

237 LA SALLE-AV.—NICE, LARGE front rooms, suitable for two gentlemen. All conveniences.

241 OHIO-ST., NEAR DEARBORN-AV. — Two nice furnished single rooms with first-class board. References.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NORTH SIDE.

243 HURON-ST.—LARGE FURNISHED room for gent and wife, or gents, with board. References.

244 LINCOLN-AV. — BOARD AND rooms, or rooms for a gentleman and wife in a strictly private family. References exchanged. Call or address.

246 EAST INDIANA-ST.—ROOMS TO rent with first-class board.

249 EAST INDIANA-ST.—ONE SINGLE room; also a room-mate.

252 EAST INDIANA-ST.—A FRONT room to rent with board to a young man.

262 OHIO-ST. — A FRONT ALCOVE room, new furniture, to rent with board; gentleman and wife.

267 ILLINOIS-ST.—A PLEASANT furnished front alcove room, with first-class board; also single room. Ten minutes' walk from business centre.

269 ILLINOIS-ST.—TO RENT, SOUTH-front single room, with board.

274 LA SALLE-AV.—TO RENT NICE-ly-furnished room, with board, for one or two gentlemen, or gentleman and wife; bath and cold water; day-boarders wanted.

288 ILLINOIS-ST.—A LARGE ROOM to rent, with board, suitable for ladies or gentlemen.

296 OHIO-ST. — NICELY-FURNISHED front rooms, with or without board, to respon sible parties only. References required.

300 EAST INDIANA-ST.—HANDSOME-ly furnished alcove and other rooms with or without board.

311 ORCHARD-ST., NICELY FUR-nished rooms, with board, near Lincoln Park.

321 CHICAGO-AV., NEAR STATE-ST. Parties desiring first-class day board please apply as above.

321 CHICAGO-AV., NEAR STATE-ST. —Elegant front alcove room, bay window, two large closets, all modern improvements. Furnished or unfurnished, with board.

321 CHICAGO-AV., NEAR STATE-ST. —Two large, finely-furnished rooms to rent with first-class board. References.

355 INDIANA-ST., EAST OF PINE—Single and double rooms, furnished and unfurnished, with or without board. Reference.

359 NORTH WELLS-ST.—ROOM AND board for two gentlemen in private family. First floor.

451 LA SAL

ART IN CHICAGO.

An Important Collection of Paintings Offered Here This Week.

Gratifying Success of Two Chicago Artists Now Painting in Paris.

The Braun Autotypes—Summer Sketching-Tour of the Academy of Fine Arts—Gallery and Studio Notes.

Another Large and Important Collection.

The impression seems to have gone abroad that Chicago wants good pictures, or at any rate that she ought to be offered an opportunity to procure them, for dealers and collectors are constantly submitting examples of merit and value by eminent artists for our consideration and approval. The latest and by far the best of the season consists of a consignment of oil paintings from the art gallery of Mr. S. Johnson, of Boston, who announces this as his last sale before making his annual visit to the art centres of Europe. The collection is a large one, comprising 230 numbers, and embracing a great variety of subjects by artists of good reputation. Many of the works are from the Paris salon of last year, some have hung in the rooms of the Art Club of Boston, and a few are good copies of great masters. There are auctions and auctions. In this one the pictures are all certified to, and any representations made concerning them can be depended upon. One of the principal paintings is the "Pagot Gatherers," by L. Lanckow, of Düsseldorf, for which $2,000 has already been refused. It is a large, fine landscape of a cold and wintry twilight, showing a picturesque group of houses, a superb middle distance, and a figure toiling up a hill carrying a heavy load of fagots. "Sunset at Mortefontaine," "Summer in the Country," "Winter in the Black Forest," "Winter Near Breda," "Close of Day," and two or three others by the same artist are all interesting in subject and admirable in execution. Eight examples are shown of William Pearson, a pupil of Corot. The finest of these is perhaps "The Close of Day on the Androscoggin," a landscape which attracted considerable attention at the recent exhibition of the Art Club of Boston, although it would be hard to choose between this and another work catalogued as "Lanscape and Cattle," or still another lovely "Wood Interior." Another painting, also from the Boston Art Club, is an "Evening View near Düsseldorf," by C. H. Shearer, who has several other charming pictures, among them one from the salon called a "Street Scene in Paris," showing quaint foreign architecture, with a street-peddler in the foreground above whose head is floating a cloud of the bright-colored toy balloons he has for sale. "Cattle at Pasture," by A. Baisch, of Munich, an artist of great reputation as a cattle painter, is a fine composition, in which attention has not been paid to the cattle at the expense of the landscape, as is usually the case. This painting is valued at $4,000. Edward Gay, a New York academician, is represented by an excellent landscape showing a beautiful sky and an admirable distance, called "Salt Meadows"; also by a number of others of merit. Another very large salon picture of last year is an "Old Barn in the Suburbs of Paris," very broadly and strongly treated, by E. Lienard. A copy of Makart's celebrated painting the "Marble Heart" is on a reduced scale, but gives an idea of how charming must be the original. The graceful abandon and careless ease of the two female figures are beyond description. Very lovely also is a copy of "The Flower Girl" by Salzahi, the original of which is in the Louvre. The sweet, childishly-innocent face of the little maiden seems somewhat at variance with the disorder of her dress, which exposes, or rather discloses, her bosom in a manner that is too arranged to appear accidental. The hands are wonderfully childlike and pretty as she holds up an apron full of flowers. "Euchred," by B. Grutzner, is full of character. One of the players has thrown himself back in his chair with an expression upon his face that plainly says his hand is a good one, no matter what the other holds. The opposit player is a fat old monk whose perplexity is shared by a looker-on at his elbow, and the servant who stops to observe over his shoulder the monk's chances. The names of W. L. Sonntag, Harrison Weir, C. W. Knapp, R. L. Richards, F. D. Briscoe, and August Müller are in the catalog, together with many others of note. These pictures will be on exhibition tomorrow at Nos. 84 and 86 Randolph street, and the sale will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 23d and 24th, at 10:30 and 7 o'clock.

Gallery and Studio Notes.

A great deal of regret and disappointment has been caused by the fact that Mr. Stornay had no copies for sale of the autotype of Munkacsy's "Christ Before Pilate," and it will therefore be of general interest to know that on his next visit to Europe, which will occur in June, Mr. Stornay will endeavor to secure additional copies of the figure of Christ, and that he will take orders conditioned upon his success. So great is the interest manifested in the really extraordinary collection of the Braun autotypes which Mr. Stornay exhibits at Stevens & Co.'s, on Adams street—including exact copies of the great works of art in the leading galleries of Europe—that he has decided to continue the exhibit and sale until Tuesday evening of this week. As an evidence of the high value of the autotypes it may be mentioned that complete sets of them have been purchased for the Government galleries at Paris, Berlin, Rome, Dresden, Vienna, and the Kensington Museum in London; also for the Corcoran Gallery at Washington and numerous college libraries and museums in America. The art products of the centuries are thus brought within reach, and next to owning an original Murillo, Raphael, Michael Angelo, Rubens, Titiens, Van Dyck, Corot, etc., there is the highest satisfaction in the possession of these accurate reproductions.

This year the Academy of Fine Arts has organized a sketching tour in Canada, the Muskoka Lakes being the objective point. The plan of the tour is as follows: The party will leave Chicago July 1 or 2 by steamer, and go through the Straits of Mackinaw, stopping on the way at Milwaukee, through Lake Huron and the Georgian Bay to Collingwood; from there to Muskoka by railroad, then around the Muskoka Lakes to Bracebridge, and from there to Rosseau, where the party will remain eighteen or twenty days. The party will return over a different route (excepting the railroad) to Chicago. Parties wishing to visit Niagara will start from Rosseau two days ahead of the rest of the party, and go to Toronto, and from there to Niagara by boat and stay there one day; then return to Toronto and join the party at Collingwood. If any wish to go on to Ogdensburg, through the Thousand Islands, they can do so. Owing to large concessions by the steamboat and railroad companies the cost for the round trip is brought very low. Full particulars can be obtained of Mr. N. H. Carpenter, Secretary of the Academy of Fine Arts, at the academy rooms, in Battery D building. Mr. Alex Schilling has consented to accompany the party and give instructions in sketching from nature.

Word comes from Paris that Mr. A. F. Brooks and Mr. Frank Bromley have both been admitted to the salon, in the face of oceans of rejected pictures, and that their work is having a real success. Mr. Bromley's canvas represents a scene "On the Banks of the Thames," and is said to be finely executed and full of feeling. It is also honored by an illustration in the catalogue. Mr. Brooks sent a water-color called "The Favorite," a dainty, delicate picture showing two little girls feeding doves at a vine-bowered window. It is also reported that Mr. Brooks has any amount of orders, and is kept busy filling them. Both his friends and those of Mr. Bromley will rejoice that they have done so well and have so ably proven that they deserved all the good things said of them before they left Chicago. THE TRIBUNE prophesied over a year ago that all that was needed in both cases was an opportunity and the necessary study in order to assure success.

There was nothing new to be seen at O'Brien's last week with the exception of two wood scenes by Carl Brenner, a fine crayon portrait of Longfellow by Miss Jessie Brooks, and a copy of a Meissonier by W. Eugels, of New York. This latter is a very carefully-executed piece of work, showing the First Napoleon mounted upon a white horse, his guard in the rear. It has all the detail and smooth finish of Meissonier's work, and is valued at $600. This week, however, there will be shown a collection of twenty-one pictures by H. W. Hilliard, formerly of Chicago, and now a resident of Boston. Mr. Hilliard has studied abroad, was a pupil of Lamprecht, and has received several medals. Although these paintings are mostly of scenes in France, he is best known by his New England views. His "Battlefield of Lookout Mountain" is owned here, and also a picture of Altoona Pass, in Georgia, which attracted considerable attention when placed on exhibition.

At the art store of Stevens & Co. there can be seen this week a rare collection of photographs of Egyptian scenery, ruins, pyramids, hieroglyphics, etc., taken by H. Béchard and said to be, with the exception of one other, the only collection of the kind in this country. It comprises 160 large-size views and eighty-five smaller ones, any one of which would be an attractive addition to a private collection.

At the art-store of J. S. Bast, who has recently removed to No. 25 Washington street, there can be seen by the lover of antiquities quite a number of paintings for which is claimed considerable merit as works of art, with the possibility thrown in that they may be genuine treasures of old masters—a consideration, however, that would be only prudent to disregard in most cases. There is a portrait of the Imperator Augustus, crowned with laurel leaves, and said to have been executed by that most magnificent of painters, Paul Veronese; a Madonna and child, credited to Correggio, the face of the Madonna very sad, the hands of the child very small; "Queen of Sheba Doing Homage to King Solomon," artist unknown; two paintings by Jan Steen, which are thought to be genuine, and many others of interest.

A very fine work of art has just been completed by Mrs. L. U. Kirtland, of this city, in a medallion likeness, life size, of the Rev. Dr. Ryder. Mrs. Kirtland is already well known in in somewhat limited but critical circles for her success in making busts and medallions which have been remarkable for their lifelikeness to the persons represented. In the case of the medallion of Dr. Ryder, all who have seen it in the clay express the greatest satisfaction with the likeness and admiration for the artistic skill with which the very expression of Dr. Ryder's face has been caught and portrayed. The medallion will be made into either bronze or marble and placed in the auditorium of his church. The friends of Dr. Ryder and the friends of Mrs. Kirtland are both delighted with the success of the artist in this effort.

Mrs. Green, of the American Art Gallery, has returned from St. Louis, and will immediately begin hanging a new collection of pictures and rearranging her gallery. She says she has an order to furnish the house of a gentleman in Indianapolis with $50,000 worth of paintings, and among them will be a $8,000 Bierstadt, for which an order has already been sent to the artist.

Mr. Kenney, who is a sort of guardian or manager of Mr. Elkins and Mr. Elkins' pictures, is exhibiting what he calls the latest and best of that artist's many works at Aurora, where there is soon to be an art exhibition, to which many Chicago artists are invited to contribute.

The many friends and old pupils of Frank I. Jervis will be pleased to learn that he has engaged a studio and will be ready to teach again in his inimitable way about the 1st of June, when further particulars will be given.

Paul Brown's large painting, "The Victim of the Storm-King," was sold recently in Chicago. The artist is now engaged upon, and has well under way, a picture intended for the Exposition.

Prof. Tensfield, who comes from Rochester, N. Y., with a good reputation as a portrait painter, is looking for a studio in Chicago.

Mr. H. E. C. Peterson has completed a fine three-quarter length portrait of Gen. E. W. Smith.

PRISONERS' AID.

Various Projects for Ameliorating the Condition of Compulsory Residents in the Cook County Jail.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Prisoners' Aid Association was held yesterday afternoon in Judge Jameson's court-room. The Committee on Detention and Prison Discipline reported that there were a number of books in the jail library of a questionable character—such as would not improve the morals of prisoners. The committee stated that, with the aid of Mr. Wickersham, of the Public Library, they would examine the books and weed out the unfit ones. A resolution instructing them to do so was adopted, the jail authorities consenting. A resolution was passed instructing the committee to see if the boys cannot be separated more thoroughly from the hardened criminals, complaints being made that both are sometimes confined together. A committee, consisting of Judge Moran, the Rev. Dr. Thomas, the Rev. E. I. Galvin, H. N. Hibbard, and Arthur Ryerson, was appointed to arrange for Sunday services in the jail by ministers of various denominations. It was stated that Dr. Thomas had expressed a willingness to preach there, and also the Rev. Mr. Galvin.

The Corresponding Secretary read numerous communications from Wardens of prisons and gentlemen interested in extending aid to prisoners offering advice and aid in the work of the association. The Secretary was instructed to write to the authorities of several States where prisoners are employed in manual labor in county jails to learn how the system works, and, if it be best to try the experiment here, to recommend it to the county authorities.

Mr. Dodge, the agent, read his report, from which it was learned that since his last communication about twenty men have received aid from the association. He had visited the jail twice a week, talked to several prisoners about their cases, and advised with them. He had also distributed reading matter. The sum of $25 had been received for the purchase of an organ for the jail. Attention was called to the increase of boyish criminals in this county and an investigation suggested as to the cause. He also made a plea for cast-off clothing, many of the released prisoners being sadly in need of garments of every description to enable them to appear half-way respectable when seeking employment. His office is at 45 South Clark street.

THE STATE LINE.

The travel from this country to Europe is exceedingly great this season, and all the first-class lines have all they can do to accommodate their patrons. Mr. Gow, the Manager of the State Line in Glasgow, who was in this city a few days ago in company with Mr. Baldwin, General Agent at New York, stated that he had been obliged to refuse room to the larger excursion parties this season in order to facilitate the numerous applications for cabin accommodations from parties traveling single or independent. By so doing the State Line supplies the wants of many regular customers and enables its agents in all parts of the country to meet the wants of their friends. If early applications are made he thought some berths are yet to be had for May and June sailings, the magnificent State of Nebraska leaving June 15, being 5,000 tons, and having unusually spacious and fine cabin accommodations. This steamer and the State of Florida are acknowledged to be two of the most magnificent passenger steamers afloat. Those who intend to make a trip to Europe this summer should engage berths as early as possible through agents of the State Line in the West, or direct through the General Agents, Messrs. Austin, Baldwin & Co., 164 Randolph street, Chicago, or 53 Broadway, New York.

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ASK BUYERS OF

Boots, Shoes, & Slippers,

That use FINE GOODS, to attend their Auction Sale

Monday, May 22.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

REGULAR TRADE SALES

Tuesday, May 23, 9:30 a. m.,

AND

Thursday, May 25, 9:30 a. m.

Special---Tuesday---Peremptory

LARGE INVOICES

Clothing, Woolens, Hosiery, Linen Suits (Ladies' Styles), Cassimeres (pattern lengths), Grass Cloth Suits (Ladies' Styles).

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

Steel Shovels (50 dozen), Table Cutlery (50 gross), Saws (50 dozen).

Special--Thursday--Peremptory

STRAW GOODS (five hundred cases).

GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

GEO. P. GORE & CO.,

214 & 216 Madison-st.,

WILL HOLD ON

Wednesday, May 24th,

An Auction Sale of

Boots, Shoes, AND Slippers

That will be LARGE, WELL-ASSORTED, and goods adapted to PRESENT needs.

Regular Weekly Trade Sale OF Crockery and Glassware

Thursday, May 25, at 9:30.

A large stock of W. G., C. C., Porcelain, Rich, and Yellow Ware.

Also Glassware, Plated Vases, Decorated Chamber Sets, etc.

100 lots assorted Bohemian Ware.

Goods packed for country merchants.

GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

By ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.

ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.,

84 & 86 Randolph-st.,

THE LEADING

Popular Auction House,

Hold Regular Sales

Every Wednesday and Saturday.

NEXT REGULAR SALE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, AT 9:30 A. M.

☞ Consignments solicited. Correct and prompt returns on all sales.

Monday Morning, May 22, at 10 o'clock,

WE SELL AT

652 North Wells-st.

THE ENTIRE

FURNITURE

OF

PRIVATE RESIDENCE.

Parlor, Chamber, Dining-room, and Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, Sewing Machine, and General Housekeeping Effects, and about 12 tons Hard Coal. Sale positive.

ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., Auctioneers.

By ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., Auctioneers, 84 and 86 Randolph-st.

OIL PAINTINGS!

THE

"JOHNSON"

COLLECTION.

We have the pleasure of announcing a sale at

AUCTION

For Mr. S. JOHNSON, of Boston, a well-known collector of strictly High Class

Oil Paintings!

Which will take place at our stores,

84 & 86 Randolph-st.,

Wednesday, Thursday & Friday,

May 25, 26 & 27,

In Gallery specially fitted up on our Second Floor.

The collection embraces many gems, and is one of the finest ever shown in this city.

Mr. Johnson leaves for Europe on the 15th of June, and is anxious to close out this entire collection.

ART BUYERS

Will please notice, and visit the

EXHIBITION

Monday and Tuesday.

Among the Artists represented in this sale are:

MULLER,	HULK,
RICHARDS,	SAYER,
TANNER,	WEBER,
MACKERT,	ARMFIELD,
WARNER,	LIENARD,
ROEGGIE,	KRETCHMER,
LANCOW,	M'ALPIN,
GILBERT,	GRUTZNER,
BRISCOE,	BAISCH,
SONNTAG,	FROHLICH,
KNAPP,	DOLL,
HOFF,	KUHLING,
STAMEL,	NOTZE,
GAY,	STORM,
BUTTNER,	DUCROT,
DE BLOIS,	MYER,
ERDMANN,	DE JAET,
MEYERHEIM,	PEARSON.

AUCTION.

120 East Washington-st.,

Near Board of Trade.

A FINE COLLECTION OF

Oil Paintings

Works of Art, Elegantly Framed, to be sold to the highest bidder, commencing MONDAY, and continuing until sold.

120 East Washington-st.

By CITY AUCTION COMPANY, No. 9 Dearborn-st.

Col. McMillen & Peck,

General Licensed Auctioneers.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Special rates on all outside sales. Also wanted, all good Second-hand Furniture, as we are agents for a frontier market.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Proposals for building an addition to Court-House in the City of Lacon for the County of Marshall.

Plans and specifications are on file in the office of the County Clerk at Lacon.

Proposals must be submitted at or before 2 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday, June 13, 1882.

Every proposal must be accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of one thousand dollars, signed by two responsible men, guaranteeing that the parties thus proposing will enter into contract at the time required and furnish the necessary securities for the performance of the contract, and must be directed to the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, Lacon, Ill., and marked "Proposals for building addition to Marshall County Court-House," with the name of bidder on the envelope.

The bids will be opened before the Board of Supervisors on Tuesday, June 13, 1882, at 2 o'clock, to which meeting bidders are invited.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

JONATHAN C. KINGSLEY,
County Clerk Marshall County, Ill.

V. JOBST, Architect.

BUSINESS MEN IN WANT OF BUSINESS

Can do better in the West than in any other Section in the Country.

Rich Opportunities—Free as Good, None Better!

75 rapidly growing Towns (most productive regions of Minnesota, Dakota, and Iowa) along the recently constructed lines of the Chicago & North Western Railway, offer unequaled inducements to pushing business men of limited capital. For particulars address CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner C. & N. W. R'y Co., Chicago.

HAVERLY'S THEATRE,

J. H. HAVERLY.....Manager and Proprietor.

BEGINNING MONDAY, MAY 22,

HAVERLY'S CONSOLIDATED

Mastodon Minstrels!

Haverly's European Mastodons | NOW UNITED FOREVER | Haverly's New Mastodons

J. H. HAVERLY, Sole Proprietor.

THE VICTORS AND LORDS OF MINSTRELSY.

A HURRICANE OF HAPPINESS.

THE ALMA MATER FOR COUNTLESS FLIMSY IMITATORS.

The MASTODONS were the first to introduce Mammoth Minstrelsy, since which their varied acts, clogs, songs, and dances, and even the elevated first-part scene, have been bodily "borrowed" by a countless crowd of brainless imitators. We have furnished material for them all, and are prepared to renew the supply. The present engagement in Chicago will be made

FOREVER MEMORABLE

By the presentation for the first time of

Many Absolute Novelties, An Original First-Part Spectacle,

And, strange to relate, many

POSITIVELY NEW JOKES.

A Miracle of Magnificence!

JUDGE US BY OUR DEEDS.

BEHOLD THE GREAT COMPANY:

FOREMOST AMONG MANY, the famous eccentric Comedian,

GEORGE THATCHER,

Proprietor of Thatcher's Minstrels, Phila.

Mr. BILLY RICE,
Mr. FRANK CUSHMAN,
THE ONLY LEON,
LEWIS DOCKSTADER,
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ALF LAWTON,
E. M. KAYNE,
BOB HOOLEY,
DAN THOMPSON,
JOHN GORMAN,
TOM SADLER,
JOHN RICE,
JAMES FOX,
JOHN CRIMMINS,
GEO. GORMAN,
STEVE CRIMMINS,
HARRY MORSE,
EDWIN HARLEY,
J. M. WOOD,
J. CARPENTER,
FRANK PIERI,
FRED MALCOLM,
JAMES GORMAN,
M. CRIMMINS,
HARRY MORSE,
JOS. TIMPSON,
EDDIE COLLYER,
EDDIE QUINN,
ELLIS BROOKS,
LEM H. WILEY,
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JAS. MULLEN,
JOS. GARLAND.
WM. WILLIS,
D. DEXTER,
J. PIERI,
WM. WOOD,
T. HOWARD,
N. SULLIVAN,
O. W. ARTZ,
J. RHINEHART,
JAMES LEARY,
JAMES GREEN,
FRANK CASEY,
HARRY EARLE,
CHAS. ROSS,
J. DONNEGAN,
J. NICHOLS,
HARRY MILLER,
MELVILLE WILSON,
GEO. ROBINSON,
CHAS. FREEMAN,
W. O. WILKINSON,
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The Minstrel World Swept Clean.

No company on earth has ever possessed such a Peerless Array of Talent—The World Has Never Seen Its Like.

Matinees Wednesday & Saturday.

ENTIRE EVENING PERFORMANCE.

SUNDAY NIGHT, May 28—ANNUAL BENEFIT B. P. O. ELKS.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

The laughing season commences this Sunday night by the

TOURISTS IN A PULLMAN PALACE CAR.

Their first appearance in two years.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

THE LAUGHING SEASON commences this Sunday night and will continue through the week, including Wednesday and Saturday matinees, the Greatest Comedy Musical Organization in the world,

THE TOURISTS

In a Pullman Palace Car.

We are all right up to the present time. The following talented artists will appear:

MR. WILLIAM A. MESTAYER, the Most Versatile Comedian in America.

MR. CHARLES E. EVANS, the Great Eccentric Comedian, late of Niles & Evans.

MR. JOHN GILBERT, the Popular Comedian and Grotesque Dancer.

MR. JOHN R. STUART, Comedian and Basso.

MR. A. H. BELL, the Gifted Actor and Tenor.

MR. WILLIAM SCHRADER, Comedian and Vocalist.

MISS CARRIE SWAIN, of San Francisco, Cal., Vocalist, Danseuse, and Comedienne.

MISS THERESA VAUGHN, the Beautiful Actress and Gifted Vocalist.

MISS MARY GRAY, Eccentric Comedienne.

MISS NELLIE CORLETT, the Talented Actress and Singer.

The Celebrated Author and Composer, FRED A. MILLER, Musical Conductor.

LECTURE.

By the Rev. J. Halpin in St. Patrick's Church, corner Desplaines and Adams-sts., Sunday evening, May 21, under the auspices of the Particular Council of St. Vincent de Paul Society.

Subject—"Early Christian Schools."

Tickets 50 cents. Sold at the door.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

The laughing season commences this Sunday night by the

TOURISTS IN A PULLMAN PALACE CAR.

Their first appearance in two years.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE,

Clark-st., opposite Court-House.

J. A. HAMLIN.....Lessee and Manager.

POSITIVELY FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

COMMENCING

Monday, May 22,

Every Evening, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees,

ENGAGEMENT OF THE

World's Most Refined Minstrel Organization,

M. B. LEAVITT'S

REORGANIZED

Gigantean Minstrels!

Direct from their Great California Engagement,

Where they achieved the greatest success ever accorded a Minstrel Troupe, who will appear in a programme replete with more

Absolutely New and Original Novelties

Than have ever been conceived in Modern Minstrelsy, presenting

NEW PEOPLE,
NEW SONGS,
NEW SKETCHES,
NEW DANCES,
NEW JOKES.

The Pinnacle of Refined Laughter reached at last.

Come laugh while you may,
Come laugh and be gay,
COME AND LAUGH ANY WAY.

COMEDY LAUGHS,
GROTESQUE LAUGHS,
TRAGEDY LAUGHS,
GENTLEMEN LAUGHS,
LADY LAUGHS,
BABY LAUGHS,

Old and Young Laughs, and LAUGHS that were Never LAUGHED before.

REMEMBER,

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,

MONDAY, May 22.

Next Week—The Original Philadelphia Church Choir Company in a sumptuous rendition of Patience.

M'VICKER'S THEATRE.

FOR TWO WEEKS,

COMMENCING

Tomorrow, Monday, May 22,

A NEW AND GENUINE

Dramatic Success,

An Original Realistic American Drama of Western Life and Manners, by Harry Meredith, entitled

RANCH 10;

OR,

Annie from Massachusetts.

MR. HARRY MEREDITH

In the dual role of the TWIN BROTHERS, supported by a

Powerful Dramatic Company

Under the Management of

T. SLATER SMITH.

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

New Scenic Effects and Mechanism, including Three Thrilling Tableaux.

Explosion of the Carroll, and Burning of Ranch 10,
The Blizzard on Pike's Peak,
The Marriage in the Snow.

ACT 1—WYOMING—THE TWO BROTHERS.
ACT 2—MY LITTLE BROTHER PHIL FROM OMAHA.
ACT 3—LYNCH LAW IN '71.
ACT 4—THOSE WHOM GOD HATH JOINED TOGETHER LET NO MAN PUT ASUNDER.
ACT 5—THE CHEYENNE CRIMINAL COURT IN 1871. GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY. A WONDERFUL STORY. JUSTICE AT LAST.

HAVERLY'S THEATRE.

J. H. HAVERLY.....Manager and Proprietor

Elks' Benefit!

Sunday Eve'g, May 28.

Sale of Seats continues at Box-Office of Theatre. The Boxes and Stalls will be sold at

PUBLIC AUCTION

from the Theatre Stage by CHARLES STILES, Esq., on WEDNESDAY next, May 24, at close of Matinee performance, 4:45 p. m.

Volunteers from all the City Theatres and Sells Bro.s' Circus have been accepted and the following Managers have kindly tendered their able support to make this one of the most attractive entertainments ever offered to a Chicago public:

J. H. McVicker,
R. M. Hooley,
Horace McVicker,
J. A. Hamlin,
J. H. Meade,
Dan Shelby,
Thos. Grenier, and
Chas. Engle.

The Committee acknowledge with gratitude the liberality of C. H. McCONNELL, Esq., of the National Printing Company, in giving the free use of above Tickets on this occasion.

The proceeds of this benefit will be applied to the erection of a

MONUMENT

IN THE

Elks' Rest, Mount Greenwood Cemetery.

Messrs. PELTON, POMEROY & CROSS have donated a Chickering Grand Piano, at which will preside the Eminent Pianist

W. C. E. SEEBOECK.

THE ORCHESTRA OF 40 PIECES

Will be conducted by

HENRY DOEHNE.

J. A. CULICK, - Stage Manager.

☞ For particulars see descriptive bills.

E. QUINLAN, Chairman Committee.

Exposition Building.

GALA WEEK!

The immense sale of Tickets for the

MAY CHORUS

1,000 VOICES

ORCHESTRA, FESTIVAL

170 Musicians.

Assures the financial success of the First Biennial Festival of Chicago, and an attendance which will fill even the spacious auditorium in the Exposition Building, making a brilliant spectacle long to be remembered by those who have secured the privilege of witnessing it.

Four Evening Concerts, May 23, 24, 25, and 26.

Three Afternoon Concerts, May 24, 25, and 26.

THEODORE THOMAS, - Musical Director.

SOLOISTS.

FRAU FRIEDRICH-MATERNA, MRS. E. ALINE OSGOOD,

SOPRANOS.

MISS ANNIE LOUISE CARY, MISS EMILY WINANT,

CONTRALTOS.

SIG. CAMPANINI, MR. WM. CANDIDUS, MR. THEO. TOEDT,

TENORS.

MR. MYRON W. WHITNEY,
MR. GEORG HENSCHEL, MR. FRANZ REMMERTZ,

BASSOS.

WM. L. TOMLINS, Chorus Director. H. CLARENCE EDDY, Organist.

THE PROGRAMMES

For the Evening Performances comprise the grandest Musical Compositions ever written, and the Matinee Programmes are exceptionally varied and attractive, calling for the appearance of all the Soloists, and the most brilliant and popular Music by the Orchestra.

The Opening Night, Tuesday, May 23,

Will include Handel's "Jubilate"; Beethoven's Symphony in C Minor, No. 5; a Recitative and Aria from Beethoven's "Fidelio," by Frau Friedrich-Materna—her first appearance in Chicago; and Selections from Wagner's Lohengrin.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 24th—Oratorio, "The Messiah."

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 25th—Bach's Cantata, "Festo Ascensionis Christi"; Beethoven's Symphony in D Minor, No. 9.

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 26th—Schumann's Mass in C Minor, Op. 147; Berlioz's "Fall of Troy."

FIRST MATINEE, Wednesday Afternoon, May 24th—Miscellaneous Selections.

SECOND MATINEE, Thursday Afternoon, May 25th—Popular Programme.

THIRD MATINEE, Friday Afternoon, May 26th—Wagner Programme, including the famous Trilogy, when Frau Materna will appear as Brunhilde, the character in which she has won her greatest triumph.

SINGLE TICKETS,

Including Reserved Seats, can now be secured at Lyon & Healy's, 163 State-st.

Single Reserved Seats, - - - - - - $2
General Admission, - - - - - - - $1

RAILROADS.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railway will run each night after the Concert an extra train on the Milwaukee Division to Milwaukee, on the Wisconsin Division to Barrington, and on Tuesday and Thursday evenings on the Galena Division to Freeport, Geneva, and Batavia.

The Chicago & Alton will run a train through to St. Louis, leaving each night at 11:30 p. m., and stopping at all local stations.

The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago night express will leave at 11 p. m.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern's Atlantic Express will leave at 11 p. m.

The Illinois Central Trains will run as usual.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy will run each evening an extra train, leaving at 11:30, and go as far as Aurora.

COMING SOON TO CHICAGO.

Augustin Daly's Full Company!

FROM DALY'S THEATRE, NEW YORK,

IN THE

PASSING REGIMENT AND ODETTE.

The Greatest Hits of the Year in New York. The Great Successes of the Boston Season. Hundreds Turned Away Nightly in Philadelphia.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—EXTRA.

Clark-st., opposite the Court-House.

J. A. HAMLIN.....Lessee and Manager

PRELIMINARY ANNOUCEMENT.

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 29,

Engagement for two weeks only of the FAR-FAMED

PHILADELPHIA CHURCH CHOIR OPERA CO.

THE FIRST EVER ORGANIZED.

50 - ARTISTS - 50

Together with the FAMOUS CHURCH CHOIR CHORUS. The first week will be devoted to a sumptuous production of Gilbert & Sullivan's unique satire, and

PATIENCE!

Produced by this Company 100 times and 20 consecutive nights at the Lyceum, Philadelphia.

The repertoire for the second week will be duly announced.

Sale of seats opens Thursday, May 25.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Leading Fashionable Theatre—Clark-st., opposite Court-House.

THIS SUNDAY EVENING,

Positively Only Performance of

OLIVETTE!

By the Peerless

AUDRAN OPERA COMIQUE COMPANY,

From the Bijou Opera-house, New York.

MISS CATHERINE LEWIS as OLIVETTE,

And a great Cast.

A splendid Chorus of 40 Fresh Young Voices.

Next Week—LEAVITT'S GIGANTEAN MINSTRELS.

EXCURSION.

The elegant side-wheel steamer

GRACE GRUMMOND,

having been rebuilt and refitted at great expense, will make her first trip

TODAY TO SOUTH CHICAGO,

leaving Clark-st. bridge at 9:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.

Tickets good for all day, giving ample time to see the great improvements going on there.

Fare round trip, 50 cents.

F. D. WELCOME, Captain.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

The laughing season commences this Sunday night by the

TOURISTS IN A PULLMAN PALACE CAR.

Their first appearance in two years.

BEST'S GERMANIA GARDEN,

542 and 544 Wabash-av., between Hubbard-court and Twelfth-st.

This fashionable resort has been thoroughly renovated, and

The Summer Garden Is Now Open

To the public. Grand Concert this evening and every evening during the week by

DAHNE'S ORCHESTRA

And other first-class talent.

DE LONG'S DANCING ACADEMY,

American Express Building, 72 Monroe-st.

Private classes and private instruction a specialty. Open the year round. All the latest dances. Fine waltzing a specialty and guaranteed. First-class instruction. Call from 11 to 2 o'clock.

LYCEUM THEATRE.

Desplaines-st., near Madison.

MUSICAL MAY FESTIVAL.

ILLUSTRIOUS NOVELTY. MAY FESTIVAL.

Actual, absolute, bewildering consolidation. The superb entertainment given at this theatre HAS NEVER BEFORE BEEN EQUALED IN CHICAGO.

MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30. EVENING AT 8.

Admission only 15, 25, and 35 cents.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

The laughing season commences this Sunday night by the

TOURISTS IN A PULLMAN PALACE CAR.

Their first appearance in two years.

May Festival

(THE ONLY OFFICIAL EDITION.)

Music.

All the Choral Works, Selections, and Songs to be given at the May Festival can be obtained at the Music Store of

Root & Sons Music Co.,

(Remember our New Location)

Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

P. & J. CASEY,

41 and 43 Fifth-av.

Have for sale some fine Saloon Fixtures, Ice-Box, Beer-Coolers, Refrigerators, Office Fixtures, Bar Partitions, Restaurant Outfits, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery, Tableware, Carpets in every style, new and second hand, several fire-proof safes.

BRODIE'S

Steam Ice-Cream

Having extra facilities, I am prepared to fill orders for Picnic Parties, Festivals, Families, and Country orders receive prompt attention. Parties can make arrangements for the Mount Greenwood Cemetery Grounds—the finest grounds within fifteen miles of the city. Everything convenient for Picnic Parties, etc. F. W. BRODIE, 77 and 79 Fifth-av.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,

Cor. Lake St. & Fifth Ave., Chicago.

Be careful to BUY ONLY the GENUINE

CHICAGO SCALE CO.

141 South Jefferson Street, Chicago.

Send for Price List. Mention this Paper.

Manufactory, Lake Bluff, Ill.

REAL ESTATE

The Market for Land Not as Quiet as It Seems on the Surface.

Important Enterprises Giving a New Life to Acre Property.

Harrison Street to Be Ornamented—A Passenger Depot by the Western Indiana.

A New Family Hotel on Thirty-first Street—Building Impeded by the Strikes.

Fifteen Million Dollars and More for Real Estate in New York.

The Prospects of the West Side Wholesale District.

An Active Market, Notwithstanding the Weather.

Real estate cannot properly be called dull with transactions running along at the rate of about $5,000,000 a month, and a promise of a total of sales for the year in large without speculation as in any previous year of the greatest speculative excitement Chicago has known. If these are the facts when there is no trace of a "boom" and when the weather and the temporary financial conditions have been unfavorable, what will be fair to describe the real-estate market when in an exceedingly healthy condition of affairs go values are steadily rising under the influence of our increasing population, the steadily increasing development of manufacturing interests, under the stimulus also of the general activity which are raising the prices of real estate all over the country. The fact that among these are the disastrous experiences of small investors with savings banks and the growing distrust of the investors of the safety of investments in corporate property that will be "consolidated," "manipulated," or "wrecked" by the managers as their interests dictate, and at the expense of the stockholders.

There are indications that with the fine weather, and upon the first sign of [illegible] in the financial and industrial world the real-estate market will become very active. A good many important enterprises are being pushed through the preliminary stages, and will be ready to be announced when the favorable moment comes. North of the city [illegible] of it large blocks of acres are being [illegible] by capitalists. A new manufacturing town is being established. Mr. Drexel, the Philadelphia banker, who visited Chicago last week, has in contemplation very large purchases of Chicago real estate, which will be improved at a large outlay and in a manner that will make the quarter one of importance to the city. The purchase of a beautiful tract of land on the south shore [illegible] shows that the syndicate who have [illegible] the watering-place project are going to [illegible] in the execution of their plans. Several manufacturing concerns are looking [illegible] sites at Pullman. An important [illegible] made yesterday by Mr. A. B. Mead [illegible] of a new scheme. He has purchased [illegible] acres in the northwest ¼ of Section [illegible] about a mile and a quarter northwest [illegible] Town of Pullman. It is at the [illegible] Ninety-fifth and State streets. The [illegible] was $64,000. The location of the [illegible] tral works in Sec. 10 and of the [illegible] New York, Chicago & St. Louis [illegible] Sec. 2 is certain to give a great impetus [illegible] growth of the district around [illegible] Lake Calumet. Among other [illegible] fifty acres have been sold in the [illegible] of Sec. 11, 87, 14 for $27,000. This [illegible] is west of Pullman, on One-hundred-and-f

REAL ESTATE.

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Real estate cannot properly be called dull with transactions running along at the rate of about $5,000,000 a month and the promise of a total of sales for the year its large without speculation as in any previous year of the greatest speculative excitement Chicago has known. If these are the results when there is no trace of a "boom," and when the weather and the temporary business conditions have been unfavorable, it must be fair to describe the real-estate market as in an exceedingly healthy condition. Chicago values are steadily rising under the influence of our increasing population, the striking development of manufacturing here, and under the stimulus also of the general causes which are raising the prices of real estate all over the country. Chief among these are the disastrous experience of small investors with savings banks since 1873 and the growing distrust of large investors of the safety of investments in corporate property that will be "consolidated," "manipulated," or "wrecked" by the managers as their interests dictate, and at the expense of the stockholders.

There are indications that with settled weather, and upon the first sign of returning activity in the financial and industrial world, the real-estate market will become very busy. A good many important enterprises are being pushed through the preliminary stage, to be ready to be announced when the propitious moment comes. North of the city and south of it large blocks of acres are being bought up by capitalists. New manufactures are being established. Mr. Drexel, the Philadelphia banker, who visited Chicago last week, has in contemplation very extensive purchases of Chicago real estate, which will be improved at a large outlay and in a manner that will make the matter one of great importance to the city. The purchase of the Westfall tract on the south shore of the lake shows that the syndicate who have in hand the watering-place project are going ahead in the execution of their plans. Several new manufacturing concerns are looking for sites at Pullman. An important purchase made yesterday by Mr. A. B. Meeker is part of a new scheme. He has purchased the eighty acres in the northwest ¼ of Sec. 9, 37, 14, about a mile and a quarter northwest of the Town of Pullman. It is at the corner of Ninety-fifth and State streets. The price paid was $64,000. The location of the Illinois Central works in Sec. 10 and of the shops of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Road on Sec. 2 is certain to give a great impulse to the growth of the district around the head of Lake Calumet. Among other transactions fifty acres have been sold in the northeast ¼ of Sec. 17, 37, 14 for $27,000. This property is west of Pullman, on One-hundred-and-Fifth street. In the city business has been mainly in small lots. Important business property is not for sale to any great extent. The greater attention now being paid to acres is, according to usual experience, premonitory of something like a speculative movement in real estate, but this has been looked for so long, and has been quietly refused to come when expected, that it will perhaps disappoint the public once more. The sale of the Greenebaum bank building on Fifth avenue yielded a fair price, considering the location. It was sold for $106,000 to Levi Rosenfeld. The building is leased at figures which yield the buyer 13 per cent. The real estate will be quickened when the brickmakers' strike is over and building may be resumed. While building is held back for want of brick vacant lots will not be in demand. Numbers of important new buildings will be undertaken as soon as contracts for new brick can be made. The new structure of public interest to be put up is a passenger depot for the Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad on Harrison street, between Third and Fourth avenues. It will cost $700,000. The trains of the Western Indiana, the Wabash, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, the Chicago & Grand Trunk, and the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago roads will arrive at and depart from the new depot. New plans for this depot at Harrison street are made on the supposition that the city will accept the compromise proffered by the Western Indiana to make its terminus at Harrison street instead of Polk. If this proposal is accepted the company will at once undertake the erection of a magnificent passenger depot. The building and train-sheds will occupy the entire south front of Harrison street, between Third and Fourth avenues, or 215 feet, and extend southward 800 feet, filling the whole of the space between the two avenues. Under this width of roof will be room for twelve tracks. The main track leading to the depot, instead of running up alongside of State street, will hug closely the east side of Fourth avenue from Fourteenth street. President Brown says that the company will expend from $500,000 to $700,000 for a depot which, when completed, will be the finest in the city.

One of the objects of the recent visit of President Garrett, of the Baltimore & Ohio, to this city was said to be to make arrangements to build a depot on the Lake-Front in connection with the Illinois Central, but no definite action will be taken until the Directors of the Illinois Central meet.

T. A. Hill and B. Philpot have bought 667 feet on Wabash avenue, between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth streets, for $30 a foot. The purchasers will be improved with some houses and the low part of the block will be filled in.

Manager & Greenebaum report the following sales: 100x175 on Wabash avenue, between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth streets, west front, for $15,000 and assessment; 50x165 in same block, east front, for $7,750 and assessment; 44x108, improved, on the southwest corner of State and Forty-fourth streets, for $5,600.

The Board of Managers of St. Mary's Training-School for Boys has purchased a tract of 440 acres at Despiaines, a short distance from the railroad station, upon which it is proposed to erect an institute for the care and training of destitute and outcast children. The institution will have accommodations for about 1,000 boys, and when completed will rank among the model homes of this country. The tract was purchased for $40,000, which is considered not to exceed half the value of the land.

Hopkins & Silva report the following sales of city lots: A lot 100 feet, east front, on Charles street, near Ninety-ninth street, for $300; 100 feet, west front, on Prospect avenue, near Ninety-ninth street, for $400; 50 feet, east front, on Prospect avenue, for $500; 50 feet, west front, on Howard street, near Ninety-ninth street, for $300; a lot on Wood street, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth streets, for $300; a lot on Thirteenth street, west of Wood street, for $250; and a lot on Hyde Park avenue, west front, in Crane & Mead's Subdivision, for $1,000.

Allen T. Watkins, of Chicago, paid $43,830 for 164x198 feet on the north west corner of Huron and Rush streets, and $16,000 for 50x165 feet on Rush street, south of Superior. William McCoy bought 84x118 feet on the northwest corner of Sangamon and Congress streets for $30,000.

John H. Unkerking sold for Louisa Dayhouse and lot 636 Milwaukee avenue for $6,675; for Elizabeth Driver house and lot No. 1481 Milwaukee avenue for $3,100; for D. F. Groves house and lot No. 47 Greenwich street, for $1,050; for E. Listiko, seventy-five feet on Milwaukee avenue, near Wood street for $3,600. This will be improved with a three-story and basement brick block by Edwin Maynard, Esq.

Ira Brown sold a cottage and lot to Charlotte A. Chapin, $1,000; cottage and lot to the Rev. T. M. Mower, $1,300; all the thirteen lots are in Glencoe, on the lake shore, north of Chicago.

Adolph Helle has sold for Charles W. Fullerton to True, Brunkhorst & Co. a block of about two acres, near the corner of Clybourn and Wrightwood avenues, for $7,000. This property is located near the Deering Marsh Harvester Works in Lake View. True, Brunkhorst & Co will build on this land large terra cotta works, employing about 150 men. They have chosen this location as affording them better facilities than their present factory on the West Side.

Among other sales were, on Prairie avenue, 100 feet north of Thirteenth street, west front, 25x130 feet, improved, dated April 27, F. M. and C. J. Singer to Julia A. Waterbury, for $15,000; on West Adams street, 30⅝ feet east of Laflin street, north front, 30x188 8-10 feet, improved, dated May 12, E. Nelson Blake to Mabel E. Kohlsaat, for $11,000; on Twelfth street, northeast corner of Fourth avenue, south front, 100 feet, with irregular depth, dated Oct. 17, 1881, Andrew Crawford to Anthony J. Thomas, for $35,000; on Dearborn avenue, 80 feet north of Chicago avenue, east front, 20x90 feet, improved, dated May 8, George W. Parsons to Lizzie C. Hays, for $10,500; part of Blocks 1 to 4 in Phare and Sackett's part of northeast quarter Sec. 1, 38, 13, dated May 15, James W. Steele to Augustus Byrain, for $18,700; Weed street, northwest corner of Dayton street, south front, 37x149¾ feet, dated March 9, Joseph Zangerole to the Zangerole Manufacturing Company, for $30,000; and Illinois street, 75 feet west of North Market, north front, 141 8-10x100 feet, dated May 12, Robert M. Eddy to John Mohr, for $16,000.

The *Real-Estate Circular* says that, while we have had almost no really bright days this spring, yet the sudden drop from $1,550,000 of sales week before last, when we had at least fair weather, to less than $800,000 last week, when it rained every day, shows how important a part "the clerk of the weather" plays in real-estate transactions.

Inquiries by TRIBUNE reporters of the house agents showed that the house market is very stiff—that the landlords carried their point on account of the scarcity of good dwelling-places, and that the demand for houses fit to live in is still in excess of the supply.

Among the building permits issued yesterday was one to H. A. Hunington, to erect a three-story building for stores and flats, corner of Wabash avenue and Sixteenth street, to cost $40,000; one to Isaac Wolf, to erect a three-story store and dwelling, No. 2940 South State street, to cost $9,000; and one to Dr. C. M. Fitch, to erect a three-story dwelling, No. 645 West Monroe street, to cost $5,000.

Saturday's Transfers.

The following instruments were filed for record Saturday, May 20:

Walnut st, 99 ft w of Hoyne av, n f, 44x124½ ft, dated May 1 (L. A. Robiason to William Schwagerman)..... $ 2,640

Walnut st, near the above, 22x124½ ft, dated May 1 (same to Hexana Walkup).. 1,320

West Fifteenth st, s e cor of Paulina, n f, 43x124 ft, dated May 16 (Joseph Bidlas to Andrew Lobb)..... 1,400

Hastings st, 48 ft w of Throop, s f, 24x124 ft, improved, dated May 11 (J. S. and F. Eberseold to H. and M. Gautert)..... 3,500

West Harrison st, 262 ft w of Loyola av, n f, 24x100 ft, dated May 18 (J. and A. Mc-Kinnon to William Innes)..... 3,500

Dudley st, s w cor of Augusta, e f, 246x125½ ft, dated May 8 (James Trewartha to C. E. Dieobarg)..... 5,000

West Superior st, 74 ft e of Lincoln, s f, 25x128 ft, dated April 20 (C. P. Nicholson to F. A. Burgess)..... 700

Hinman st, 124½ ft e of Western av, s f, 25x123½ ft, dated April 19 (C. Peashorn to Van Buren street)..... 525

West Twelfth st, 158 ft w of Laflin, n f, 36x124 ft, dated May 10 (F. A. Druehl to John Gallgan)..... 3,000

Elkgrove st, 336 ft n of North av, w f, 24x121 ft, dated May 20 (T. and A. Donhue to L. J. Lefebvre)..... 480

Smoker st, 296 ft n of North av, e f, 25x124½ ft, improved, dated May 19 (Charles Ziercke to Auguste Westmann)..... 1,300

Chapin st, s w corner of Currier, n f, 55½x125 ft, dated April 19 (Chicago Land Company to Joseph Kolaski)..... 1,900

Michigan av, 175 ft s of Thirty-first st, e f, 25x177 ft, dated May 15 (John C. Burke to Elbridge Hauecy)..... 10,000

West Thirteenth place, 240 ft e of Wood st, s f, 24x83 ft, dated May 20 (Carter Harrison to Bridget Murphy)..... 800

Clayton st, 30½ ft w of Throop, s f, 25x84 ft, dated May 2 (John Cedik to John A. Broe..... 2,750

Bissell st, near Fremont, n e front, 25x100 ft, dated March 15 (I. S. Wheeler to R. Maina)..... 700

Milwaukee av, 194½ ft n e of Augusta st, s e f, 25x125 ft, improved, dated May 19 (L. and J. Dayment to Philipp Klein)..... 6,675

Blue Island av, 35 4-10 ft n e of Fairteenth place, n w f, 24x88 ft, dated April 18 (Master in Chancery to Allen O. McCutchen)..... 1,276

West Adams st, 198 ft w of California av, n f, 24x124 ft, dated May 19 (Thomas D. Lowther to Mary Johnson)..... 700

West Adams st, w of Rockwell, s f, 25x123 ft, dated May 1 (Barbara Titus to Mary E. Servoss)..... 750

Hubbard st, 25 ft w of Ada, n f, 25x107 ft, with other property, dated Dec. 10, 1877 (E. and W. Finn to Mary Mulhall)..... 4,000

West Madison st, 50 ft e of Spaulding av, n f, 75x186 ft, dated April 15 (Daniel C. Ust Jr. to Frances E. Phillips)..... 3,750

West Huron st, s e cor of May, n f, 25x110 ft, dated April 20 (estate of W. B. Ogden to Carl F. Anderson)..... 1,775

Lowe av, 264 ft s of Thirty-seventh st, e f, 24x123 ½ ft, dated April 18 (A. D. Walt to J. and S. Keany)..... 500

West Seventeenth st, s e cor of Wood, n f, 24x125 ft, dated March 20 (William Kaspar to John Mrochen)..... 800

Owasco st, 242 ft w of Western av, n f, 24 x100 ft, dated May 16 (J. Talbot Jr. to G. D. Pease)..... 400

West Sixteenth st, 48 ft e of Throop, s f, 24 ft to railroad, dated May 9 (C. and G. Fiedler to Daniel O'Rieley)..... 1,800

West Huron st, 285 ft e of Hoyne av, n f, 24x121½ ft, dated May 10 (Louis Froelich to A. and H. Nix)..... 1,900

Twelfth st, n w cor of Fourth av, s f, 82 3-10x190 ft, dated Oct. 3 (Ambrose R. Lee to Anthony J. Thomas)..... 16,450

NORTH OF CITY LIMITS, WITHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN MILES OF THE COURT-HOUSE.

Best av, 245 ft s of Diversey st, e f, 25x125 ft, dated March 1 (F. Bergman to C. Becker)..... 600

George st, 230 ft e of Clybourn av, triangle of 70 ft to alley dated May 15 (C. and A. Weckler to H. Ruberman)..... 300

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS, WITHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN MILES OF THE COURT-HOUSE.

Blanchard av, s w cor Forty-seventh st, 5 acres, dated April 27 (Lyman O. Tomlinson to Eliza Thomson)..... $ 7,500

Wallace st, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh, w f, 19 ft to alley, dated Jan. 25 (Peter Guturie to the Town of Lake)..... 350

Wallace st, near the above, w f, 24 ft to alley, dated Jan. 23 (R. J. Hipwell to same party)..... 375

Sixty-third st, w of Stewart av, s f, 65¾x122 ft, dated Jan. 11 (A. S. Hoyt to same party)..... 1,800

North 66 ft of s 266 ft of Lot 6, near the above, dated Feb. 4 (Wood & Nash to same party)..... 900

Wallace st, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh, w f, 29 ft to alley, dated Feb. 7 (J. McCleory to same party)..... 350

Cottage Grove av, 217 ft n of Forty-fifth st, e f, 24x170 ft, dated May 8 (H. C. Clarke to J. R. Willett)..... 625

Forty-seventh st, 362 ft e of Kgansie av, n f, 50 ft to alley, dated March 11 (Joel B. Harris to Charles A. Sturges)..... 2,951

Forty-seventh st, near the above, 138 ft to alley, dated March 11 (same party to Agnes Crocker)..... 8,145

Forty-seventh st, near the avenue, 100 ft to alley, dated March 11 (same party to James R. Crocker)..... 5,902

WEST OF CITY LIMITS, WITHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN MILES OF THE COURT-HOUSE.

Bingham st, 100 ft s e of Cornelia, n e f, 25x104 ft, dated May 8 (S. R. Bingham to A. Erickson)..... $ 350

Bingham st, in same block as above, n e f, 24x104 ft, dated May 8 (same party to W. Walker)..... 350

Bingham st, same block as above, n e f, 24x104 ft, dated May 8 (same party to D. Walker)..... 350

Bingham st, in same block, 122x109 ft, dated May 8 (same party to M. L. Herzland)..... 1,050

West Fortieth st, 50 ft s of Fulton, e f, 25 x115 ft, dated April 20 (Joel D. Harvey to J. C. Stack)..... 1,000

Summary for the Week.

The following is the total number of real-estate sales within a radius of seven miles of the Court-House filed for record during the week ending Saturday, May 20:

Location.	Sales.	Amount.
City sales	213	$ 773,198
North of city limits	16	30,985
South of city limits	44	107,093
West of city limits	44	29,350
Total	317	$ 940,626
Total previous week	245	893,290

A Family Hotel on the South Side.

Among the improvements just completed on the South Side is a four-story brick building on the south side of Thirty-fourth street, between Indiana and Prairie avenues. The building referred to is forty feet front by 100 feet deep, with a twenty-foot alley on the east side and a private alley belonging to the owner on the west side.

The building and ground is owned by Dr. George M. Chamberlin and is intended for a family hotel. The completion of the structure is in accordance with a pet scheme which the Doctor has had in his mind for a number of years. The building is neat and compact; the front is pressed brick, with Beuna Vista sandstone trimmings. The owner's name, "Chamberlin," and the year "1882" in raised sandstone letters, appear above the top story in the centre. The first floor is finished with two store-fronts, each having Manchester plate-glass show-windows twelve feet square. The west store will be used as a dining-room for the hotel, which will be known as the "Bristol." The entrance to the hotel proper is by a six-foot stairway in the centre of the building. The stairs are of hard wood, with cherry balustrade. The office at the head of the first flight is finished in light wood oiled. The rooms, fifty in number, exclusive of the office and public parlors, are arranged on each side of hallways running through the centre of the building on each floor, having windows at the front and rear, giving ample light and ventilation. Many of the rooms have windows on two sides, and all have pleasant views. They are so arranged that any number can be added to a suite, or all can be used singly. All are furnished with closets. There is hot and cold water, baths, and closets on each floor, electric bells to each room, and a Mitchell's baines elevator running to the top story. Most of the rooms have marble mantels and grates with self-emptying ashpits. All that modern invention can suggest for the comfort of occupants seems to have been provided. The cost of the building is about $30,000. L. B. Dixon is the architect.

The Bristol has been rented to Mr. Henry Funnell, late Superintendent of the Port Huron Division of the Grand Trunk Railroad. Mr. Funnell, it is understood, is an old hotelkeeper and will probably do well in his new location.

Nearly Half a Million Dollars Awarded for Opening Union Street—A Very Reasonable Verdict.

The jury in the Union street condemnation case, after many delays and postponements, finally agreed on a verdict yesterday noon, and returned fit into court. It was expected they would be ready to tell the results of their deliberations at 10 o'clock, when court opened, but there was one juror who had some very obstinate opinions as to awarding A. H. Andrews & Co. a large sum for damages to their factory, and he declined to sign the verdict unless his views were complied with. The jury finally compromised by giving the furniture-men $3,250, about 10 per cent of what they claimed. The total of the verdict was $448,540. The suit was brought by the city to assess the damages for opening Union street, 66 feet wide, from its present southern terminus at Madison through to Twelfth street, and a large part of the property to be condemned consisted of the rear ends of lots, and barns, and outhouses. There were also buildings of all kinds either taken or damaged, and about sixty-four separate lots. The following estimates of values will give a very good notion of the prices of poperty. The highest prices given by the witnesses for the city and for the property-owners are given and then the award of the jury:

Land fronting on—	Highest value by city's witnesses, per front ft.	By witnesses for property-owners, per front ft.	Valuation of jury.
Madison street	$400	$800	$350.00
Monroe street	200	250	214.00
North side of Adams	200	300	230.00
South side of same st	225	300	250.00
Jackson street	100	100	100.00
Boston avenue	75	100	80.00
Van Buren street	130	200	142.00
Pierce street	85	110	90.00
De Koven street	65	100	72.50
Harrison street	110	200	135.00
Sebor street	50	125	55.00
Mather street	50	75	57.50
Ewing street	50	75	57.50
Polk street	75	150	80.00
Forquer street	50	65	52.50
De Koven street	60	90	62.50
Taylor street	75	140	85.00
Bunker street	50	75	60.00
Twelfth street	No dispute.		160.00

The improvement will demolish a hardware store, saloon, and half a livery stable on Madison street, five dwellings on Monroe street, a large milk depot in the rear, three dwellings on Adams street, besides part of St. Patrick's Female School, five dwellings on Jackson street, four dwellings on Boston avenue, five dwellings and a saloon on Van Buren street, five cottages on Pearce street, seven dwellings on Depuyster street, a store, a saloon, and three cottages on West Harrison street, two dwellings on Mather street, half of the three-story brick public school on Polk street, two dwellings on Ewing street, three dwellings on Forquer street, four dwellings on West Taylor street, five dwellings on De Koven street, four dwellings on Bunker street, and a store, house, and stable on Twelfth street, besides innumerable barns, sheds, etc., and portions of other buildings. The trial began March 6, but it was slow, and more was spent in impaneling a jury, and over 200 jurors were summoned. Only about seven or eight witnesses were examined on behalf of the city and about fifty on the part of the property-owners. The trial occupied about six weeks, and the case was given to the jury May 8. The value of the property, according to the city's own witnesses, was about $400,000, and the jury have only added 11 per cent, so that the city authorities have great reason to feel satisfied with the result. Great credit is justly due to Mr. Hardbeck of the City Law Department, for the very able manner in which he has conducted the case single-handed and to the substantial victory he has obtained.

It may be stated for the benefit of the general reader who is not up in assessment affairs that the city does not have to pay this $440,000 which has been assessed for damages. There are two cases in any street-opening proceeding. In the first place a jury assesses the amount which the property is damaged, and, in the other case, another jury finds how much the property has been benefited by the improvement. For instance, the men owning property on Madison, Monroe, and other streets, all of which is taken for the opening of Union street, have no benefits at all, but the owners of property on Desplaines and Halsted streets, while they lose the rear end of their premises, are greatly benefited by having two fronts instead of one. So the next jury which is impaneled will fix the amount that they are benefited by reason of this double frontage. It is expected that the assessments for benefits will very nearly equal those for damages, so that the city will have to pay out of the general fund a merely nominal sum for this improvement, if anything.

Lake View.

The fine weather during the past week has given a great impetus to building operations. A short trip of observation in the territory lying between Fullerton avenue (city limits) on the south, Belmont avenue on the north, and from the lake on the east to the western line of the town at Western avenue, developed the fact that at the present time 127 houses are under course of construction or about ready for occupancy. The great majority of these are neat wooden buildings, built by the owners for their own use. There are no fire limits as yet in Lake View, and the people living just inside the city limits think it is about time that there was one established in Lake View. They do not like so many wooden buildings in their immediate neighborhood just across the city line. A strong north wind at the time of a fire might be the starting-point for another big Chicago fire.

The West Side as a Wholesale District.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Chicago trebled in population between 1860 and 1870. Notwithstanding the fire and the disastrous panic following shortly after, which was felt by the men of Chicago more than of any other city, and the terrible hard times that ensued up to 1880, the city with its immediate and contiguous suburbs practically doubled in population. Notwithstanding those seven years of hard times, the increase of manufactures between 1870 and 1880 raised the State of Illinois from fifteenth in rank to fourth.

To one who has seen the city double in population during the depressing influences of the last decade, and who is now watching its unparalleled growth in every part, the statement that it will do even better in this decade requires no argument to produce conviction. In 1890 Chicago will extend in an uninterrupted unbroken city to the Indiana State line, which the census will show to contain 1,100,000 souls. It is reasonably certain of doing that well; it may do much better. The great West, every acre of which to the Pacific Ocean must rely upon Chicago as its distributing centre, has just begun to be opened. The completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad alone will develop a region that ought to add a population of 300,000. Its central position and growth, resulting from the region West, will give it an ascendency that will reach to the Atlantic, and compel the East to become tributary in trade and manufactures as it now is in provisions. In twenty years it will take the place, to be held thereafter, for which Nature destined it—the largest city on the North American Continent.

This statement is not extravagant. The internal commerce of civilized nations is enormously greater than their foreign commerce. With one or two exceptions the great cities of the world are inland towns. Aside from superior age there is not a single point wherein Chicago is not vastly more favored by nature than New York City. Even as a seaport Chicago is ahead, while the constant succession of National conventions of every kind held here, demonstrates what city the country already regards as the heart.

Now, where is the business of this fast-approaching metropolis to be done? Upon what ground will the great warehouses stand that will be needed for the city of a million eight years from now? The eyes of all men are now turned southward toward Van Buren street on account of the few vacant blocks that are lying there. A tree growing through a hole in the pavement causes no disturbance until the hole is filled. Then things begin to give way. In two years the business part of the town will be solidly built up to that street—and then?

It will not go to the North Side. The atmosphere is discouraging and the costly residences forbid. On the South, Michigan avenue is closed by law to business. The railroads solidly fill up the space from State street to the river. There are only two streets remaining—State and Wabash—down which the business of a great city must go.

It will not go that way. The retail business of the South Side will be done on those streets. They will be lined with the stores of the jewelry, millinery, dry goods, crockery, book, picture, fine furniture, fur, and kindred retail and expensive trade. The luxury and vice of the great city will then as now monopolize the two streets, and they will fill them to the exclusion of all else.

River or no river, the heavy wholesale business must as a matter of necessity go to the West Side. The heavy houses in iron, hardware, leather, boots and shoes, groceries, etc., to grow up will find no room except there, and the many houses now on the South Side that will require treble the amount of space they now occupy will go over to get it. Once there everything is favorable. The streets are wide and space unlimited, and no costly residences to tear down that must be paid for with the land. Even now it is coming forward. Every small business in a wholesale or jobbing way that is started takes that as the region of small expenses. Such wholesale houses as Jones & Laughlin's, H. M. Hooker, Henry Horner, Garfield Harness Company, Carmichael & Emmens, and others that line Canal street are among the most important in the city. The greatest present drawback is not the river, but the confidence of the property-owners. Every building that is erected is as soon as completed occupied by tenants worthy of it, while we find heavy firms doing business in frame shanties. Four years ago few men were bold enough to pay $300 per foot for land on Adams and Jackson streets that now sells for $1,500. Only requires some prominent firm with the courage and enterprise of the Farwells to take the lead and others will follow like a flock of sheep. It could be hastened by the present property-owners erecting houses fit to be occupied by leading houses and by the erection of a large hotel.

It may take four years to start it, but the greatest increase in values of real-estate in Chicago in the next eight years will be seen in the tract bounded by Lake, Halsted, and Van Buren streets. Twenty years from now the West Side will be Chicago; east of the river will be the financial and office centre, the life both of the business as well as population will be found west of it, and the numerous purchasers from all over the country will find theatres, great hotels, and all the attractions of city life at their hand. The river, if it will then be in existence, will not seem a boundary, for the greater city will be on the side where he finds his business.

D.

Fifteen Million Dollars an Acre.

A New York correspondent states that in the more common streets of New York land is worth from $250,000 to $350,000 per acre. In the best part of Broadway its value is increased to $2,000,000 per acre; but in the vicinity of Wall street its value is immensely increased, because this locality is the money heart of America. The land on which the Drexel Building stands cost its present owners at the rate of $14,000,000 per acre. It occupies the corner of Wall and Broad streets, which may be considered the most valuable corner on this continent—and yet, when I was a Broad street clerk in 1840, this very place was occupied by a hat store. The corresponding value of property in this neighborhood has been illustrated by the recent sale of the corner of Broad street and Exchange place, which was at the rate of $15,500,000 per acre. Hence the Drexel lot was none too dear. In fact, these dazzling figures are justified by the immensity of the transactions which occur here daily. Almost all the railroads on the continent (except New England) are managed within 300 feet of this spot, and the general pressure of our immense financial system gives it a value which a few years ago could not have been dreamed of.

SEASONABLE SUBJECT.

The Radical and Popular Changes the Baltimore & Ohio Has Made in Its Schedule of East-Bound Trains.

The change of time which goes into effect today (Sunday) on the Baltimore & Ohio is quite a radical one. The morning train, which heretofore has been more of an accommodation than an express train, now becomes a flyer—one of the fastest, in fact, in the country. Leaving Chicago at 8:10 in the morning, so rapidly is distance annihilated that Washington is reached the following day shortly after noon and seven hours in advance of any other day train out of Chicago. This new order of things will be of an immense advantage to those who desire to spend a half-day in Washington en route to New York. By taking this Washington flyer one may have an entire afternoon and evening at the National Capital, and then, taking the Baltimore & Ohio night-train for New York, arrive in the Metropolis bright and early the next morning. Or should the desire be to keep right on he may have the pleasure of passing through Washington in full sight of the Capital and other public buildings and reach New York the same evening. To this train will be attached the magnificent new Baltimore & Ohio sleeper and parlor cars. The afternoon train under the new schedule leaves at ten minutes past 3. This is the noted solid train, there being no change of cars, any class of traveler, from Chicago to New York via Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia. This train is also a daisy when it comes to making time, as it arrives in Washington the succeeding evening an entire night ahead of the late afternoon trains on other lines. To it are attached not only spacious, elegant sleepers, but perfectly appointed dining-cars as well, and in which are served meals famed as being beyond all comparison the finest known on wheels in the Northwest. The night train under the new scedule will at once gain a popularity which will prove most substantially the wisdom of putting it on. Heretofore the great inconvenience has been on all the Eastern lines that trains left at an hour which prevented one from getting any benefit or pleasure whatever out of the evening. Now the B. & O. will have a train leaving at ten minutes of 11 at night, in good time to afford all who so choose to spend the evening with friends or at places of amusement. In common with the other trains named, this late train will not let grass grow under her, as she arrives at Washington early the second morning, Baltimore an hour later, Philadelphia before noon, and New York in fine season for dinner. Of course, this train has sleeping-cars attached, and every convenience and luxury which money can command.

This new schedule is without question the best in every way the Baltimore & Ohio has ever had out of Chicago, and in many respects cannot be equaled by any other trunk line. There is no gainsaying the fact that when it comes to Washington as an objective point there is no line that can compare with the Baltimore & Ohio, and it can ever beat the others into the National Capital all the way from a half-day to an entire night. As for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York travel it certainly has no reason to take a back seat as the saying goes, as it possesses advantages in reaching the cities named which are unsurpassed. From a picturesque standpoint its attractions are equalled by no line in existence, and, being the only route between the East and the West via Washington, it is by the Baltimore & Ohio only that a visit may be made at the National Capital en route to New York without an extra expense as to fare and increased hours of travel.

Invalid mothers, weak children, nervous and fretful infants are benefited by using Brown's Iron Bitters. Harmless, but efficacious.

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SEALED PROPOSALS

will be received by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Lake View for the following purposes, viz:

First—Furnishing and laying cast-iron water-supply pipe having an internal diameter of 6 inches, and weighing not less than 35 pounds to the lineal foot, in the following streets, viz.: Diversey-av., from Lincoln-av. to Sheffield-av.; Belmont-av., from Lee-st. to Racine-av.; Clark-st., from Diversey-st. to York-place.

Also laying and furnishing supply pipe, internal diameter of 4 inches, and weighing not less than 20 pounds per lineal foot, in Belmont-av., from Sheffield to Lee-av.

And also laying and furnishing cast-iron water-supply pipe of 4 inches internal diameter, weighing not less than 21 pounds to the lineal foot, in Lee-av., from Belmont to Roscoe-sts.

Also laying and furnishing cast-iron water-supply pipe of 4 inches internal diameter, and weighing not less than 21 pounds to the lineal foot, on the following streets, viz.: In Edson-av., from Lincoln to Diversey-avs.; in Dunning-st., from Racine to Southport-av.

Together with water-gates, hydrants and connections, and valves, in accordance with the various ordinances adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Lake View.

Also for soft coal, Mansfield and pea, included, to be delivered at the Lake View Water-Works for steam purposes.

Proposals must be delivered to the undersigned on or before Saturday, June 3, at 12 m. G. W. PARKS, Supervisor, 155 La Salle-st., Room 12.

Office of Custodian, U. S. Custom-House.
CHICAGO, Ill., May 11, 1882.

NOTICE—Supplementary proposals are hereby invited for lighting certain parts of the U. S. Government building, Chicago, with electricity—viz.: The basement and first or post-office floors, each bid to include the furnishing of the arc light for halls and of the large spaces, and also the incandescent light for all desk, case, and other uses in the post-office portion of the building. The bids shall state the sum for which all the light shall be furnished for one year, or for a period of five years, and shall also state the sum additional to the first year's rent at which the plants, with all lamps, fixtures, etc., complete, will be sold to the Government at the end of one year's test. Bids will be received up to noon of May 24, 1882.

JESSE SPALDING, Custodian.

Goodrich Steamers.
TIME TABLE:
For Racine, Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Ludington, Manistee, Kewaunee, Sturgeon Bay, and Menominee, daily at.....9 a m
(Saturdays excepted; Sunday excepted) Saturday's boat leaves at.....8 p m
Night boats for Racine and Milwaukee, Tuesday and Friday at.....7 p m
For Grand Haven, Grand Rapids, Muskegon, etc., every Monday, Wednesday, and Fridays at.....7 p m
For Green Bay, De Pere, and all Bay ports, Tuesday and Friday at.....7 p m
For Escanaba, and all Lake Superior towns via Escanaba, Tuesday at.....8 p m
For Frankfort, Elberon, etc., Tuesdays at.....7 p m
and Fridays at.....7 p m
Office and docks at foot of Michigan-st.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS—EXPLANATION OF REFERENCE MARKS.—*Saturday excepted. †Sunday excepted. ‡Monday excepted. §Daily.

Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

For Maps, Time-Cards, Sleeping-Car Accommodations, apply at 62 Clark-st., Grand Pacific, Palmer House, and depot corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Fast Line	*12:30 p m	* 2:15 p m
Omaha Night Express	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
Denver Express	*12:30 p m	* 2:15 p m
Denver Fast Express	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
Sioux City & Yankton	*12:30 p m	* 2:15 p m
Sioux City & Yankton	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
Des Moines Day Express	*12:30 p m	* 2:15 p m
Des Moines & Winona Express	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
Marshalltown Express	† 8:30 a m	† 6:30 p m
Cedar Rapids Express	*12:30 p m	* 2:15 p m
Cedar Rapids Night Express	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
Rockford & Elgin—Special	† 7:15 a m	† 6:30 p m
Freeport & Rockford & Dubuque	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
Freeport & Rockford & Dubuque	† 4:15 p m	† 2:40 p m
St. Paul & Minneapolis Express	*10:15 p m	* 6:15 a m
St. Paul & Minneapolis Express	† 9:30 p m	† 7:00 a m
St. Paul & Minneapolis via Milwaukee	*11:30 a m	* 2:00 p m
Pierre & Deadwood Express	*11:30 a m	* 2:00 p m
Minnesota & Central Dakota	*11:30 a m	* 2:00 p m
Minnesota & Central Dakota	† 8:30 a m	† 6:30 p m
Milwaukee Express	† 8:30 a m	† 4:00 p m
Milwaukee Express	† 4:15 p m	† 10:30 a m
Milwaukee Special—Sundays	† 8:30 a m	† 4:00 p m
Mil., Green Bay & Marquette	† 9:05 p m	† 6:30 a m
Mil., Green Bay & Bay	† 4:15 p m	† 10:30 a m
Milwaukee Passenger	† 5:00 p m	† 4:00 p m
Milwaukee Passenger	† 5:30 p m	†10:30 a m
Waukegan Express	† 5:00 p m	† 4:00 p m
Waukesha Express	† 5:30 p m	† 7:15

SOCIETY.

A Word About the Possible Mockeries of Reception Engagements.

Full Directions for Those Who Dare to Trust the Future and Give Them.

Weddings of the Week in Chicago and Its Suburbs—Personal Notes.

Gossip for the Ladies—The Latest News from the Domain of Fashion.

Engagement Receptions.

Written for The Chicago Sunday Tribune.

The new and fast-spreading fashion for engagement receptions is hardly to be adjudged prudent. Marriage engagements should be announced at the proper time either by the bride's parents or guardians or by the usual mode of card-leaving, two or three weeks before the wedding-day is fixed —the latter, if the intended bride is retiring and too modest to endure the overwhelming congratulations of her friends and acquaintances. It occurs to one who watches the ebb and flow of fashion that man is too unstable, too mutable, and life too uncertain to allow ourselves to feel assured of that which we do not possess.

Every condition of life has its uncertainties. Sorrowful remembrance of disappointed hopes or mistaken faith is quite enough humiliation without having to look back upon the warm and tender congratulations which fell so sweetly and willingly upon the ear at the brilliant reception given in honor of that event; and now the very words, then so gratefully received, sound hateful to the sore and bitter heart.

To subject man or woman to such torture is cold-blooded cruelty. Their situation is peculiar from the first moment. It is not enough that the victimized subject should suffer indignation and disgrace in sullen silence. Some highly proper maiden aunt, clothed in just indignation and injured pride, appears upon the scene. Her feelings are so raked up by the unhappy turn that affairs have taken, and so excited by the odium cast upon her, that she showers down her wrath with great power of expression, the finally settles down into the disgust she feels for marriage. The sighs of the mother, though accompanied by no word, are ominous in their awful depth and add to the pain of the victim.

These are only a few of the miseries which follow the reception to announce an engagement. Should anything prevent the program being carried out as per card, how often, how very often is the first engagement broken! "There's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip." What person living could stand the strugs, the side glances, the quiet, stinging stare, or the tone of astonishment that greets him or her on every side, after a contretemps of this kind? It is too risky to attempt, and it is sincerely to be hoped that this vagary is shortlived, and that its present popularity will gradually sink, never to rise again. However, it is well enough to give the exact etiquet for such receptions for the benefit of those who dare feel secure in the future; but even to such one may quote the sacred words: "Boast not thyself of tomorrow, for, thou knowest not what a day may bring forth."

The rooms where the reception is held should be replete with every description of art treasure that can be procured—all the accessories which wealth can buy—such as statuary, paintings, bronzes, carving, and all rare and beautiful things which delight the eye and gladden the heart. At a reception of this kind everything must be arranged on an elaborate and expensive scale. It is useless to say that economy which may be given at a large or trifling expense. An engagement made known to society by a brilliant gathering of ladies or gentlemen must be second to none other in magnificence. Such a reception has no medium. It must always be on a grand scale in every particular. Music is engaged, and useless to say the best and most expensive that can be procured —and choice selections are played at short intervals during the reception hours. The band should be stationed at a convenient distance from the drawing and banqueting rooms. The music should neither be too near nor too distant. Plants, palms, and exotics should adorn the banqueting-room. Conspicuous among these should be flowering plants, shrubs, and ferns. Cut flowers, in low flower-receivers, should adorn and beautify the tables. The refreshments are of the most elaborate and delicate description—the same as for a large "at home." Chocolate and coffee are served in the banqueting-room only. The table service must be the most delicate and unique to be found. The cup which holds the coffee should be fragile as the wing of a butterfly, while the plate on which the ice is served should be so fine as to scarcely bear its weight. In fact, everything employed for use should be something to be admired for its intrinsic value one way or another. As it is a breach of good breeding, silence of etiquet, for the host or hostess to appear to feel the slightest regret should any one of their guests have the misfortune to damage any one of these pieces of art, people of a nervous temperament, as well as those who are heavy-handed, may feel less trepidation in handling such costly treasures. Neither is it etiquet or good taste for the offender to make apologies. A murmured word of regret, accompanied by a repentant look, is all that is needed. A moment after, one should appear as if the accident was forgotten. The hostess will smile and pass it over with the happiest expressions she can command, though at that moment she may be solving the mathematical problem—a twelfth of 150, the exact value of that individual piece. I once heard of a lady who was so very polite, so anxious to relieve the distress which one of her guests exhibited while contemplating the broken pieces of a costly cup that had fallen from the hand in a strong hand like a cobweb, that she took its mate and deliberately broke it into bits, laughingly remarking, "They break at the least touch, you see." Be it not told in Gotham, but this lady cried for hours with vexation when alone in her chamber for the destruction so hopelessly wrought—hopelessly for the china was so rare that it could not be matched.

The bride-elect will receive standing beside her mother; both ladies should be in full evening dress. The guests should also be in full evening toilet. As they enter the drawing-room, they will be announced in a clear, distinct voice. This is a point which should be carefully considered, as nothing mars the harmony of an entertainment more or vexes the guest to a greater degree than to have his name so distorted in the utterance that he knows not whether it is himself or some one following him who is being announced. Not long since I heard a charming and modest young lady whose name was Hodges announced in thrilling tones as Miss Hog, and the "Miss" was spoken so low that it was lost to all except those who stood near the entrance, while the "Hog" rang out in startling alarm.

As the guests enter, the hostess and her daughter should advance a few steps to meet them. It is positively bad-breeding to remain motionless and allow the guests to come all the way. This would imply that the latter were honored in being permitted to receive the hospitality of the hostess instead of the hostess being honored by the prompt response of her friends; for what is more disappointing than a pronounced failure when a brilliant gathering has been expected. It is sorry comfort to look over the numerous regrets. The mother is the first to receive her friends, when, after shaking hands, they turn to her daughter, who should receive their congratulations with a charming degree of frankness.

After congratulating the young lady, lingering two or three moments only, the guests pass on to the banqueting room, where refreshments are taken standing. Twenty minutes to half an hour is the usual time to remain, to converse with friends, and partake sparingly of the viands. From the banqueting-room guests will take their departure. A servant should be in attendance to call carriages, and care should be taken that no confusion or mistakes are made. It must be borne in mind that usually many more guests are invited than the house can comfortably accommodate, and only by the gradual shoving off of the first-comers, to make room for the later arrivals, can pleasure or comfort be had by any. It must also be remembered that all friends and acquaintances whom the bride intends to honor on her wedding-day must be invited to this ceremonious entertainment. The bridegroom-elect pays his respects to his promised bride at an early hour. He, with the host, will take their station in the entertainment-room and dispense hospitality during hours of the reception, the mother and her daughter remaining at their post during these hours, neither sitting down nor absenting themselves for a minute. The drawing-room should be decorated with cut flowers only; no plants should be placed there. All minutes should be tastfully arranged. A distribution of flowers adds greatly to the brilliancy of the drawing-room and enhances the beauty of the bride-elect, whose duty it is to receive, converse, and look lovely. The latest fancy is for the many varieties of roses which are common to most summer gardens. These beautiful and always fragrant flowers have superseded the more uncommon species in the fashionable drawing-room of today. Together with the various wild flowers now in demand, the latest favorit of the Goddess Fashion is the numerous wild grasses, which add gayety to the scene and contribute to the cheerfulness, mirth, and sparkle which should never be wanting on such an occasion.

SAVILLE.

Matrimonial Events.

An interesting occurrence took place last Wednesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Milo Ingalls, of Irving Park, it being the marriage of their eldest daughter, Jennie L., to Mr. George C. Madison, of St. Paul, Minn. The marriage rite was performed a little past 8 o'clock in the bay window of the front parlor, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion, the ceremony taking place under the marriage bell, which was made of smilax, fern, and white carnations. The Rev. H. W. Van Vranken officiated. The bridesmaids were Miss Edith M. Ingalls, sister of the bride, and Miss Mary Madison, sister of the groom. The best man was James Madison, with Bradford Ingalls as second. Mrs. Oakley played the wedding march while the party came down the stairs led by Master Walter Hancock (son of Bradford Hancock), of Chicago, aged 4 years, and Miss Ruth L. Dutcher, of Clinton, Ia., aged 3 (cousins of the bride), who, hand in hand, each carrying a bouquet, went through the parlors to the window and took their stand on either side of the clergyman. After the ceremony and congratulations, Mr. J. B. Hancock, of Fall River, grandfather of the bride, presented a large and elegant family Bible, accompanying the gift with good counsel in a few well chosen words. The bride wore a handsome silk (ashes of roses) made in the latest style, cut square-neck, trimmed with white Spanish lace and pearl fringe. The ornaments were natural flowers. During the evening a bountiful repast was served. Among those present at the wedding were the relatives and a few intimate friends of the bride and groom. The presents were many and elegant, consisting of gold watch and chain and organ by the father of the bride; silver fruit-dish, bed-spread, and pillow-shams from her mother; lace tidy, hand-worked toilet set, one dozen towels from sister Edith; napkin-ring and gold-lined card-receiver from brother Bradford; $500 bond each from father and mother of the groom; silver cake-basket from his brother and sister; $100 check from James Chandler, Buffalo, N. Y.; $20 gold-piece and silver napkin-ring, A. Z. Madison, Fredonia, N. Y.; set solid-silver teaspoons, from Mrs. Dr. Prince; silver nut-cracker and picks, Stella and Arthur Prince; solid silver butter-knife, John Prince, of Jacksonville, Ill.; table-scarf, twenty yards of carpet, velvet toilet-case, and handsome wedding card from Mr. and Mrs. Dutcher, Clinton, Ia.; decorated china tea-set, one dozen solid silver teaspoons, one dozen silver forks, lamp-mat, elegantly-embroidered handkerchief, and bride's cake from Mr. and Mrs. B. Hancock, Chicago; fan from Miss Nellie Hancock; decorated pitcher, Master Walter Hancock; Mrs. A. Oakley, silver bouquet-holder; H. W. Hancock, of Florida, box of orange blossoms and leaves; Miss Alice Ingalls, Wauwatosa, Wis., one hand-painted plaque; Mrs. Pluche and daughter, of Watertown, N. Y., half-dozen silver nut-picks; Mr. and Mrs. J. Periam, of Chicago, silver spoon-holder, gold-lined; Miss Ida Periam, silver pie-knife; the Misses Nellie and Allie Periam, set silver fruit-knives; Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Dymond, of Hudson, one dozen silver knives; A. M. Boomer, Fargo, D. T., solid silver butter-knife and sugar-spoon, gold-lined; Mrs. A. M. Dutcher, Fort Atkinson, Wis., toilet set and two towels; Mrs. W. C. Green, Fulton, Ill., embroidered handkerchief; Miss Lutie Green, crumb-receiver; silver handkerchief, embroidered with white and from Miss Jennie Kane, Chicago; silver nut cracker and picks, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Edwards, Irving Park; silver oyster dish porelain lined. Mr. and Mrs. Dr. A. C. Brown, Irving Park; one dozen silver knives, Mr. and Mrs. Pense; silver butter dish, Ed Pease; Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown, glass bouquet holder; Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Dewey, one dozen silver knives; F. D. Pride, carving-knife and fork; W. A. Nowlen, silver card-receiver; Miss Ida Nowlen, lamp mat; Mr. and Mrs. Nowlen, silver pickle dish and fork; Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Hubbard, Galva, Ill., toilet set; total value of presents, about $1,500. A reception was given them by the parents of the groom Thursday evening, at the spacious residence of J. R. Madison, Irving Park, at which time and place a very enjoyable time was had. A goodly number of costly presents were made to the parents of the groom on being the evening of the silver wedding. Among the presents to Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Madison were a silver tea-service, coffee-urn, and a very elegantly-carved silver water-pitcher of massive size, porcelaine-lined, with two silver goblets, gold-lined—a great surprise to the receivers, they not expecting presents on the occasion—given to the young married couple. Everything passed off pleasantly on both evenings. The happy pair left on the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Friday morning for St. Paul, Minn., where the groom is engaged as bookkeeper in the wholesale house of Dale & Co., St. Paul Book & Stationery Company. A host of friends gathered at the depot on their departure, wishing them much joy, throwing rice and old shoes at them for good luck as the train moved away.

A very pleasant wedding was solemnized Monday evening, May 16, at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 987 West Madison street, the Rev. George H. Peeke officiating. The contracting parties were Miss Ella MacPhelps and Mr. W. F. Carson, Depot Passenger Agent of the Chicago & Alton Railroad. The bride, a lovely, graceful blonde, was charming in a "Masonite" heavy silk court train, lace, and natural flowers. The gifts were in excellent taste, among them being a fine oil painting presented by Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Ordway, elegantly framed and painted by Mrs. Ordway; The family and immediate friends only were present. The newly-wedded pair left on the 5 o'clock train for a bridal trip to Denver and the West. On their arrival at the depot they found a large number of railroad-men assembled to give them a reception, and at the same time insure a remembrance of the event. A carpet was stretched from the car-track to the pavement, by which none but the bride and groom were allowed to tread. A huge sheet of manila paper bore the familiar legend beginning, "All aboard for"—and ending with Carsonville. On the gate was hung a pair of No. 12 Arctics, said to be a reminder to the groom that he was now "paired." As the train pulled out of the depot the railroad-boys gave a parting salute with three torpedoes, which were exploded on the track. Mr. and Mrs. Carson will be "at home" at the Gault House after June 1.

Miss Kittie G. Dunstan and Mr. C. A. Ekstromer were married Monday evening last in this city.

A very notable wedding occurred at the First Presbyterian Church, Monroe, Mich., Thursday afternoon, May 18, the contracting parties being Mr. Addison B. Noble, a salesman for Hiram Sibley & Co., of this city, and Miss Maggie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Don O. Spalding, of Monroe. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. W. Macomber, assisted by the Rev. O. D. Fisher, of Cleveland, O. Mr. and Mrs. Noble will be "at home" to their friends at No. 14 Union Park place.

At 4 p. m. Thursday, the 18th inst., Mr. John Yates and Miss Eloise E. Muzzy, of Hyde Park, were quietly married at the residence of Dr. William C. West, No. 373 Warren avenue, the Rev. Dr. Thomas officiating.

Miss Annie Schneider, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Schneider, and Mr. Joseph C. Carrier were married Tuesday evening last at 5 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 526 West Fourteenth street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Cote. Miss Kate Schneider was bridesmaid and Mr. Magnus A. Hess groomsman. The bride wore a wine-colored silk dress, with ornaments. A reception followed the ceremony at 8 o'clock.

The engagement of Mr. William Templeton and Miss Fannie Cleary is announced. They will be quietly married at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 939 West Monroe street. There will be no cards.

The marriage of Miss Mary A. Lenfestey and Mr. Joseph W. Prince, both of this city, occurred last Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. P. Lenfestey, No. 50 South Ann street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. George, and was witnessed by only a few of the relatives and friends of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Prince will be "at home" to friends at No. 263 Walnut street Thursdays in June. No cards.

Matthew P. Brady, of the law firm of Grant, Swift & Brady, will be married to Cordelia Marie A. Hansen, daughter of Nicholas L. Hansen, with Charles Gossage & Co., Thursday, May 25, at 8 a. m., at the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows, corner of West Jackson street and Albany avenue, when full nuptial mass will be celebrated. No cards.

Social Happenings.

Last Friday evening the Aldine Club gave a very enjoyable May party at Martine's West Side Hall, on Ada street. The hall was tastefully decorated and fine music was furnished. Mr. Thomas Sennott, the President of the club, appointed the following committee to select a May Queen: Miss Lou Feigl, Mrs. H. Kent, Mr. G. F. Best, Mr. F. R. Grimes, and G. C. Ryan. The gentlemen chosen were not acquainted with any of the young ladies present. After due deliberation the committee declared Miss Kittie McGarry May Queen, and she appointed the two ladies of the committee her maids of honor. She was then duly installed as queen, throned, and crowned with a handsome crown. Her maids of honor were seated beside her, and the company went through the May-pole dance before her, after which dancing was the order of the evening. There were 120 couples present.

Wednesday evening last the Alliance Club held its last meeting for the season of 1881-'82, which was pleasantly spent at the house of Mrs. E. B. Sherman. Prof. Black read a paper on "The Interpretation of Music," which displayed remarkable originality and analytical power. It was followed by the usual discussion, and supplemented by responses to impromptu sentiments by Profs. Swing, Willard, and Hager, and Messrs. Holmes, Abbott, and Dibble. The officers chosen for the ensuing year are as follows: Prof. Austin Bierbower, President; C. B. Holmes and Mrs. C. A. Hayt, Vice-Presidents; Miss Carrie Smith, Secretary and Treasurer; E. F. Abbott, Mrs. J. L. Howl, Mrs. S. B. Cochrane, Miss Belle Besley, and Ambrose Sheldon, Executive Committee.

A most delightful birthday party was given last Monday evening by Mrs. Burtis, of "Our Home," a family hotel, Nos. 14 and 16 Bishop court. The large double parlors were profusely decorated with smilax and cut flowers—many of them remembrances of friends. About thirty of these participated in the dancing, which the canvased floors and excellent music made so inviting. The refreshments, which were served at 12 o'clock in the two large dining-rooms of the house, were superb, and many were the toasts to the fair hostess.

The parlors and newly regilted home of Dr. R. L. Leonard, No. 94 Wells street, were opened Tuesday evening last for the most elegant and extensive entertainment Chicago has perhaps witnessed on a private scale. Of the 350 invited guests most were present. The floral decorations were superb and extensive throughout ten or twelve rooms. The air was heavy with fragrance. The music was by John A. Hand's orchestra. The tables in the dining-rooms were laden with the delicacies of the season, a most ample repast having been prepared. The ice-cream and smoking parlors were the most popular, with merry people who lingered in the pleasant rooms. Among the guests were many of the Doctor's old friends who have seen and known him from childhood in our city, also a large circle of relatives. Many distinguished Freemasons with their wives were present. Mrs. S. Joy and Mrs. Mary Evans, of Evanston, sister of the Doctor, assisted in receiving the guests.

A large party of his friends very pleasantly surprised Mr. Charles T. Wytstein at his residence last Friday evening, in honor of his twenty-first birthday. The amusements of the evening were very agreeably interspersed with a musical program, of which the following were some of the leading features: A piano solo, by Miss Julia Marcussohn; a song, by Miss T. Schmidgall; a violin solo, by Mr. G. Sues, accompanied by Miss Marcussohn; a piano solo, by Mr. Otto Schmidgall; a song, by Miss J. Cottier; and a piano solo, by Miss Emma Buchliner, after which a collation was served. The host, though entirely unprepared for the occasion, ably displayed his talent for entertaining and made the evening a very enjoyable one to all present.

Personals.

The following Chicago people sailed for Europe last Wednesday on the steamer Servia: Mrs. H. O. Stone, Miss Altie Stone, Masters Carl and Robert Stone, and maid, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Sprague, Miss E. P. Sprague, Miss C. A. Sprague, Mrs J. T. Mathews, Mrs. J. W. Oakley, the Misses Bertha and Anna Oakley, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Asay, Miss Sadie Bigler, Miss Agnes Potter, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander J. Leith, Miss Leith, infant, nurse, and maid, Mr. R. E. Butterworth, Mrs. A. Preusser, Miss Annie and Miss Camilla Preusser, Mrs. Lowe, Mr. Jacob A. Wolford, Mr. George W. Vail, Mr. Frank Williams, Mr. W. R. Wiley, Mrs. G. Foreman, Miss Ida Foreman, and Mr. E. G. Foreman, Mrs. J. T. Smith, Mr. Sidney C. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. A. Eichhold and maid, Mrs. E. Francis Stone, Mr. and Mrs. E. Frankenthal and Miss Elsa Frankenthal, Mr. A. A. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Neale, Mr. R. C. Hannah, Mr. H. Farwell, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Elliott, Mr. Edwin Jackson, and Mr. and Mrs. Isabella Thielcke, and Mr. B. W. Jones.

Mr. George H. Bryant will leave in a few days for New York City on business and pleasure combined.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Shea, formerly of this city, are visiting with Mrs. Daniel Gregory, 630 West Monroe street.

Miss Jennie A. Linn and Master Belden Linn, of No. 182 Dearborn avenue, have gone to Denver, Colo., to spend the summer.

Mrs. A. P. Pond, of No. 2327 Indiana avenue, has gone East to spend several weeks. During her absence she will visit New York, Albany, and other cities.

Miss Carrie Brentano, who has been spending the winter in Washington, D. C., and Baltimore, has returned to her home, No. 312 La Salle avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Andrews, of No. 322 State street, left last night for Europe, to attend the golden wedding of Mrs. Andrews' mother in Italy and to visit the principal cities of Europe. They will return in about three months.

Mrs. J. W. Oakley, Miss Oakley, and Miss Annie Oakley, of Kenwood, left for New York last Sunday and sailed for Europe May 17 on the steamer Servia, to be gone about one year.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Bouton, their daughter, Miss Hattie Bouton, their niece, Miss Louise Bouton, and Mr. George Hoyt, of Hyde Park and Kenwood, sailed yesterday from New York for an extended tour in England and the Continent.

Miss Bryant, of Chicago, is the guest of Miss Heron, of Kenwood.

Dr. George F. Root and family and Walter Burnham and family have returned from New York and will reside in Hyde Park, their home for some years past.

Mr. J. W. Kearney, of Galesburg, Ill., was the guest of Mr. Dillon C. Willoughby, of Hyde Park, during the past week.

Miss Emma Scott and several classmates are spending a brief but delightful vacation in Wheeling, W. Va.

Miss Katie Bisby, of Thirty-second and Butterfield streets, is spending a few weeks with friends in Belvidere, Ill.

Mrs. Justice E. A. Fisher, Miss Lizzie Fisher, and Mrs. E. D. Shull spent last week at the Plankinton House, Milwaukee, attending the marriage of Miss Mamie Stafford and Ferdinand Seikert.

Miss Birdie Swannell, of Kankakee, Ill., has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. A. M. Morrison, of No. 3535 South La Salle street, the past week.

Mr. James B. Wellington, a prominent young business-man of St. Louis, and who is well known in this city, has been here the past two weeks the guest of friends on the West Side. He left for home Wednesday last.

O. O. Tolerton and wife, of Burlington, Ia., are the guests of William R. White.

Mr. Phil Kuppenheimer returned from the East last week, and Mr. Oscar Rosenburg returned last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis A. Kiesling, of Carpenter) will be "at home" to their friends Tuesdays, May 23 and 30, from 3 to 6 p. m., at No. 3228 Indiana avenue.

Mrs. A. F. Stone and son, of Springfield, Mass., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. K. A. Hutchinson, of Dearborn avenue.

Miss Kate Danaher, of Ludington, Mich., who has been visiting Mrs. E. P. Hennessy, of No. 339 Morgan street, returns home this week.

Latest New York Modes.

New York Evening Post.

Renaissance cloth is a new dress fabric.

"Jumbo" ornaments and charms are worn by the million.

Terra-cotta, copper-color, corn-color, or cream-tinted camel's hair, enlivened with cardinal, are favorit combinations in new French tea-gowns.

Shot and changeable silks are once more in high favor.

Grenadines in Spanish lace designs are novel and elegant.

Turn-over collars, with fancy neck-ribbons, are very fashionable.

Ficelle, or twine lace, so plentifully used this spring, resembles macrame lace—the only difference being that the ficelle is very much more delicate and finer in fibre.

A Tuscan straw Gypsy's hat, faced with dark-green velvet, and trimmed outside with a wreath of hazel-nuts and foliage, is sent to us from Virot's among a number of other stylish models.

Small jeweled lace-pins, matching the color and design of the earrings, are now used to fasten bonnetstrings. The prettiest of these are in the form of crescents, arrows, or butterflies, made of pearls and tiny diamonds.

The most startling parasols exhibited thus far are those of vermillion satin, lined with old-gold silk and trimmed with double ruffles of wide gold lace. The ferrules are surrounded by a wreath of brilliant scarlet roses, mixed with small yellow sunflowers.

Besides the "casement" or square opening in the neck of the dress-bodice, and the lyre-shape opening, and the bodice cut en cœur or heart-shape, there is yet another variety of bodice that is called sein du roi, which is fastened together at the throat, but opens widely just below it in a triangular shape. In every instance, however, the opening, whatever its shape, is now invariably veiled with soft folds of lace or tulle.

Some of the prettist dresses for the summer season are those made with a foundation-skirt of plain satin, either pale-pink, sky-blue, silver-gray, lilac, or pale-corn-color. These skirts are covered with gathered ruffles of Oriental lace. Over them are worn basque-bodices of plain or watered silk, which match in hue the color of the skirt, faintly seen underneath its lace-covering. Above these skirts are worn fichus or Mother Hubbard capes made of lace and tied with watered ribbons.

Silk-velvet cosaquins, with panniers, are elegantly worn over skirts of various colors and materials. Many of them are lined with satin of a pale shade of color. The wide half-tunic, coming to the knee and covering the front and sides of the skirt, is very handsome and effective in velvet or moire. The lower edge is cut in scallops, leaf-shapes, dents-de-lund, round, pointed, or square; and puffings, coulisses, or plaitings of the other material are set between the spaces.

Charming little French caps for the theatre or opera are made to order by an up-town milliner. They are nearly flat in shape, and are exceedingly small. One of these dainty affairs has the tiny cap frame of net covered with rows of cream-white Renaissance lace. In the centre of the crown is set a cluster of white lilacs mingled with drooping sprays of lilies-of-the-valley, which fall over the hair in front, partly hiding the lace beneath. A second cap is made of white Spanish blonde, with garniture of white hyacinths and a spray of May roses. Stuart collars of lace to correspond are worn with these caps, some of which reach below the shoulders. They are caught together at the throat with a bouquet of flowers like those which adorn the cap.

Very pretty spring costumes are made of two contrasting colors—for instance, one of dark-blue cloth with wide box plaitings around the bottom, and pannier-like drapery above lined with deep crimson. The bodice, of dark-blue silk stockinet, has facings of crimson to correspond; and the hat, of dark-blue straw, is trimmed with a scarf in shade darker, three short dark-blue feathers, and just beneath these a bunch of crimson unmounted roses. All these details may be carried out in bottle-green and cherry-color, as well as in pearl-gray and royal-blue, fawn-color and cardinal, and so on. The box-plaits are caught up to show the lining, which reveals itself otherwise in little flashes of color whenever the wearer is in motion.

For out-of-door wear during the immediate present nothing is so popular as the tailor-made jacket-bodice, which is nothing more than a shortened edition of the famous Newmarket, inconvenient now on account of its length, which increases undesired weight, and only serves to conceal the pretty new spring drsses, which no one who wears desires to hide. In color the pale fawn and drab shades are very fashionable. Yet they very often contrast ill with the rest of the costume, and the details of which it have been chosen with special relevance to the Quaker colors referred to; but apart from this arises the consideration whether the complexion of the intended wearer is of such delicacy and freshness as can bear with impunity the test of so trying a color. Fawns and drabs have a dull, leaden look to the complexion of certain people, while black, dark green, seal brown, and heather mixtures are generally becoming, and far preferable therefore to plain and patterned cloths of lighter shades.

In spite of all temptation to lay them aside, sensible ladies have kept to their cold-weather wraps, although the store-windows have alluringly exhibited spring "confections" of every attractive shape and quality. A large portion of the new mantles are made in the "visite" shape—silk, satin, jet beading, and a profusion of lace being the materials of which they are constructed. None are long, and the capes so general last year bid fair to appear again, with improvements, however, on the old styles. One pretty model is a cape reaching to the waste, formed of wide black Spanish lace ruffles set upon a foundation of black mervelleux. This beautiful lace was of a superb design, and so unusually wide as to require but two ruffles to cover the entire cape. A full ruche of lace was plaited upright, and at the throat was a bouquet of cardinal roses. A parasol of black Spanish lace in close proximity, crowned with similar flowers, and an oval fan of the same, likewise bordered with the handle of the sunshade, nutely suggested a connection between the three articles described.

A fashionable New York modiste has upon exhibition in her parlors two beautiful models for summer dancing toilets—the first being of white grain silk, soft and sheeny. The short skirt is more than half covered with shell-plaitings made of the silk, alternating with gathered ruffles of edelweiss lace. Above this is a Watteau train, the paniers laid in full upright folds, and the edges bordered with white silk embroidery and ruffles of lace. The cuirass bodice is perfectly plain, with the exception of a narrow embroidery, which reaches from the point of the bodice in front to the point in the back; but over this plain bodice is draped a very beautiful fichu of the silk, nearly covered with white silk embroidery and edged with double frills of lace. The sleeves reach to the elbow, and are also trimmed with embroidery and lace. The second dress is of a deliciously soft tint of rose shading to gold, known as "dawn." The skirt is of heavy silk, trimmed around the bottom with a plaited ruching that is fringed on both edges, which, when plaited, forms a downy mass much resembling pink feather-tips. Inside of this ruche are set tiny bouquets of blush-roses devoid of foliage. The paniers are edged with a narrower trimming, corresponding with that upon the underskirt. Upon the shoulders and at the belt are trailing branches of roses and pale-green leaves. The bit of a strap intended to represent a sleeve is entirely covered up by the floral epaulets on the shoulders and the row of lace set just beneath them.

Society Topics.

A Philadelphia girl was so thoughtless as to tell a friend that at her wedding the names of the donors would not be displayed with the presents. Of course the friend told. Her wedding came off the other day, and the presents were not displayed either. They consisted of 739 plated sugar-spoons and 1,380 salt-cellars.

Now that the weather permits ladies to appear in lighter garments, they will be pleased to change to some lighter ornaments. Rowe Brothers, jewelers, 105 State street, have all the newest designs and novelties.

"What a change," exclaims a novelist, "one little woman can make in a man's life!"

"Exactly," says a victim; "and what a heap of 'change' she requires while doing it!"

Our readers can depend upon the promises made by D. T. Walker, the Solutia Side wall-paper and decorating artist of 2136 Wabash avenue. Select your papers from his large and elegant stock.

Said his prudent friend: "Why, $3 for a carriage is extravagance. Go in a horse-car or take a Hercle." And the extravagant man replied: "I can't. You see the lady I'm going to take isn't my wife."

When ordering wedding stationery do not fail to consult Birmingham Bros., stationers and engravers, 113 Dearborn street. Their facilities for executing fine engraving and printing are unsurpassed.

The dress bonnet for summer is of white English straw, with trimmings of white lace, white ostrich demi-plume, or an aigret, and dark velvet facing in the brim, with light-tinted beads on the edge.

Mrs. Gen. Sherman is the only American to whom the Pope has ever given that renowned religious emblem, instituted more than five centuries since, the Golden Rose, although it has been bestowed on Queens and Princesses. Mrs. Sherman once collected for the Pope a "Peterpence" of $50,000.

163 Wabash avenue, corner of Monroe street, is located the hair store and hair-dressing parlors of Reidy & Kline (late with Mrs. C. Thompson), who always have the latest styles, designs, and colors in all goods pertaining to their trade.

The unequaled reputation of D. F. Bremner's "*Eureka Bread*" has made it subject to imitation; to obtain the genuine see that each loaf is stamped D. F. B. on the top.

"I never pretend to know a thing that I do not," remarked Brown. "When I don't know a thing, I say at once 'I don't know.'" "A very proper course," said Fogg; "but how monotonous your conversation must be, Brown!"

The most valuable of all the latest improvements are found *only* in the celebrated Bauer Pianos, as can be proved by calling at their warerooms 183 and 184 Wabash avenue.

The most refined toilets prepared for summer weddings or for entertainments at Newport and other resorts are made of the brocaded crapes, or else of the plain deeply crinkled Canton crapes.

Mrs. Latham's Manicure Parlors. Hand-nails and biting of nails cured; also feet skillfully treated by lady operators. Elevator, 75 Madison street, Room 25.

According to ancient history Lentulus, the Augur, is said to have been worth over $16,000,000. This augur must have struck oil.

Mr. Tom Murray, so well known among the young men of Chicago, would be pleased to see his friends every Saturday afternoon at James Wilde Jr. & Co.'s and show them all the newest and latest novelties in gentlemen's furnishings. Wilde's, corner Madison and State streets.

Mrs. Langtry has gone to the "Provinces." Financially the season at the Haymarket has been very successful. Mrs. L. isn't much of an actress except in the flirtation scenes, where she comes out strong, showing the benefit of extensive practice.

Miss Jennie Miller and Miss Mary Litt, hairdressers, formerly with Mrs. Hull, are now in business on Room 23 Dore Block, elevator at 75 Madison-st.

Very innocently an Irish newspaper concludes its account of an imposing ceremony: "The procession was very fine, being nearly two miles long, as was also the prayer of the Rev. Mr. McFadden."

H. B. Bryant's Chicago Business College now has another installment of shorthand writers, type writers and general office assistants who are ready for employment.

Two shades of lilac blossoms are the caprice of the moment in Paris for trimming bonnets for old and young alike, but here the color is thought too grave for any but elderly ladies.

Ladies, the present is a good time to order the comfortable, handsome "ties" made by the famous Keller, 48 Monroe street, Palmer House.

There is a cañon on the Gunnison River, in Colorado, where the stars can be seen at noon, and they do say that a starlight interview at midday is one of the sweetest joys of youthful life in that section.

To obtain perfect hands, correct and elegantly shaped nails, go to Madame Moniz, manicure, 208 Wabash avenue.

Very dark stockings are worn by children, and black stockings are often seen with the lightest dresses. Their shoes are of kid, buttoned high upon the ankles, and without heels.

Genuine Fisher refrigerators, Kedzie filters, and the best quality kitchen ranges and outfits at popular prices at Hatch & Breeze's, 50 State street.

"Don't you believe in a future life in which we shall renew the ties that bind us together here?" "I do," said the henpecked husband sadly, "but I don't want to."

James Hall, with his entire new stock of choice millinery goods, at No. 193 State street, is doing a fine business under the able management of Mrs. Telfair.

A gentleman made a rockery in front of his house, in which he planted some beautiful ferns, and, having put up the following notice, found it more efficient and less expensive than the spring-guns or man-traps. The fear-inspiring inscription was: "Beggars, beware! Scolopendriums and Polypodiums are set here."

The elegant spring and summer suits by Mackey, the Palmer House tailor, 181 State street, challenge competition in all respects.

Linens, batistes, and satinets have been brought to such perfection that many ladies now use them for almost dressy toilets, for street wear, and for morning dress.

The Tailor system simplified with sleeve and skirt rule, complete by Mrs. Lybarger, 75 East Madison street, Doré Block.

Very small jet bonnets are worn this season by young ladies who have hitherto considered them too old-looking.

Strangers and all interested in hair goods will enjoy the elaborate display at Burnham's Central Music-Hall Hair Store.

"Bridget," said the mistress to her servant, "put a little nutmeg in the custard this afternoon." And Bridget picked out the smallest nutmeg she could find and threw it in the custard, where it was found entire at the evening meal.

To accommodate his patrons A. H. Black-all has opened an elegant tea store at 172 State street, opposite the Palmer House.

For traveling costumes, which are now in order, redingotes are much worn, commonly with a basque vest of the same material and color.

"Bontecou," our leading modiste, 189 Wabash avenue, shows exquisite and original taste.

Many round hats have a broad, flat effect, and are worn poised straight upon the head so that their brims are straight, and these protect the eyes well.

Hall's hair store is replete in every particular, at new location No. 198 State street.

First lady—"Dear me, I never saw Mrs. Potts look so pale."

Second lady—"Nor I; she's probably been out in the wet without an umbrella."

Chicago Artists' Supply Company, No. 232 Wabash avenue, dealers in artists' materials, frames, and screens.

Bangled jet is the fanciful trimming for black lace or grenadine dresses.

L. P. Wyant's pattern-rooms are removed to 109 Wabash av. New patterns always on hand.

Society men of London are getting so languid that dancing is going out of fashion.

All the latest styles in hair goods at lowest prices. Mrs. S. L. Stevens, 96 State st.

A boy who was kept after school for bad orthography excused himself to his parents by saying he was spell-bound.

Latest styles in ladies' and gents' boots made to order by Ralph, 135 State.

All ailments of the feet successfully treated by Dr. Kahler, chiropodist, 208 Wabash av.

All mothers take their children to Joshua Smith's to be photographed.

Fashion at a picnic demands that a girl shall get wet sooner than to hoist an umbrella that does not match her suit.

No furniture too fine or no prices so low as those obtained at Wirts & Scholle's, 222 Wabash avenue.

The ladies delight in smoking the fragrant "*Little Beauty*" cigarettes.

A false prophet is stirring the Egyptians into a rebellion. In America false prophets merely guess at the weather and sell their almanacs at 25 cents each.

Mme. Masurier, 125 State, laces cleaned and repaired. Honiton point braids a specialty.

Centennial refrigerators, ice-boxes, porcelain lined water-filters, and Saratoga potato-friers, at Harbeson & Judd's, 88 North Clark street.

A Boston journalist says "a kiss for each falling star is the lovers' rule." This may do in Boston, where it takes some time to remove eyeglasses, but it won't do in Philadelphia. The falling stars are too few and far between.—*Philadelphia News.*

Paragon ranges, Seavy filters, hardwood refrigerators. Seavey & Co., 49 State street.

Children's millinery is made a speciality by Mrs. Hodge, 151 Twenty-second street.

A statue of Oliver de Serres, who, in the sixteenth century, introduced the silk industry into France, has been lately unveiled at Auberras, and represents the figure beside a mulberry-tree on which worms are feeding, and with a plowshare at his feet.

Assorted Abuse of a Reformer.

*Pall Mall Gazette

...E CHURCHES.

BAPTIST.

...S. HENSON, D. D., OF THE FIRST ...ach the annual sermon before the ...tical Union this morning in the ... The pastor will preach in the even...

...S. KENNARD WILL PREACH AT ...in the morning, and the Rev. J. S. ...evening. The latter's subject will be ...

...M. LAWRENCE WILL PREACH ...evening at the Second Church, corner ...gan-sts.

...GEORGE C. LORIMER WILL ... and evening in Immanuel Church, ...ner Twenty-third-st. Morning sub... ...rrection of Jesus." In the evening ... before the Theological Students ... to which the public are invited.

...J. E. BURROW WILL PREACH ...evening in the Memorial Church, Oak...

...JOSEPH ROWLEY WILL PREACH ...evening at North Star Church, corner ...dawick-sts.

...C. PERRIN WILL PREACH ...orning at Western Avenue Church, ...tern and Warren-aves.

...R. PODD WILL PREACH MORN... ...at Olivet Church, Fourth-av., near ...

...A. K. PARKER WILL PREACH ...evening at Centennial Church, corner ...West Jackson-sts.

...C. O. TAYLOR WILL PREACH IN ...Central Church, 246 Orchard-st.

...W. POLK WILL PREACH MORN... ...in Providence Church, North Irving...

...DUNCAN McGREGOR WILL PREACH ...orning at the Ashland Avenue Church. ...AL SERVICES AT 11 A. M. IN ...ance Church, Union Stock-Yards.

...C. LELAND WILL PREACH MORN... ...in the Dearborn Street Church, near ...

...WILL BE HELD AT THE EVAN... ...ock Island Car-Shops, morning and ...

...WILL BE HELD AT THE BAPTIST ...264 Wabash-av., at 10:30 a. m.

...GEORGE B. VOSBURGH WILL ... and evening in the Millard Avenue ...

CONGREGATIONAL.

...HOBERT G. S. MCNEILLE, OF ...n, will preach morning and evening ... Church, on Michigan-av., south ...

...R. F. WILLIAMS WILL PREACH ...evening in the South Church, corner of ...Forrisst-sts.

...F. J. BROBST WILL PREACH AT ...ver Church morning and evening.

...WILLIAM ELSING WILL PREACH ...morning in the Tabernacle Church, cor... ...d Morgan-sts.

...DR. F. A. NOBLE WILL PREACH ... and evening in Union Park Church, ...d West Washington-sts.

...H. CLARK WILL PREACH MORN... ...in the Millard Avenue Church.

...MONROE WILL PREACH IN THE ...ace, corner of Twelfth-st. and Ash...

...JOHN C. GODDARD WILL PREACH ...in the Western Avenue Chapel, near ...Monroe-st. and 24th-av.

...F. LEAVITT WILL PREACH ...evening in the Lincoln Park Church, ...Wisconsin-st.

...F. CHIPPERFIELD WILL PREACH ...evening in the Central Park Chapel, ...Lake-st. and Albany-av.

...A. TOWLE WILL PREACH MORN... ...in Bethany Church, corner of Pot... ...Huron-sts.

...F. PEASE PREACHES AT THE ...gn Church, No. 1286 West Lake-st., at ...

...GEORGE H. PEEKE WILL PREACH ...evening in the Leavitt Street Church, ...

...J. M. LA RACH WILL PREACH ...evening in the church at Park Ridge.

...E. P. GOODWIN WILL PREACH ...evening in the First Church, corner of ... and Ann-sts.

...ARTHUR LITTLE WILL PREACH ...evening in the New England Church, ...rborn-av. and Walton-place.

...E. STRONG WILL PREACH IN ...t Market Hall, Pullman.

PRESBYTERIAN.

...H. M. COLLISON PREACHES MORN... ...ing in the Fullerton Avenue Church, ...ark-st. Morning subject: "Ireland and ...

...DR. FRAZER, OF BROOKLYN, WILL ... Sixth Church morning and evening.

...MR. MCPHERSON, OF ORANGE, N. J., ...ning and evening in the Fourth Church.

...JOHN HALL, D. D., OF NEW YORK, ...ach morning and evening in the Second ...

...W. T. MELOY WILL PREACH MORN... ...ing in the First United Church, corner ...Paulina-sts. Morning subject: "Drunk...

...M. MORTON WILL PREACH THIS ...o Railroad Chapel, on State, near Four... ...subject: "Doubting Thomas."

...JOSEPH S. SUTHERLAND, OF JACK... ...ll preach morning and evening at the ...ch, corner Washington and Robey-sts.

...A. E. FORSTTER WILL PREACH ...Church, corner of Ashland and Ogden... ...g sermon, the second in the course on ... subject: "Hallowed Be Thy Name."

...W. J. H. WALKER WILL PREACH ...pbell Park Church, Leavitt-st., south of ...orning subject: "Maternal Ministry."

...EV. T. JOHNSTON LAMONT WILL ...ching and evening in the Church, ...outh-st., between Throop and Loomis.

...EV. ARTHUR SWAZEY, D. D., WILL ...ning and evening in the Forty-first Street ...

...D. HARRIES WILL PREACH MORN... ...ing in the Welsh Church, corner of San... ...Carpenter.

...S. E. WISHARD WILL PREACH ...ad evening in the Fifth Church, corner ...ast and Thirtieth-sts.

...J. E. WRIGHT WILL PREACH ...d evening in the Jefferson Park Church, ...st Adams and Throop-sts.

...JOHN H. BARROWS WILL PREACH ...ing in the First Church, corner of Indiana... ...enty-first-st.

...DR. PAYNTER WILL PREACH ...d evening in the Scotch Church corner of ...Sangamon-sts.

CHRISTIAN.

...LEN WILL PREACH MORNING AND ...the South Side Church, Prairie-av. and ...

...W. JOHNSON WILL PREACH MORN... ...ing in the West Side Church on West... ...ar Van Buren-st.

...WILL BE A BURNING SERVICES AT THE ...ch, corner of Indiana-av. and Twenty...

...V. D. G. HOLMES WILL PREACH IN ...Church, corner of Oakley-av. and Jackson...

NEW JERUSALEM.

...W. F. PENDLETON WILL PREACH ...g in the Lincoln Park Chapel, opposit ...

...W. R. C. BOSTOCK WILL PREACH ...g in Union Park Temple, corner of ...ington-boulevard and Ogden-av.

...REV. P. MERCER WILL PREACH ...d evening at the Temple, Van Buren-st. ...sh-av.

INDEPENDENT.

...EV. DR. THOMAS WILL CONDUCT ...the People's Church, Hooley's Theatre, at ...orning.

...EV. DR. SWING WILL PREACH THIS ...Central Music-Hall, corner of State and ...ts.

SPIRITUALISTS.

...A. L. V. RICHMOND SPEAKS BEFORE ...ociety in Fairbank Hall at 7:30 p. m. sub... ..."Is Ireland Now?" by spirit of Daniel ... Bible interpretations by Mrs. Richmond ...s rooms, corner Wood and Walnut-sts.

...A AND OTHERS WILL GIVE TESTS ...at 15 South Halsted-st. at 3 p. m.

...OND SOCIETY HAS PERMANENTLY ...ed Hall, No. 55 Randolph-st. Miss Charles ... Australia, will speak in the evening on ...of Guiteau and Orthodoxy."

...ST SIDE MEDIUMS MEETING WILL ...Wade-st., near Madison, at ... Maud Lord will give tests.

...BELLA H. COLBY WILL LECTURE IN ...e, No. 151 West Madison-st., Mrs. O. K. ...ne singer, will take part in the services.

...UMS' MEETING WILL BE HELD AT ...t Madison-st. at 3:30 p. m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

...MEETING WILL BE HELD AT 361 ...st at 7:45 p. m.

...MEETING WILL BE HELD AT 230 ...st 3 and 7:45 p. m.

...M COOK WILL LEAD THE RAILWAY ...ing in the reading-room, corner Kinzie ...ets., at 3:30 p. m.

...V. ELIJAH STONE WILL PREACH IN ...of the Washingtonian Home at 2:30 p. m. ...L REUNION WILL BE HELD AT 213 ...noon-st. at 2:30 p. m.

...NTRAL MEETING OF FRIENDS WILL ... 10:30 a. m. in the Athenæum Building, ...st, near Randolph.

...V. A. SMITH WILL PREACH THIS ...the Advent Church, No. 91 South Green... ...Jarvis in the evening.

...MAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE ...ts daily Gospel meetings, Sunday excepted, ...Farwell Hall, at 3 o'clock p. m., entrance No. ...Franklin-st. and 1 to 5 Calhoun-place, between ...and Monroe. The leaders for the ensuing ...k be: Monday, Mrs. T. B. Carse; Tuesday, ...Mrs. Mellowell; Wednesday, Mrs. A. E. ...Thursday, Mrs. Alexander Cooper; Friday, ...Mrs. Smith; Saturday, Mrs. R. H. Leavens. ...ted. A special invitation is extended to ...men.

...MEETINGS WILL BE HELD BY THE ...s in the Mission, No. 129 Fourth-av. every ...during the week. The leaders will be: ...Palmer; Monday, the Rev. Isaac Wheeler; ...Mrs. Latimer; Wednesday, Jack Wat... ...hursday, Mr. Barnell; Friday, Miss Dwyer; ...the Rev. Mr. Covert.

...EV. S. M. DAVIS WILL ADDRESS THE ...Temperance League of Oak Park in the ...tional Church at 7:30 this evening.

...ENNEDY WILL CONDUCT A GOSPEL ... meeting in the church corner of Noble ...sts. at 4 p. m.

...ISCIPLES OF CHRIST MEET AT THE ...Noble and Superior-sts.

J. T. LESTER & CO.,

Commission,

25 & 27 Chamber of Commerce.

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STOCKS AND BONDS.

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Members of the New York Stock and Mining Exchanges and Chicago Stock Exchange.

Special telegraphic facilities. Orders for the purchase or sale of Stocks or Bonds promptly and carefully executed.

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Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers and others respectfully solicited. The banking business of Mr. J. M. Adsit, established in Chicago more than thirty years ago, has been transferred to this Bank.

EDWARD L. BREWSTER,

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Member New York Stock Exchange.
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Orders received for purchase or sale of Stocks and Bonds, for Cash or on Margin, in

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Exclusive Private Wire to New York.

THE UNION TRUST COMPANY,

Northeast Corner Madison and Dearborn-sts.

receives savings deposits and allows interest on same subject to the rules of the bank.

C. M. WILSON, Cashier.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate at current rates.

P. E. STANLEY,
Unity Building, 75 Dearborn-st.

$200,000.

An Eastern party wants to loan above amount on Chicago improved real estate in sums of $10,000 and upward. Will make special rates on applications for large amounts.

WM. T. JACOBS,
Basement Portland Block.

FRANCIS B. PEABODY & CO.,

MORTGAGE BANKERS.

Loans on City Real Estate at Current Rates.

Cor. Monroe and Dearborn-sts.

$25 to $25,000

Need judiciously in Grain Dealing yields large profits. For pamphlet and election-day reports write to W. T. SEARLE & Co., Brokers, 159 La Salle-st., Chicago.

INDIANA ELEVATOR.

CHICAGO, May 5, 1882.

Until further notice we offer to shippers of grain to this market or consignees in Chicago a commission of three-quarters (¾) of one cent per bushel on all grain consigned care of, and received into, the Indiana Elevator.

This Elevator, with a storage capacity of 1,500,000 bushels, first-class and complete in all its appointments, has been declared "REGULAR" by the Directors of the "Chicago Board of Trade," and is conveniently located upon the east bank of the Chicago River, between Nineteenth and Twentieth-sts., upon the tracks of the C. & W. I. R. R.

There will be no track-service charge for the use of the C. & W. I. tracks to and from this Elevator in making deliveries of grain and returning with empty cars, and all switching of such cars at the Elevator will be done by the C. & W. I. R. R. Company, thus preventing unnecessary delays to engines and cars doing business at that point.

D. L. SEYMOUR,
Manager.

A. M. WRIGHT & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

144 & 28 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago.

Receivers and Shippers.

GRAIN and PROVISIONS bought and sold for future delivery or carried on margins.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Loafers on the Lake-Front Park—Drive Them Off.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, May 20.—Cannot the PARK Commissioners afford (out of all the money that goes into their hands on this account) to keep an officer on the LAKE PARK FRONT to see that the seats are not monopolized most of the day and evening by a lot of miserable loafers as beds? No less than twelve benches were thus occupied by as many sleeping men this morning at 10:30.

A LADY.

The "Bee-Hive" Dividend.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, May 20.—In today's issue of your paper you answer the inquiry of a "Bee-Hive" depositor, and in the same issue will be found Judge Tuley's sensible advice to Receiver Ward acting for the Republic Life, when he says "to dispose of the assets of the Republic Life, save the expense of managing the estate, cut down expenses, and wind up the concern at the earliest date." Now the same advice would, it seems, hold good in the case of the "Bee Hive." For the past two years we have repeatedly been treated to Receiver Ward's promise of a forthcoming 20 per cent dividend. Now, however, he becomes more moderate in his views and says 15 per cent, presumably owing to the fact that he is keeping enough of the assets in abeyance for a year or more of his management. It is now five years since he assumed the receivership, and he would greatly oblige the unfortunate depositors who have not become tired of his "pure vexation and sweet procrastination" promises and parted with their claims to brokers by taking Judge Tuley's advice—it is excellent: "Dispose of the assets and wind up the concern at the earliest date."

ANOTHER DEPOSITOR.

Cruelty of Railway Transportation.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 18.—It is with profound satisfaction that I see a great paper like THE TRIBUNE take up the subject of cruelty to animals, particularly that part of it that has to do with the rail transportation of live stock.

For some years past with pain and sorrow I have seen the brutal methods in vogue, but could do nothing but curse the railway company and pass on. But now I am rejoiced to see the brute creation has an able defender. I pray that success may attend your efforts, and that you will arouse the public to a knowledge of the abominations practiced by the railroads and the cattle thieves.

After reading your article of today I must say "thank you." Keep on. The present transport arrangements I declare without fear of contradiction to be disgusting, brutal, and infamous.

An outraged public should "take up cudgels" in behalf of these outraged animals and insist that the present arrangements be summarily stopped.

I have before me a paper in which there is an article entitled "A Suggestion to Mr. Vanderbilt." In this article Mr. Vanderbilt is admonished to provide New York with a great library, and thus make his name more lasting than his riches.

While I would not dare lift my voice against so noble a suggestion, I will say this: that to build costly buildings and endow institutions for the purchase of books all for the moral elevation of the public, and still allow the frightful cruelties to be practiced that today are inflicted upon poor animals from the time they leave the Western range until they reach the Eastern slaughter-house would be a making a mockery of all literature and moral advancement. I beg leave to suggest that Mr. VANDERBILT and Mr. Gould be compelled by the strong arm of Uncle Sam to carry out their stewardship as decency, humanity, and the public health demand that they should in this manner. To both of the defenseless to any unnecessary pain is the hight of cowardice, and I am inclined to think there is a lively hell in store for all such, but that does not help the animals now—that we must adjust.

CHARLES PLUMB.

A Public Gaming Establishment Needed.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.

CHICAGO, May 20.—Public interest requires that additional facilities for gambling should be furnished to the residents, temporary or permanent, of Chicago. The Boards of Trade, either open or corporate, the bucket shops, and newly-organized Stock Exchange, are all very well in their way, but the returns are too slow, and the operators are compelled to rely too much upon the fidelity and discretion of intermediaries or agents. And further, the city, as a municipal corporation, does not derive from the speculators, operators, or gamblers that revenue which it ought to receive, and of which it stands in so much need. Now if the city would itself erect upon the old water reservoir lot, now occupied by the city offices, a magnificent building of four stories in hight, with wide galleries surrounding a court covered by a glass roof, under strict police surveillance, in which spaces according to the wants of the tenants could be let to keepers of faro, roulet, hazard, and other games of chance, an immense income could be derived therefrom. In addition to the direct rent paid, the effect upon the character of Chicago as a summer resort would be of the most beneficial nature. It is true the law of the State is in the way of this enterprise, but if the people of the city choose that a law affecting their daily habits should not be enforced, experience has shown that it may safely be disregarded. For many years the statute forbade billiards, cards, and other amusements under severe penalties which were never enforced. There would also be the sentiment of taxation to resist or overcome. But if the practical business sense of the community favored the scheme, that sentiment would be as powerless as the recent denunciations of theatres have proved futile. The peace and safety of society would be greatly promoted if my proposition should be carried into effect. No minors or drunken men would be permitted upon the premises. No cashier, treasurer, or other person in a position to handle the money of other people would risk his standing by being seen at any of the tables. Every lessee would aid the police to suppress all secret gambling, as having a tendency to withdraw customers from the public games. An unsightly part of the city would become one of its ornaments, and an object of curiosity and interest to citizens and strangers.

Neither my leisure nor the space you would be willing to accord me in your columns will permit me to pursue the subject, and I can only hope that some of the many associations having the welfare of Chicago at heart will be induced to give to this matter the consideration which its importance demands.

REFORM.

THE MEETING.

For The Chicago Tribune.

Lo! he stands within the portal,
With the kindly smile of yore
Turned upon the well-loved figure
Entering at the open door.
O to see that blessed greeting,
And to know that kindling joy,
As he stands in Heaven's portal
With a welcome for his boy!

Aye, though years that surged between them
Made their changes deep and true,
Manhood's form cannot deceive him—
"Tis the noble youth he knew.
So, with hand-clasp and with heart-clasp,
His the bliss without alloy,
As he draws within the portals,
There to rest, his own dear boy!

Thus into the gladsome dawning,
Out of Earth-cares into rest,
Out of shadows into sunlight,
Two great hearts are blest.

A. M. IRENE.

Good health, rosy cheeks, and beautiful skin ladies can get by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

BUSINESS.

Stocks Opened Strong and Active, but Soon Grew Dull.

Decrease in the Bank Reserve on Account of Specie Shipments.

The Produce Markets More Active and Irregular—Pork and Meats Still Booming.

Wheat Strong After an Early Decline—Corn Weak—Lard Tame.

FINANCIAL.

Stocks opened active and strong, with spurts of the good old kind in St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville, and Jersey Central. The bears were reported to be covering. But the "new era of activity" did not last all day, and the market soon became as dull and lifeless as ever. One of the reports of the day was that Michigan Central was about to increase its capital stock as an equivalent for sinking fund accumulations, and that the new stock would be issued at 25. The bank statement showed a large decrease in reserve on account of the gold shipments. A noteworthy feature of the bank statements made recently is that legal-tenders are increasing, while the gold is decreasing. A comparison of the figures suggests that the country banks are holding back their gold and shipping greenbacks to New York. When gold was pouring into the country nobody wanted it, and people were offended if it was offered them by the banks. Now that gold is going out there is more of a disposition to hoard it.

No gold shipments were reported yesterday.

The bill for funding the Tennessee State debt at 60, with interest at 3, 4, 5, and 6 per cent, passed the House on the third reading by a vote of 42 yeas to 29 nays.

Room traders in St. Paul stock continue bearish, and a good many operators on that side in the general market frankly say that they see no money at present in short sales, because there are few long stocks coming out for sale. This party feel that the market ought to break, but it doesn't. The brokers say that there is still a good demand for stocks to loan, and money is certainly a drug.

Mr. Gould is quoted as telling his friends that he is buying some good stocks and bonds, and that he is positively selling nothing. Some believe this statement and some do not.

There is no trouble between the Lackawanna and Delaware & Hudson Canal Company, as has been rumored, and Mr. Dickson gives the statements of trouble a flat denial.

Russell Sage tells his friends that he is generally bullish on the market except New Jersey Central, which he thinks is going very low. The bears in the latter claim to have an intimation from a reliable source that the Chancellor's decision denying the application for an election may be announced on Monday. Positive information is claimed for the statement that there will be no stock dividend declared by the Northwestern Company, but the cash dividends on both kinds of stock will probably be increased to 7 and 8 per cent. No stock division could be legally made without the passage of a special act.

The subscribers to the American Cable Construction Company after June 5 receive for every $100 paid in two shares of American Telegraph & Cable Company's stock paying 5 per cent and guaranteed by the Western Union.

It is rumored in New York financial circles that Vanderbilt is endeavoring to lease the Great Western Road of Canada, and a part of his business in England is to prevent the control of this valuable link by the Grand Trunk Company. The Trunk Lines High Joint Committee will meet in New York May 24 for the purpose of perfecting the pooling arrangement for a division of the gross passenger earnings between Western roads west of the western termini of the Eastern trunk lines and east of Chicago and north of the Ohio River.

Some outside quotations were: Oregon Improvement bonds, 90@93½; Oregon Improvement stock, 70@70½; Oregon & Transcontinental, 73@73½; American Cable, 29@30 premium; North River, 89½@92; Mutual Union bonds, 76@77; Mutual Union stock, 22@23; Tennessee bonds, 59@—.

According to the *World* the foreign bankers, who are naturally well posted as to the feeling abroad regarding American investments, have this week made efforts to purchase bonds and stocks of completed roads, and we hear of an instance where a large premium was bid and no offers of an important amount of bonds for London account. This demand is steadily developing, and, although it has attracted but little attention as yet, is nevertheless exerting an influence upon the rates of sterling.

The New York *Herald* is very bearish. It says that with the facts staring us in the face that the high prices of labor and material have put a full stop to many important undertakings; that the great railroad lines are threatening to get at loggerheads again and must necessarily report a decrease in earnings, up to the fall at least; and that the general business of the country is unprofitable, we are reluctantly forced to believe that the couleur-de-rose views expressed by many people as to the present condition of the country's prosperity are not warranted by the facts. Certainly the Stock Exchange does not show much confidence in the situation, or something better would be afforded to the speculative broker than the dull and drooping market which each day brings forth.

The following shows the fluctuations of the active stocks:

Stocks.	Highest price of 1881.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Alton	156	126¾	128¾	126¾	128¾
C., R. I. & P.	139½	130¾	132¾	130¾	132¾
Central Pacific	103½	100¾	101	100¾	100¾
Ches. & Ohio	22¾	21	21¾	21	21¾
Del. & Hudson	124	120¾	120¾	120¾	120¾
Del., Lack. & W.	151	130¾	131¼	130¾	130¾
Denver & Rio G.	113¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾
East Tenn. & Ga.		11	11	11	11
Erie	45¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Hannibal & St. Jo.	40	34	34	34	34
Do pref.	75¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾
Illinois Central	132½	130¾	130¾	130¾	130¾
L. S. & M. S.	47	47	47	47	47
Illinois Central	146¾	130¾	130¾	130¾	130¾
Kansas & Texas	40¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
Lake Shore	132¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
Louisville & Nash.	110¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
Michigan Central	114¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
Missouri Pacific	114¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
New Jersey Cent.	159	123¾	127¾	123¾	127¾
N. Y. C. & St. L.		11¾	12¾	11¾	12¾
Do 2d pref.		27¾	28¾	27¾	28¾
Norfolk & W.	51	51	51¾	51	51¾
Northern Pacific	51	41	41¾	41	41¾
Do pref.	86¾	79	79¾	79	79¾
Northwestern	136	130	130	130	130
Do pref.	147¾	142¾	142¾	142¾	142¾
Ohio Central	27¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Ohio & Miss.	60	33	33	33	33
Omaha	97	87¾	89¾	87¾	89¾
Do pref.	130¾	101	101¾	101	101
Ontario & Western	43¾	34¾	35¾	34¾	35¾
Oregon	100	93	93	93	93
Oregon Trans.		73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
Pacific Mail		44	44	43¾	43¾
Reading	74¾	57¾	57¾	57¾	57¾
Richmond & Danv.	121	99	99	99	99
Rock Island	145¾	125¾	126	125¾	126
St. L. & San F. pref.	80	75	75	75	75
St. Paul	135¾	110¾	111¾	110¾	111¾
St. P., M. & M.	152¾	124¾	129	124¾	128
Texas & Pacific		30¾	31	30¾	30¾
Union Pacific	139¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
W., St. L. & P.	62	39¾	40¾	39¾	39¾
Do pref.	90	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Western Union	107	98	98¾	98	98¾

Foreign exchange was quiet but strong. Sterling posted rates were 488 to 490½, actual 487¼ and 490, and documentary rates 485@485½.

Chicago bank clearings were $6,300,000. New York exchange was quoted between banks at 50 @60c per $1,000 premium. Loans were fairly active at 5@7 per cent.

Chicago bank clearings for the week are reported as follows by Manager W. S. Smith, of the Chicago Clearing-House:

Date.	Clearings.	Balances.
Monday	$ 6,330,119	$ 613,467
Tuesday	6,135,471	915,276
Wednesday	6,615,961	784,775
Thursday	6,356,450	751,294
Friday	6,335,436	698,417
Saturday	6,330,171	839,465
Total	$39,173,730	$4,443,720
Corresponding week last year	34,855,553	2,640,140

The business of the Chicago Stock Exchange during the first week of its existence has been as large proportionately, considering all the circumstances, as that done by the New York or Boston Exchanges. Dealers in securities here report that the country demand for securities has perceptibly increased since the opening of the exchange afforded the facilities of a regular market. A good start has been made, and the rest must be left to time and the natural growth of the Western demand for securities. No one who is conversant with the facts of the past and present development of the wealth of the West can doubt that Chicago is destined to become a financial centre of the first importance. Its development in this direction during the past two or three years has been wonderful. This is evidenced by the growth of the trade here in railroad bonds, local securities, and Government. And its future development will be even greater.

The sales of the Chicago Stock Exchange were:

FIRST CALL.

Chicago City 4s, 200, 105; Chicago City Railway, 4½s, 1,000, 100¾, 5,000, 100¾, 1,000, 100¼; North Chicago City Railway 6s, 2,000, 112, 2,000, 112; Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, 25, 37½; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Iowa Division 4s, 1,000, 86½; Chicago & Northwestern sinking fund 5s, 5,000, 99¾, 3,000, 99¼, 1,000, 99¼, 2,000, 99¾, 1,000, 99½, 1,000, 99¼; West Division Railway 6s, 2,500, 107¾.

SECOND CALL.

Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, 25, 37¾; Chicago Burlington & Quincy, Iowa Division 4s, 1,000, 86¾, 1,000, 86¾; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Iowa & Dubuque Extension 7s, 1,000, 118½; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Dubuque Division 6s, 1,000, 103¾, 1,000, 103¾; Chicago & Northwestern sinking fund 5s, 1,000, 99¾, 1,000, 99½; Cook County 7s, 1893, 1,000, 120½; North Chicago City Railway 6s, 2,000, 112.

The following quotations were made:

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
4s coupon	120¾	...
4s reg	120¾	...
4½s coupon	114¾	...
4½s reg	114¾	...
5s extended 3s	101¾	...
5s extended 3s	101¾	...
Dist. Columbia, 3.65s coupon	110¾	...
Dist. Columbia, 3.65s reg	110¾	...

LOCAL STOCKS.

Calumet & C. Can. & Dock Co., com	35	40
Calumet & C. Can. & Dock Co., pref	80½	90
Chamber of Commerce	170½	...
Chicago City Railway	220	240
Chicago Gaslight & Coke Co	167½	173
North Chicago City Railway	203	210
Pullman Palace Car Co	122½	123
Traders' Insurance Co	128	130
Union Iron & Steel Co	110	115
West Div. City Railway	202½	...

BANK STOCKS.

Chicago National Bank	107	...
Commercial National Bank	183½	...
First National Bank	152½	...
Fifth National Bank	135	...
Hide & Leather National Bank	103	...
Hibernian Banking Co	100	...
Illinois Trust & Savings Bank	110	...
Merchants' National Bank	225	...
Merchants' Loan & Trust Co	192	200
National Bank of Illinois	192½	...

MINING STOCKS.

Columbia Iron Co	5.25	6.05

LOCAL BONDS.

Chicago City 7s	1884	105
Chicago City 7s	1885	107
Chicago City 7s	1886	112
Chicago City 7s	1887	114
Chicago City 7s	1888	117
Chicago City 7s	1889	119½
Chicago City 7s	1890	122½
Chicago City 7s	1891	125½
Chicago City 7s	1892	127
Chicago City 7s	1893	129
Chicago City 7s	1894	131
Chicago City 7s	1895	133
Chicago City 7s	1896	135
Chicago City 6½s	1887	114
Chicago City 6s	1888	116
Chicago City 6s	1889	118
Chicago City 6s	1890	120
Chicago City 6s	1896	126
Chicago City 6½s	1898	130½
Chicago City 6s	1900	126
Chicago City Railway 6½s		103½
Cook County 7s	1885	107½
Cook County 7s	1890	113½
Cook County 7s	1895	120
Cook County 6½s	1895	117
North Chicago City Railway 6s		112
South Park 7s		119½
West Div. Railway coupon 7s	1900	107½
West Div. Railway reg. 6s	1900	107½
West Park 7s	1913	114
West Town 8s	1899	105

RAILWAY SHARES.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	85	...
Chicago & Alton	131	...
Chicago & Northwestern	130¾	130¾
Chicago & Northwestern, pfd	150¾	150¾
Chicago, St. Paul, M. & Omaha	37¾	...
Chicago, St. Paul, M. & Omaha, pfd	103½	104
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	131¾	131¾
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	110¾	111
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga	10¾	...
Illinois Central	130¾	130¾
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	11¾	12
New York, Chicago & St. Louis, pfd	28	29
Northern Pacific	41¾	41¾
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	22	...

RAILWAY BONDS.

Chicago & Alton first mortgage 7s	1893	130¾
Chicago & Alton income 7s	1903	101¾
Chicago & Alton sinking fund 6s	1903	111
Chicago & Miss. Riv. Bridge 6s	1912	105¾
C., B. & Q. first mortgage 8s	1883	103
C., B. & Q. consol. mortgage 7s	1903	130
C., B. & Q., Iowa Division 5s	1919	103¾
C., B. & Q., Iowa Division 6s	1919	109
C., B. & Q. Denver Extension 6s	1922	94
C., B. & Q., S. & M. in Neb. 6s	1918	98½
Chicago, M. & St. P., I. & D. Ex. 7s	1908	118½
C., M. & St. P., H. & D. 7s	1902	115
C., M. & St. P., C. & P. 7s	1903	115
C., M. & St. P., South Minn. 6s	1910	104½
C., M. & St. P., Dubuque 6s	1920	109¾
C., M. & St. P., Wis. Valley 7s	1909	104
C., M. & St. P., Min. Point 6s	1910	91¾
C., M. & St. P., C. Fac. & W. 6s	1920	91¾
C., M. & St. P., coupon gold 6s	1903	73
C. & N. W. sinking fund 6s	1929	108
C. & N. W. sinking fund 5s	1929	101
Jacksonville & Southeastern 7s	1900	97¾
N. Y., Lake Erie & Western 2d 6s	1969	96
Northern Pacific land-grant 6s	1925	92
Omaha (Neb.) & Santa Fe 8s		104
Wab., St. L. & Pac., Chi. Div. 5s	1910	81¾
Wab., St. L. & Pac., Gen. M. 6s	1920	81¾

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.

Minnesota State 6s		109½
Mutual Union Telegraph Co. 6s	1911	76½
Tennessee State 6s, new		59
Tennessee State 6s, mixed		59

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Governments were firm. Railroad securities were dull, and generally higher.

State bonds were inactive.

The stock market was extremely dull, there having been intervals of several minutes when not a single transaction over the counter was on the telegraph tape. The highest prices were made on the afternoon. The result for the day is a slight gain in the list, and considerable advance in many of the specialties.

Transactions, 125,000:

Lackawanna	9,000	New York Central	4,000
Denver	4,000	Northern Pacific	12,000
Erie	2,000	Northern Pacific, pfd	4,000
Kansas & Texas	20,000	Pacific Mail	1,200
Lake Shore	5,000	St.

RELIGIOUS.

The Moslems Looking for the Heavenly Messenger of Reform.

Dr. Haygood Declines a Bishop's Seat in the Southern Methodist Church.

General Notes at Home and Abroad—Personal Mention—Sunday Salad.

"LOOKING."

Looking to Jesus, looking to Jesus; *Isd., xlv., 22.*
Finding in Him satisfaction below, *Psa., cvii., 9.*
Trusting Him ever, saved now forever, *Isa., xxvi., 4.*
Cleansed by the blood He shed long, long ago. *I. John, i., 7.*

Looking to Jesus, looking to Jesus, *Heb., xii., 1, 2.*
Trusting Him only, as onward I go. *Psa., cxvii., 8.*
Onward to glory, telling the story *Acts., xx., 24.*
Of love, so dearly proved, long, long ago. *Gal., ii., 20.*

Looking to Jesus, only to Jesus, *Micah, vii., 7.*
As, from my lips, the glad tidings may flow *John, iii., 16.*
Knowing that blessing follows confessing. *Luke, xii., 8.*
His precious name, given long, long ago. *Phil., ii., 9-11.*

Looking to Jesus, following Jesus *John, x., 4.*
By the still waters, where green pastures grow. *Psa., xxiii., 2.*
None ill betides me while He still guides me, *I. Peter, iii., 13.*
As He engaged to do, long, long ago. *Psa., xxxii., 8.*

Looking for Jesus, looking for Jesus, *Phil. iii., 13.*
Once the rejected, once suff'ring below; *Isa., liii., 3.*
Now to the glory He's gone before me— *I. Tim., iii., 16.*
Gone to prepare a place, long, long ago. *John, xiv., 2.*

Looking for Jesus, waiting for Jesus— *I. Thess., i., 10.*
Soon He will come again, this I do know; *Heb., x., 37.*
Looking and waiting to see the clouds breaking, *I. Thess., iv., 15-18.*
And His return, promised long, long ago. *John, xiv., 3.*

Looking for Jesus, looking for Jesus, *Rev., xxii., 20.*
Oh! how this hope sets my poor heart a-glow! *Titus, ii., 13-24.*
For He will take me, change me, and make me *I. Cor., xv., 51-58.*
E'en like Himself, as He said, long ago. *I. John, iii., 2.*

Looking at Jesus, only at Jesus, *Isa., xxxiii., 17.*
As at His feet in the glory I bow, *Rev., v., 8.*
And, for salvation, yield adoration—*Rev., v., 9.*
Singing His praise for His love, long ago. *Rev., i., 5, 6.*
T. D. W. M.

SOUTHERN METHODISM.

DR. HAYGOOD DECLINES THE HONOR OF AN EPISCOPATE.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 18.—Yesterday the conference was startled by a letter from Dr. A. G. Haygood, declining the office of Bishop to which he had been elected on Tuesday. In 1820 Bishop Soulé, in consequence of some action of the General Conference which he disapproved, declined the Bishopric, but four years after, being re-elected, and the offensive legislation having been rescinded, he accepted. Bishop Hamline, after honorable service in the Episcopal office, resigned the office and retired to private life. Dr. Wilbur Fisk also declined the Episcopacy after election. Dr. Haygood regarded his obligations to Emory College, of which he is President, as of so binding a nature that he could not conscientiously accept, but his position is a more enviable one than if he had deserted the growing fortunes of that institution. Recently George I. Seney, President of the Metropolitan Bank, New York City, donated $100,000 to Emory, and it has started upon an onward career which no one can so successfully conduct as Dr. Haygood. On Thanksgiving Day, 1880, Dr. Haygood preached a sermon entitled "The New South," which was widely published in the North. It was a plea to let the dead past bury its dead, to accept the issues of the living present, and to read the horoscope of the eventful future. It was a powerful protest against Bourbonism and "a Solid South," crystallizing the prejudice and passion born by the War. The sermon was followed by a book styled "Our Brother in Black," which was an argument for the South to undertake the education and elevation of the colored race. These features, coupled with the fact that Dr. Haygood was called to lecture in Boston and other New England cities, created the impression that he would be slaughtered if his friends attempted to make him Bishop of the Church South, but it turned out that conservatism and progress were dominant, and he was elected by a handsome majority, and the result, when announced, produced a thunder of protracted applause. It is now certain that whenever a Bishop is to be elected, Dr. Haygood will find all eyes and hearts turned toward him. The lament at his firm decision is general, for had he undertaken Episcopal work he would have been an exponent of Apostolic zeal and of nineteenth century progress. The conference declined to elect one to take his place, so the number of new Bishops consecrated this afternoon is four. Their ordination was witnessed by an immense congregation. Bishop Kavanaugh conducted the services and Bishop Paine presided. The conference today resolved to organize a Church Extension Board with a Secretary, which means an aggressive movement in all the territory of the West.

The Committee on Revisals has agreed to report in favor of dropping the suffix "South," it being generally regarded as an obstruction to the progress of the Church, associated as it is with politics, and having no longer a geographical signification since the Church has extended itself in so many States and Territories north of Mason and Dixon's line. Should this report be favorably acted upon it will bring joy to all who wish the obliteration of all partisan and sectional lines.

The Woman's Missionary Society met here today, Mrs. Juliana Hays, of Baltimore, presiding. Mrs. Clara B. Savage, of the M. E. Church Society, is here, and will deliver an address before her sisters of the South.

Dr. Hunt, of the Methodist Book Concern, New York, was introduced to the conference today, and received hearty fraternal greetings.

PAN-ISLAMISM.

MOSLEMS LOOKING FOR THE COMING OF THE MEHDI.

Correspondence New York Tribune.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 5.—Affairs in Egypt engross a large share of the popular attention, notwithstanding that the Government tries, by prohibiting the publication of telegrams from Egypt, to impress the people with the idea that all is quiet. The steady progress of the military power to the control is, however, beginning to take hold on the imagination of the people. Those who sigh for a revival of the splendors of Islam look for such a revival by the sword. They see in any assertion of military power by Moslems an omen of the dawn of the day that shall bring confusion to the whole infidel world and supremacy to Islam.

While the leaders of the Pan-Islamic movement here are pleased to use Arabi Bey and his rifles for the furtherance of their designs in Egypt, they do not altogether share the pleasure of the common people in the power which that one man is developing. The powers that be" remember Mehmed Ali of Egypt, and the narrow escape of the Ottoman Empire from destruction at his hands. It is said that they are already a little anxious as to the result of Arabi Bey's sudden spring into supreme power. A part of the anxiety felt in high quarters here arises from the fact that the common people, quick to recognize, are beginning to whisper how this strange, energetic man who has put the Cabinets of all Europe in commotion, must be a forerunner of the Mehdi. This idea implies a transfer by the people of sympathy, if not of allegiance, from the Caliph of Islam to the long-foretold renovator who is to bring to Islam what no Caliph has been able to give it—the power of unity. Hence the slight mingling of anxiety with the pleasure which is felt in high quarters at the successes of Arabi Bey of Egypt.

The Mehdi is a messenger from on high, who is expected to come in the last days, a little before the second coming of Christ. He is to reform Islamism, and beat down its enemies. He is thus to prepare the way for Jesus Christ, who, according to the Moslem belief, will then appear and will unite Moslems and true Christians into one vast body for the utter destruction of Antichrist. Any good Moslem will say that the Mehdi is to be a man who is to bear the same name as Mahomet, and who will appear either from the East or from the West. He is to come from one of the two cities, Iabulka or Iabulsa. In answer to inquiries as to the locality of these favored cities your good Moslem will take down a ponderous tome from his library, and will turn to the heading "Iabulka," to read the description: "Iabulka, a great city in the West. It has 2,000 gates and 2,000 gatekeepers." Then he will turn over a little further to read: "Iabulsa, a great city in the East. It has 2,000 gates and 2,000 gatekeepers." The Oriental mind is not given to scientific curiosity, and is thoroughly satisfied to build upon the ponderous tomes of the library faith in the existence of a suitable birthplace for so great a personage as the Mehdi.

The Persian branch of Islam, regarded as heretical by the Western Mohammedans, believes that the Mehdi has already come to earth and is somewhere secreted until the fullness of time shall arrive. The Persians hold that in the latter part of the ninth century the twelfth of the Imams of the line of Ali mysteriously disappeared. This Imam is the Mehdi, and is popularly called the Expected. In the Village of Samara, in Assyria, is a sacred shrine carefully guarded by Persian doctors of divinity. In the centre is a magnificent dome lavishly gilded upon the inside and ornamented with a profusion of precious stones. The inclosed space is lighted only by a skylight in the top of this dome. Directly under the dome is a deep well in which the lost Imam is supposed to have established himself. To this place come thousands of Persian pilgrims, who enter awe-stricken the golden hall of gold, and crawl on their knees to the edge of the well to see in the sparkle of the water below the dome the "glory" of the Mehdi who waits below. To this place also comes an occasional Moslem of the Western rite—some Turk or Kourd in disguise—who enters the sacred place solely to gratify his hatred of heretics by surreptitiously spitting into their well as he pretends to gaze into its depths.

Both of the great branches of Mohammedans unite in expecting the Mehdi very soon. The Moslem year 1299 ends in November. With the year 1300 great things are expected to occur. Every new century is set down in Moslem history as having brought some marked event with its early years, and the consensus of opinion fixes upon 1300 as a peculiarly important figure. Among the many combinations which make up the portfolios of those who divine events by means of numerals this one appears most fertile in portent. Thus the popular mind is ready to seize upon any token of the advent of the Expected One. None look for the Mehdi as a Mouleiddid or renovator, who is to effect his reform by peaceful exhortations. Others hold that he will be a Sahib i Khouroui, or one who abandons his allegiance to the ruling powers in order to initiate reform by the sword. The vast majority of Moslems look for this more violent method of reform. But each individual regards his neighbor as more worthy than himself to be a subject for the avenging sword that is to purge the lands of Islam from all contaminating influences of false disciples or of contumacious infidels. Therefore each man is eager for the long-expected appearance.

Before the accession of the present Sultan a certain Sheikh from Gumush-khane in Asia Minor had some considerable intimacy with his Majesty. After the accession this Sheikh made various suggestions as to the policy to be followed by his royal friend. The suggestions did not, however, meet with approval, and the Sheikh languished in obscurity. Casting about for means of advancing his fortunes, he found an opportunity in marriage with the discarded wife of a great Pahsa. By the assistance of this woman the Sheikh could assure his social position, and he accordingly set himself as the head of a band of dervishes. He gave out an odor of sanctity which attracted many admirers. We let it be understood that he could cure diseases by touch and by breathing; and he held séances for the purpose, which soon attracted troops of people. But he conceived the ingenious idea of working to its full value a field of operations among Turkish women which is not fully open to ordinary dervishes. He conquered the last restrictions of the harem system by making his wife a member of his order of dervishes, and by advancing her rapidly to as high a rank as he claimed for himself. From that day fortune smiled on the pair. The dervish in a room full of men, and the female dervish in a room full of women, exercised the miraculous gift of healing by blowing in the faces of the victims of disease. A single breath from either of the holy pair was worth a drug-store full of less ethereal remedies. Crowds flocked to the place. Great numbers hastened to join the order that they might secure places at the religious services held twice each week. After each service the plate was passed around, and sometimes the precious pair netted $200 or $300 at a single sitting. But this successful Sheikh has not been able to forget the neglect of his royal master. As his adherents increased in number the police observed that they increased in dark allusions to a need of renovation in the highest quarters. Some were heard to remark that a Government which makes a revenue out of a sale of the Koran is far from the path of rectitude. Others made bold to say that a monarch who receives from infidel Governments decorations—and decorations composed either of a cross or of the image of some bird (note the allusion to the eagle of Germany)—cannot be at heart a worthy Moslem. But the disciples of the Sheikh went further than this: they began to whisper that this great Sheikh of Gumush-khane is the identical Mehdi, who will soon throw off his disguise and his allegiance and rise in his might to strike for the glory of Islam. Then the Government thought it high time to interfere, and the luckless Sheikh and his wife have been arrested and are probably doomed to banishment.

But another and more important claimant for the dignity of the Mehdi exists in that dimly known region that lies on the borders of the great Sahara in Africa. In 1876, when the so-called Moslem revival swept over the whole East, this man, Mehdi by name, showed great activity in Morocco, and afterward went as a missionary through all the regions southward and eastward. He is a very learned doctor belonging to the Shazili order of dervishes. A work on theology of which he is the author is celebrated throughout Northern Africa, and is a text-book in the great Egyptian theological seminaries. This man has succeeded in gaining a very great influence among the Moslems of Kordofan, Darfour, Senaar, and through all the oases of the great desert. In that region, whence active missionary efforts have carried Islamism far into the interior of Africa, Islam seems to be thoroughly alive. Bon Amena and other leaders who have caused the French so much trouble in Tunis are among the disciples of this great Doctor. Men who come from the oases of the Sahara say that the whole of North Africa is in a ferment under the inspiration of this man. His fervid appeals renew the enthusiasm of the people, and the thought in every mind is that the time is at hand for the whole population to join in a grand campaign for the glory of God and the honor of the Prophet.

There is something pathetic in the expectancy of the millions of the Mohammedan world, conscious of their degredation, afraid to bestir themselves to produce reform, and straining every sense to catch the first token of the coming of that mighty one who shall lift them to the manliness that they crave. The African Mehdi does not call himself the great reformer of the latter days. He claims to be only an instructor of the people. But his followers begin to see in his power evidence that he is indeed the long-expected one. As for the people of Turkey, thousands of them have perfect faith that this man is truly the great Deliverer. They tell his deeds and his marvelous sayings over and over again; and they await with feverish impatience the time when the dark continent shall reveal her secret to an awe-stricken world. Much of the recent access of fanaticism among Moslems in Turkey, and perhaps the Pan-Islamic idea itself, may be traced directly to the influence of this African Arab. One of his disciples, the Shazili Sheikh Jafer, a plain, solemn man with no nousense about him, is a favorite companion of the Sultan.

If one may base any opinion upon the accounts given by the enthusiastic believers in this city, the African Mehdi is certainly a remarkable man. His influence upon pending questions in Egypt and Tunis may yet bring him into prominence before the world. But whatever the fate of the man himself, his important labors among the Arabs of North Africa have already given to popular feeling in all these regions an impulse which may have an important bearing upon the peace of Europe.

GENERAL NOTES.

A Mr. Bridge, a minister of the Reformed Episcopal persuasion at Farmersville, in the Diocese of Ontario, Can., has, with his congregation, applied to be received into the Episcopal Church, in which he proposes to become a minister.

Sectional issues seem to pervade religion as well as politics. The negotiations for the union of the United Presbyterian Church and the Associate Reform Synod of the South appear to have failed. The Southern men feared they might be taunted with "slavery," "rebellion," etc., by indiscreet Northern men.

A Young People's Foreign Missionary Convention will be held in Lake Forest June 3 and 4. Delegates are to be invited from all young people's missionary societies in Chicago Presbytery. The object is to increase interest in missions among the young and to learn the best methods of work. Prominent workers are expected to be present.

There is a Mormon society in Jonesport, Me., which owns a church edifice in partnership with the Congregationalists. They are of the Joseph Smith sect and discard polygamy, acknowledging the Bible, but as inferior in authority to the Book of Mormon. They are the survivors of the famous colony that went to Palestine and were brought back by the aid of our Government. The town has a population of 1,300, nearly one-half being Mormons.

The Moravian missionaries in Cashmere have again been foiled in their attempts to enter Ladak. They have been working and waiting patiently on the border of Thibet several years, hoping to get a footing in the country of the Lamas, but thus far without success. The Maharajah, in answer to their most recent petition, says Ladak is a border province and the Lamas objects to the presence of the missionaries. In a visit to Ladak, Mr. Hyde and his wife were well received by the people. Mrs. Hyde awakened great interest among the women, with whom she conversed in their own language. These missionaries have for several months been residing in Srinagar, the Capital of Cashmere. At Keylang, Missionary Redslob is translating the Gospel of Luke into the Thibetan.

A Paris correspondent of the London *Times* in a recent letter said that the French Bishops, one after another, are advising conditional submission to the new Education act. Cardinal de Bonnechose, Archbishop of Rouen, enjoins parents to watch over the instruction given, to apprise the teachers that they wish their children to be Christians, and to examine the books. When satisfied that the teaching does not clash with that of the Church they may send their children to the parish school. If the teaching is irreligious they should, if possible, send them to a Catholic school, at the same time making a complaint against the teacher to the proper authority. If these fail to re-establish, they should keep their children at home until the offending teacher is superseded. Monastic teachers should continue to read a prayer at the beginning and end of lessons, to teach the catechism out of school hours, and to escort the children to church. Such moderate counsels give great offense to the reactionaries.

PASTEUR ON THE INFINIT.

The speech of Pasteur on taking his place in the French Academy has created a sensation in Europe. He has been more than any man of the age, except Darwin, the champion of scientific methods and the representative of scientific thought; and it was thought that he would mark the great occasion of his reception to the chair that Littré had occupied by the usual protest of the scientist against supernaturalism. But he seized the opportunity to give expressive utterance to his own sense of the incompleteness of human knowledge. In speaking of the Infinit he said: "What is there beyond this starry vault? More starry skies. Well, and beyond that? The human mind, driven by invincible force, will never cease asking, What is there beyond? . . . It is useless to answer. Beyond are unlimited spaces, times, and magnitudes. Nobody understands these words. He who proclaims the existence of an infinit—and nobody can evade it—asserts more of the supernatural in that affirmation than exists in all the miracles of all religions; for the notion of the infinit has the two-fold character of being irresistible and incomprehensible. When this notion seizes on the mind there is nothing left but to bend the knee. In that ancestress of all the springs of intellectual life threaten to snap, and one feels near being seized by the sublime madness of Pascal. The idea of God is a form of the idea of the infinit. As long as the mystery of the infinit weighs on the human mind temples will be raised to the worship of God, whether the God be called Brahma, Allah, Jehovah, or Jesus."

CURIOUS BIBLICAL TRANSLATIONS.

In 1768 Edward Harwood, of London, attempted "to translate the sacred writings with the same freedom, spirit, and elegance with which other translations from the Greek classics have lately been executed." Here are specimens of his work:

Matthew, xxi., 33: "Attend to the recital of another parable. A gentleman laid out a large plot of ground; planted it with vines; drew a strong fence around it; established a large apparatus for preparing the juice, and erected a tower for its defense."

Mark, v., 39-40: "When He came into the room He said to them, 'Why do you indulge all these excesses of sorrow and mourning? The young lady is not dead; she is only sunk into a profound sleep.' For these words the mourners could not forbear expressing by their looks the contemptible opinion they had of Him as a prophet."

Mark, x., 17: "Good instructor, condescend to acquaint me what course of practice I must pursue in order to attain future felicity."

Luke, xix., 19: "I will then say to my soul, Happy soul! Distinguished is thy felicity! Come indulge thy soft envied repose; feast on the most delicious viands; taste the most exquisite liquors, and traverse a circle of every amusement and joy."

Bad as was Mr. Harwood, he was, if possible, surpassed in folly by the American, Rudolphus Dickenson, who published a version of the New Testament in 1833, with his own portrait on steel as a frontispiece. He deemed the old-fashioned version inadequate to refined taste, and attempted to supply the deficiency. How he succeeded will be seen by the following quotations:

Luke, ii., 47: "And all who heard Him were in a transport of admiration at His intelligence and replies."

Luke, iv., 20-21: "And He proceeded to say to them, 'To-day this Scripture is fulfilled in your hearing, and the approbation of all was awarded Him, and they admired the elegance of the language that flowed from His lips."

Luke, viii., 1: "And it afterwards occurred that Jesus traveled through every city and village, proclaiming and elucidating the joyful intelligence of the Kingdom of God."

PERSONAL.

Dr. Phillips Brooks, of Boston, is about to take a trip to Europe, to be absent for a year.

The Rev. L. C. Barnes, of St. Paul, has accepted a call to the Fourth Avenue Baptist Church of Pittsburg.

The Rev. W. A. Bartlett, at one time pastor in Chicago, and now of Indianapolis, has accepted the call of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, Washington, as the successor of the Rev. Dr. Paxton. Among the regular attendants at that church during the past twenty years have been Abraham Lincoln, ex-Vice President Wheeler, ex-Secretary Blaine, the late Prof. Joseph Henry, Associate Justices Strong, Matthews, Harlan, and Bradley, Secretary Frelinghuysen, and Senators Cameron, Frye, Harrison, and H. G. Davis.

SUNDAY SALAD.

Scene: A Chinese Sunday-school. Time: The end of the session. Pupil (who had been taught that day by a gentleman)—Me no likee teacher. Superintendent—Why not? Pupil—Me want old gal!

That was a wise little theologian on the Pacific Coast who voiced the bitter cry of humanity in her evening prayer the other night. After the "Now I lay me down to sleep" she added the petition, in most fervent tone, "and now, O God, *if you can*, please catch the devil and kill him."

Clergyman—"Jacob, what did Cain do with his brother Abel?"

Jabob—"He betrayed him."

Clergyman—"Wrong. Fritz, can you tell me?"

Fritz—"Cain slew his brother Abel."

Clergyman—"Well done."

A clergyman interrogating a Sunday-school class of boys said, "What is a miracle?" "Dunno," "Well, if the sun were to shine in the middle of the night what should you say it was?" "I should you say it was the moon." But if you were told that it was the sun, what should you say it was?" "A lie." "I don't tell lies, my boys. Now suppose I assured you it was the sun, what would you say?" "That yer wasn't quite sober."

The latest joke about King Kalakaua of the Sandwich Islands is that he cannot help being a good man. The reason assigned is that his ancestors ate so much missionary in their time that it worked into their systems and was transmitted to their descendants. Missionaries who are eaten are, after all, not wasted, it would appear.

Apropos of the insane desire for adventure which impels men to engage in the almost suicidal Arctic expeditions, the Hartford *Courant* tells this pat story: A gentleman conversing with a naval officer in that city relative to the sad fate of De Long and party remarked that he supposed officers would continue to volunteer for such foolhardy expeditions all the same. "Yes," said the naval officer, "call for volunteers to go to hell, and fifty will step to the front." "Perhaps some of them ought to go there," said the gentleman. "They are not the ones that would volunteer," quickly replied the naval officer.

CALENDAR FOR THE WEEK.

EPISCOPAL.

May 21—Sunday after Ascension.
May 26—Fast.

CATHOLIC.

May 21—Sunday in the Octave of the Ascension.
May 22—St. John Nepomucen, M.
May 23—St. Venantius, M. (from May 18).
May 24—B. V. M., Help of Christians.
May 25—Octave of the Ascension.
May 26—St. Philip Neri, C.
May 27—Vigil of Pentecost—Fast.

AN HABITUAL CRIMINAL.

His Extraordinary Autobiography.

Pall Mall Budget (London) May 5.

The following extraordinary autobiography is extracted taxtually from the voluminous statement made by Thomas Fury, alias Wright, alias Cort, after being found guilty at Durham Assizes last week of the willful murder of a woman of ill-fame named Maria Fitzsimmons, at Sunderland, in 1869. Sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude for robbery and attempted murder in Norwich in 1879, he voluntarily accused himself six weeks or so ago of the murder of the woman Fitzsimmons. He was put on his trial and found guilty. Fury manifested the keenest anxiety to be convicted, and received the sentence of death with the utmost satisfaction. His autobiographical statement is not only a psychological curiosity, but the grave charges which it contains against the police should not be allowed to remain without notice. Fury made the following statement, only part of which was read in court, the rest being given to the reporters:

"Although my past career, as both a thief and a liar, would not, under ordinary circumstances, entitle me to receive any credit in regard to my statements, yet, as I now stand before you for the last time as a dying —or rather a dead—man, I beg your attention to the few words I now address to you, not for my own benefit, but for your own. Every cause must have an effect, and every effect an antecedent cause, or series of causes. I stand before you now as the resultant of the forces of persuasion, example, and compulsion. And Maria Fitzsimmons, whom I murdered thirteen years ago, was another of those terrific results. The injustice of the laws in Ireland caused my relations to join Ribbonmen and leave their country; and then induced my mother to come to England to meet my father. Perhaps crime is hereditary in my case—another fact to strengthen Darwin's and Huxley's theories. I do not know, nor have I heard of, but one murderer on either side of our family that was not strongly addicted to drinking. My father was a drunkard; my mother was forced to become one—held down by her nearest relatives while they poured rum down her throat, until she promised to be sociable. As regards myself, I know I was raving drunk when I was 7 years old, and several times before I was 10 years of age. One of the reasons for giving myself up is to get rid of that craving for drink, for which, in my case at least, extinction is the only cure. I shall be quite reconciled to die a shameful and dishonorable death—in fact, feel happy—if by my fearful doom some, a few at least, may be turned by the fearful example I have become, to avoid that habit while they have yet strength to resist it. I was early initiated into this accursed habit, and it was more fully developed during four years spent among seamen, who seem to think that drink is the summum bonum of human life. At the end of that time my fate to have to spend more than four years in prison. Upon my discharge, and obtaining another ship, I determined not to drink. Upon the mate offering me my share of beer, I civilly declined it—receiving a storm of abuse in return, accompanied with an order to leave the ship before I did not like to drink. Thirty miles from home, without a penny in my pocket, what was I to do? I saw the good; the evil I had to follow. I drank the beer, was praised for being a man, and the result therefrom, as it human blood had been given to a tame tiger, was, that drink was all that I lived for; for this only did I work; for it I neglected my duty to myself, my mother, and my employers; for it I became again a thief by using money intrusted to me by my shipmates; for, by and through it I now stand before you as the murderer of a woman. It would be only a waste of time to detail all the other crimes I have been guilty of since February, 1869, while under the influence of drink—mostly crimes of violence. One of the effects of drink upon me is an irresistible desire to do injury, even though they may have given me no provocation. Once I threatened my mother with a knife, shame being the only cause of not executing the threat. I have been in prison more than thirteen years, extending over a period of eighteen years. During that time I have spoken to many hundreds of prisoners, and only met with one who had been an associate previous to his conviction. And if any of you have the slightest feeling of pity or commiseration for that poorunfortunate woman whom I killed in my stupid, mad, drunken fury, and for others, not only of her class, but of every other class, let me beg of you who call yourselves Englishmen to try, by will, word, act, and influence, to banish those habits, tastes, and customs which are the sources of so much misery, vice, and crime.

"Upon my return from China in 1863 I was reduced to a state of the most extreme poverty. I fell in with some habitual criminals, who, taking advantage of my necessities and inexperience, easily persuaded me to join them. With them I was concerned in several burglaries, each of which was marked out previously by a man in the employ of an officer in the police, commonly called a 'putter-up' and a 'nark.' This man induced me to bring part of the proceeds of one of the burglaries upon me into —— district. When the officer apprehended me by threats of imprisonment and promises of obtaining employment for me that I might live honestly, he induced me to entice my companions with their tools upon them into his district, where they were apprehended. He did not fulfill his promises to me, but gave me every inducement to draw other criminals into his district in order to profit by their crimes. I avoided them and tried to obtain work, but unsuccessfully, and at last took to burglary on my own account. Being at last detected and sentenced to penal servitude, when my time was expired, to avoid the police I again went to sea, and thus I was led to Sunderland to meet and murder Maria Fitzsimmons.

"The condemned man here entered into great detail in describing the brutal treatment to which he alleged he was subjected by the medical officers at Chatham and Pentonville prisons. While suffering from intense pain and sickness, he was compelled to work, deprived of necessary treatment, and generally subjected to slow but intolerable torture.]

"When I reflect upon the brutal, inhuman treatment experienced by prisoners every day, I can well understand the truth of Sir Will Hamilton's dictum, that 'medicine is a science founded upon conjecture and improved by murder'; and he might have added, if he had any knowledge of prison life, 'cold-blooded and systematic murder.' Being from my childhood inured to hardship and suffering, also an habitual criminal, I expect no sympathy to be shown to me; but should others continue to be brutalized, inhumanized, demoralized, and devilized?

They are slaves who fear to speak
For the helpless and the weak.

But by their silence the prison-officials encourage the warders to brutalize, inhumanize, demoralize, and devilize us, and fill our minds with an almost fierce hatred of our kind; as well as causing us to worship the slaves' trinity—revenge, undying hate, and perseverance in evil. Surely they will not justify these enormities as a necessary part of that necessary evil, the convict system. Who can see any judgment or discretion in the punishments which produce such effects as Charles Peace, Jean Lhie, and myself, and others of a like stamp? It was the unnecessary punishment and indignities inflicted upon me in my first sentence of penal servitude that caused me to resolve that, if ever I saw myself in danger of penal servitude again, I would go in for a hanging rather than do it. How I have kept that resolve my career since then proves without any comments from me. I asked myself the question, Why should I live any longer when I am almost a burden to myself? If I lived out this sentence, I should be useless both in body and mind, having no ties in the world to make me desire to live for them. If there was a design in creation, I must have been designed for an example: to submit to that design seemed the only virtue I had any capacity for. By submitting I could be of service to those as badly off, or worse, than myself, by drawing the attention of those calling themselves Christians to the miseries, degradation, and unnecessary sufferings endured by them from causes beyond their own control; and, if I took the opportunity of giving the demon Intemperance a fillip as I passed out of the world, I might perhaps be the means of causing a few, at least, to avoid coming to what is worse than a living death. Such are a few only of the reasons which induced me to come here. Though already condemned, I declare solemnly they are true. No less weighty reasons, except a tender conscience, which I can't complain of, their system having cured me of that also, would cause any man in his senses to do thus, as a cure for his maladies, physical and mental. 'Sad cure, to be no more; for who would lose, tho' full of pain, his intellectual being,' if a desperate disease did not require a desperate remedy? What must be, will be. Everything occurs by eternal necessity."

LOCAL GEOGRAPHY.

Biler Avenue, the Levee, Cheyenne, Little Hell, Etc.

There are certain geographical names current in this city familiar to all readers of Chicago newspapers. Among these are "Cheyenne," "Bridgeport," the "Levee," etc. Yet, often as these names are used, it would puzzle most Chicagoans outside of the great army of policemen, reporters, and backmen to bound the districts to which these names apply. Some of these designations have been in vogue for many years, and yet it is probable that ninety-nine out of a hundred Chicagoans, if asked where "Biler avenue" was by an inquiring stranger, would be unable to give an intelligent answer. Names of this character, the happy thought often of some policeman, sometimes of a newspaper writer, come and go. The names which described the districts of other days have passed away as the sections which they described were improved into decency. At one time "The Sands" was the notorious section of Chicago. Everybody knew what was meant when that term was used. Few know now that the territory to which it related was nothing but a little strip at the eastern end of Michigan street, near where the Peshtigo lumber-yards now are, where nine or ten frame houses, the most pretentious two stories high, embraced the bowling crime and wickedness of young Chicago. But "The Sands" have disappeared, and with them other designations of former days. One of the most frequent of these was "The Patch." There was much more vacant prairie then to be squatted on, property owned by non-residents, producing nothing, and which lay open for the shanty of the first comer. One of these patches over on the West Side was known as "Kiligrubbin." On the North side of the river were "Kansas" and "Nebraska"—names bearing witness to the date when they were given. About the only surviving patch now is the Italian settlement on Indiana avenue, near Fourteenth.

The frequent names of today are the ones given below. There is

"BILER AVENUE,"

for instance, which is an illustration of the uselessness of reforming a street by changing its name. This interesting avenue begins at Van Buren street, just east of the Rock Island depot, and runs south a few blocks. It used to be known as Griswold street, and a very bad and disreputable one it was, too. In order to improve it and tone up its women, its name was changed to Pacific avenue; but by that designation it was known for only a short time. Somebody noticing that the residents of the street, instead of being women without husbands, got "biling drunk," and were in a state of constant riot and effervescence, gave it the name of "Biler avenue," which it has held for a few years. It will probably continue to hold until such time as the reforming influences of the new Board of Trade building have purified the atmosphere down there.

Prior to 1869 there could be found no Cheyenne in Chicago, for there was no Cheyenne anywhere. That Western town, in its early years, had the rough reputation which attaches to nearly all frontier settlements, and for that reason the name was given to that section of the South Side stretching along both sides of Clark street from Van Buren south to Twelfth, and including a large portion of the territory east of Clark street. Cheyenne is unsafe for a man to go at night with any money on him, and where it is unsafe for a person to go in the daytime if he wishes to avoid solicitation first, and insult afterward.

THE "LEVEE,"

which takes in a stretch of State street from Van Buren south to Twelfth, is a name borrowed from New Orleans or some other Mississippi River city. Pretty much all residents of the South Side have occasion to cross that part of State street after sunset, and are familiar to a certain extent with its peculiar characteristics—its loose women, its disreputable saloons, its bad theatres, and its Italian ice-cream shops. Just what similarity there is between such a thoroughfare and a levee, with its cotton bales, molasses hogsheads, steamboats, and roustabouts, any person with of imaginative turn of mind can see for himself.

Another word which is used with a broad and general meaning is

"BRIDGEPORT."

Originally, Bridgeport Addition to Chicago meant the mile square lying between Twenty-second and Thirty-first streets, Halsted and Ashland avenue. It was laid out at the time of the starting of the canal. Then it was a remote settlement near the locks, reached by a laborious journey over the prairie. Now Bridgeport has become a generic term for smells, for riots, bad whisky, and poor cigars. People speak of "Bridgeport stinks" at a time when there is hardly a rendering-house left in what was Bridgeport. Even of "Bridgeport riots," when, after all, the more disorderly section lies a mile south of there, near the Stock-Yards.

Another fond and endearing name is "Little Hell." This is a modern term, meant to designate the affectionate and tender habits of the inhabitants of some particular little district. There was a few years ago one "Little Hell" over on the North Side, on Chicago avenue, near Crosby and Larrabee. Of late years, however, the Devil has left that part of the country, and is now, according to the police, quartered in a West Side "Little Hell," to wit: on Williams treet, between Aberdeen and Centre avenue.

LET THEM ALONE.

These more notorious districts, such as "Biler avenue" and the "Levee," have not been described so minutely in order that the stranger may have better opportunities for finding where they are—he has been able in the past, and probably will be in the future, to discover their whereabouts with very little instruction—but that he may be put on his guard to keep shy of them, but also of another place which is equally dangerous, not, perhaps, to reputation, but certainly to the pocket, and that is the "Alley," a part of the block bounded by Madison and Washington, and Clark and La Salle streets, where are located the "bucket-shops," in which he can get rid of more money in less time than he can by throwing all he has into the fire, and the benefits are about equal.

LITTLE TIM.

I.

Over the paling peeped little Tim,
With a roguish look in his bright brown eyes:
He called to the children to come to him
And laughed at their antics and butterflies,
Browned and burned by the Summer's sun,
Under a hat of plaited straw,
Hopeful, healthy, and full of fun,
Was the cheerful face I saw.

II.

I heard the hum of the honey-bee,
The chirp of grasshoppers, shrill and clear,
The robins singing amid the trees,
The clattering scythes in the meadows near,
The rustling leaves of the apple-boughs,
The murmuring sound of the hillside stream,
The tinkling bells on the distant cows,
While I sat in a sweet day-dream.

III.

I fashioned a future for my boy,
As only a hopeful mother can;
My soul seemed filled with a sense of joy;
I saw him grow to a goodly man,
The prop and stay of my feeble frame,
The pride and love of my later days;
He mounted the splendid hights of Fame—
Men uttered his honest praise.

IV.

Today, while the winter-wind blew shrill
Through the moaning pines in the vale below,
We bore him sadly over the hill,
And laid him under the drifting snow;
Under the willows lone and bare,
Under the dark clouds cold and gray,
Under the snow-flakes white and fair,
We buried our hopes today

V.

I dream again, while tonight I stand
By my window and gaze at the howling storm,
Of my little boy in the Better Land;
And I seem to see his shining form
Through a rift in the clouds while I watch and wait
For the joyous summons to go to him.
Yes! Peeping over the golden gate,
I shall meet my little Tim!

—*Eugene J. Hall in Our Continent.*

The Chicago "Bockbeikeller," No. 145 Madison street, and Board of Trade alley; the choicest imported and domestic beers on draught. First-class restaurant.

MUSIC.

The Great Musical Event of the Year Begins This Week.

A Brief Review of the Musical Attractions Recently Offered.

An Interesting Collection of Musical Notes and Gossip.

The May Festival.

The Cincinnati and New York festivals finished, the last work in the Trilogy commenced in this city Tuesday evening, and upon Friday night the great festival scheme will have closed. The soloists and orchestra are all here and all ready, and Mr. Thomas comes here flushed with two successes and prepared for the third. The chorus is all here and has been studying through many long months its laborious and exacting part under the careful and painstaking direction of Mr. Tomlins. It is a great, a colossal, experiment, for Mr. Thomas confident of what Chicago singers can do assigned music to them as severe as if they had been disciplined and welded together by years of singing. They have a task of no uncommon difficulty before them, but there is every reason to believe that the result of their conscientious labor, emphasized by the spirit and enthusiasm of the occasion, will show itself in such chorus-singing as Chicago has never heard before. While smaller than the New York chorus, which received heavy reinforcements from outside cities, it is larger than the Cincinnati chorus, numbering 250 sopranos, 235 altos, 195 tenors, and 180 bassos, 140 of the singers being from Milwaukee, a balance of unusually fine proportions, numerically at least. This festival will decide the question whether Chicago in future will have a chorus distinctively its own, and as intimately identified with the city as the Cincinnati chorus is with that city. All the indications point to an affirmative decision, and it will then be the pleasant duty of the director, guided by the lessons of the festival, to prune out what is not needed and place the chorus upon the highest possible plane, a work for which he is peculiarly adapted.

As to the orchestra, it is hardly necessary to say more than that its work in Cincinnati and New York has been received with extraordinary enthusiasm, and that it has been pronounced not only the finest body of players ever assembled together in this country, but one of the finest ever heard in the world. If there were no other attraction in this festival, the orchestra or itself and its playing would be an event of no ordinary character. Its charm not only lies in the fact that it is possible to produce a great works in a manner commensurate with their demands, but lighter and more popular music, to which people have been accustomed for years, will be heard as it has never been heard before. It counts for a good deal also that the players have had the advantage of their New York and Cincinnati experience, and, as they come from different cities (though the larger number are from New York), their work will have welded them together more completely, so that we may reasonably expect to hear them at their best. The great volume of their tone will be reinforced by the still greater body of the organ, which is